



Republic of Zambia

The Monthly

Central Statistical Office

Volume 175

Website: www.zamstats.gov.zm

November, 2017

Foreword

Welcome to the Monthly presentation organised by the Dissemination Branch of the Central Statistical Office (CSO). The CSO embarks on vigorous information delivery strategy to major stakeholders and the media institutions in order to increase utilisation of statistical products and services. The office produces a number of statistical products in the Economic, Social, Agricultural and Environmental areas. The information collected in these areas may be used for various purposes including policy formulation, planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of programmes and projects.

This Monthly publication is an attempt to provide highlights of CSO's work and how it can help media institutions and the general public to make use of data and information for sustainable national development and decision-making.

I would like to urge our readers and users of statistical information to send to us any comments that may enhance statistical production and contribute to the improvement of this bulletin.

John Kalumbi
DIRECTOR OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS

30th November, 2017

Inside this Issue

**YEAR ON YEAR
INFLATION RATE FOR
NOVEMBER 2017
DECREASES TO 6.3
PERCENT**

**OCTOBER 2017 RECORDS
A TRADE DEFICIT**

**2016 PROVINCIAL GROSS
DOMESTIC PRODUCT
(PGDP)**

**2010 SUPPLY, USE AND
INPUT OUTPUT TABLES
RELEASED**

**2017 AFRICAN STATISTICS
WEEK HIGHLIGHTS**

STATISTICS TWISTER

*"We measure what we treasure.
We treasure what we measure"*

INFLATION

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

YEAR ON YEAR INFLATION RATE FOR NOVEMBER 2017 DECREASES TO 6.3 PERCENT

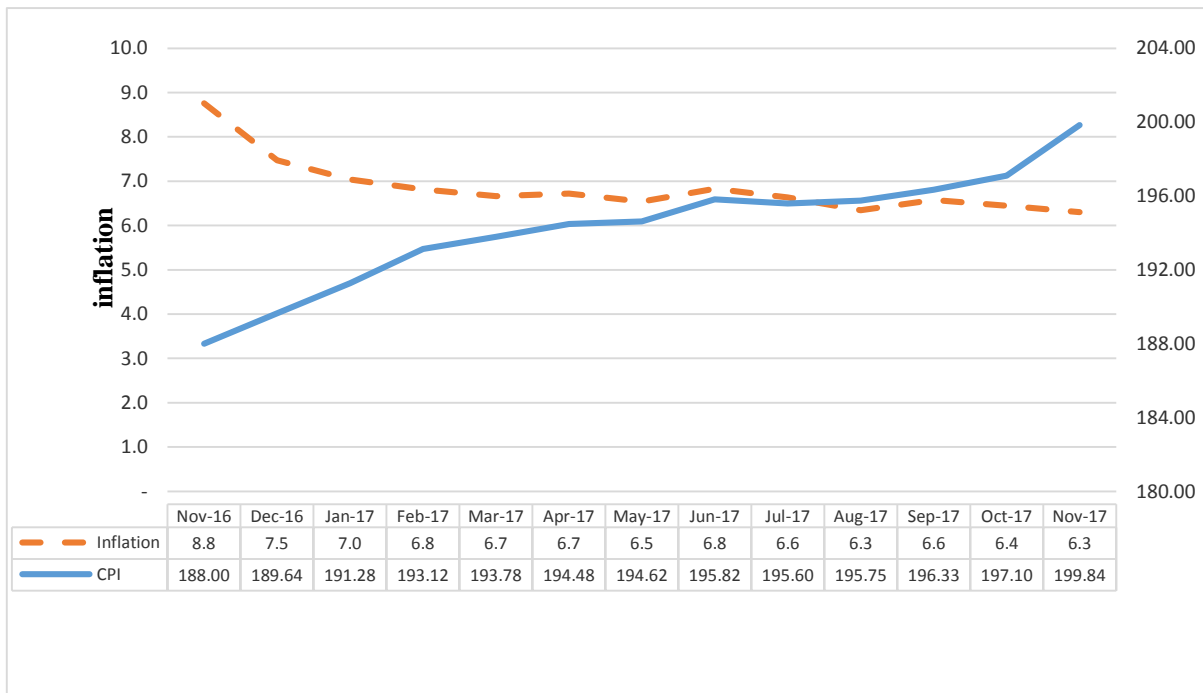
The year on year inflation rate as measured by the all items Consumer Price Index (CPI) for November 2017 decreased to 6.3 percent compared to 6.4 percent recorded in October 2017. This means that on average, prices increased by 6.3 percent between November 2016 and November 2017.

The downward movement in the annual inflation rate was mainly attributed to price movements in transport. The decrease in transport annual inflation rate is attributed to

prices of diesel and petrol recorded in November 2016 compared to those recorded in November 2017. In comparison with prices for November 2016 and November 2017, the price for petrol reduced by 5.3 percent from K13.70 to K12.97 while price for diesel reduced by 2.7 percent from K11.40 to K11.09.

The composite Consumer Price Index increased from 188.0 in November 2016 to 199.84 in November 2017.

Consumer Price Indices (CPI) and Annual Inflation Rates from November 2016-November 2017 (2009=100)



Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

YEAR ON YEAR FOOD AND NON-FOOD INFLATION RATE

The year on year (Annual) food inflation rate for November 2017 was recorded at 4.8 percent compared to 4.9 percent recorded in October 2017. This represents a decrease of 0.1 percentage points. The slight decrease in the annual food inflation rate is mainly attributed to price changes for Bread and cereals (mealie meal) and Vegetables (tomatoes, onion, spinach, cabbage etc.).

The year on year (Annual) non-food inflation rate for November 2017 was recorded at 7.9 percent from 8.2 percent recorded in October 2017, indicating a decrease of 0.3

percentage points. The decrease in the annual non-food inflation is mainly attributed to the decrease in transport annual inflation.

The decrease in transport annual inflation rate is attributed to prices of diesel and petrol recorded in November 2016 compared to those recorded in November 2017.

In comparison with prices for November 2016 and November 2017, the price for petrol reduced by 5.3 percent from K13.70 to K12.97 while price for diesel reduced by 2.7 percent from K11.40 to K11.09

Year on Year Food and Non Food Inflation Rate														
	Weight:	Nov-2016	Dec-2016	Jan-2017	Feb-2017	Mar-2017	Apr-2017	May-2017	June-2017	July-2017	Aug-2017	Sep-2017	Oct-2017	Nov-2017
Total	1,000.00	8.8	7.5	7.0	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.6	6.4	6.3
Food	534.85	9.2	7.8	7.4	7.4	6.7	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.8
Non-Food	465.15	8.3	7.1	6.7	6.1	6.6	7.5	7.3	8.0	8.1	7.7	8.4	8.2	7.9

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

ANNUAL INFLATION RATE MOVEMENT BY CPI MAIN GROUP

The annual inflation rate for November 2017 reduced for Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages; Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas & Other Fuels; and Transport.

The transport main group had the highest reduction in the annual inflation rate from 6.9 percent recorded in October 2017 to 1.7 percent recorded in November 2017.

There was an increase in the annual inflation rate for Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco; Clothing and Footwear; Furnishing, Household Equipment, Routine Housing Maintenance; Health; Communication; Recreation and Culture; Restaurant and Hotel and Miscellaneous Goods and Services.

The annual inflation rate for education in November 2017 remained unchanged.

Annual Inflation Rate Movement By CPI Main Group														
Division	Division Weight	Nov 2016	Dec 2016	Jan 2017	Feb 2017	Mar 2017	Apr 2017	May 2017	Jun 2017	July 2017	Aug 2017	Sep 2017	Oct 2017	Nov 2017
Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages	534.85	9.2	7.8	7.4	7.4	6.7	6.1	5.9	5.8	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.8
Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	15.21	9.8	10.8	9.9	8.5	7.0	5.0	4.5	3.6	3.4	3.7	4.6	4.7	5.2
Clothing and Footwear	80.78	9.4	8.9	9.3	9.0	8.9	8.4	9.0	8.1	8.4	7.8	7.7	7.5	8.2
Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas, and Other Fuels	114.11	6.0	2.2	5.2	4.2	6.0	7.2	6.5	12.1	12.0	12.8	16.2	16.3	16.2
Furnishing, Household Equip., Routine Hse Mtc	82.36	8.2	5.7	5.1	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.2	4.5	4.7	4.6	4.1	3.8	4.3
Health	8.15	5.6	5.8	6.2	5.5	5.8	4.8	5.3	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.6	4.4	4.8
Transport	58.08	9.3	13.4	9.1	8.7	9.1	14.5	14.3	10.5	11.0	7.9	7.2	6.9	1.7
Communication	12.94	7.5	6.3	7.9	7.6	7.5	2.6	2.4	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.8
Recreation and Culture	13.84	4.8	3.7	5.3	4.6	5.1	4.5	6.4	5.3	4.3	3.6	2.5	1.8	7.1
Education	26.62	16.0	17.8	7.4	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.6	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.0	7.0
Restaurant and Hotel	3.37	5.9	4.9	3.5	2.3	3.5	2.3	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.1	3.0	2.9	3.1
Miscellaneous Goods and Services	49.69	7.7	6.1	4.6	4.1	4.2	6.0	5.6	5.3	5.3	4.8	5.1	5.3	5.7
Non Food Total	465.15	8.3	7.1	6.7	6.1	6.6	7.5	7.3	8.0	8.1	7.7	8.4	8.2	7.9

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

CONTRIBUTION OF DIVISIONS TO OVERALL INFLATION

Of the total 6.3 percent annual inflation rate recorded in November 2017, Food and Non-alcoholic beverages accounted for 2.6

percentage points, while non-food items accounted for a total of 3.7 percentage points.

Contribution of Divisions to Overall Inflation														
Division	Division Weight	Nov 2016	Dec 2016	Jan 2017	Feb 2017	Mar 2017	Apr 2017	May 2017	Jun 2017	July 2017	Aug 2017	Sep 2017	Oct 2017	Nov 2017
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	534.85	4.9	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6
Alcoholic beverages, and tobacco	15.21	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Clothing and footwear	80.78	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	114.11	0.7	0.2	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.9
Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	82.36	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4
Health	8.15	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transport	58.08	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.2
Communications	12.94	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Recreation and culture	13.84	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Education	26.62	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Restaurants and hotels	3.37	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Miscellaneous goods and services	49.69	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

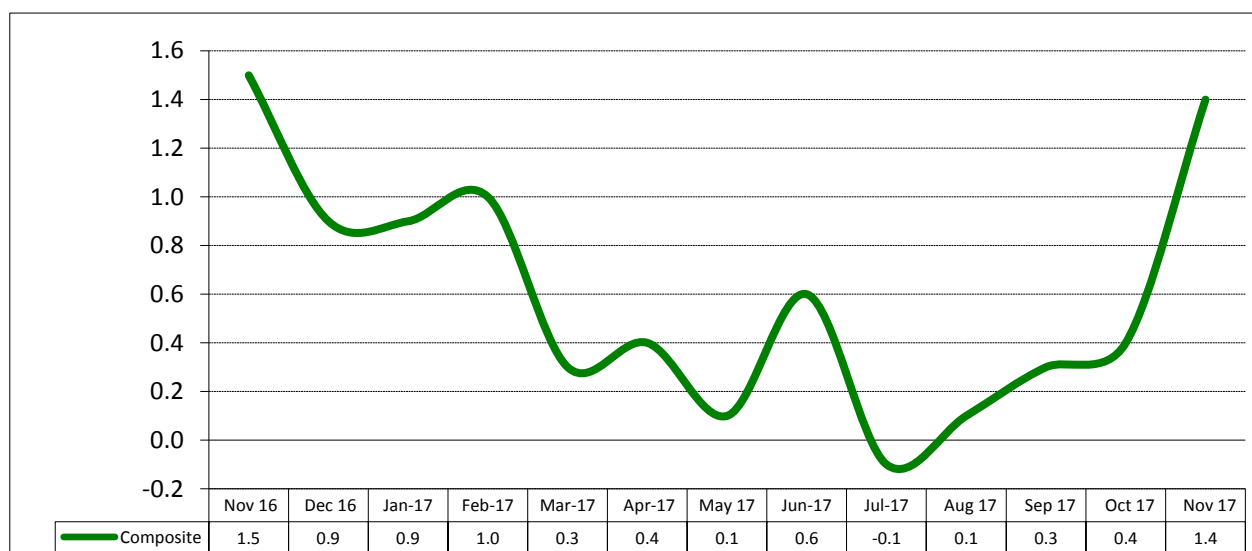
Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

NOVEMBER 2017 MONTH ON MONTH INFLATION RATE INCREASES TO 1.4 PERCENT

The month on month (Monthly) inflation rate for November 2017, was recorded at 1.4 percent compared to

0.4 percent recorded in October 2017, showing an increase of 1.0 percentage points.

Month on Month Inflation Rate November 2016 to November 2017



Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

MONTH ON MONTH INFLATION RATE: FOOD AND NON-FOOD ITEMS

The month on month (Monthly) food inflation rate for November, 2017 increased by 0.3 percentage points from 0.5 percent recorded in October 2017 to 0.8 percent recorded in November 2017. The increase in month on month food inflation rate is as a result of price changes of fish and Kapenta, meat products and Live chicken.

The month on month (Monthly) Non-food inflation rate for November 2017

was recorded at 2.0 percent compared to 0.2 percent recorded in October 2017. This indicates an increase of 1.8 percentage points. The Increase in month on month non-food inflation is mainly attributed to price changes in transport. The price index for transport increased by 5.3 percent from 202.53 in October 2017 to 213.18 in November 2017.

Month on Month Inflation Rate: Food and Non-Food Items (2009=100)														
	Weight:	Nov-2016	Dec-2016	Jan-2017	Feb-2017	Mar-2017	Apr-2017	May-2017	June-2017	July-2017	Aug-2017	Sep-2017	Oct-2017	Nov-2017
Total	1,000.00	1.5	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.6	(0.1)	0.1	0.3	0.4	1.4
Food	534.85	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	(0.3)	(0.2)	0.1	(0.1)	0.5	0.8
Non-Food	465.15	2.3	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.1	1.7	0.0	0.1	0.8	0.2	2.0

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

MONTH ON MONTH CONTRIBUTIONS: FOOD AND NON-FOOD

Of the total 1.4 percent month on month (Monthly) inflation rate recorded in November 2017, Food and Non-alcoholic beverages accounted

for 0.4 percentage points, while non-food items accounted for a total of 1.0 percentage points.

