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Foreword

Welcome to the Monthly presentation organised by the Dissemination Branch of the Central Statistical Office (CSO). The CSO embarks on vigorous information delivery strategy to major stakeholders and the media institutions in order to increase utilisation of statistical products and services. The office produces a number of statistical products in the Economic, Social, Agricultural and Environmental areas. The information collected in these areas may be used for various purposes including policy formulation, planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of programmes and projects.

This Monthly publication is an attempt to provide highlights of CSO's work and how it can help media institutions and the general public to make use of data and information for sustainable national development and decision-making.

I would like to urge our readers and users of statistical information to send to us any comments that may enhance statistical production and contribute to the improvement of this bulletin.

John Kalumbi
Acting Director of Census and Statistics

27th October, 2011

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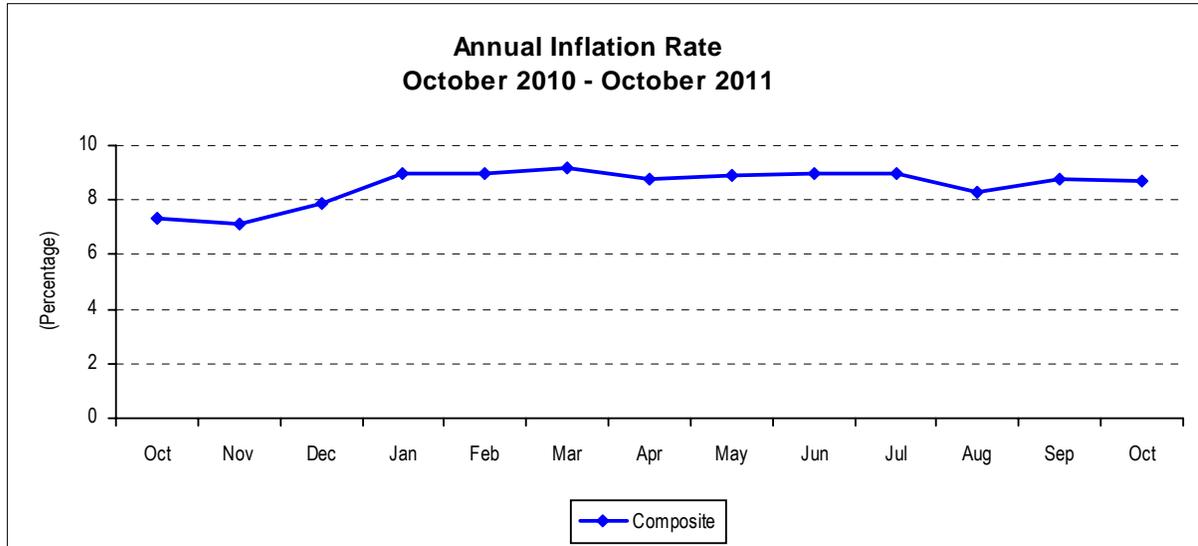
- **October Inflation slightly reduces to 8.7 percent**
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INFLATION

October Inflation slightly reduces to 8.7 percent

The annual rate of inflation, as measured by the all items Consumer Price Index (CPI), reduced slightly to 8.7 percent in October 2011 from 8.8 percent in September 2011. The decrease is

attributed to reductions in some food and non food prices. The effect of the current fuel price reductions will be reflected in the November Consumer Price Index.



Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2011

Changes in Annual Inflation Rates for CPI Main Groups

Between September 2011 and October 2011, annual rates of inflation reduced for Food, beverages and tobacco; Clothing and footwear; Household fuel and lighting; Furniture and household goods;

Medical care; Recreation and education; and other goods and services. The annual rate of inflation increased for Transport and communication.

Annual Inflation Rate: CPI Main Groups

	Total	Food and Beverages	Clothing and Footwear	Rent Fuel & Lighting	Furniture And Household Goods	Medical care	Transport And Comms	Recreation And Education	Other Goods And Services
Jan 08 – Jan 07	9.3	6.9	12.5	13.4	17.1	8.4	7.7	6.8	7.0
Feb 08 – Feb 07	9.5	9.1	11.1	12.5	16.0	8.9	0.3	9.0	8.4
Mar 08 – Mar 07	9.8	9.1	11.2	12.2	16.1	10.0	1.1	10.3	9.4
Apr 08 – Apr 07	10.1	9.8	11.1	12.7	16.3	12.2	-0.2	11.1	9.4
May 08 – May 07	10.9	11.7	10.5	12.0	14.9	12.4	0.5	11.4	9.5
Jun 08 – June 07	12.1	15.6	9.7	11.4	13.4	12.2	-3.5	10.6	10.4
Jul 08 – Jul 07	12.6	14.2	9.3	14.9	14.2	13.9	4.7	11.0	11.3
Aug 08- Aug 07	13.2	16.3	6.3	14.5	13.3	12.9	5.3	11.2	10.7
Sep 08– Sep 07	14.2	16.2	5.6	17.7	14.8	11.8	11.5	11.5	10.4
Oct 08 – Oct 07	15.2	17.6	4.6	14.9	15.1	11.3	19.2	11.6	12.1
Nov 08 – Nov 07	15.3	18.5	2.7	14.5	16.1	10.3	16.4	12.4	12.5
Dec 08 – Dec 07	16.6	20.5	2.5	15.2	18.0	9.9	15.9	12.1	13.2
Jan 09 – Jan 08	16.0	21.3	3.0	8.9	13.8	9.2	18.3	11.7	15.2

	Total	Food and Beverages	Clothing and Footwear	Rent Fuel & Lighting	Furniture And Household Goods	Medical care	Transport And Comms	Recreation And Education	Other Goods And Services
Feb 09 – Feb 08	14.0	16.3	3.9	8.6	16.5	9.6	19.4	9.3	15.4
Mar 09 – Mar 08	13.1	13.9	5.9	10.4	16.3	10.1	19.7	7.9	15.2
Apr 09 – Apr 08	14.3	15.9	6.8	10.4	16.1	8.2	22.0	7.1	17.1
May 09 – May 08	14.7	16.1	7.9	10.7	21.2	8.0	16.6	6.0	20.0
Jun 09 – June 08	14.4	14.1	9.6	10.1	22.4	10.0	21.0	6.9	22.6
Jul 09 – Jul 08	14.0	14.9	9.9	7.9	22.1	10.2	13.0	8.9	21.6
Aug 09- Aug 08	14.3	14.6	11.4	11.7	21.7	10.3	10.4	10.1	20.6
Sep 09– Sep 08	13.0	13.9	13.6	9.9	21.4	13.3	1.3	9.7	20.5
Oct 09 – Oct 08	12.3	12.3	15.0	11.7	19.4	14.9	-3.2	12.0	24.7
Nov 09 – Nov 08	11.5	11.1	15.0	11.2	19.1	14.4	-3.1	11.0	23.6
Dec 09 – Dec 08	9.9	8.0	15.8	11.4	17.6	15.9	-3.4	10.6	26.0
Jan 10 – Jan 09	9.6	7.1	15.7	14.7	16.4	15.8	-4.0	10.5	23.0
Feb 10 – Feb 09	9.8	8.2	14.7	13.3	14.3	15.7	-1.1	9.9	21.1
Mar 10 – Mar 09	10.2	9.3	11.4	12.9	14.1	15.0	1.6	9.9	19.7
Apr 10 – Apr 09	9.2	7.3	11.4	14.4	13.0	15.0	1.6	9.8	20.2
May 10 – May 09	9.1	6.5	10.5	12.4	12.3	15.3	9.9	11.2	16.8
Jun 10 – June 09	7.8	3.8	9.9	15.7	10.1	14.4	11.1	10.8	12.8
Jul 10 – Jul 09	8.4	4.1	11.9	17.0	10.8	12.7	13.0	9.0	12.8
Aug 10- Aug 09	8.2	2.9	12.8	17.2	14.6	13.1	12.4	6.5	14.1
Sep 10– Sep 09	7.7	2.8	11.3	15.8	11.5	9.8	15.3	6.6	14.1
Oct 10 – Oct 09	7.3	3.4	9.5	15.6	11.3	8.7	12.2	4.3	10.2
Nov 10 – Nov 09	7.1	2.5	9.9	16.6	11.3	9.2	12.9	4.1	11.0
Dec 10 – Dec 09	7.9	4.4	10.0	16.4	12.9	7.6	11.2	3.5	7.6
Jan 11 – Jan10	9.0	5.2	9.3	20.8	14.0	8.3	14.0	3.2	7.7
Feb 11 – Feb 10	9.0	4.5	9.2	26.0	14.1	7.7	8.7	5.9	8.1
Mar 11 – Mar 10	9.2	3.8	12.3	28.3	12.9	8.3	6.4	10.0	8.6
Apr 11 – Apr 10	8.8	3.3	11.3	24.8	14.0	8.8	7.7	10.8	5.9
May 11 – May 10	8.9	4.2	11.9	26.5	11.6	8.7	4.5	10.8	5.4
Jun 11 – June10	9.0	5.3	10.6	23.6	12.0	7.9	2.9	10.3	6.2
Jul 11 – Jul 10	9.0	5.9	9.1	22.6	12.1	7.9	2.3	10.7	6.0
Aug 11- Aug 10	8.3	5.4	9.0	19.7	9.3	7.8	4.1	11.5	6.8
Sep 11– Sep 10	8.8	6.0	9.1	20.8	10.1	7.0	4.3	10.9	6.8
Oct 11 – Oct 10	8.7	5.7	8.6	19.3	9.7	6.7	8.1	10.8	6.5

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2011

Contributions of different Items to overall inflation

Of the total 8.7 percent annual inflation rate in October 2011, food products accounted for 2.7 percentage points,

while non-food products in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) accounted for a total of 6.0 percentage points.

Items	Percentage Points Contributions of different items to overall inflation												
	Oct 2010	Nov 2010	Dec 2010	Jan 2011	Feb 2011	Mar 2011	Apr 2011	May 2011	Jun 2011	Jul 2011	Aug 2011	Sept 2011	Oct 2011
Food Beverages and Tobacco	1.6	1.2	2.2	2.6	2.2	1.9	1.6	2.0	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.8	2.7
Clothing and Footwear	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8
Rent and household energy	1.8	1.9	1.8	2.3	2.9	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.4
Furniture and Household Goods	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.2
Medical Care	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Transport (fuel, airfares, new motor vehicles)	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.6
Recreation and Education	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Other Goods and Services	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
All Items	7.3	7.1	7.9	9.0	9.0	9.2	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.0	8.3	8.8	8.7

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2011

The Annual Food and Non-food inflation rate

The annual food inflation rate was recorded at 5.7 percent in October 2011. This is a decrease from 6.0 percent in September, 2011. Furthermore the

annual non-food inflation rate was recorded at 11.4 percent in October, 2011. This is an increase from 11.3 percent in September 2011.

Annual Inflation Rates: Food and Non food

Period	Total	Food	Non-Food
Jan 09 - Jan 08	16.0	21.3	11.1
Feb 09 - Feb 07	14.0	16.3	11.7
Mar 09 - Mar 08	13.1	13.9	12.3
Apr 09- Apr 08	14.3	15.9	12.7
May 09 – May 08	14.7	16.1	13.3
Jun 09 - Jun 08	14.4	14.1	14.7
Jul 09- Jul 08	14.0	14.9	13.1
Aug 09- Aug 08	14.3	14.6	13.9
Sep 09 – Sep 08	13.0	13.9	12.1
Oct 09- Oct 08	12.3	12.3	12.3
Nov 09- Nov 08	11.5	11.1	11.9
Dec 09 – Dec 08	9.9	8.0	11.8
Jan 10 – Jan 09	9.6	7.1	12.0
Feb 10 – Feb 09	9.8	8.2	11.3
Mar 10 - Mar 09	10.2	9.3	11.0
Apr 10- Apr 09	9.2	7.3	11.2
May 10 – May 09	9.1	6.5	11.6
Jun 10 - Jun 09	7.8	3.8	11.8
Jul 10- Jul 09	8.4	4.1	12.6
Aug10- Aug 09	8.2	2.9	13.4
Sep 10 – Sep 09	7.7	2.8	12.5
Oct 10 - Oct 09	7.3	3.4	11.0
Nov10- Nov 09	7.1	2.5	11.5
Dec 10- Dec 09	7.9	4.4	11.3
Jan 11 – Jan 10	9.0	5.2	12.8
Feb 11 – Feb 10	9.0	4.5	13.5
Mar 11 - Mar 10	9.2	3.8	14.5
Apr 11- Apr 10	8.8	3.3	14.0
May 11 – May 10	8.9	4.2	13.3
Jun 11 - Jun 10	9.0	5.3	12.3
Jul 11- Jul10	9.0	5.9	11.8
Aug11- Aug 10	8.3	5.4	10.9
Sep 11 – Sep 10	8.8	6.0	11.3
Oct 11 - Oct 10	8.7	5.7	11.4

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2011

National Average Prices of Selected Products

A comparison of retail prices between September 2011 and October 2011, shows that the national average price of 1kg of tomatoes reduced by 6.1 percent, from K4,261 to K4,002 while the average price of 1kg of rape vegetable reduced by 5.7 percent, from K2,690 to K2,537.

However, the national average price of a 25 kg bag of white roller mealie meal increased by 2.3 percent, from K34,085 to K34,855. The national average price of a 20 litre tin of maize grain increased by 2.5 percent, from K18,440 to K18,898.

National Average Prices for selected Products and Months

Product Description	May	June	July	August	September	October	% CHANGE
							Oct 2011/ Sept 2011
White breakfast mealie meal 25Kg	49,661	48,522	47,987	47,855	47,442	48,163	1.5
White Roller mealie meal 25Kg	35,391	34,054	33,536	33,604	34,085	34,855	2.3
White Maize grain 20 litre tin	18,464	16,680	16,973	17,678	18,440	18,898	2.5
Spaghetti fatti's & Moni's 500gms	7,017	7,537	7,219	7,157	7,545	7,412	-1.8
Sorghum 5 litre tin	12,855	13,243	13,177	13,681	13,883	13,777	-0.8
Pork chops 1 Kg	26,739	25,399	24,280	24,312	25,263	25,198	-0.3
Fresh Kapenta 400 gms	6,686	6,632	6,507	6,580	6,637	6,591	-0.7
Bream Fresh/Frozen 1 Kg	15,925	15,568	16,366	16,801	16,754	16,804	0.3
Buka Buka 1 Kg	16,849	16,547	16,000	16,277	16,771	16,683	-0.5
Dried Kapenta Mpulungu 1 kg	54,836	52,064	55,179	52,132	54,608	56,841	4.1
Dried Kapenta Chisense 1 kg	36,005	32,302	34,021	36,546	36,812	35,584	-3.3
Dried bream 1 Kg	35,354	35,316	39,527	39,144	38,801	40,651	4.8
Fresh milk Super Milk 500ml	4,920	4,915	5,006	4,999	4,994	4,976	-0.4
Cheddar cheese Any brand 1kg	67,277	77,213	82,788	83,025	82,571	76,717	-7.1
Cooking oil Imported Any 750 ml	10,802	11,298	11,256	11,247	11,272	11,194	-0.7
Onion 1kg	6,565	6,992	6,085	5,852	5,811	5,404	-7.0
Tomatoes 1kg	3,272	4,273	4,492	4,114	4,261	4,002	-6.1
Pumpkin leaves 1kg	2,806	3,087	3,507	4,000	4,199	4,008	-4.5
Chinese cabbage 1kg	2,280	2,268	2,287	2,397	2,383	2,369	-0.6
Rape 1kg	2,647	2,510	2,870	2,658	2,690	2,537	-5.7
Impwa 1kg	2,658	3,016	3,271	3,467	3,756	3,711	-1.2
Green pepper 1kg	7,102	6,885	7,001	6,793	7,491	7,316	-2.3
Dried beans 1kg	10,561	9,976	10,256	10,439	10,074	9,940	-1.3
Salted peanuts Any 100gm	1,734	3,444	3,975	3,950	4,966	4,262	-14.2
Charcoal 50 kg bag	29,735	30,442	32,052	31,130	31,187	28,518	-8.6
Paraffin 1 litre	5,645	5,645	5,648	5,648	5,648	5,616	-0.6
Petrol Premium 1 litre	8,642	8,643	8,643	8,643	8,643	8,559	-1.0
Diesel 1 litre	7,953	7,954	7,954	7,953	7,954	7,881	-0.9
Air fare Lusaka/London British Airways 1 way	5,932,800	5,932,800	7,056,000	6,180,000	5,575,000	5,314,200	-4.7
Air fare Lusaka/Ndola Proflight 1 way	833,000	833,000	833,000	850,000	850,000	882,300	3.8

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2011

INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDISE TRADE

September 2011 records Trade Surplus

Zambia recorded a trade surplus valued at K923.3 Billion in September 2011, representing a nominal increase of 4.4 percent from K884.2 Billion recorded in August 2011. This means that the country exported more in September 2011 than it imported, in the same month, in nominal terms.