Month on Month Contribution: Food and Non Food														
Division	Weight	Nov 2016	Dec 2016	Jan 2017	Feb 2017	Mar 2017	Apr 2017	May 2017	June 2017	July 2017	Aug 2017	Sep 2017	Oct 2017	Nov 2017
Food	534.85	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	(0.2)	(0.1)	0.1	(0.1)	0.3	0.4
Non-Food	465.15	1.0	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	1.0
All Items	1,000.00	1.4	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.6	(0.1)	0.1	0.3	0.4	1.4

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

PROVINCIAL ANNUAL INFLATION RATES

Provincial changes in annual inflation rate show that between November 2016 and November 2017, Western Province had the highest annual rate of inflation at 10.0 percent, followed

by North-western Province at 9.3 percent. Luapula Province recorded the lowest annual rate of inflation at 3.5 percent.

Provincial Annual Inflation Rates									
	Central	Copperbelt	Eastern	Luapula	Lusaka	Northern	North-Western	Southern	Western
Weight	107.19	219.68	88.98	50.60	283.89	65.72	32.33	109.19	42.42
Jan-16	22.7	18.7	23.3	24.5	21.2	25.1	28.8	22.2	20.6
Feb-16	23.8	20.1	25.0	24.7	22.4	26.0	28.7	23.5	21.1
Mar-16	23.0	19.8	24.3	24.8	21.2	25.4	27.1	22.5	22.2
Apr-16	22.7	20.2	23.7	24.8	19.9	24.5	25.5	22.1	24.3
May-16	22.0	19.5	23.7	23.2	20.2	22.7	24.9	21.2	23.4
Jun-16	21.4	18.7	23.2	22.5	20.3	23.5	23.7	21.7	23.3
Jul-16	19.9	17.9	22.6	22.2	18.9	23.5	23.8	21.4	22.9
Aug-16	20.2	17.2	21.8	22.6	18.2	23.0	23.6	19.8	22.8
Sep-16	19.7	16.6	21.4	22.5	17.0	21.1	22.6	19.7	22.9
Oct-16	11.0	11.8	14.5	11.3	11.2	13.0	12.1	15.7	16.2
Nov-16	8.0	8.6	9.7	7.2	8.2	8.5	9.1	10.8	9.5
Dec-16	7.6	8.4	8.9	6.3	6.4	7.8	5.8	7.9	7.8
Jan-17	7.1	8.9	7.4	6.3	5.8	5.4	6.9	7.3	7.9
Feb-17	7.0	8.5	6.5	5.1	5.8	5.4	6.8	7.1	8.8
Mar-17	7.5	8.1	6.5	4.9	5.9	5.1	7.4	6.7	7.0
Apr-17	7.4	7.5	6.6	4.6	7.0	4.7	8.1	6.5	4.9
May-17	7.0	7.6	6.0	5.4	5.9	6.2	7.8	6.8	5.4
June-17	7.2	8.1	6.5	6.0	6.1	5.8	7.8	7.6	5.1
July-17	7.1	7.7	7.1	5.6	6.1	4.9	6.8	6.2	7.2
Aug-17	7.2	7.2	7.6	4.4	5.7	4.9	7.2	5.5	7.6
Sep-17	7.8	7.6	9.4	3.3	5.7	3.9	9.3	4.9	8.2
Oct-17	7.1	7.1	9.5	3.5	6.2	5.7	7.3	4.0	7.3
Nov-17	7.8	5.8	8.3	3.5	5.9	4.9	9.3	4.9	10.0

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

PROVINCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO OVERALL INFLATION

Lusaka Province had the highest provincial contribution of 1.7 percentage points to the overall annual inflation rate of 6.3 percent recorded in November 2017. This implies that the price movements in Lusaka Province had the greatest

influence on the overall annual rate of inflation. Copperbelt Province had the second highest provincial contribution of 1.2 percentage points while Luapula province had the lowest contribution of 0.2 percentage points.

Provincial Contribution to Overall Inflation														
Province	Weight	Nov 2016	Dec 2016	Jan 2017	Feb 2017	Mar 2017	Apr 2017	May 2017	June 2017	July 2017	Aug 2017	Sep 2017	Oct 2017	Nov 2017
Central	107.19	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8
Copperbelt	219.68	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.2
Eastern	88.98	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.8
Luapula	50.60	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Lusaka	283.89	2.3	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.7
Northern	65.72	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3
North Western	32.33	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Southern	109.19	1.2	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6
Western	42.42	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
National	1,000.00	8.8	7.5	7.0	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.6	6.4	6.3

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

NATIONAL AVERAGE PRICES FOR SELECTED PRODUCTS

The Consumer Price Basket consists of 440 items and over 23,000 price quotations are collected from selected outlets in all the districts in Zambia from 1st to 10th of every month.

The table below shows the maximum and minimum prices for selected items and the location in November, 2017.

Product Description	Unit of Measure	Minimum		Maximum	
		Price (K)	Location	Price (K)	Location
Breakfast Mealie Meal	25 kg	53.00	Choma	110.00	Chavuma
Roller mealie meal	25 kg	36.00	Kafue	80.00	Chiengwe, Chilubi
Maize Grain	20 litre tin	15.00	Sinda	70.00	Mongu
Sugar	2 Kg	23.99	Lusaka	32.00	Nakonde
Charcoal	50 kg bag	20.00	Chama, Mungwi, Namwala	90.00	Ndola
Cement	50 kg	57.00	Lusaka	90.00	Chama

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

On a monthly basis, a comparison of retail prices between November 2017 and October 2017 shows that the national average price of a 25 kg bag of Breakfast Mealie meal decreased by 2.84 percent from K69.36 to K67.39 while the national average price of a 25kg bag of Roller Mealie meal decreased by 2.53 percent from K52.57 to K51.24. The national average price of a 20 litre tin of Maize grain increased by 2.44 percent from K28.31 to K29.00. The national average price of 1 litre of Petrol increased by 11.14 percent from K11.67 to K12.97 while the national average price of 1 litre of

Diesel increased by 12.36 percent from K9.87 to K11.09.

On an annual basis, a comparison of retail prices between November 2016 and November 2017 shows that the national average price of a 25kg bag of Breakfast Mealie meal decreased by 27.50 percent from K92.95 to K67.39. The national average price of 1 litre of Petrol decreased by 5.33 percent from K13.70 to K12.97. While the national average price of 1 litre of Diesel decreased by 2.72 percent from K11.40 to K11.09.

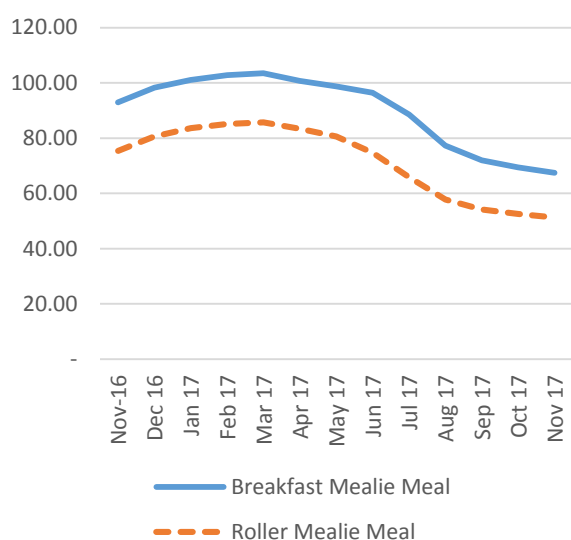
NATIONAL AVERAGE PRICES FOR SELECTED PRODUCTS

Description	Unit of Measure		Nov 16	Dec 16	Jan 17	May 17	Jun 17	Jul 17	Sep 17	Oct 17	Nov 17	%Change Nov 2017/Oct2017	%Change Nov 2017/Nov2016
Breakfast Mealie Meal	25	Kg	92.95	98.24	101.10	98.76	96.37	88.58	72.00	69.36	67.39	-2.84	-27.50
Roller Mealie Meal	25	Kg	75.38	80.64	83.66	80.56	74.73	65.84	54.21	52.57	51.24	-2.53	-32.02
Maize grain	20	litr tin	41.88	46.03	46.46	42.82	36.41	33.97	29.10	28.31	29.00	2.44	-30.75
Brisket	1	Kg	37.04	36.54	36.89	36.79	37.55	36.77	37.10	37.11	37.12	0.03	0.22
Mixed Cut	1	Kg	34.38	34.24	34.85	34.86	34.76	34.49	34.65	34.63	34.86	0.66	1.40
T-bone	1	Kg	42.01	42.54	42.68	43.44	44.10	44.44	44.39	43.69	44.28	1.35	5.40
Mince Meat	1	Kg	42.70	42.53	42.28	44.36	44.85	44.97	42.71	43.09	44.00	2.11	3.04
Dried Bream	1	Kg	80.81	79.71	87.30	81.08	77.32	86.82	82.05	76.29	82.51	8.15	2.10
Dried Kapenta Mpulungu	1	Kg	107.06	109.12	114.25	113.35	114.98	108.52	112.45	111.39	119.67	7.43	11.78
Dried Kapenta Siavonga	1	Kg	127.77	128.36	137.81	131.30	128.38	126.78	128.02	131.76	135.77	3.04	6.26
Cooking oil Local	2.5	Litre	51.83	51.38	51.45	49.86	49.70	49.98	49.03	49.23	48.95	-0.57	-5.56
Rape	1	Kg	4.85	5.26	5.30	4.99	4.57	4.45	4.37	4.42	4.62	4.52	-4.74
Spinach	1	Kg	6.18	4.98	3.92	4.79	6.31	5.08	4.98	5.42	5.50	1.48	-11.00
Cabbage	1	Kg	2.86	3.18	3.44	3.28	3.09	2.74	2.68	2.71	2.85	5.17	-0.35
Tomatoes	1	Kg	8.57	9.10	9.32	6.40	6.78	7.27	7.03	6.94	6.93	-0.14	-19.14
Dried beans	1	Kg	18.36	18.58	18.77	17.55	17.19	17.21	15.72	15.90	16.58	4.28	-9.69
Sugar	2	Kg	26.53	26.54	26.44	26.58	26.47	26.47	26.33	26.26	26.35	0.34	-0.68
Parafin purchases	1	Litre	8.07	7.90	6.87	6.81	6.81	6.78	6.53	6.48	7.83	20.83	-2.97
Charcoal	50	Kg	38.29	39.85	40.38	39.33	39.28	40.01	42.05	40.12	42.13	5.01	10.03
Toyota hilux	1	Kg	534,312.90	532,154.06	536,262.03	530,170.00	507,300.00	507,300.00	494,217.00	520,600.00	558,960.00	7.37	4.61
Toyota corolla	1	Kg	388,822.50	387,251.50	414,735.00	362,151.30	399,161.50	399,161.50	388,867.34	399,161.10	428,572.97	7.37	10.22
Diesel	1	Litre	11.40	11.40	10.72	10.72	10.76	10.72	9.87	9.87	11.09	12.36	-2.72
Petrol	1	Litre	13.70	13.57	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	11.67	11.67	12.97	11.14	-5.33
Hammer milling charge	20	litr tin	6.36	6.32	6.32	6.37	6.56	6.37	6.63	6.62	6.73	1.66	5.82

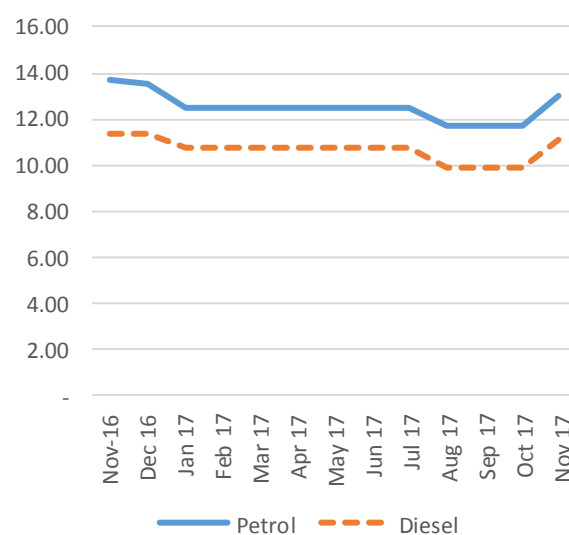
Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

PRICE TRENDS FOR SELECTED PRODUCTS

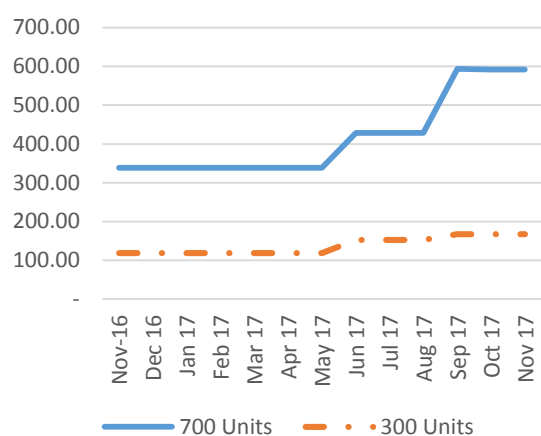
Mealie Meal Trend: Nov 2016-Nov 2017



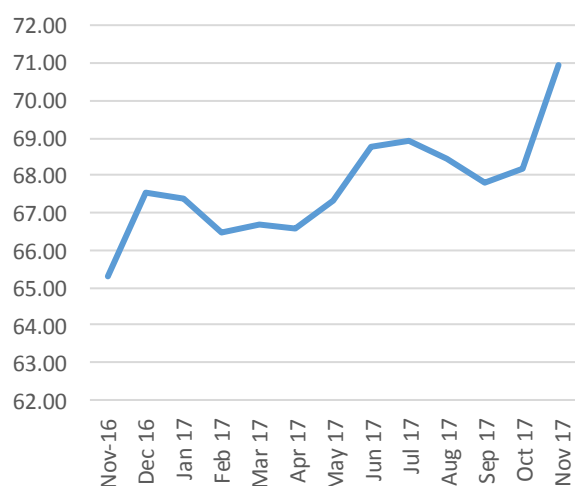
Fuel Price Trends: Nov 2016- Nov 2017



Electricity Price Trends: Nov 2016- Nov 2017



Cement Price Trends: Nov 2016- Nov 2017



INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDIZE TRADE

October 2017 records a Trade Deficit

Zambia's trade deficit reduced by 58.4 percent from K2,125.6 Million recorded in September 2017 to K885.2 Million recorded in October 2017. This means that the country imported more in October 2017 than it exported in nominal terms. The reduction in

the deficit is mainly on account of a 25.2 percent increase in the volume of copper exported from 60,896.3 metric tonnes to 76,250.3 metric tonnes and its corresponding revenue as copper accounts for the largest weight in the export profile.

Total Exports (FOB) and Imports (CIF), January to October 2017*(K' Million)

Months	Imports(CIF)	Domestic Exports(FOB)	Total Exports(FOB)	Trade Balance
Jan-17®	4 998.9	5 774.4	5 881.6	882.7
Feb-17®	6 769.2	6 323.4	6 441.3	-328.0
Mar-17®	6 794.2	5 997.2	6 092.6	-701.6
Quarter 1	18 562.4	18 095.1	18 415.5	-146.9
Apr-17®	7 095.1	5 742.9	5 882.3	-1 212.8
May-17®	6 252.7	5 775.6	5 869.4	-383.4
June-17®	6 359.8	5 739.8	5 953.2	-406.6
Quarter 2	19 707.6	17 258.3	17 704.9	-2 002.8
July-17®	6 390.9	5 525.3	5 723.8	-667.1
Aug-17®	6 885.7	6 026.9	6 399.7	-486.0
Sep-17®	7 667.2	5 041.4	5 541.6	-2 125.6
Quarter 3	20 943.8	16 593.7	17 665.1	-3 278.8
Oct-17*	7 810.9	6 543.0	6 925.7	-885.2
Total	67 024.7	58 490.1	60 711.1	-6 313.6

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2017

These trade data are compiled based on the General Trade System

Note: (*) Provisional

(®) Revised

Performance of Exports (Traditional and Non-Traditional Exports (TEs and NTEs)), October and September 2017

The Metal export earnings increased by 40.6 percent from K3,675.2 Million in September 2017 to K5,168.3 Million in October 2017. The overall contribution of Metals and their products to the total export earnings between October and September 2017 averaged 70.5 percent.

Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), however decreased by 5.8 percent from K1,866.4 Million in September 2017 to K1,757.3 Million in October 2017. The share of NTEs recorded an average of 29.6 percent in revenue earnings between October and September 2017.

Zambia's Traditional and Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), October and September 2017

PERIOD	Oct-17*		Sep-17®	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share	Value (K'Million)	% Share
Traditional Exports..	5 168.3	74.6	3 675.2	66.3
Non-Traditional Exports	1 757.3	25.4	1 866.4	33.7
Total Exports	6 925.7	100.0	5 541.6	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2017

Note: (*) Provisional

®Revised

Zambia's Copper Export Volumes and London Metal Exchange (LME) Prices

Zambia's Exports of Copper by Volume and corresponding LME prices, January to October 2017

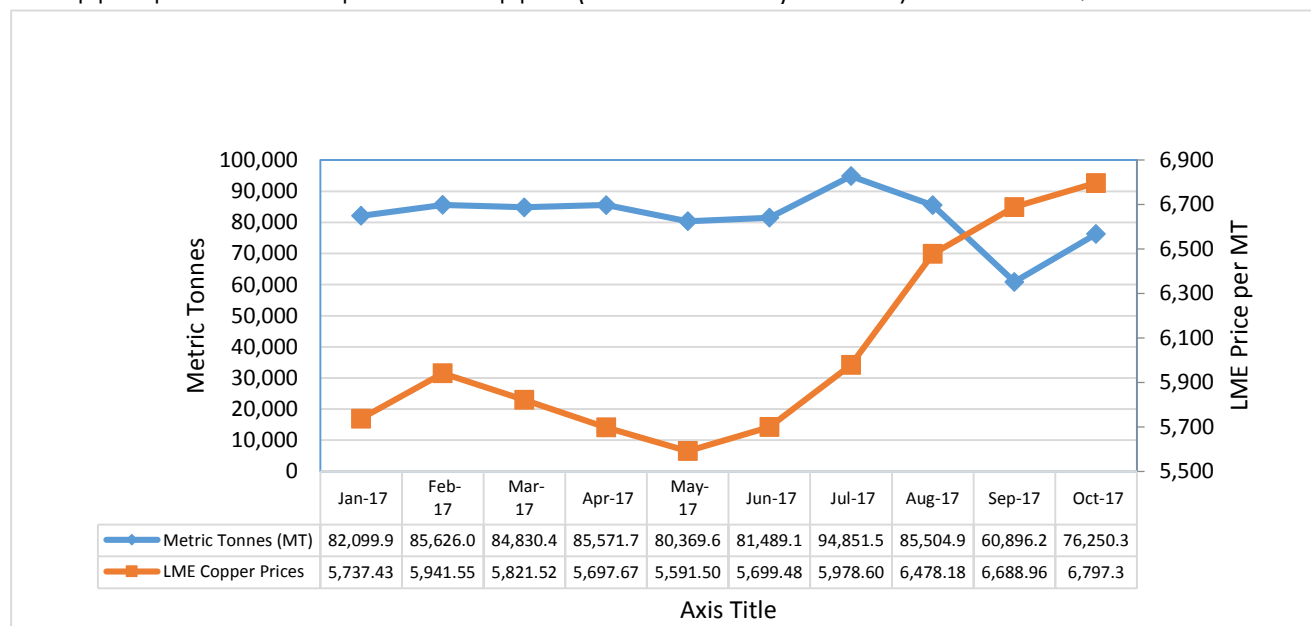
The volume of Copper exported in October 2017 increased by 25.2 percent from 60,896.3 metric tonnes recorded in September 2017 to 76,250.3 metric tonnes recorded in October 2017.

The corresponding Copper prices on LME increased by 1.6 percent, from USD 6,689.0

per metric tonne in September 2017 to USD 6,797.4 per metric tonne in October 2017.

Since Copper accounts for the largest weight/ proportion of Traditional Exports, any change in the volume and price/value has a direct bearing on the performance of Traditional Exports.

LME Copper prices and Exports of Copper (Metric tonnes) January to October, 2017



Performance of Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), October and September 2017

For the purpose of this analysis, Non-Traditional Exports are divided into Agricultural and Non-Agricultural products.

Agricultural Products

Agricultural products accounted for a share of 29.9 percent of Zambia's Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs) in October 2017 compared to 25.3 percent recorded in September 2017.

The export earnings from Agricultural products recorded an 11.4 percent growth from K 472.0 Million to K 525.9 Million. The major export commodities were Maize (excl. seed) (20.5 percent), Tobacco partly or wholly stemmed or stripped (17.9 percent) and Maize seed (10.8 percent).

Non-Agricultural Products

Non-Agricultural products accounted for a share of 70.1 percent of Zambia's Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs) in October 2017 compared to 74.7 percent recorded in September 2017.

The export earnings from Non-Agricultural products recorded a decline of 11.7 percent from K1,394.4 Million to K1,231.4 Million. The major commodities were Cobalt oxides (24 percent), Articles of stone or other mineral substances (22.7 percent) and Sulphuric Acid (5.1 percent).

Zambia's Major Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), October and September 2017

Period		Oct-17*		Period		Sep-17®	
Hs-Code	Description	Value (K'Million)	Share (%)	Hs-Code	Description	Value (K'Million)	Share (%)
AGRIC PRODUCTS		525.9	100.0	AGRIC PRODUCTS		472.0	100.0
10059000	Maize (excl. seed)	107.8	20.5	10059000	Maize (excl. seed)	68.9	14.6
24012000	Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed/stripped	94.4	17.9	24012000	Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed/stripped	68.5	14.5
10051000	Maize seed	57.0	10.8	17011300	Raw cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	63.7	13.5
17011300	Raw cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	48.7	9.3	10051000	Maize seed	44.4	9.4
23040000	Oil-cake and other solid residues, of soya-bean	30.9	5.9	52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	38.4	8.1
12019000	Soya beans, whether or not broken, excl. seed	28.1	5.3	23040000	Oil-cake and other solid residues, of soya-bean	37.6	8.0
17019900	Cane or beet sugar, in solid form, nes	22.4	4.3	12019000	Soya beans, whether or not broken, excl. seed	16.6	3.5
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	19.5	3.7	17049000	Sugar confectionery (incl. white chocolate), not containing cocoa, nes	11.4	2.4
Other - NTEs Agric Product		117.0	22.2	Other - NTEs Agric Product		122.5	26.0
% Share of Agric Products NTEs		29.9		% Share of Agric Products NTEs		25.3	
NON-AGRIC PRODUCTS		1 231.4	100.0	NON-AGRIC PRODUCTS		1 394.4	100.0
28220010	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides in bulk	295.6	24.0	28220010	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides in bulk	404.6	29.0
68159900	Articles of stone or other mineral substances, nes	279.7	22.7	68159900	Articles of stone or other mineral substances, nes	80.9	5.8
28070010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	63.0	5.1	71081310	Bullion semi-manufactured forms	77.6	5.6
74081100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	62.0	5.0	74081100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	65.6	4.7
22029900	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	41.0	3.3	28070010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	56.8	4.1
25232900	Portland cement (excl. white)	26.0	2.1	27160000	Electrical energy	48.4	3.5
34022000	Washing and cleaning preparations, put up for retail sale	23.5	1.9	22029900	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	47.1	3.4
28321010	Sodium sulphites in bulk	19.8	1.6	36020090	Other prepared explosives, (excl. propellant powders)	37.1	2.7
72023000	Ferro-silico-manganese	18.8	1.5	34022000	Washing and cleaning preparations, put up for retail sale	28.9	2.1
36020090	Other prepared explosives, (excl. propellant powders)	17.6	1.4	25232900	Portland cement (excl. white)	26.3	1.9
25221000	Quicklime	16.1	1.3	85444900	Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage <=80 V, not fitted with connectors	25.4	1.8
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	14.0	1.1	26020000	Manganese ores/concentrates(inc.ferruginous), with manganese cont.of=>20%	22.6	1.6
26020000	Manganese ores/concentrates(inc.ferruginous), with manganese cont.of=>20%	13.9	1.1	28321010	Sodium sulphites in bulk	21.1	1.5
85444900	Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage <=80 V, not fitted with connectors	13.0	1.1	38249900	Other nes	21.0	1.5
38249900	Other nes	11.5	0.9	72023000	Ferro-silico-manganese	19.1	1.4
Other - NTEs Non Agric Product		315.7	25.6	Other - NTEs Non Agric Product		412.0	29.5
% Share of Non-Agric Products NTEs		70.1		% Share of Non-Agric Products NTEs		74.7	
NTE's Total		1 757.3	100.0	NTE's Total		1 866.4	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2017

Note: (*) Provisional

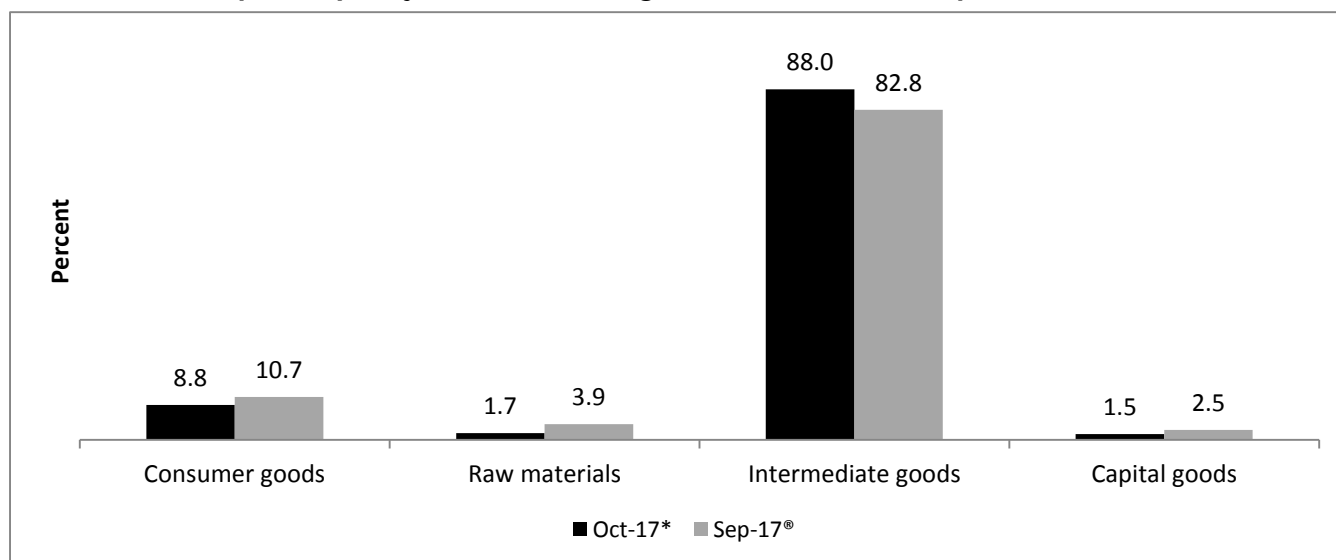
® Revised figures

Exports by Major Product Categories, October and September 2017

Zambia's major export products in October 2017 were from the intermediate goods category (mainly comprising Copper anodes for electrolytic refining and Cathodes of refined copper) accounting for 88.0 percent.

Exports from the Consumer goods, Raw Materials and Capital goods categories, collectively accounted for 12.0 percent of total exports in October 2017.

Exports by Major Product Categories October and September 2017



Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2017

Note: (*) Provisional
(®) Revised

Zambia's Major Export Destinations by Commodity in October 2017

The major export destination in October 2017 was Switzerland, which accounted for 53.3 percent of the total export earnings. The main export products to Switzerland were Copper anodes for electrolytic refining, accounting for 44.8 percent of total export earnings from that country, followed by cathodes of refined copper (42.6 percent).

China was the second major destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 7.5 percent of the total export earnings. The main export product to China was Copper blister, accounting for 51.0 percent of total export earnings from China.

South Africa was the third major export destination accounting for 6.4 percent of the total export earnings. The main export products were Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides in bulk accounting

for 63.6 percent of total export earnings from that country.

Singapore was the fourth major export destination accounting for 6.2 percent of the total export earnings. The main export products were Articles of stone or other mineral substances, nes accounting for 47.6 percent of total export earnings from Singapore.

The fifth major export destination was Congo DR, which accounted for 5.8 percent of the total export earnings. The main export product was Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk, accounting for 15.6 percent of total export earnings to that country.

These five countries collectively accounted for 79.2 percent of Zambia's total export earnings in October 2017.