Since January 2011, the country has had monthly trade surpluses with the highest valued at K1,484.3 Billion recorded in January 2011 and the lowest in July 2011, valued at K440.7 Billion.

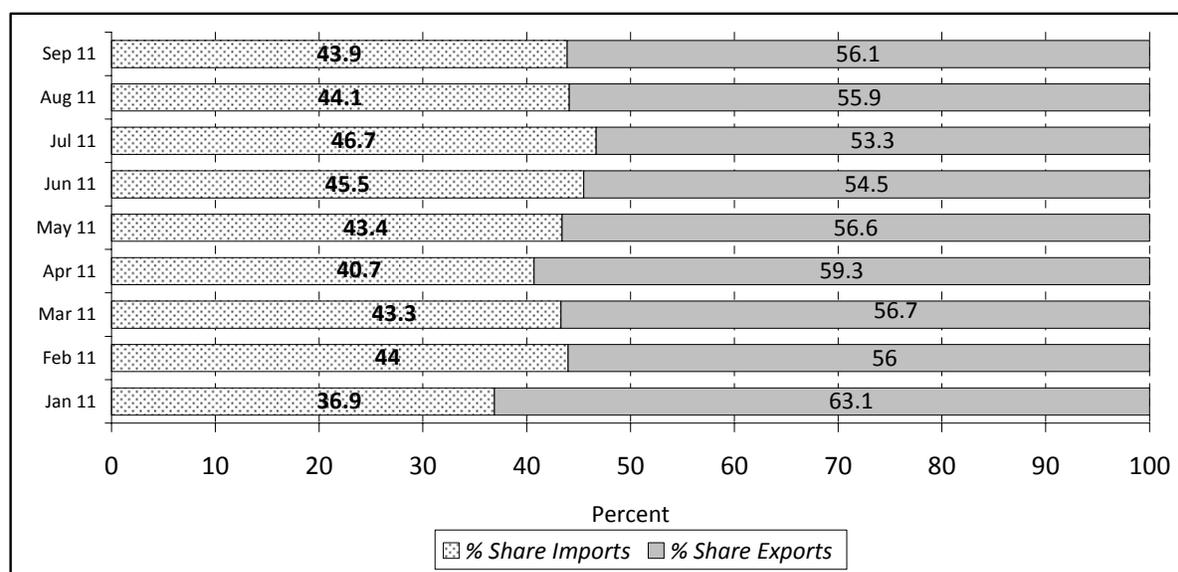
Total Exports (fob) and Imports (cif), January to September* 2011 (K' Millions)

Months	Imports(cif)	Domestic Exports(fob)	Re-Exports(fob)	Total Exports(fob)	Trade Balance
January	2,091,025	135,310	3,440,002	3,575,312	1,484,287
February	2,372,536	78,112	2,937,929	3,016,042	643,506
March	2,809,345	260,268	3,413,243	3,673,511	864,166
Quarter 1	7,272,906	473,691	9,791,175	10,264,866	2,991,959
April	2,438,607	281,589	3,265,417	3,547,006	1,108,399
May	2,615,136	155,462	3,255,052	3,410,514	795,378
June	2,950,067	176,142	3,352,505	3,528,647	578,581
Quarter 2	8,003,810	613,193	9,872,974	10,486,167	2,482,357
July	3,146,772	110,013	3,477,465	3,587,479	440,707
August [®]	3,308,102	107,363	4,084,940	4,192,303	884,201
September*	3,346,328	1,006,805	3,262,845	4,269,650	923,322
Quarter 3	9,801,202	343,547	10,825,250	12,049,432	2,248,229
Total:	25,077,919	1,430,432	30,489,399	32,800,465	7,722,546

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2011, These trade data are compiled based on the General Trade System

Note: (*) Provisional, (R) Revised

Percentage share of Exports and Imports in Total Trade, January to September* 2011



These trade data are compiled based on the General Trade System

Note: January 2011 to August 2011 figures have been revised, while September 2011 figures are provisional

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2011

Exports by Major Product Categories, September and August 2011

Zambia's major export products in September 2011 were from the Intermediate goods category (*mainly comprising copper cathodes and sections of refined copper*) accounting for about 69.6 percent. Other exports were from the Consumer goods; Raw materials; and Capital goods categories; which collectively accounted for about

30.4 percent of total exports in September 2011. This implies that between September and August 2011, the country has been a net exporter of Intermediate goods, mainly Metals and their articles, accounting for an average of 78.2 percent of the total exports for the two months.

Exports by Major Product Categories September and August, 2011

Description	September 2011*		August 2011	
	Value	% Share	Value	% Share
Consumer Goods	566,844	13.3	302,834	7.2
Raw Materials	468,824	11.0	208,662	5.0
Intermediate Goods	2,971,824	69.6	3,635,415	86.7
Capital Goods	262,158	6.1	45,392	1.1
Total:	4,269,650	100.0	4,192,303	100.0

Source: CSO, *International Trade Statistics, 2011* ,

Note: (*) Provisional,
(®) Revised

Zambia's Major Export Destinations by Commodity in September 2011

Zambia's major export destination in September 2011 was Switzerland, which accounted for 23.1 percent. The major export products to Switzerland were Cathodes & Sections of Cathodes of refined Copper accounting for about 66.9 percent.

China was the second major destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 12.9 percent. The major export product to China was Copper blister (67.1percent).

South Africa was the third major export destination for Zambia's exports accounting for 8.8 percent. The main export products to South Africa were Cathodes & Sections of Cathodes of refined Copper which contributed 27.5 percent to the country's share of exports.

The Democratic Republic of Congo was the fourth major export destination of Zambia's exports, accounting for 8.4 percent. The main export product was Boards equipped with two/more apparatus of 85.35, accounting for 50.0 percent.

The United Kingdom was the fifth major destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 7.4 percent. The major export products to the United Kingdom were Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper (82.1 percent).

These five countries collectively accounted for 60.6 percent of Zambia's total export earnings in September 2011.

Zambia's Five Major Export Destinations by Product for September 2011*

Country / Hs-Code	Description	September 2011*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SWITZERLAND		988 369	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	661 699	66.9
74031910	Copper blister	199 605	20.2
74091900	Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoi	100 654	10.2
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	13 589	1.4
26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates	5 288	0.5
28321010	Sodium sulphites in bulk	3 887	0.4
24011000	Tobacco, not stemmed/stripped	2 958	0.3
10051000	Maize seed	410	0.0
14042000	Cotton linters	280	0.0
OTHER PRODUCTS		3 368	0.3
%TOTAL SEPTEMBER EXPORTS		23.1	
CHINA		552 078	100.0
74031910	Copper blister	370 646	67.1
74032900	Copper (excl. Master) alloys, nes, unwrought	92 899	16.8
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	25 535	4.6
52030000	Cotton, carded or combed	25 376	4.6
26040000	Nickel ores and concentrates	23 225	4.2
26203000	Ash and residues containing mainly copper	2 765	0.5
44079900	Wood, nes sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or pe	1 302	0.2
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	2 774	0.5
24011000	Tobacco, not stemmed/stripped	2 458	0.4
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	774	0.1
OTHER PRODUCTS		4 323	0.8
%TOTAL SEPTEMBER EXPORTS		12.9	
SOUTH AFRICA		375 467	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	103 304	27.5
81059000	Other: articles of cobalt, nes	66 261	17.6
74081100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	60 772	16.2
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	12 071	3.2
71081300	Semi-manufactured gold (incl. Gold plated with pla	40 614	10.8
85444900	Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage <=80 v, no	21 785	5.8
10059000	Maize (excl. Seed)	13 436	3.6
49070020	New stamps; stamp-impressed paper; cheque forms; b	15 148	4.0
74130000	Stranded wire, cables... Of copper, not electrical	2 817	0.8
10051000	Maize seed	5 574	1.5
OTHER PRODUCTS		33 685	9.0
%TOTAL SEPTEMBER EXPORTS		8.8	
CONGO(DR)		359 568	100
85371000	Boards...equipped with two/more apparatus of 85.35	179 784	50.0
17011100	Raw cane sugar, in solid form	26 075	7.3
28020010	Sulphur, sublimed or precipitated; colloidal sulph	20 328	5.7
25232900	Portland cement (excl. White)	21 298	5.9
28070010	Sulphuric acid: oleum in bulk	17 934	5.0
11010000	Wheat or meslin flour	11 309	3.1
15100000	Other oils and their fractions, obtained solely fr	4 856	1.4
33029010	Other mixtures with basis of odoriferous subst.inc	6 002	1.7
15121900	Sunflower-seed and safflower oil (excl. Crude) and	4 750	1.3
36020090	Other prepared explosives, (excl. Propellant powder	5 510	1.5
OTHER PRODUCTS		61 721	17.2
%TOTAL SEPTEMBER EXPORTS		8.4	
UNITED KINGDOM		314 632	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	258 307	82.1
74091900	Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoi	51 143	16.3
07109000	Mixtures of vegetables, frozen	2 514	0.8
09011100	Coffee, not roasted or decaffeinated	1 269	0.4
06031100	Fresh cut roses and buds	1 212	0.4
99030000	Single consignment non commercial goods	151	0.0
OTHER PRODUCTS		36	0.0
%TOTAL SEPTEMBER EXPORTS		7.4	
Other Destinations		1 679 536	39.3
Total value of September Exports		4 269 650	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2011

Note: (*) Provisional

(R) Revised figures

Imports by Major Product Categories, September and August 2011

Zambia's major import products by category in September 2011 were Intermediate goods, accounting for 39.0 percent. The Capital goods category was second with 25.3 percent, followed by Raw materials with 20.9 percent. Consumer goods accounted for 14.8

percent. Between September and August 2011, the country has been a net importer of Intermediate goods, contributing an average of 35.8 percent to total imports in both months.