Zambia's Five Major Export Destinations by Product for October 2017

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Oct-2017*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SWITZERLAND		3 702.4	100.0
74020020	Copper anodes for electrolytic refining	1 658.8	44.8
74031110	Cathodes of refined copper	1 578.4	42.6
74020011	Copper blister	152.5	4.1
74031120	Sections of cathodes of refined copper	139.9	3.8
74031900	Other refined Copper	81.7	2.2
24012000	Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed/stripped	77.6	2.1
28220010	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides in bulk	12.2	0.3
14042000	Cotton linters	1.2	0.0
26080000	Zinc ores and concentrates	0.1	0.0
26030029	Other - copper concentrate	0.0	0.0
Others		0.0	0.0
Percent of Total October Exports		53.5	
CHINA		520.2	100.0
74020011	Copper blister	265.2	51.0
74031110	Cathodes of refined copper	110.8	21.3
74031120	Sections of cathodes of refined copper	85.6	16.4
74032910	- cobalt alloy	20.7	4.0
74031900	Other refined Copper	7.9	1.5
26020000	Manganese ores/concentrates(inc.ferruginous), with manganese cont.of=>20%	6.3	1.2
44032000	Untreated coniferous wood in the rough...	4.3	0.8
26030019	Other copper ores	2.8	0.5
74020020	Copper anodes for electrolytic refining	2.2	0.4
25309000	Other mineral substances, nes	2.2	0.4
Others		12.2	2.3
Percent of Total October Exports		7.5	
SOUTH AFRICA		445.5	100.0
28220010	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides in bulk	283.4	63.6
74081100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	37.9	8.5
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	17.9	4.0
74020011	Copper blister	16.9	3.8
23040000	Oil-cake and other solid residues, of soya-bean	13.2	3.0
88023000	Aeroplanes & other aircraft, of unladen wgt exceeding 2000Kg but not exceeding 15000Kg	8.2	1.8
78019900	Unwrought lead (excl. refined and containing antimony)	4.6	1.0
24012000	Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed/stripped	4.6	1.0
72022100	Ferro-silicon, containing by weight >55% silicon	4.1	0.9
72142010	Twisted after rolling	3.9	0.9
Others		50.8	11.4
Percent of Total October Exports		6.4	
SINGAPORE		431.7	100.0
68159900	Articles of stone or other mineral substances, nes	205.5	47.6
74020020	Copper anodes for electrolytic refining	169.4	39.3
74020011	Copper blister	30.0	6.9
74031110	Cathodes of refined copper	26.7	6.2
01012900	Live Horses – Other	0.0	0.0
01061900	-Mammals—Other	0.0	0.0

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Oct-2017*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
01069000	-Other live animals	0.0	0.0
02071200	Frozen whole chickens	0.0	0.0
02071400	Frozen cuts and offal of chicken	0.0	0.0
03019900	Other live fish	0.0	0.0
Others		0.0	0.0
Percent of Total October Exports		6.2	
CONGO DR		403.2	100.0
28070010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	63.0	15.6
22029900	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	24.7	6.1
17019900	Cane or beet sugar, in solid form, nes	21.7	5.4
17011300	Raw cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	21.2	5.3
28321010	Sodium sulphites in bulk	19.8	4.9
25221000	Quicklime	16.1	4.0
34022000	Washing and cleaning preparations, put up for retail sale	15.7	3.9
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	14.0	3.5
36020090	Other prepared explosives, (excl. propellant powders)	13.7	3.4
15162000	Vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, hydrogenated, etc	13.5	3.3
Others		179.7	44.6
Percent of Total October Exports		5.8	
Other Destinations		1 422.7	20.5
Total Value of October Exports		6 925.7	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2017

Note: (*) Provisional

Export Market Shares by selected Regional Groupings and Major Trading Partners, October and September 2017

Switzerland was the largest market for Zambia's total exports in October 2017, accounting for 53.5 percent.

Asia was the second largest market for Zambia's exports, accounting for 22.2 percent in October 2017. Within Asia, China was the dominant export market, accounting for 33.9 percent. Other notable markets in Asia were Singapore, United Arab Emirates, India and Hong Kong.

The SADC exclusive grouping was the third largest market for Zambia's total exports accounting for 8.2 percent in October 2017. Within this group, South Africa was the dominant market with 78.3 percent. Other notable markets were Tanzania, Botswana, Mozambique and Namibia.

The DUAL- SADC & COMESA grouping was the fourth largest market for Zambia's total exports accounting for 7.8 percent in

October 2017. Within this grouping, Congo DR was the dominant market with 74.6 percent. Other notable markets in this grouping were Zimbabwe, Malawi, Seychelles and Madagascar.

The COMESA exclusive grouping was the fifth largest market for Zambia's total exports accounting for 2.3 percent in October 2017. Within this grouping, Kenya was the dominant market with 53.0 percent. Other notable markets were Rwanda, Burundi, Ethiopia and Uganda.

The European Union grouping was the sixth largest market for Zambia's total exports accounting for 1.6 percent in October 2017. Within this grouping, The United Kingdom was the dominant market with 65.8 percent. Other notable markets in this grouping were Germany, Luxembourg, Italy and Belgium.

Export Market Shares by Selected Regional Groupings, October and September 2017

GROUPING	Oct-17*		GROUPING	Sep-17®	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SWITZERLAND	3 702.4	53.5	SWITZERLAND	1 938.3	35.0
ASIA	1 535.0	100.0	ASIA	1 839.3	100.0
China	520.2	33.9	China	1 010.7	55.0
Singapore	431.7	28.1	Singapore	379.6	20.6
United Arab Emirates	313.3	20.4	United Arab Emirates	291.0	15.8
India	168.9	11.0	India	89.0	4.8
Hong Kong	87.3	5.7	Hong Kong	47.7	2.6
Other ASIA	13.7	0.9	Other ASIA	21.2	1.2
% of Total October Exports	22.2		% of Total September Exports	33.2	
SADC EXCLUSIVE	568.6	100.0	SADC EXCLUSIVE	576.4	100.0
South Africa	445.5	78.3	South Africa	470.1	81.6
Tanzania	79.9	14.0	Tanzania	52.0	9.0
Botswana	19.5	3.4	Namibia	25.5	4.4
Mozambique	13.5	2.4	Botswana	21.9	3.8
Namibia	7.4	1.3	Mozambique	5.0	0.9
Other SADC EXCLUSIVE	2.9	0.5	Other SADC EXCLUSIVE	2.0	0.3
% of Total October Exports	8.2		% of Total September Exports	10.4	
DUAL-SADC & COMESA	540.6	100.0	DUAL-SADC & COMESA	600.6	100.0
Congo Dr	403.2	74.6	Congo Dr	452.5	75.3
Zimbabwe	73.2	13.5	Zimbabwe	76.5	12.7
Malawi	64.1	11.9	Malawi	69.6	11.6
Seychelles	0.1	0.0	Swaziland	1.4	0.2
Madagascar	0.0	0.0	Madagascar	0.6	0.1
Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	0.0	0.0	Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	0.0	0.0
% of Total October Exports	7.8		% of Total September Exports	10.8	
COMESA EXCLUSIVE	156.2	100.0	COMESA EXCLUSIVE	123.1	100.0
Kenya	82.8	53.0	Kenya	70.4	57.2
Rwanda	38.6	24.7	Rwanda	31.4	25.6
Burundi	25.7	16.4	Burundi	14.8	12.0
Ethiopia	5.4	3.5	Uganda	6.4	5.2
Uganda	3.7	2.3	Ethiopia	0.1	0.1
Other COMESA EXCLUSIVE	0.1	0.1	Other COMESA EXCLUSIVE	0.0	0.0
% of Total October Exports	2.3		% of Total September Exports	2.2	
EUROPEAN UNION	111.6	100.0	EUROPEAN UNION	261.1	100.0
United Kingdom	73.5	65.8	United Kingdom	189.1	72.4
Germany	12.9	11.6	Luxembourg	56.8	21.7
Luxembourg	7.3	6.5	Italy	5.2	2.0
Italy	6.3	5.7	Germany	5.0	1.9
Belgium	5.8	5.2	Belgium	2.2	0.8
Other EU	5.8	5.2	Other EU	2.9	1.1
% of Total October Exports	1.6		% of Total September Exports	4.7	
Rest of the World	311.3	4.5	Rest of the World	202.9	3.7
World	6 925.7	100.0	World	5 541.6	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2017

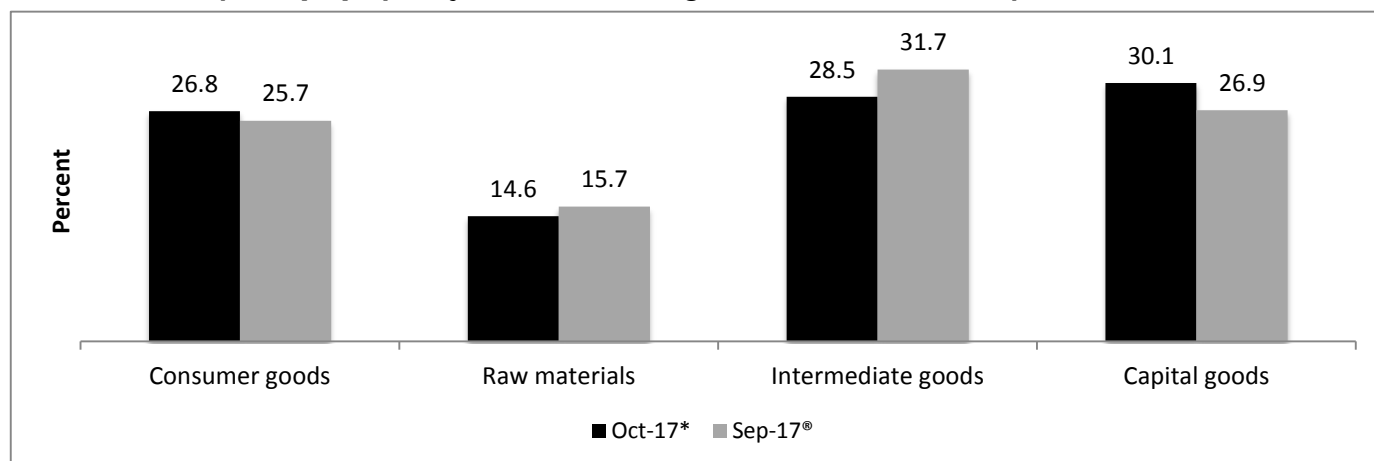
Note: 1. SADC = (SADC EXCLUSIVE + Dual SADC & COMESA)
2. COMESA = (COMESA Exclusive + Dual SADC & COMESA)
** Switzerland Does not belong to any Regional grouping but is our Major Export Destination

Imports by Major Product Categories, October and September 2017

The major import products by category in October 2017 were Capital goods, accounting for 30.1 percent. The intermediate goods category was

second with 28.5 percent, followed by the Consumer goods and Raw materials categories, accounting for 26.8 percent and 14.6 percent, respectively.

Imports (cif) by Major Product Categories, October and September 2017



Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2017

Note: (*) Provisional
(R) Revised

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Product in October 2017

The major source of imports in October 2017 was South Africa, accounting for 26.6 percent. The major import product was gas oils, accounting for 4.9 percent of the import bill from that country.

The second major source was Congo DR, accounting for 23.2 percent. The major import products were Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides in bulk which accounted for 43.0 percent of the import bill from that country.

China was the third main source of Zambia's imports, accounting for 11.2 percent. The major import products were Towers and lattice masts of iron or steel accounting for 26.4 percent of the import bill from that country.

Other sources of Zambia's imports were United Arab Emirates and Kuwait, which collectively accounted for 8.9 percent of Zambia's imports.

Zambia's Five Major Import Sources by Product for October, 2017

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Oct-2017*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SOUTH AFRICA		2 080.2	100.0
27101910	Gas oils.	102.3	4.9
84295100	Self-propelled front-end shovel loaders	88.6	4.3
31021000	Urea	48.9	2.4
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	43.6	2.1
84314900	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	35.9	1.7
84089000	Compression-ignition internal combustion piston engines, nes	33.7	1.6
87042100	vehicles (diesel engine) for the transport of goods GVW upto 5 tonnes	30.8	1.5
31023000	Ammonium nitrate	29.9	1.4
84139100	Parts of pumps for liquids	29.9	1.4
84295900	Self-propelled bulldozers, excavators..., nes	25.8	1.2
Others		1 610.7	77.4
Percent of Total October Imports		26.6	
CONGO DR		1 810.5	100.0
28220010	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides in bulk	778.8	43.0
26030029	Other - copper concentrate	489.8	27.1
26030021	Copper concentrate sulphide	261.0	14.4
26050020	Cobalt concentrate	184.6	10.2
28369910	Other carbonates; peroxocarbonates in bulk	83.5	4.6
26203090	Other - containing mainly copper	9.2	0.5
78020000	Lead waste and scrap	1.1	0.1
28321010	Sodium sulphites in bulk	0.8	0.0
28051900	Other alkali alkaline-earth metals (excl. sodium & calcium).	0.5	0.0
22029900	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	0.3	0.0
Others		0.9	0.0
Percent of Total October Imports		23.2	
CHINA		873.1	100.0
73082000	Towers and lattice masts of iron or steel	230.9	26.4
84749000	Parts of machinery of 84.74	48.8	5.6
85439000	Parts of electrical machines/apparatus with individual functions, nes	30.4	3.5
85299000	Parts of apparatus of 85.25 to 85.28	28.4	3.3
85371000	Boards...equipped with two/more apparatus of 85.35/85.36, voltage =<1000V	18.7	2.1
85042300	Liquid dielectric transformers, power handling capacity >10000kva	15.2	1.7
73261100	Grinding balls... for mills, forged or stamped, of iron or steel	15.0	1.7
90011000	Optical fibres, optical fibre bundles and cables (excl. those of 84.55)	14.9	1.7
84295100	Self-propelled front-end shovel loaders	13.0	1.5
87012000	Road tractors for semi-trailers	12.4	1.4
Others		445.5	51.0
Percent of Total October Imports		11.2	
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES		359.8	100.0
27101910	Gas oils.	106.9	29.7
27101210	Motor Spirit	95.6	26.6
31021000	Urea	29.7	8.2
84388000	Machinery for the preparation or manufacture of food or drink, nes	24.0	6.7
29309010	Other organo-sulphurcompounds, nes - in bulk	14.5	4.0
29041010	Hydrocarbon derivatives containing only sulpho groups, their salts, etc - IN BULK	12.0	3.3
28311010	Dithionites and sulphonylates of sodium in bulk	7.7	2.1
84792000	Machinery for the extraction/preparation of animal/vegetable fats or oil	5.3	1.5
40112010	New pneumatic tyres of rubber, of a kind used on buses or lorries- rim size 50cm to 57cm	4.0	1.1
17024000	Glucose and glucose syrup, containing >=20% but <50% fructose,excluding invert sugar.	3.9	1.1
Others		56.3	15.6
Percent of Total October Imports		4.6	
KUWAIT		339.3	100.0
27101910	Gas oils.	146.6	43.2
27101210	Motor Spirit	108.2	31.9

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Oct-2017*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
31052000	Mineral or chemical fertilizers with nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium	23.2	6.8
31053000	Diammonium hydrogenorthophosphate (diammonium phosphate)	19.1	5.6
84749000	Parts of machinery of 84.74	9.3	2.7
25199000	Magnesia and other magnesium oxide	7.2	2.1
28321010	Sodium sulphites in bulk	6.3	1.9
84314900	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	5.9	1.7
31021000	Urea	4.3	1.3
87089900	Parts and accessories, nes, for vehicles of 87.01 to 87.05	1.7	0.5
Others		7.5	2.2
Percent of Total October Imports		4.3	
Other Sources		2 347.9	30.1
Total Value of October Imports		7 810.9	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2017

Note: (*) Provisional

Import Market Shares by Selected Regional Groupings and major trading partners October and September 2017

The SADC Exclusive grouping was the main source of Zambia's imports accounting for 32.8 percent in October 2017. Within this grouping, South Africa was the major source of Zambia's imports accounting for 81.1 percent. Other notable markets were Tanzania, Mozambique, Namibia and Botswana.

The Dual SADC & COMESA was the second major source of Zambia's imports, accounting for 28.7 percent in October 2017. Within this grouping, Congo DR was the dominant market with 80.7 percent. Other notable markets were Mauritius, Zimbabwe, Swaziland, and Malawi.

ASIA was the third main source of Zambia's imports, accounting for 26.2 percent in October 2017. Within this regional grouping, China was the main

source of Zambia's imports accounting for 42.7 percent. Other notable markets were, United Arab Emirates, Kuwaiti, India and Japan.

The European Union (EU) was the fourth largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 6.6 percent. Within this grouping, United Kingdom was the main source of Zambia's imports with 28.4 percent. Other notable markets were Germany, Netherlands, Belgium and Ireland.

The COMESA exclusive grouping was the fifth largest source for Zambia's imports accounting for 0.5 percent in October 2017. Within this grouping, Kenya was the dominant market with 74.0 percent. Other notable markets were Egypt, Burundi, Uganda and Ethiopia.

Import Market Shares by Selected Regional Groupings, October and September 2017

GROUPING	Oct-17*		GROUPING	Sep-17®	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SADC EXCLUSIVE	2 563.7	100.0	SADC EXCLUSIVE	2 312.4	100.0
South Africa	2 080.2	81.1	South Africa	1 994.7	86.3
Tanzania	206.1	8.0	Tanzania	176.5	7.6
Mozambique	132.6	5.2	Namibia	79.5	3.4
Namibia	130.2	5.1	Mozambique	48.3	2.1
Botswana	14.5	0.6	Botswana	12.8	0.6
Other SADC Exclusive	0.1	0.0	Other SADC Exclusive	0.6	0.0
% of Total October Imports	32.8		% of Total September Imports	30.2	
DUAL-SADC & COMESA	2 243.5	100.0	DUAL-SADC & COMESA	2 502.0	100.0
Congo Dr	1 810.5	80.7	Congo Dr	2 138.2	85.5
Mauritius	339.3	15.1	Mauritius	291.9	11.7
Zimbabwe	58.5	2.6	Zimbabwe	49.0	2.0
Swaziland	18.9	0.8	Malawi	14.1	0.6
Malawi	16.3	0.7	Swaziland	8.7	0.3
Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	0.0	0.0	Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	0.1	0.0
% of Total October Imports	28.7		% of Total September Imports	32.6	
ASIA	2 046.2	100.0	ASIA	2 023.4	100.0
China	873.1	42.7	China	798.5	39.5
United Arab Emirates	359.8	17.6	United Arab Emirates	420.5	20.8
Kuwait	300.3	14.7	Kuwait	339.7	16.8
India	231.2	11.3	India	165.6	8.2
Japan	93.0	4.5	Japan	95.3	4.7
Other ASIA	188.8	9.2	Other ASIA	203.8	10.1
% of Total October Imports	26.2		% of Total September Imports	26.4	
EUROPEAN UNION	513.6	100.0	EUROPEAN UNION	488.2	100.0
United Kingdom	146.0	28.4	United Kingdom	137.6	28.2
Germany	73.2	14.2	Sweden	49.2	10.1
Netherlands	66.6	13.0	Ireland	46.9	9.6
Belgium	37.1	7.2	Belgium	45.6	9.3
Ireland	34.8	6.8	Germany	38.9	8.0
Other EU	155.5	30.3	Other EU	169.8	34.8
% of Total October Imports	6.6		% of Total September Imports	6.4	
COMESA EXCLUSIVE	42.0	100.0	COMESA EXCLUSIVE	43.7	100.0
Kenya	31.1	74.0	Kenya	34.1	78.1
Egypt	10.3	24.6	Egypt	7.0	16.1
Burundi	0.2	0.6	Uganda	2.5	5.8
Uganda	0.2	0.5	Rwanda	0.0	0.0
Ethiopia	0.1	0.2	Ethiopia	0.0	0.0
Other COMESA Exclusive	0.0	0.1	Other COMESA Exclusive	0.0	0.0
% of Total October Imports	0.5		% of Total September Imports	0.6	
Rest of the World	401.8	5.1	Rest of the World	297.5	3.9
World	7 810.9	100.0	World	7 667.2	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2017

Note: (*) Provisional

®) Revised figures

2016 Provincial Gross Domestic Product (PGDP)

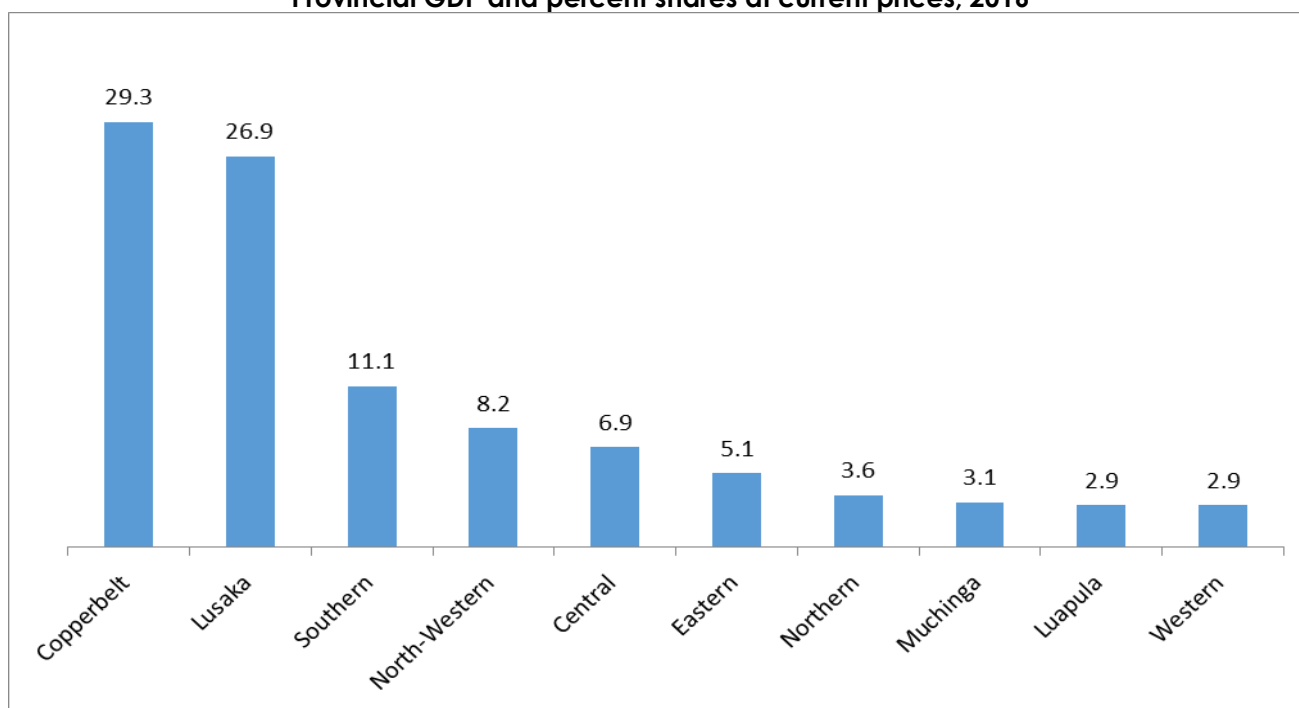
The Central Statistical Office (CSO) has been compiling provincial Gross Domestic Product (GDP) estimates since 2016. So far the office has successfully compiled and published estimates for the year 2014 and 2015. This article presents estimates for the year 2016. The demand for provincial GDP estimates has continued to increase hence the need for the office to disaggregate national level GDP estimates using available provincial indicators to come up with provincial GDP estimates. In doing so, CSO used practical guidelines from the 2008 System of National Accounts (SNA2008) and 2013 Eurostat manual on Regional Accounts Methods. So far Provincial

GDP is only done by **production approach** and at **current prices only**.

2016 Provincial GDP Shares

Of the total 2016 GDP estimate of K216, 098.1 million, Copperbelt Province had the highest percentage share at 29.2 percent, followed by Lusaka Province with 26.0 percent. These two provinces accounted for over half of the National GDP at current prices in 2016. Western and Luapula provinces had the least share of the National GDP at 2.9 percent each.

Provincial GDP and percent shares at current prices, 2016



PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES ACROSS PROVINCES, 2016

Copperbelt and Lusaka provinces have continued to dominate in most of the industries. However, Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing industry was largely in Central, Copperbelt and Southern provinces

contributing 20.7 percent, 16.4 percent and 15.5 percent, respectively. The mining industry was driven by Copperbelt and North-Western provinces contributing 54.3 percent and 44.1 percent, respectively.

Percentage Distribution of Industrial Activities across Provinces, 2016

Industry	Central	Copperbelt	Eastern	Luapula	Lusaka	Muchinga	Northern	N/Western	Southern	Western	Total
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	20.7	16.4	14.8	6.6	5.1	5.3	8.4	3.3	15.5	3.8	100.0
Mining and quarrying	0.0	54.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	44.1	0.2	0.0	100.0
Manufacturing	0.6	59.5	0.0	0.0	31.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.6	0.0	100.0
Electricity generation	1.5	3.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.1	94.6	0.0	100.0
Water supply; Sewerage	4.9	55.2	1.8	0.8	25.1	1.1	2.2	1.6	5.9	1.5	100.0
Construction	6.1	16.9	7.2	5.2	40.2	5.5	3.0	3.0	8.8	4.1	100.0
Wholesale and retail trade;	10.0	22.9	6.2	3.6	32.1	3.1	6.5	2.5	8.6	4.4	100.0
Transportation and storage	5.7	51.3	0.1	0.0	40.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.8	0.0	100.0
Accommodation and food service	1.4	7.4	0.7	0.2	65.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	24.7	0.1	100.0
Information and communication	8.6	27.7	3.6	0.0	36.3	3.1	0.0	2.8	13.8	3.9	100.0
Financial and insurance activities	6.9	33.1	4.3	2.4	43.3	1.9	0.0	1.7	4.1	2.3	100.0
Real estate activities	9.8	15.2	11.7	7.3	18.2	5.8	8.3	5.4	12.0	6.3	100.0
Professional, scientific	0.5	7.5	1.9	0.0	89.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	100.0
Administrative and support	3.4	28.8	8.4	1.6	46.5	3.6	0.9	3.3	2.7	0.8	100.0
Public administration and defence;	6.4	30.6	4.0	3.4	25.8	12.1	3.8	3.1	7.6	3.3	100.0
Education	9.5	19.4	8.7	4.7	23.7	3.8	5.5	7.0	12.7	5.0	100.0
Human health and social work	6.5	17.8	8.1	2.0	31.6	5.5	3.7	9.5	11.1	4.4	100.0
Art, entertainment and recreation	0.0	29.0	0.0	0.0	54.3	6.5	0.0	2.9	7.2	0.0	100.0
Other service	9.8	15.2	11.7	7.3	18.2	5.8	8.3	5.4	12.0	6.3	100.0
Total for the economy	6.8	29.6	5.1	2.8	26.7	3.1	3.4	8.5	11.2	2.8	100.0
Taxes less subsidies on products	10.0	22.9	6.2	3.6	32.1	3.1	6.5	2.5	8.6	4.4	100.0
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Market prices	6.9	29.3	5.1	2.9	26.9	3.1	3.6	8.2	11.1	2.9	100.0

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES WITHIN EACH PROVINCE, 2016

The data shows industry value added percentage shares to the total provincial GDP at current prices. In most provinces, Wholesale & Retail Trade Industry has continued to be the dominant economic activity in the provinces, accounting for more than 20 percent of the respective Provincial GDPs except for Copperbelt, North-western

and Southern provinces. As expected, North-western and Copperbelt provinces were dominated by the Mining and Quarrying industry at 71.1 and 24.5 percent, respectively. Southern Province was dominated by Electricity generation at 29.3 percent.

Percentage Distribution of Industrial Activities within Each Province, 2016

Industry	Central	Copperbelt	Eastern	Luapula	Lusaka	Muchinga	Northern	N/Western	Southern	Western	Total
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	18.6	3.5	18.0	14.3	1.2	10.8	14.7	2.5	8.7	8.2	6.2
Mining and quarrying	0.0	24.4	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	71.1	0.2	0.0	13.2
Manufacturing	0.7	15.6	0.0	0.0	8.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.9	0.0	7.7
Electricity generation	0.7	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.1	29.3	0.0	3.4
Water supply; Sewerage	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3
Construction	9.0	5.9	14.4	18.5	15.4	18.6	8.7	3.7	8.2	14.8	10.3
Wholesale and retail trade;	30.1	16.3	25.2	26.3	24.9	21.4	38.2	6.3	16.1	32.1	20.9
Transportation and storage	3.6	7.7	0.1	0.0	6.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	4.4
Accommodation and food service	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.1	4.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	3.7	0.1	1.7
Information and communication	2.9	2.2	1.6	0.0	3.1	2.3	0.0	0.8	2.9	3.1	2.3
Financial and insurance activities	4.4	5.0	3.7	3.8	7.2	2.7	0.0	0.9	1.7	3.6	4.5
Real estate activities	6.3	2.3	10.2	11.3	3.0	8.4	10.4	2.9	4.8	9.9	4.5
Professional, scientific	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.4
Administrative and support	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.6	1.7	1.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3	1.0
Public administration and defence;	3.9	4.5	3.3	5.0	4.1	16.9	4.6	1.6	3.0	4.9	4.3
Education	10.0	4.8	12.4	11.8	6.4	9.0	11.3	6.2	8.4	12.7	7.3
Human health and social work	1.1	0.7	1.9	0.8	1.4	2.2	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.9	1.2
Art, entertainment and recreation	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.7	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.3
Other service	0.7	0.3	1.1	1.2	0.3	0.9	1.1	0.3	0.5	1.1	0.5
Total for the economy	93.2	96.3	94.3	94.1	94.4	95.2	91.4	98.6	96.4	92.8	95.3
Taxes less subsidies on products	6.8	3.7	5.7	5.9	5.6	4.8	8.6	1.4	3.6	7.2	4.7
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Market prices	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

2010 Supply, Use and Input Output Tables Released

The Central Statistical Office (CSO) conducted an Economic Census in 2011/2012 with a reference year of 2010. The main objective of the Economic Census was to benchmark the National Accounts Statistics from 1994 to 2010. The compilation of the Supply and Use Tables was one of the other objectives.