Imports (cif) by Major Product Categories September and August 2011, (K' Millions)

Description	September 2011*		August 2011 (R)	
	Value	% Share	Value	% Share
Consumer Goods	496,315	14.8	481,755	14.6
Raw Materials	699,234	20.9	737,053	22.4
Intermediate Goods	1,303,900	39.0	1,082,322	32.7
Capital Goods	846,879	25.3	1,006,973	30.4
Total:	3,346,328	100.0	3,308,102	100.0

Source: CSO, *International Trade Statistics, 2011*

Note: (*) Provisional.

(R) Revised figures

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Commodity, September 2011

The major source of Zambia's imports in September 2011 was South Africa, accounting for 37.7 percent. The major import products from South Africa were other medicaments of mixed or unmixed products, contributing 2.0 percent to the share of imports.

The second main source of Zambia's imports in September 2011 was Congo DR, accounting for 15.8 percent of the

total value of imports. The major import products from Congo DR were Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper accounting for 60.2 percent.

Other sources of Zambia's imports were China, India and The United Arab Emirates, collectively accounting for 15.3 percent of Zambia's total imports in September 2011.

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Products, September 2011* (K' Millions)

Country / Hs-Code	Description	September 2011 *	
		Value (K' Million)	% Share
SOUTH AFRICA		1 247 784	100.0
30049000	Other medicaments of mixed or unmixed products, fo	24 776	2.0
84314900	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	24 649	2.0
27101950	Cutting oil,grease cutting oils,cleaning oils etc.	22 716	1.8
28020010	Sulphur, sublimed or precipitated; colloidal sulph	20 391	1.6
84749000	Parts of machinery of 84.74	18 949	1.5
87042110	Diesel dual purpose vehicles for both persons & go	16 925	1.4
31023000	Ammonium nitrate	15 345	1.2
87042190	Diesel non dual purpose vehicles for either person	15 303	1.2
87041000	Dumpers for off-highway use	15 271	1.2
84295200	Self-propelled bulldozers... With a 360x revolving	15 073	1.2
Other Product		1 058 387	84.8
%Total September Imports		37.7	
CONGO DR		521 155	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined coppe	313 575	60.2
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	83 456	16.0
26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates	59 053	11.3
28220010	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt ox	53 408	10.2
74031910	Copper blister	5 440	1.0
28369920	Other carbonates; peroxocarbonates - not in bulk	3 571	0.7
28369910	Other carbonates; peroxocarbonates in bulk	1 456	0.3
87059000	Special purpose motor vehicles, nes (eg breakdown	517	0.1
63053300	Sacks and bags, for packing goods, of polyethylene/p	208	0.0
87042290	Other	126	0.0
Other Product		345	0.1
%Total September Imports		15.8	
CHINA		307 968	100.0
88033000	Other parts of aeroplanes or helicopters	85 962	27.9
84283300	Continuous-action elevators and conveyors, belt ty	23 038	7.5
84714900	Non-portable adp machines, nes, presented in the f	17 372	5.6
85176900	Other	11 069	3.6
85371000	Boards...equipped with two/more apparatus of 85.35	9 125	3.0
94060090	Prefabricated buildings - other	8 300	2.7
39172110	Garden hose of an internal diameter not exceeding	7 226	2.3
73049000	Seamless iron/steel tubes/pipes/profiles of non-ci	4 770	1.5
84186100	Other refrigerating or freezing equip...heat pumps	4 684	1.5
73089090	Structures and parts of structures, nes, of iron o	4 660	1.5
Other Product		131 761	42.8
%Total September Imports		9.3	
INDIA		116 181	100.0
30049000	Other medicaments of mixed or unmixed products, fo	25 862	22.3
84382000	Machinery for the manufacture of confectionery, cocoa or chocolate	6 394	5.5
85042200	Liquid dielectric transformers, power handling cap	3 946	3.4
31023000	Ammonium nitrate	3 499	3.0
95069900	Other articles and equipment for sport and open-ai	3 090	2.7

Country / Hs-Code	Description	September 2011 *	
		Value (K' Million)	% Share
84389000	Parts of industrial machinery for food and drink manufacture, nes	2 952	2.5
73089090	Structures and parts of structures, nes, of iron o	2 737	2.4
84462100	Power looms for weaving fabrics, >30cm wide, shuttle type	2 606	2.2
85072000	Lead-acid accumulators (excl. For starting piston	2 574	2.2
84596900	Milling machines for metal, nes	2 253	1.9
Other Product		60 269	51.9
%Total September Imports		3.5	
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES		82 671	100.0
31021000	Urea	10 849	13.1
31054000	Ammonium dihydrogenorthophosphate (monoammonium ph	9 366	11.3
31052000	Mineral or chemical fertilizers with nitrogen, pho	8 893	10.8
28080010	Nitric acid; sulphonitric acids in bulk	3 290	4.0
73261100	Grinding balls... For mills, forged or stamped, of	3 069	3.7
31022900	Double salts and mixtures of ammonium sulphate and	2 714	3.3
28311010	Dithionites and sulphonylates of sodium in bulk	2 665	3.2
84792000	Machinery for the extraction/preparation of animal/vegetable fats or oil	2 300	2.8
84552200	Cold metal-rolling mills	2 250	2.7
29054500	Glycerol	1 806	2.2
Other Product		35 469	42.9
%Total September Imports		2.5	
Other Sources		1 032 344	31.2
Total value of September Exports		3 308 102	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2011

Note: (*) Provisional, (R) Revised figures

Zambia's Poverty Situation, 2006 and 2010

Review of the current poverty situation shows that the incidence of poverty in Zambia has continued to be high despite recording a slight decline from 62.8 percent in 2006 to 60.5 percent in 2010.

The Central Statistical Office (CSO) has been carrying out comprehensive poverty assessments since 1991. Much of these assessments in the country have been based on the data from the Living Conditions Monitoring Survey (LCMS) rounds. The LCMS surveys evolved from the Social Dimensions of Adjustment (SDA) surveys (also known as Priority Surveys), which were conducted between 1991 and 1993. Since 1996 CSO has successfully carried out six LCMS surveys starting with the LCMS survey of 1996, followed by the 1998, 2002/3, 2004, 2006 and 2010 surveys. CSO has since slightly revised the poverty estimation methodology in order to accommodate some key "Best Practices" recommendations subject to the availability of relevant data for the analysis. These revisions include the inclusion of imputed rent for owner-occupiers and the use of year-specific Engel Coefficients to reflect existing consumption patterns. Such revisions entail that these results may not be directly comparable with the old series.

Formally, measurement of poverty has always started with the identification of absolute poverty lines that have a strong nutritional anchor. In the case of Zambia, CSO has been using a basic food basket as a starting point, which is further supplemented by an allowance for non food needs, since 1991 (CSO, Various years). The extreme poverty line relates to the cost of the food basket while the moderate poverty line is based on the Basic Needs Basket, which also includes non food essentials. Therefore, the 2006 and 2010 poverty estimates in this article are based on the 2006 extreme and moderate lines of K61, 007 and K100, 012, respectively; and 2010 extreme and moderate poverty lines of K96, 366 and K146, 009, respectively. The food baskets were re-evaluated using 2006 and 2010 CPI item prices. These poverty lines therefore have been price updated from the 1991 Food basket using the Consumer Price Index item prices.