However, due to the urgency of the need for benchmarked and rebased Gross Domestic Product (GDP) series, CSO did not use the SUT framework, as it was anticipated that it would take longer to compile. The SUTs and IOT were finally produced and disseminated on 16th November 2017.

What are SUTs?

The Supply and Use Table (SUT) is a key framework in national economic accounting and are very important since they show how goods and services are made available in the economy and how they are used. The SUTs are used to estimate the Gross Domestic Product in an economy, i.e. 2010 GDP estimates were derived from the SUTs. It is also used to project the rate of employment in an economy from the level of capital and investments injected in an economy and various industries. It is also used by policy makers for policy and decision making as well as planning. The SUTs are divided in to components namely the Supply tables and the Use Tables. The **Supply table** shows domestic production and imports while **the Use table** shows intermediate consumption, final consumption and exports.

SUTs provide the basis for the construction of Input-Output Tables (IOT). The **Input-Output Tables (IOTs)** focusses on the interrelationships between industries in an economy with respect to the production and uses of their product and the products imported from abroad. IOT require the SUT at basic prices (trade, transport margins and taxes has to be eliminated). IOT are compiled as Product by Product or Industry by Industry.

In an Input-Output Tables **outputs** of one industry are used as inputs in another industry **Intermediate demand Quadrant** shows intermediate inputs of products used to produce the total output of each product. **Final demand Quadrant** presents final use of goods and services supplied by each product and by type of uses, i.e. final consumption, exports and gross capital formation. **Value added Quadrant** shows the value of labour inputs and consumption of fixed capital.

The SUTs and IOTs make it easier and are ideal to compile a range of accounts, such as; Tourism Satellite Accounts, Environmental Economic Accounts (physical flows), Employment Projection Models etc. These satellite systems are consistent with the concepts and methods of the core National Accounts.

SELECTED SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS

CONSUMER INDEX NUMBERS OF CONSUMER PRICES - FOOD AND NON-FOOD (NATIONAL) 2009 = 100				
Period	Month	Total	Food CPI	Non-Food CPI
Weight		1000.0	534.9	465.2
2014	January	136.32	131.60	141.74
	February	136.92	132.36	142.24
	March	138.67	134.09	143.95
	April	139.61	134.99	144.92
	May	140.85	136.02	146.41
	June	141.48	136.32	147.41
	July	142.57	136.24	149.85
	August	143.52	137.50	150.44
	September	143.87	137.75	150.91
	October	144.00	137.71	151.22
	November	144.63	138.45	151.73
	December	145.70	140.30	151.92
2015	January	146.76	141.28	153.07
	February	147.13	142.39	152.58
	March	148.63	143.79	154.20
	April	149.66	144.61	155.47
	May	150.62	145.81	156.15
	June	151.46	146.40	157.68
	July	152.64	146.95	159.19
	August	153.94	148.16	160.58
	September	155.00	148.95	161.95
	October	164.65	160.03	169.97
	November	172.86	170.85	175.18
	December	176.46	175.09	178.06
2016	January	178.70	177.88	179.65
	February	180.81	179.94	181.80
	March	181.68	181.52	181.86
	April	182.24	183.01	181.36
	May	182.68	183.39	181.85
	June	183.31	183.03	183.63
	July	183.43	183.36	183.52
	August	184.07	183.87	184.31
	September	184.22	183.85	184.64
	October	185.16	185.01	185.33
	November	188.00	186.58	189.64
	December	189.64	188.68	190.75
2017	January	191.28	190.96	191.64
	February	193.12	193.28	192.94
	March	193.78	193.74	193.83
	April	194.48	194.09	194.93
	May	194.62	194.22	195.09
	June	195.82	193.61	198.37
	July	195.60	193.13	198.43
	August	195.75	193.32	198.53
	September	196.33	193.05	200.10
	October	197.10	194.07	200.59
	November	199.84	195.62	204.69

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

INDEX NUMBERS OF CONSUMER PRICES: COMPOSITE (2009 WEIGHTS)

Period		All Items	Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	Clothing and Footwear	Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas, and Other Fuels	Furnishing, Household Equipment, Routine Hse Mtc	Health	Transport	Communication	Recreation and Culture	Education	Restaurant and Hotel	Miscellaneous Goods and Services
Weight:		1 000.00	534.85	15.21	80.78	114.11	82.36	8.15	58.08	12.94	13.84	26.62	3.37	49.69
2015	January	146.76	141.28	139.98	151.34	172.88	145.24	141.78	152.77	111.85	138.70	161.52	143.18	140.46
	February	147.13	142.39	139.67	152.49	172.10	146.03	143.49	146.18	111.88	139.52	162.03	143.43	141.51
	March	148.63	143.79	140.03	154.23	173.44	148.20	144.70	149.05	111.85	141054	162.09	145.01	142.80
	April	149.66	144.61	140.94	156.36	174.05	149.87	145.46	151.55	112.44	142.61	162.09	145.75	143.15
	May	150.62	145.81	141.44	157.16	174.65	151.12	147.85	150.65	112.47	143.51	164.26	146.65	143.85
	June	151.46	146.04	141.60	158.51	177.15	152.00	148.47	153.56	112.61	144.32	164.37	147.01	144.91
	July	152.64	146.95	143.16	160.31	179.35	153.01	149.49	156.67	113.13	144.76	164.50	147.64	145.90
	August	153.94	148.16	143.94	161.24	179.73	153.92	150.36	162.11	113.13	145.69	164.54	148.08	146.74
	September	155.00	148.95	144.94	161.79	180.06	154.88	150.39	169.16	113.13	145.85	164.56	149.27	147.65
	October	164.65	160.03	151.53	167.22	180.27	171.02	161.71	189.38	113.14	162.88	164.94	154.41	153.93
	November	172.86	170.85	159.55	176.94	180.36	179.38	167.97	191.82	117.10	173.78	165.62	158.04	161.79
	December	176.46	175.09	160.49	180.36	186.96	184.22	169.08	185.68	118.40	175.73	165.67	159.84	165.38
2016	January	178.70	177.88	162.35	181.50	183.06	185.67	168.89	190.09	117.99	173.83	188.30	163.09	167.86
	February	180.81	179.94	166.29	183.68	186.42	187.03	170.77	190.48	118.49	176.20	189.94	166.37	170.61
	March	181.68	181.52	168.50	185.57	184.83	188.75	171.32	187.23	118.64	176.19	190.59	165.20	171.60
	April	182.24	183.01	170.58	186.76	184.44	188.44	172.73	182.20	124.37	176.99	190.67	166.17	169.59
	May	182.68	183.39	172.39	186.40	186.07	189.88	171.68	180.22	124.65	174.27	191.24	163.43	171.18
	June	183.31	183.03	173.16	187.97	187.98	190.13	172.63	187.33	124.65	173.64	191.74	163.79	171.62
	July	183.43	183.36	173.83	188.88	188.28	190.02	172.81	184.72	124.98	174.73	191.74	164.48	170.98
	August	184.07	183.87	174.52	190.69	187.38	190.63	174.14	187.67	125.19	175.99	191.80	165.42	172.09
	September	184.22	183.85	174.47	191.90	187.74	190.09	173.87	188.32	125.23	175.88	191.80	165.56	172.62
	October	185.16	185.01	174.36	192.48	187.54	191.63	177.12	189.41	125.68	179.76	192.06	166.15	172.95
	November	188.00	186.58	175.23	193.60	191.19	194.11	177.45	209.59	125.86	182.10	192.06	167.31	174.26
	December	189.64	188.68	177.76	196.42	191.14	194.66	178.95	210.51	125.90	182.15	195.16	167.62	175.47
2017	January	191.28	190.96	178.38	198.38	192.51	195.14	179.31	207.35	127.34	183.06	202.15	168.81	175.65
	February	193.12	193.28	180.44	200.12	194.16	195.85	180.21	207.05	127.51	184.27	205.16	170.26	177.53
	March	193.78	193.74	180.27	202.15	195.86	197.30	181.30	204.20	127.56	185.23	205.75	170.92	178.74
	April	194.48	194.09	179.07	202.42	197.72	197.34	180.95	208.54	127.56	184.92	205.75	170.07	179.80
	May	194.62	194.22	180.11	203.17	198.17	197.82	180.86	205.95	127.58	185.41	205.75	171.08	180.76
	June	195.82	193.61	179.39	203.16	210.67	198.71	183.29	206.95	127.03	182.86	205.93	171.55	180.71
	July	195.60	193.13	179.68	204.79	210.88	198.99	183.50	205.05	127.03	182.26	205.70	171.99	180.02
	August	195.75	193.32	180.95	205.55	211.38	199.39	184.53	202.46	127.07	182.34	205.70	172.28	180.34
	September	196.33	193.05	182.42	206.68	218.05	197.94	183.53	201.83	127.07	180.21	205.59	170.56	181.45
	October	197.10	194.07	182.58	206.84	218.09	198.92	184.86	202.53	127.10	183.04	205.59	170.99	182.18
	November	199.84	195.62	184.42	209.53	222.09	202.48	185.98	213.18	128.11	194.97	205.59	172.49	184.27

CONSUMER PRICE INDICES (2009=100)			
Year	Month	Annual CPI	Annual Inflation Rate
2011	January	111.61	6.3
2011	February	112.36	6.5
2011	March	113.56	6.6
2011	April	114.24	6.3
2011	May	114.56	6.3
2011	June	114.52	6.1
2011	July	115.89	6.9
2011	August	116.60	6.5
2011	September	117.01	6.6
2011	October	116.80	6.7
2011	November	116.94	6.4
2011	December	117.47	6.0
2012	January	118.77	6.4
2012	February	119.09	6.0
2012	March	120.84	6.4
2012	April	121.63	6.5
2012	May	122.11	6.6
2012	June	122.16	6.7
2012	July	123.06	6.2
2012	August	124.11	6.4
2012	September	124.72	6.6
2012	October	124.80	6.8
2012	November	125.04	6.9
2012	December	126.08	7.3
2013	January	127.08	7.0
2013	February	127.30	6.9
2013	March	128.81	6.6
2013	April	129.57	6.5
2013	May	130.67	7.0
2013	June	131.13	7.3
2013	July	131.99	7.3
2013	August	132.87	7.1
2013	September	133.41	7.0
2013	October	133.40	6.9
2013	November	133.82	7.0
2013	December	135.08	7.1
2014	January	136.32	7.3
2014	February	136.96	7.6
2014	March	138.67	7.7
2014	April	139.61	7.8
2014	May	140.85	7.8
2014	June	141.48	7.9
2014	July	142.57	8.0
2014	August	143.46	8.0
2014	September	143.87	7.8
2014	October	144.00	7.9
2014	November	144.63	8.1
2014	December	145.70	7.9
2015	January	146.76	7.7
2015	February	147.13	7.4
2015	March	148.63	7.2
2015	April	149.66	7.2
2015	May	150.62	6.9
2015	June	151.46	7.1
2015	July	152.64	7.1
2015	August	153.94	7.3
2015	September	155.00	7.7
2015	October	164.65	14.3
2015	November	172.86	19.5
2015	December	176.46	21.1
2016	January	178.70	21.8
2016	February	180.81	22.9
2016	March	181.68	22.2
2016	April	182.24	21.8
2016	May	182.68	21.3
2016	June	183.31	21.0
2016	July	183.43	20.2

CONSUMER PRICE INDICES (2009=100)			
Year	Month	Annual CPI	Annual Inflation Rate
2016	August	184.07	19.6
2016	September	184.22	18.9
2016	October	185.16	12.5
2016	November	188.00	8.8
2016	December	189.64	7.5
2017	January	191.28	7.0
2017	February	193.12	6.8
2017	March	193.74	6.7
2017	April	194.48	6.7
2017	May	194.62	6.5
2017	June	195.82	6.8
2017	July	195.60	6.6
2017	August	195.75	6.3
2017	September	196.33	6.6
2017	October	197.10	6.4
2017	November	199.84	6.3

Note: Inflation rates are computed using unrounded consumer price indices

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2017

Traditional and Non-Traditional Exports (K' Million) – January 2017 to October 2017

PERIOD	TE"s	NTE"s	TOTAL EXPORTS (fob)
Jan-17@	4 657.1	1 224.4	5 881.6
Feb-17@	4 902.3	1 538.9	6 441.3
Mar-17@	4 720.5	1 372.1	6 092.6
Quarter 1	14 280.0	4 135.5	18 415.5
Apr-17@	4 681.0	1 201.3	5 882.3
May-17@	4 468.5	1 400.9	5 869.4
Jun-17@	4 386.1	1 567.1	5 953.2
Quarter 2	13 535.6	4 169.3	17 704.9
Jul-17@	4 299.5	1 424.3	5 723.8
Aug-17@	4 682.7	1 716.9	6 399.7
Sep-17@	3 675.2	1 866.4	5 541.6
Quarter 3	12 657.4	5 007.6	17 665.1
Oct-17*	5 168.3	1 757.3	6 925.7
Total:	45 641.4	15 069.7	60 711.1

Total Exports by Selected Regional Groupings.(K' Million) – January 2017 to October 2017

PERIOD	ASIA	COMESA	EU	SADC
Jan-17@	2 068.8	634.3	172.5	845.5
Feb-17@	2 382.8	605.1	107.4	889.6
Mar-17@	2 319.8	627.1	231.3	1 047.3
Quarter 1	6 771.5	1 866.6	511.3	2 782.4
Apr-17@	2 082.4	628.7	93.2	1 002.8
May-17@	1 899.3	794.8	115.1	1 073.3
Jun-17@	1 924.4	805.8	264.0	940.5
Quarter 2	5 906.2	2 229.3	472.3	3 016.7
Jul-17@	1 515.8	719.8	147.6	1 059.6
Aug-17@	1 688.2	741.5	222.2	1 562.9
Sep-17@	1 839.3	723.7	261.1	1 177.0
Quarter 3	5 043.3	2 185.0	630.9	3 799.5
Oct-17*	1 535.0	696.8	111.6	1 109.2
Total:	19 256.0	6 977.6	1 726.0	10 707.7

Million) –January 2017 to October 2017

PERIOD	CONSUMER GOODS	RAW MATERIALS	INTERMEDIATE GOODS	CAPITAL GOODS	TOTAL EXPORTS (fob)
Jan-17®	439.7	357.6	4 980.1	104.1	5 881.6
Feb-17®	565.2	459.8	5 262.5	153.8	6 441.3
Mar-17®	502.5	239.6	5 182.9	167.7	6 092.6
Quarter 1	1 507.4	1 057.0	15 425.5	425.6	18 415.5
Apr-17®	384.8	251.5	5 116.6	129.4	5 882.3
May-17®	563.3	320.6	4 867.1	118.4	5 869.4
Jun-17®	624.3	339.6	4 861.9	127.4	5 953.2
Quarter 2	1 572.5	911.7	14 845.6	375.2	17 704.9
Jul-17®	509.6	296.6	4 785.4	132.2	5 723.8
Aug-17®	601.4	246.7	5 392.6	159.0	6 399.7
Sep-17®	595.7	217.7	4 591.2	137.1	5 541.6
Quarter 3	1 706.8	760.9	14 769.1	428.3	17 665.1
Oct-17*	607.2	119.8	6 096.6	102.0	6 925.7
Total:	5 393.9	2 849.3	51 136.8	1 331.1	60 711.1