FOOD BASKETS FOR A FAMILY OF SIX (Values in Zambian Kwacha), 2004-2010

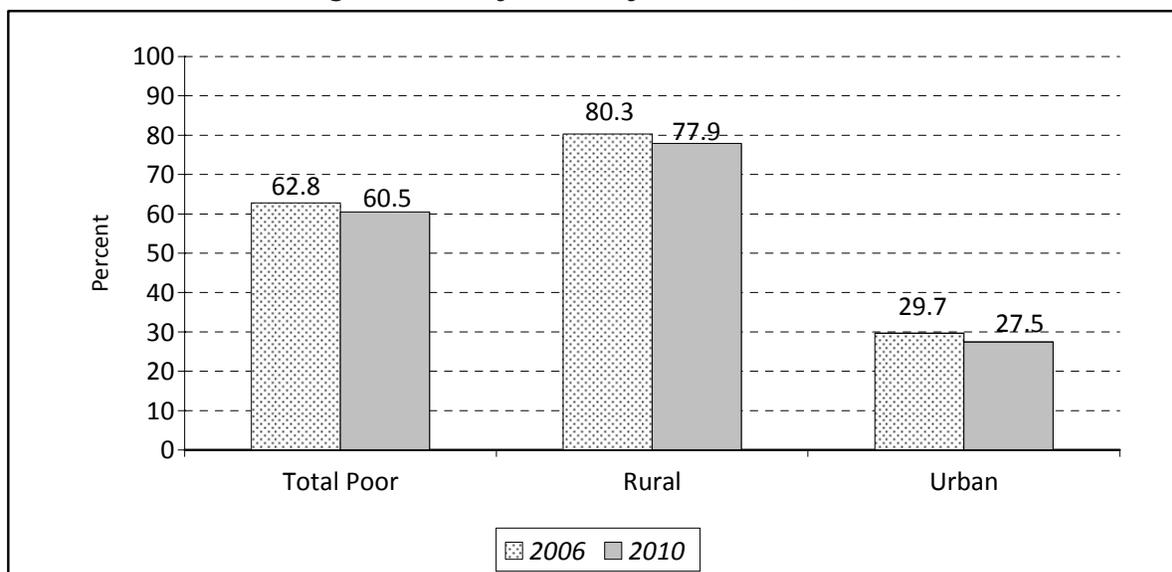
Consumption Items	QTY	Unit Price 2004	Cost 2004	Unit Price 2006	Cost 2006	Unit Price 2010	Cost 2010
Cooking oil Local 2.5Lt	1	19,628	19,628	17,653	17,653	28,698	28,698
Dried beans 1kg	2	4,760	9,520	6,041	12,082	8,746	17,492
Dried bream 1 Kg	1	21,856	21,856	22,317	22,317	30,522	30,522
Dried Kapenta 1 Kg	2	30,062	60,124	30,336	60,672	49,225	98,450
Fresh milk 500 ml	4	2,005	8,020	2,186	8,744	3,298	13,192
Onion 1kg	4	3,040	12,160	3,864	15,456	4,765	19,060
Shelled groundnut 1kg	3	5,425	16,275	5,743	17,229	7,705	23,115
Table salt 1kg	1	1,880	1,880	2,424	2,424	4,516	4,516
Tomatoes 1kg	4	1,846	7,384	2,253	9,012	3,073	12,292
White Roller 25Kg	3.6	25,220	90,792	26,288	94,637	47,736	171,849.6
Vegetables 1 Kg	7.5	1,437	10,777	2,070	15,525	2,185	16,388
Total Cost			258,416		275,751		435,574
POVERTY LINES IN ADULT EQUIVALENT (AE) TERMS AE scale=4.52							
Poverty Line			57,172		61,007		96,366

Source: NFNC and PIC 1990 Report

Review of the current poverty situation shows that the incidence of poverty in Zambia has continued to be high despite recording a slight decline from 62.8 percent in 2006 to 60.5 percent in 2010. Results further show that the problem of poverty in the country has continued to be more of a rural than an urban phenomenon. Despite experiencing a decline in rural poverty from 80.3 to 77.9

percent between 2006 and 2010, levels of poverty in rural areas are still exceptionally high compared to urban poverty. Additionally, results from this poverty assessment have revealed that poverty levels in urban areas have been less than 30 percent since 2006. The incidence of poverty in urban areas has reduced from 29.7 percent in 2006 to 27.5 percent in 2010.

Changes in Poverty Levels by Residence, 2006-2010



Source: Living Conditions Monitoring Survey, 2006 and 2010.

Further characterisation of poverty by level of intensity reveals that the majority of the population were afflicted by extreme levels of poverty. Out of the total estimated population of 11 and 13 million persons in 2006 and 2010, respectively, over 42 percent of them were classified as extremely poor. The percentage of the extremely poor marginally declined from

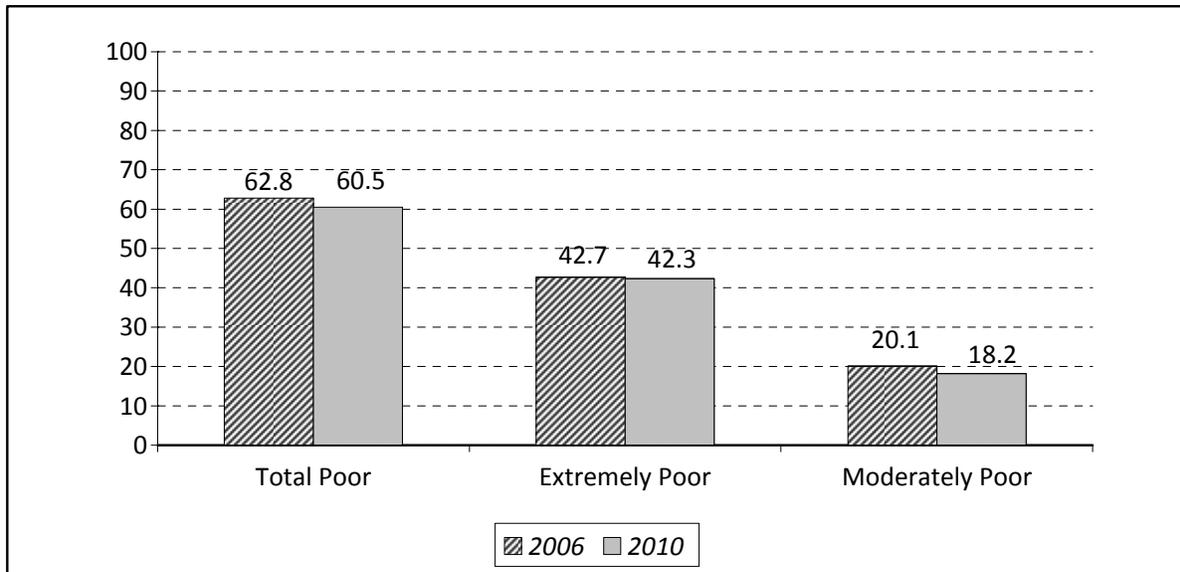
42.7 percent in 2006 to 42.3 percent in 2010, compared to moderate poverty, which reduced from 20.1 percent to 18.2 percent during the same period. Results further reveal that there were proportionately more extremely poor persons in rural (about 58 percent) than in urban areas (about 13 percent) during the review period.

Distribution of the Population by Poverty Status and Residence, 2006-2010

Year	Residence	Poverty Status		
		Extremely Poor	Moderately Poor	Non-Poor
2006	Total	42.7	20.1	37.2
	Rural	58.5	21.8	19.6
	Urban	13.0	16.7	70.3
2010	Total	42.3	18.2	39.5
	Rural	57.7	20.2	22.1
	Urban	13.1	14.4	72.5

Source: Living Conditions Monitoring Survey, 2006 and 2010.

Changes in Poverty levels, 2006-2010

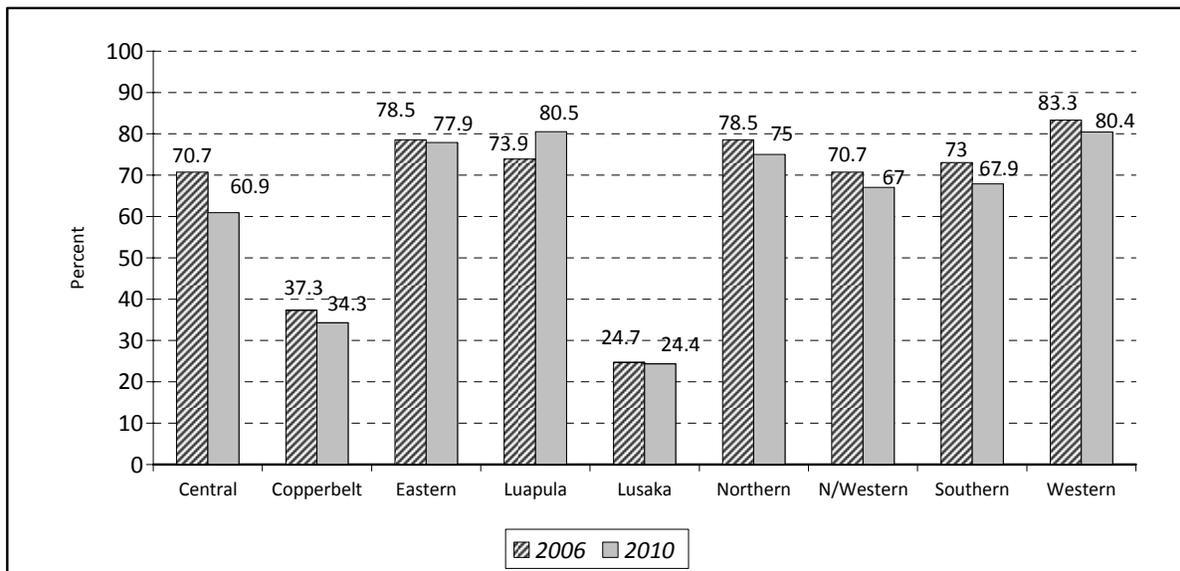


Source: Living Conditions Monitoring Survey, 2006 and 2010

Provincial analysis of poverty reveals that levels of poverty have continued to be high in predominantly remote provinces such as Luapula, Western, Eastern and Northern. The opposite is true for highly urbanised regions such as Lusaka and the Copperbelt provinces where levels of poverty have remained exceptionally low. Nonetheless, some declines in the

incidence of poverty have been observed in nearly all the provinces except Luapula Province, which recorded a drastic increase in poverty, from 73.9 percent to 80.5 percent. Central Province recorded the highest reduction in poverty during the period under review, from 70.7 percent in 2006 to 60.9 percent in 2010.

Poverty Changes by Province, 2006-2010



Source: Living Conditions Monitoring Survey, 2006 and 2010

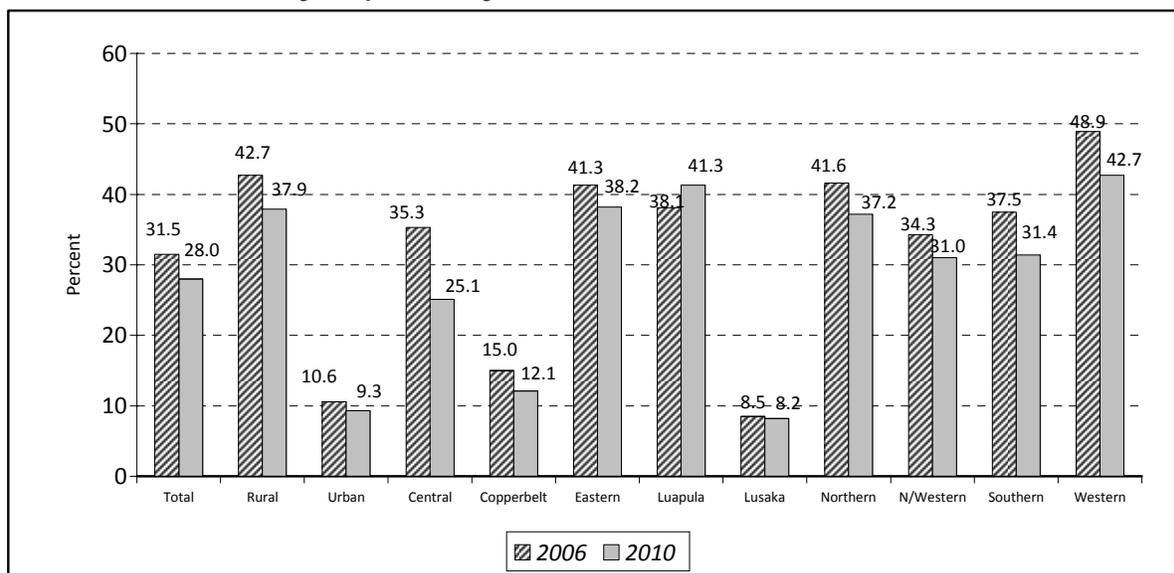
Another welfare indicator that has gained prominence in contemporary poverty analysis is the Poverty Depth Ratio, which is also known as the Per

capita Aggregate Poverty Gap Ratio. This indicator not only identifies the poor but also shows us how far below the poverty line the poor are. It also gives an

indication of the required resources if all the poor were to be brought just onto the poverty line. The wider the poverty gap the fatter the required poverty reduction resource envelope. Results from the 2006 and 2010 LCMS reveal that the poverty gap ratio has remained much wider in rural than in urban areas. Poverty has remained much deeper in Western, followed by Luapula, Eastern and Northern Provinces. Results clearly show that since 2006, the depth of poverty has

progressively been reducing from 31.5 percent to 28.0 percent. The reduction in the poverty gap was more pronounced in rural than in urban areas of Zambia, from 42.7 to 37.9 percent and from 10.6 to 9.3 percent, respectively. Furthermore, with the exception of Luapula Province, all the remaining provinces registered some decline in the poverty gap ratio, especially Central, Western and Northern Provinces.

Poverty Gap Ratio by Province and Residence, 2006-2010



Source: Living Conditions Monitoring Survey, 2006 and 2010

Overall, the current poverty analysis clearly indicates that poverty levels in Zambia are still very high despite recording some decline between 2006 and 2010. It is clear from these findings that poverty has continued to be more of a rural than an urban phenomenon. This is more of the case in the predominantly rural provinces such as Luapula, Western, Eastern and Northern provinces. The majority of the poor have continued to face extreme levels of poverty particularly in rural parts of the country. Furthermore, the poverty gap ratio in rural areas, especially in remote provinces has continued to be wide despite recording some reduction overtime. Finally, these results indicate that the country requires more effort towards poverty reduction especially in the rural parts of the remote provinces.

SELECTED SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS

PROJECTED MID-YEAR POPULATION 2000-2010

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010*
<i>Total Population</i>	9,885,591	10,089,492	10,409,441	10,744,380	11,089,691	11,441,461	11,798,678	12,160,516	12,525,791	12,896,830	13,046,508
<i>Population Growth Rate</i>	2.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3	3	2.9	2.9	2.8
<i>Life Expectancy at Birth</i>	50	51.8	51.9	52.4	52.4	52.6	51.9	51.4	51.3	51.2	51.3
POPULATION BY PROVINCE											
<i>Central</i>	1,012,257	1,032,574	1,066,992	1,103,387	1,141,256	1,180,124	1,219,980	1,260,491	1,301,776	1,343,835	1,267,803
<i>Copperbelt</i>	1,581,221	1,611,569	1,662,155	1,714,225	1,767,165	1,820,443	1,874,081	1,927,576	1,980,824	2,034,012	1,958,623
<i>Eastern</i>	1,306,173	1,348,070	1,391,690	1,436,120	1,482,290	1,530,118	1,579,960	1,631,890	1,684,910	1,740,180	1,707,731
<i>Luapula</i>	775,353	791,067	817,326	845,076	873,969	903,746	934,317	965,605	997,579	1,030,572	958,976
<i>Lusaka</i>	1,391,329	1,413,010	1,453,690	1,495,730	1,538,000	1,579,769	1,620,730	1,660,070	1,697,730	1,733,830	2,198,996
<i>Northern</i>	1,258,696	1,277,250	1,315,650	1,357,540	1,401,340	1,445,730	1,490,330	1,534,170	1,577,310	1,619,980	1,759,600
<i>North-western</i>	583,350	596,010	616,496	638,004	660,322	683,367	707,074	731,351	756,261	781,800	706,462
<i>Southern</i>	1,212,124	1,235,134	1,275,470	1,318,161	1,362,382	1,407,433	1,453,324	1,499,462	1,545,880	1,592,864	1,606,793
<i>Western</i>	765,088	774,929	795,247	816,983	839,757	863,294	887,540	912,226	937,419	963,107	881,524

Source: CSO, Population Projections Report

Note: 2000 figures are from the 2000 Census of Population and Housing while the 2001 to 2009 figures are Population Projections from the Projections Report. The 2010 figures are from 2010 Census of Population and Housing Preliminary Report.