Total Exports by Mode of Transport, K' Million and Tonnes– January 2017 to October 2017

PERIOD	ROAD TRANSPORT		RAIL TRANSPORT		AIR TRANSPORT		OTHER		TOTAL EXPORTS (fob)	
Jan-17®	4 407.6	261 702.6	10.4	2 496.3	276.3	457.2	1 187.2	103 245.3	5 881.6	367 901.4
Feb-17®	4 520.2	238 344.0	133.4	3 173.1	462.0	436.9	1 325.7	103 019.2	6 441.3	344 973.2
Mar-17®	4 008.9	275 481.2	78.4	1 544.0	240.3	381.3	1 765.1	122 698.2	6 092.6	400 104.7
Quarter 1	12 936.6	775 527.8	222.2	7 213.4	978.6	1 275.5	4 278.1	328 962.7	18 415.5	1 112 979.4
Apr-17®	4 090.5	238 543.0	37.2	774.1	194.8	325.3	1 559.8	127 129.4	5 882.3	366 771.8
May-17®	4 309.9	260 793.1	46.2	1 099.4	281.0	409.6	1 232.3	131 618.2	5 869.4	393 920.2
Jun-17®	4 546.3	301 735.2	53.8	3 006.3	250.2	391.0	1 102.9	108 581.0	5 953.2	413 713.5
Quarter 2	12 946.7	801 071.4	137.2	4 879.7	726.0	1 125.9	3 895.1	367 328.6	17 704.9	1 174 405.6
Jul-17®	4 389.4	297 620.6	96.2	2 000.1	220.4	392.8	1 017.7	112 411.7	5 723.8	412 425.3
Aug-17®	4 944.3	347 215.8	0.0	1.1	258.2	308.4	1 197.2	114 526.9	6 399.7	462 052.2
Sep-17®	3 872.9	304 164.1	126.7	5 846.9	281.4	306.9	1 260.7	117 238.5	5 541.6	427 556.5
Quarter 3	13 206.6	949 000.5	222.9	7 848.1	760.0	1 008.2	3 475.6	344 177.2	17 665.1	1 302 034.0
Oct-17*	5 137.3	326 203.6	7.2	688.0	360.8	371.6	1 420.3	49 543.0	6 925.7	376 806.2
Total:	44 227.2	2 851 803.4	589.5	20 629.1	2 825.4	3 781.1	13 069.0	1 090 011.6	60 711.1	3 966 225.2

Imports by Regional Groupings, (K' Million) – January 2017 to October 2017

PERIOD	ASIA	COMESA	EU	SADC
Jan-17®	1 733.8	906.3	304.1	2 709.9
Feb-17®	2 621.5	1 003.1	388.4	3 492.5
Mar-17®	2 565.4	1 392.1	474.6	3 390.1
Quarter 1	6 920.7	3 301.5	1 167.1	9 592.5
Apr-17®	2 756.8	1 382.9	440.2	3 670.0
May-17®	2 092.1	1 021.6	598.0	3 347.4
Jun-17®	1 689.5	1 490.8	497.1	3 903.4
Quarter 2	6 538.4	3 895.3	1 535.4	10 920.8
Jul-17®	1 786.3	1 698.9	460.3	3 805.2
Aug-17®	1 909.8	1 989.8	546.3	4 140.3
Sep-17®	2 023.4	2 545.7	488.2	4 814.5
Quarter 3	5 719.6	6 234.4	1 494.7	12 759.9
Oct-17*	2 046.2	2 285.5	513.6	4 807.3
Total:	21 224.8	15 716.8	4 710.8	38 080.5

Import Trade by Product Category, (K Million)–January 2017 to October 2017

PERIOD	CONSUMER GOODS	RAW MATERIALS	INTERMEDIATE GOODS	CAPITAL GOODS	IMPORTS (cif)
Jan-17®	1 388.0	735.8	1 238.7	1 636.5	4 998.9
Feb-17®	1 457.5	699.3	1 233.6	3 378.9	6 769.2
Mar-17®	1 742.7	953.8	1 401.7	2 696.1	6 794.2
Quarter 1	4 588.2	2 388.8	3 874.0	7 711.4	18 562.4
Apr-17®	1 572.3	1 094.4	1 242.3	3 186.0	7 095.1
May-17®	1 865.9	903.8	1 354.9	2 128.1	6 252.7
Jun-17®	1 613.4	960.1	1 600.1	2 186.2	6 359.8
Quarter 2	5 051.6	2 958.4	4 197.3	7 500.4	19 707.6
Jul-17®	1 652.8	855.1	1 884.7	1 998.3	6 390.9
Aug-17®	1 910.5	976.3	2 035.1	1 963.7	6 885.7
Sep-17®	1 971.6	1 205.1	2 426.9	2 063.6	7 667.2
Quarter 3	5 534.9	3 036.5	6 346.7	6 025.7	20 943.8
Oct-17*	2 096.1	1 138.9	2 224.8	2 351.1	7 810.9
Total:	17 270.7	9 522.6	16 642.8	23 588.6	67 024.7

Imports by Mode of Transport in K' Million and Tonnes – January 2017 to October 2017

PERIOD	ROAD TRANSPORT		RAIL TRANSPORT		AIR TRANSPORT		OTHER		TOTAL	
Jan-17®	2 783.8	259 051.8	101.6	15 645.3	316.9	593.7	1 796.7	288 269.9	4 998.9	563 560.7
Feb-17®	3 715.4	272 747.0	81.5	9 859.5	1 166.7	757.7	1 805.7	226 286.1	6 769.2	509 650.2
Mar-17®	3 630.1	309 457.1	105.6	20 605.5	1 178.2	1 001.5	1 880.3	245 972.3	6 794.2	577 036.4
Quarter 1	10 129.3	841 255.9	288.6	46 110.3	2 661.8	2 352.9	5 482.7	760 528.3	18 562.4	1 650 247.3
Apr-17®	4 586.8	255 279.1	60.8	5 237.1	415.0	817.9	2 032.6	158 922.6	7 095.1	420 256.8
May-17®	3 477.1	270 129.2	64.8	12 587.0	643.1	1 096.5	2 067.7	201 520.1	6 252.7	485 332.8
Jun-17®	3 946.9	279 695.4	74.7	10 077.9	485.8	1 033.6	1 852.4	212 549.4	6 359.8	503 356.2
Quarter 2	12 010.7	805 103.8	200.2	27 902.0	1 543.9	2 948.0	5 952.8	572 992.2	19 707.6	1 408 945.9
Jul-17®	3 999.6	301 590.5	6.4	2 731.9	389.8	1 002.9	1 995.1	252 660.2	6 390.9	557 985.5
Aug-17®	4 419.5	313 374.6	23.9	8 150.3	526.3	1 276.5	1 916.0	213 764.7	6 885.7	536 566.1
Sep-17®	5 047.8	309 538.7	101.1	20 690.3	485.1	1 089.2	2 033.2	255 432.6	7 667.2	586 750.8
Quarter 3	13 466.9	924 503.8	131.3	31 572.6	1 401.2	3 368.6	5 944.3	721 857.5	20 943.8	1 681 302.5
Oct-17*	5 014.9	301 444.0	24.7	8 800.1	466.3	933.9	2 304.9	191 210.6	7 810.9	502 388.6
Total:	40 621.9	2 872 307.5	644.9	114 384.9	6 073.2	9 603.4	19 684.6	2 246 588.5	67 024.7	5 242 884.3

Zambia's Trade Flows In Absolute US \$ and Zambia Kwacha (ZMW) - 2000 to 2017(January-October)

Flow Year	Currency	Total Exports	Domestic Exports	Re-Exports	Imports	Trade Balance
		(fob)	(fob)	(fob)	(cif)	
2000	ZMW	2 716 557 648	2 680 166 733	36 390 915	2 751 563 200	(35 005 551.5)
	US \$	869 485 416	857 837 819	11 647 597	871 386 492	(1 901 076.0)
2001	ZMW	3 537 206 913	3 523 388 831	13 818 083	3 900 496 869	(363 289 956.1)
	US \$	978 788 277	974 964 645	3 823 632	1 079 955 769	(101 167 492.0)
2002	ZMW	4 069 916 925	4 045 881 105	24 035 820	4 732 881 915	(662 964 990.3)
	US \$	944 356 533	938 779 421	5 577 112	1 103 070 912	(158 714 379.0)
2003	ZMW	4 642 039 643	4 614 120 921	27 918 722	7 439 867 257	(2 797 827 613.4)
	US \$	979 298 782	973 408 964	5 889 818	1 573 309 968	(594 011 186.0)
2004	ZMW	7 526 280 116	7 460 407 702	65 872 413	10 279 302 826	(2 753 022 710.8)
	US \$	1 577 240 766	1 563 436 250	13 804 516	2 150 649 040	(573 408 274.0)
2005	ZMW	9 612 909 461	9 564 984 513	47 924 948	11 466 668 653	(1 853 759 192.0)
	US \$	2 176 641 598	2 165 790 000	10 851 599	2 579 688 391	(403 046 793.0)
2006	ZMW	13 410 945 234	13 388 136 276	22 808 958	11 049 770 813	2 361 174 421.1

Flow Year	Currency	Total Exports	Domestic Exports	Re-Exports	Imports	Trade Balance
	US \$	3 681 524 702	3 675 263 268	6 261 434	3 023 996 472	657 528 230.0
2007	ZMW	18 399 133 746	18 301 278 319	97 855 427	15 945 289 848	2 453 843 898.3
	US \$	4 617 454 325	4 592 896 486	24 557 839	4 006 980 387	610 473 937.0
2008	ZMW	18 653 009 287	17 951 197 614	701 811 673	18 476 489 240	176 520 047.0
	US \$	5 098 688 004	4 906 852 001	191 836 004	5 060 482 666	38 205 339.0
2009	ZMW	21 364 760 204	20 312 466 565	1 052 293 640	18 941 137 479	2 423 622 725.8
	US \$	4 312 054 540	4 099 669 869	212 384 671	3 792 642 675	519 411 865.0
2010	ZMW	34 500 051 458	32 876 095 550	1 623 955 908	25 507 487 313	8 992 564 145.1
	US \$	7 200 951 149	6 861 994 346	338 956 803	5 321 002 628	1 879 948 521.0
2011	ZMW	42 915 038 551	37 914 339 432	5 000 699 119	35 440 939 196	7 474 099 355.9
	US \$	8 829 248 544	7 800 415 368	1 028 833 176	7 279 139 877	1 550 108 667.0
2012	ZMW	48 206 165 818	44 580 859 222	3 625 306 596	45 275 938 876	2 930 226 942.1
	US \$	9 639 652 576	8 914 485 088	725 167 489	8 806 150 488	833 502 088.0
2013	ZMW	57 175 978 267	50 496 013 922	6 679 964 345	56 958 704 567	217 273 700
	US \$	10 606 851 708	9 365 214 841	1 241 636 867	10 586 326 204	20 525 504
2014	ZMW	59 613 355 510	49 682 504 458	9 930 851 052	61 086 433 941	-1 473 078 430
	US \$	9 686 603 579	8 076 838 096	1 609 765 483	9 793 839 667	-107 236 088
2015	ZMW	60 782 547 898	55 415 303 935	5 367 243 963	73 317 938 900	-12 535 391 002
	US \$	7 045 654 292	6 463 141 829	582 512 464	8 472 661 232	-1 427 006 940
2016	ZMW	67 223 106 880	64 083 731 911	3 139 374 969	77 681 151 398	-10 458 044 518
	US \$	6 512 804 843	6 211 599 310	301 205 532	7 537 320 334	-1 024 515 491
2017(JAN-OCT)	ZMW	60 711 078 455	58 490 084 396	2 220 994 059	67 024 693 270	-6 313 614 815
	US \$	6 429 822 209	6 193 129 102	236 693 107	7 103 352 762	-673 530 553

YEAR-ON-YEAR PERCENTAGE CHANGES e.g. (Q2 2005/Q2 2004-1)*100

PERIOD	TOTAL INDEX	TOTAL MINING	Coal	Non-ferrous Ore	Stone Quarrying	TOTAL MANUFACTURING	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Textile, Clothing & Leather	Wood & Wood Products	Paper & Paper Products	Chemicals, Rubbers & Plastics	Non-metallic Mineral Products	Basic Metal Industries	Fabricated Metal Products	TOTAL ELECTRICITY
2012	1.5	(1.9)	-	(5.7)	4.4	4.8	7.1	3.5	4.2	14.1	10.1	8.1	13.9	(11.8)	4.0
2013 Q1	5.7	5.6	-	6.2	4.2	3.7	3.2	21.8	(5.3)	18.0	8.0	2.6	7.2	(3.3)	12.2
2013 Q2	2.8	4.3	72.9	5.0	3.0	1.1	3.3	18.6	(0.3)	3.6	9.2	2.1	4.7	(16.6)	3.2
2013 Q3	5.2	(0.2)	439.7	(1.9)	1.3	9.8	6.6	6.2	0.3	1.2	19.3	5.0	5.2	27.8	11.6
2013 Q4	6.6	4.0	204.9	5.0	0.5	9.7	11.0	0.4	0.0	20.0	2.9	-2.3	8.7	11.6	5.4
2013	5.1	3.4	249.4	3.5	2.2	6.2	6.4	14.4	(1.5)	10.9	9.5	1.7	6.2	5.3	8.0
2014 Q1	3.5	2.5	212.6	0.4	4.8	3.4	2.2	(30.3)	2.3	(1.2)	2.7	17.0	25.8	5.1	7.6
2014 Q2	1.9	(8.8)	89.4	(15.3)	0.7	10.2	12.5	(12.2)	1.6	1.9	4.5	7.7	15.4	8.0	14.0
2014 Q3	0.2	(3.1)	80.8	(6.4)	1.0	2.7	3.0	(29.7)	0.2	9.0	15.9	1.0	(3.9)	(4.8)	4.2
2014 Q4	(0.6)	(3.9)	(3.0)	(7.4)	1.7	0.5	0.3	(63.8)	0.8	(1.6)	(2.4)	4.3	24.6	2.2	7.8
2014	1.2	-3.2	54.3	-6.9	2.1	4.0	4.3	(33.9)	1.3	1.5	5.0	7.2	14.8	1.8	8.4
2015 Q1	0.6	(3.9)	(31.0)	(6.2)	0.3	5.8	5.0	(51.4)	7.3	5.5	2.6	4.9	5.5	18.3	2.1
2015 Q2	5.2	11.0	(54.9)	19.0	1.4	3.1	4.0	(28.0)	1.3	(15.6)	16.3	10.1	-	(9.2)	(5.5)
2015 Q3	(2.4)	(0.7)	(75.8)	(1.5)	2.3	0.3	(4.7)	(21.7)	3.0	(8.4)	12.9	4.6	26.7	14.5	(18.2)
2015 (Q1-Q3)	1.1	1.6	(56.4)	2.6	1.3	2.9	1.1	(41.5)	3.9	(6.0)	9.5	6.5	9.4	8.5	(6.9)
2015 Q4	(2.2)	(4.1)	(84.8)	(5.7)	0.3	3.8	1.5	29.1	0.7	(0.8)	41.6	23.1	9.3	(11.4)	(19.1)
2015	0.21	0.2	(65.3)	0.5	1.1	3.2	1.2	(34.0)	3.2	(4.6)	15.5	10.7	9.3	2.9	(9.9)
2016 Q1	0.6	5.3	(77.6)	8.9	1.0	0.3	(1.8)	(10.6)	(2.3)	(0.3)	(2.0)	17.1	0.4	1.4	(15.4)
2016 Q2	3.1	6.6	(35.7)	8.5	3.9	5.3	0.4	(2.1)	(4.5)	14.6	11.7	24.1	(2.9)	18.2	(17.0)
2016 Q3	4.2	6.8	(22.1)	13.3	(2.2)	3.3	3.1	0.4	2.8	5.8	6.3	39.6	1.8	(15.5)	(3.3)
2016 (Q1-Q3)	2.6	6.2	(54.1)	10.2	0.8	3.1	0.7	(5.9)	(1.7)	6.1	4.6	26.8	(0.3)	(1.7)	(12.6)