QUARTERLY INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION – ZAMBIA

PERIOD	TOTAL INDEX	MINING				MANUFACTURING									TOTAL ELECTRICITY
		TOTAL MINING	Coal	Non-ferrous Ore	Stone Quarrying	TOTAL MANUFACTURING	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Textile, Clothing & Leather	Wood & Wood Products	Paper & Paper Products	Chemicals, Rubbers & Plastics	Non-metallic Mineral Products	Basic Metal Industries	Fabricated Metal Products	
WEIGHT	1.000	0.350	0.005	0.242	0.103	0.511	0.235	0.060	0.006	0.017	0.059	0.025	0.009	0.100	0.139
2010 Q1	180.1	287.0	0.0	272.7	333.4	117.2	146.0	26.3	248.2	136.4	136.9	150.8	80.3	75.8	142.4
2010 Q2	186.9	273.4	0.0	261.7	312.9	138.5	193.6	22.8	261.2	171.5	98.6	189.8	84.8	80.6	147.2
2010 Q3	190.1	272.4	0.0	261.9	308.9	146.7	204.6	3.5	177.9	120.2	87.5	199.6	78.4	126.7	142.5
2010 Q4	193.1	260.6	0.0	248.3	301.0	160.2	230.3	3.6	183.4	159.9	90.8	211.1	55.4	125.4	144.2
2010	187.5	273.3	0.0	261.1	314.1	140.6	193.6	14.0	217.7	147.0	103.5	187.8	74.7	102.1	144.1
2011 Q1	191.2	299.4	0.0	286.0	343.9	125.1	153.0	14.1	261.7	169.3	154.5	178.8	79.0	83.5	162.4
2011 Q2*	193.8	272.9	0.0	254.6	328.1	148.8	205.6	4.5	275.3	184.1	99.0	233.1	83.6	101.9	159.9

* Preliminary

PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE 2011 QUARTERLY INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION – ZAMBIA

PERIOD	TOTAL INDEX	MINING				MANUFACTURING									TOTAL ELECTRICITY
		TOTAL MINING	Coal	Non-ferrous Ore	Stone Quarrying	TOTAL MANUFACTURING	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Textile, Clothing & Leather	Wood & Wood Products	Paper & Paper Products	Chemicals, Rubbers & Plastics	Non-metallic Mineral Products	Basic Metal Industries	Fabricated Metal Products	
WEIGHT	1.000	0.350	0.005	0.242	0.103	0.511	0.235	0.060	0.006	0.017	0.059	0.025	0.009	0.100	0.139
2010 Q1	6.6	7.8	(100.0)	8.5	6.6	5.0	6.6	(42.2)	13.1	21.2	(0.1)	10.3	(2.1)	14.1	5.6
2010 Q2	10.0	10.6	(100.0)	14.2	5.3	9.1	9.2	(21.9)	13.4	29.8	(0.3)	14.0	(0.2)	14.2	10.8
2010 Q3	11.4	6.1	(100.0)	25.7	4.2	5.7	4.0	(77.2)	9.7	24.4	1.8	11.6	1.8	16.2	7.2
2010 Q4	10.7	14.2	(100.0)	19.4	5.2	6.8	9.4	(91.0)	17.4	15.8	12.4	15.4	(9.3)	8.1	12.1
2010	9.7	12.3	(100.0)	16.5	5.3	6.7	7.4	(56.8)	13.4	22.7	2.8	13.0	(2.0)	12.8	8.9
2011 Q1	6.2	4.3	(100.0)	4.9	3.2	6.7	4.8	(46.6)	5.4	24.1	12.8	18.6	(1.6)	10.2	14.0
2011 Q2*	3.7	(0.2)	(100.0)	(2.7)	4.9	7.5	6.2	(80.1)	5.4	7.4	0.5	22.8	(1.4)	26.4	8.7

* Preliminary

PRELIMINARY POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY DISTRICT AND RESIDENCE, ZAMBIA 2010

District	RURAL TOTAL	URBAN TOTAL	DISTRICT TOTAL
Chibombo	291,288	2,477	293,765
Kabwe	.	202,914	202,914
Kapiri-Mposhi	197,754	43,087	240,841
Mkushi	132,162	19,641	151,803
Mumbwa	196,081	22,247	218,328
Serenje	142,652	17,500	160,152
CENTRAL PROVINCE TOTAL	959,937	307,866	1,267,803
Chililabombwe	14,783	75,747	90,530
Chingola	30,415	179,658	210,073
Kalulushi	23,104	73,102	96,206
Kitwe	17,896	504,196	522,092
Luanshya	23,345	129,772	153,117
Lufwanyama	75,542	.	75,542
Masaiti	102,503	.	102,503
Mpongwe	91,765	.	91,765
Mufulira	11,285	150,316	161,601
Ndola	.	455,194	455,194
COPPERBELT PROVINCE TOTAL	390,638	1,567,985	1,958,623
Chadiza	101,505	2,750	104,255
Chama	93,761	7,651	101,412
Chipata	339,257	113,171	452,428
Katete	227,596	13,222	240,818
Lundazi	298,264	16,017	314,281
Mambwe	71,074	.	71,074
Nyimba	77,643	8,041	85,684
Petauke	311,746	26,033	337,779
EASTERN PROVINCE TOTAL	1,520,846	186,885	1,707,731
Chiengwe	109,147	.	109,147
Kawambwa	100,420	30,260	130,680
Mansa	143,465	74,138	217,603
Milenge	43,649	.	43,649
Mwense	98,292	19,698	117,990
Nchelenge	113,004	34,923	147,927
Samfya	171,662	20,318	191,980
LUAPULA PROVINCE TOTAL	779,639	179,337	958,976
Chongwe	175,418	12,551	187,969
Kafue	134,641	108,113	242,754
Luangwa	20,082	5,212	25,294
Lusaka	.	1,742,979	1,742,979
LUSAKA PROVINCE TOTAL	330,141	1,868,855	2,198,996
Chilubi	76,911	.	76,911
Chinsali	130,726	17,119	147,845
Isoka	146,782	17,628	164,410
Kaputa	104,444	9,041	113,485
Kasama	124,256	113,779	238,035
Luwingu	120,229	14,197	134,426
Mbala	188,143	25,111	213,254
Mpika	171,788	39,637	211,425
Mporokoso	85,054	15,879	100,933
Mpulungu	70,274	26,048	96,322
Mungwi	137,876	6,661	144,537
Nakonde	76,634	41,383	118,017
NORTHERN PROVINCE TOTAL	1,433,117	326,483	1,759,600

PRELIMINARY POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY DISTRICT AND RESIDENCE, ZAMBIA 2010

District	RURAL TOTAL	URBAN TOTAL	DISTRICT TOTAL
Chavuma	33,893	.	33,893
Kabompo	69,279	21,881	91,160
Kasempa	64,557	1,173	65,730
Mufumbwe	55,099	.	55,099
Mwinilunga	117,078	15,610	132,688
Solwezi	152,119	86,932	239,051
Zambezi	78,632	10,209	88,841
NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCE TOTAL	570,657	135,805	706,462
Choma	186,793	57,387	244,180
Gwembe	51,290	1,421	52,711
Itezhi-tezhi	52,391	12,202	64,593
Kalomo	235,401	18,810	254,211
Kazungula	98,292	.	98,292
Livingstone	5,137	136,897	142,034
Mazabuka	178,962	82,306	261,268
Monze	155,045	40,876	195,921
Namwala	94,931	6,658	101,589
Siavonga	64,514	25,273	89,787
Sinazongwe	92,389	9,818	102,207
SOUTHERN PROVINCE TOTAL	1,215,145	391,648	1,606,793
Kalabo	132,298	670	132,968
Kaoma	162,347	16,979	179,326
Lukulu	73,242	10,660	83,902
Mongu	128,905	49,549	178,454
Senanga	113,395	13,579	126,974
Sesheke	82,679	11,933	94,612
Shang'ombo	85,288	.	85,288
WESTERN PROVINCE TOTAL	778,154	103,370	881,524
ZAMBIA TOTAL			13,046,508

Source: CSO, 2010 Census of Population and Housing Preliminary Results

INFLATION TRENDS 2000 - 2009

Year	Year on Year Inflation
1990	110.6
1991	99.7
1992	180.7
1993	128.1
1994	38.3
1995	46.0
1996	35.2
1997	18.6
1998	30.6
1999	20.6
2000	30.1
2001	18.7
2002	26.7
2003	17.2
2004	17.5
2005	15.9
2006	8.2
2007	8.9
2008	16.6
2009	9.9
2010	7.9

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics

SELECTED PERIOD AVERAGE EXCHANGE RATES PER KWACHA

YEAR	ZIM	ZAR	COMESA	US(\$)	JAP YEN	UK(£)	EURO(€)
1999	62.18	390.66	2,387.86	2,388.00	21.09	3,866.33	2,538.08
2000	70.76	447.35	3,111.68	3,111.60	28.84	4,698.33	2,861.98
2001	65.34	424.42	3,610.94	3,610.94	29.78	5,202.82	3,238.13
2002	134.44	413.59	4,305.94	4,306.91	34.53	6,486.49	4,085.80
2003	17.90	630.42	4,733.85	4,734.41	40.69	7,731.97	4,906.13
2004	69.01	741.19	4,778.62	4,774.90	44.36	8,753.42	5,940.13
2005	0.46	704.85	4,465.02	4,463.24	40.87	8,145.64	5,563.59
2006	6.61	532.77	3,597.89	3,602.87	46.99	6,646.21	4,527.03
2007	11.92	568.00	4,001.56	4,001.02	34.02	8,010.11	5,468.65
2008	23.94	456.40	3,340.44	3,748.88	32.08	6,883.79	5,476.02
2009	3,430.41	602.25	3,309.74	5,055.47	52.14	7,868.30	7,013.80
2010	12.68	656.45	4,795.21	4,797.32	54.69	7,410.52	6,353.58

Source: Bank of Zambia

INTEREST RATES

END OF PERIOD	COMMERCIAL BANKS		CENTRAL BANK	TREASURY BILLS
	Weighted Lending Rates	Lending Rates	Interest Rates	YIELD RATE 91 DAYS
1990	-	-	34.0	-
1991	-	-	47.0	-
1992	-	-	54.0	-
1993	-	-	72.0	-
1994	36.2	-	25.4	-
1995	47.7	-	51.5	-
1996	57.4	69.0	70.0	-
1997	37.9	49.3	23.3	-
1998	37.4	37.0	43.4	-
1999	42.6	40.4	46.2	-
2000	37.6	45.9	44.1	-
2001	46.7	54.6	52.5	-
2002	42.5	50.0	34.0	-
2003	38.0	45.3	21.3	-
2004 March	31.8	39.1	9.6	-
June	29.8	36.9	7.8	-
September	30.0	37.4	14.7	-
December	29.8	37.1	18.3	-
2005 January	28.0	35.3	18.4	-
February	28.6	35.9	18.8	-
March	28.1	35.4	18.2	-
April	28.0	35.1	17.8	-
May	28.1	35.1	16.0	-
June	28.6	35.6	15.9	-
July	28.2	35.2	16.5	-
August	28.3	35.3	16.4	-
September	28.2	34.9	16.9	-
October	28.2	34.5	16.9	-
November	28.2	34.5	17.4	-
December	27.6	33.9	17.1	-
2006 January	26.7	33.0	17.1	15.1
February	26.4	32.7	16.1	14.1
March	25.4	31.6	14.7	12.7
April	25.2	31.4	11.0	9.0
May	22.8	29.0	8.4	6.4
June	21.6	27.8	7.5	5.5
July	21.7	27.9	8.6	6.6
August	21.7	27.9	9.6	7.6
September	21.6	27.8	10.9	8.6
October	21.6	27.8	12.3	10.3
November	21.6	27.8	11.1	9.1
December	21.6	27.9	10.7	8.7
2007 January	21.0	27.3	11.1	9.1
February	21.0	27.3	11.8	9.8
March	20.3	26.4	12.8	10.8
April	18.2	24.3	14.0	12.0
May	18.2	24.3	13.2	11.2

END OF PERIOD	COMMERCIAL BANKS		CENTRAL BANK	TREASURY BILLS
	Weighted Lending Rates	Lending Rates	Interest Rates	YIELD RATE 91 DAYS
June	18.2	24.3	12.9	10.9
July	18.2	24.3	13.6	11.6
August	18.2	24.3	13.4	11.4
September	18.2	24.3	14.0	12.0
October	18.2	24.3	13.5	11.5
November	18.2	24.3	12.8	10.8
December	18.2	24.4	13.5	11.5
2008 January	18.4	24.5	13.2	11.2
February	18.3	24.4	12.6	10.6
March	18.2	24.3	12.9	10.9
April	18.2	24.3	13.2	11.2
May	18.2	24.3	14.1	12.1
June	18.5	24.6	14.1	12.1
July	18.6	24.7	14.1	12.1
August	18.6	24.7	14.3	12.3
September	19.6	25.7	14.5	12.5
October	20.6	26.7	15.3	13.3
November	20.6	26.7	12.0	13.9
December	20.8	26.9	15.8	13.8
2009 January	20.9	27.0	15.8	13.8
February	20.9	27.0	15.9	13.9
March	20.9	27.0	16.0	14.0
April	20.7	26.6	16.2	14.2
May	21.6	27.8	15.9	13.9
June	22.4	28.9	15.7	13.7
July	22.4	28.9	17.1	15.1
August	23.0	29.5	18.1	16.1
September	23.1	29.6	17.5	15.5
October	23.1	29.6	16.6	14.6
November	23.1	29.6	12.0	10.0
December	22.7	29.2	8.3	6.3
2010 January	22.7	29.2	7.4	5.4
February	22.6	29.1	7.2	5.2
March	22.6	29.1	4.5	2.5
April	21.5	28.0	3.9	1.9
May	21.3	28.2	5.7	3.7
June	21.0	28.0	6.6	4.6
July	20.6	27.6	6.9	4.9
August	20.1	27.1	7.4	5.4
September	19.8	26.8	7.6	5.6
October	19.7	26.7	7.1	5.1
November	19.6	26.6	5.8	3.8
December	19.4	26.4	8.3	6.3
2011 January	19.2	26.2	8.7	6.7
February	19.1	26.1	6.2	4.2
March	19.1	26.1	7.8	5.8
April	19.1	26.1	8.1	6.1
May	19.1	26.1	7.8	5.8
June	19.1	26.1	8.0	6.0
July	19.0	26.0	9.1	7.1
August	19.0	26.0	9.5	7.5

Source: Bank of Zambia

ZAMBIA'S ANNUAL TOTAL EXPORTS IN ABSOLUTE ZAMBIAN KWACHA AND U S DOLLAR 2000-2010

Flow	Total Exports	
Year	ZMK	USD
2000:	2,716,557,648,136	869,485,416
2001:	3,537,206,913,419	978,788,277
2002:	4,069,916,925,012	944,356,533
2003:	4,642,039,643,203	979,298,782
2004:	7,526,280,115,612	1,577,240,766
2005:	9,612,909,460,871	2,176,641,598
2006:	13,410,945,234,225	3,681,524,702
2007:	18,399,133,746,013	4,617,454,325
2008:	18,653,009,286,684	5,098,688,004
2009:	21,364,760,204,454	4,312,054,540
2010:	34,496,762,223,192	7,200,267,056
Total:	138,429,521,400,821	32,435,799,999

NOTE: 2000-2007 figures are under SPECIAL TRADE SYSTEM while 2008 To 2010 figures are under GENERAL TRADE SYSTEM

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

ZAMBIA'S ANNUAL IMPORTS IN ABSOLUTE ZAMBIAN KWACHA AND U S DOLLAR 2000-2010

Flow	IMPORT	
Year	ZMK	USD
2000:	2,751,563,199,592	871,386,492
2001:	3,900,496,869,495	1,079,955,769
2002:	4,732,881,915,324	1,103,070,912
2003:	7,439,867,256,553	1,573,309,968
2004:	10,279,302,826,391	2,150,649,040
2005:	11,466,668,652,907	2,579,688,391
2006:	11,049,770,813,126	3,023,996,472
2007:	15,945,289,847,742	4,006,980,387
2008:	18,476,489,239,723	5,060,482,666
2009:	18,941,137,478,672	3,792,642,675
2010:	25,507,270,190,029	5,320,961,454
Total:	130,490,738,289,554	30,563,124,226

NOTE: 2000-2007 figures are under SPECIAL TRADE SYSTEM while 2008 to 2010 figures are under GENERAL TRADE SYSTEM

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Surveys/Activities being undertaken

- ☞ 2011 Zambia Economic Census, Register of Establishments update
- ☞ 2010 Census of Population and Housing Data Processing
- ☞ 2010 Living Conditions Monitoring Survey VI Data Analysis and Report Writing
- ☞ 2010/2011 Post Harvest Survey
- ☞ Sample Vital Registration with Verbal Autopsy (SAVVY)

Available

- ☞ 2010/2011 Crop Forecasting Survey
- ☞ 2009 Zambia Sexual Behaviour Survey (ZSBS)
- ☞ Employment and Earnings Inquiry Report, 2009
- ☞ National Accounts Statistics Bulletin No.9 2005
- ☞ Labour-Force Survey Report, 2005
- ☞ 2007 Zambia Demographic and Health Survey (ZDHS)
- ☞ 2010 Census of population and Housing Preliminary Report (both Hard and soft copy)

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