*Revised

** Preliminary

POPULATION 2000 TO 2010											
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Total Population	9,885,591	10,089,492	10,409,441	10,744,380	11,089,691	11,441,461	11,798,678	12,160,516	12,525,791	12,896,830	13,092,666
Population Growth Rate	2.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3	3	2.9	2.9	2.8
Life Expectancy at Birth	50	51.8	51.9	52.4	52.4	52.6	51.9	51.4	51.3	51.2	-
POPULATION BY PROVINCE											
Central	1,012,257	1,032,574	1,066,992	1,103,387	1,141,256	1,180,124	1,219,980	1,260,491	1,301,776	1,343,835	1,307,111
Copperbelt	1,581,221	1,611,569	1,662,155	1,714,225	1,767,165	1,820,443	1,874,081	1,927,576	1,980,824	2,034,012	1,972,317
Eastern**	1,231,283	1,348,070	1,391,690	1,436,120	1,482,290	1,530,118	1,579,960	1,631,890	1,684,910	1,740,180	1,592,661
Luapula	775,353	791,067	817,326	845,076	873,969	903,746	934,317	965,605	997,579	1,030,572	991,927
Lusaka	1,391,329	1,413,010	1,453,690	1,495,730	1,538,000	1,579,769	1,620,730	1,660,070	1,697,730	1,733,830	2,191,225
Muchinga*	524,186	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	711,657
Northern**	809,400	1,277,250	1,315,650	1,357,540	1,401,340	1,445,730	1,490,330	1,534,170	1,577,310	1,619,980	1,105,824
North-western	583,350	596,010	616,496	638,004	660,322	683,367	707,074	731,351	756,261	781,800	727,044
Southern	1,212,124	1,235,134	1,275,470	1,318,161	1,362,382	1,407,433	1,453,324	1,499,462	1,545,880	1,592,864	1,589,926
Western	765,088	774,929	795,247	816,983	839,757	863,294	887,540	912,226	937,419	963,107	902,974

Source: CSO, Population Projections Report

Note: 2000 figures are from the 2000 Census of Population and Housing while the 2001 to 2009 figures are Population Projections from the Projections Report. The 2010 figures are final 2010 Census of Population and Housing figures.

*Muchinga was created in 2011

**2000 Census figures were adjusted following the new provincial demarcations

TOTAL POPULATION BY RURAL/URBAN RESIDENCE, PROVINCE OF RESIDENCE AND YEAR OF PROJECTION, 2010-2025, ZAMBIA (MEDIUM VARIANT PROJECTION)																
Province and Rural/Urban	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total	13,092,666	13,718,722	14,145,327	14,580,290	15,023,315	15,473,905	15,933,883	16,405,229	16,887,720	17,381,168	17,885,422	18,400,556	18,926,743	19,464,164	20,013,159	20,574,138
Rural	7,919,216	8,155,510	8,364,391	8,575,072	8,787,529	9,001,647	9,218,734	9,440,264	9,666,402	9,897,231	10,132,811	10,373,392	10,619,411	10,871,336	11,129,714	11,395,104
Urban	5,173,450	5,563,212	5,780,936	6,005,218	6,235,786	6,472,258	6,715,149	6,964,965	7,221,318	7,483,937	7,752,611	8,027,164	8,307,332	8,592,828	8,883,445	9,179,034
Central	1,307,111	1,355,775	1,394,423	1,433,860	1,474,093	1,515,086	1,556,974	1,599,884	1,643,810	1,688,726	1,734,601	1,781,446	1,829,283	1,878,145	1,928,094	1,979,202
Copperbelt	1,972,317	2,143,413	2,195,878	2,249,824	2,305,258	2,362,207	2,420,678	2,480,657	2,542,132	2,605,116	2,669,635	2,735,763	2,803,519	2,872,875	2,943,829	3,016,344
Eastern	1,592,661	1,628,880	1,673,989	1,719,803	1,766,300	1,813,445	1,861,491	1,910,782	1,961,269	2,012,895	2,065,590	2,119,331	2,174,115	2,229,946	2,286,873	2,344,980
Luapula	991,927	1,015,629	1,043,241	1,071,074	1,099,151	1,127,453	1,156,160	1,185,446	1,215,294	1,245,682	1,276,608	1,308,050	1,340,032	1,372,622	1,405,871	1,439,877
Lusaka	2,191,225	2,362,967	2,461,932	2,564,058	2,669,249	2,777,439	2,888,575	3,002,530	3,119,190	3,238,430	3,360,183	3,484,394	3,610,977	3,739,872	3,870,981	4,004,276
Muchinga	711,657	749,449	785,300	821,564	858,179	895,058	932,668	971,547	1,011,655	1,052,996	1,095,535	1,139,277	1,184,232	1,230,373	1,277,711	1,326,222
Northern	1,105,824	1,146,392	1,185,159	1,224,443	1,264,212	1,304,435	1,345,412	1,387,443	1,430,543	1,474,730	1,520,004	1,566,369	1,613,869	1,662,536	1,712,448	1,763,638
North Western	727,044	746,982	768,262	789,836	811,706	833,818	856,286	879,229	902,631	926,485	950,789	975,559	1,000,815	1,026,614	1,053,004	1,080,072
Southern	1,589,926	1,642,757	1,694,470	1,746,791	1,799,885	1,853,464	1,907,784	1,963,206	2,019,696	2,077,229	2,135,794	2,195,416	2,256,160	2,318,098	2,381,333	2,445,929
Western	902,974	926,478	942,773	959,037	975,282	991,500	1,007,855	1,024,505	1,041,500	1,058,879	1,076,683	1,094,951	1,113,741	1,133,083	1,153,015	1,173,598

**NATIONAL FOOD BALANCE FOR ZAMBIA FOR THE 2017/2018 AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SEASON
BASED ON THE 2016/2017 MOA/CSO CROP FORECASTING SURVEY AND MOA/CSO/PRIVATE SECTOR UTILIZATION
ESTIMATES (METRIC TONNES)**

ESTIMATES (METRIC TONNES)							
Maize		Paddy rice	Wheat (Preliminary)	Sorghum & Millet	Sweet and Irish potatoes	Cassava flour	Total (maize equivalent)
A. Availability:							
(i) Opening stocks (1st May 2017)1/	569,317	353	54,522	944	0	13	624,321
(ii) Total production (2016/17)2/	3,606,549	38,423	193,713	49,903	238,426	923,796	4,816,094
Total availability	4,175,866	38,776	248,235	50,847	238,426	923,808	5,440,415
B. Requirements:							
(i) Staple food requirements:							
Human consumption 3/	1,632,348	73,855	385,314	45,852	226,505	763,313	2,908,535
Strategic Reserve Stocks (net)4/	500,000	0	0	0	0	0	500,000
(ii) Industrial requirements:							
Stockfeed 5/	270,807	0	0	0	0	0	270,807
Breweries 6/	121,275	0	0	0	0	0	121,275
Grain retained for other uses 7/	92,592	3,000	0	2,500	0	0	97,933
(iii) Losses 8/	180,327	1,921	9,686	2,495	11,921	46,190	240,805
(iv) Structural cross-border trade 9/	200,000						200,000
Total requirements	2,997,350	78,776	395,000	50,847	238,426	809,503	4,339,354
C. Surplus/deficit (A-B) 10/	1,178,516	-40,000	-146,765	0	0	114,305	1,101,060
D. Potential Commercial exports 11/	-1,178,516	40,000	146,765	0	0	0	0
E. Food aid import requirements 12/	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Notes:							
1/ Stocks held by commodity traders, millers, brewers, FRA, DMMU and commercial and small scale farmers as at 1st May 2017							
2/ Production estimates by MoA/CSO. Cassava production is based on the total area under cassava, using an annual yield figure of 11.7 tonnes per hectare (MAFF Root and Tuber Improvement Programme, 1996). A flour extraction rate of 25% is used.							
3/ Human staple food consumption represents 70% (1,470 kCal/person/day, CSO) of total diet (2,100 kCal/person/day, National Food and Nutrition Commission), for the national population of 16.1 million people (based on CSO Census projections with 2017 and 2018 average population used).The food balance shows an overall surplus of staple foods. Food prices may affect the level of food consumption.							
4/National strategic requirements expected to be carried over into the next season by FRA. (this amount of 500,000 Mt includes equivalent to 3 months cover)							
5/Estimated requirements by major stockfeed producers.							
6/Estimated requirements by industrial breweries							
7/Estimated retention of grain for other uses by smallholders.							
8/ Post-harvest losses are estimated at 5% for grains, sweet potatoes and cassava, in line with estimates from other SADC countries.							
9/ Structural exports represents cross-border trade, mostly to the DRC, that occurs on a continuing basis and that is likely to occur during the 2017/18 marketing season. It does not include Formal trade.							
10/ Expected surpluses or deficits that arise after meeting minimum overall staple human consumption requirements as well as industrial requirements. The total surplus/deficit is expressed as maize equivalent using energy values.							
The rice deficit is based on a 3 year rolling average of what is known to be imported each year, as indicated under D.							
11/ Commercial imports/exports represent expected regional and international trade by the private sector. For cassava, the surplus represents cassava that is still in the ground and may not necessarily be harvested							
12/ Total estimated requirement for food relief among vulnerable groups, to be imported. This could be met with maize or other grains.							

Gross Value Added growth rates by Industry at constant 2010 prices, Q1 2015 to Q2 2016

INDUSTRY	2015				2016				2017	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1*	Q2**
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-8.5	-7.8	-6.1	-7.7	3.1	-0.9	0.8	10.3	17.6	15.1
Mining and quarrying	-4.8	17.1	-2.0	-6.0	8.2	7.7	5.3	8.1	-5.1	4.2
Manufacturing	5.0	1.8	8.8	6.3	1.2	4.4	1.7	0.4	1.8	6.6
Electricity generation	8.8	7.2	-2.9	-18.9	-29.5	-21.1	-7.8	10.4	25.6	27.1
Water supply; sewerage	-6.4	-3.9	-8.0	-8.2	-3.0	-3.8	-3.6	-5.7	1.9	-3.7
Construction	37.2	20.3	3.8	15.7	9.8	12.6	15.9	4.1	2.6	5.0
Wholesale and retail trade	1.7	-1.3	3.7	1.6	0.8	-2.5	-1.0	2.3	1.9	-1.2
Transportation and storage	25.3	-11.8	14.6	-19.5	-7.6	-1.5	-4.9	7.0	7.9	8.7
Accommodation and food services	2.0	1.3	-2.5	-0.5	-0.6	-1.1	2.3	3.7	1.6	0.3
Information and communication	-4.8	-8.3	19.2	3.2	6.2	54.4	15.3	-3.1	-30.5	-22.3
Financial and insurance	3.7	7.6	21.6	14.9	5.2	5.2	-9.0	-8.2	-3.0	-2.5
Real estate	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3
Professional, scientific and technical	2.1	7.0	-1.8	-2.4	5.0	5.7	8.9	6.4	3.9	8.2
Administrative and support service	-3.1	6.4	5.1	8.1	6.9	6.2	6.4	1.9	1.9	6.3
Public administration and defense	1.8	1.2	0.4	4.6	10.1	10.3	11.1	7.4	4.2	5.1
Education	2.4	0.2	-1.0	0.5	4.1	5.0	5.8	3.9	8.1	7.7
Human health and social work	8.0	2.9	0.1	1.1	1.5	2.0	1.4	1.6	11.5	15.4
Arts, entertainment and recreation	1.5	-9.9	5.6	18.3	8.3	7.2	-6.6	2.2	6.9	-1.4
Other services	2.4	3.0	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2
Total Gross Value Added for the economy	3.9	2.6	3.5	1.2	3.2	4.8	3.5	3.7	3.0	3.4
Taxes less subsidies on products	6.2	2.6	7.5	5.4	4.8	1.3	2.5	5.2	3.6	-0.4
GDP at market prices	4.0	2.6	3.8	1.4	3.3	4.6	3.4	3.8	3.0	3.2

Gross Value Added percentage contribution to the growth by Industry at constant prices, Q1 2016 to Q2 2017

INDUSTRY	2016				2017	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1*	Q2**
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0.3	-0.1	0.0	0.8	1.7	1.1
Mining and quarrying	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.8	-0.5	0.4
Manufacturing	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.6
Electricity generation	-0.5	-0.4	-0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4
Water supply; sewerage	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	1.0	1.2	1.5	0.5	0.3	0.5
Wholesale and retail trade	0.2	-0.6	-0.2	0.5	0.4	-0.3
Transportation and storage	-0.3	0.0	-0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
Accommodation and food services	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Information and communication	0.2	1.8	0.6	-0.1	-0.9	-1.1
Financial and insurance	0.2	0.2	-0.4	-0.3	-0.1	-0.1
Real estate	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Professional, scientific and technical	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Administrative and support service	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
Public administration and defence	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.3
Education	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.6
Human health and social work	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2
Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other services	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Gross Value Added for the economy	3.0	4.5	3.2	3.5	2.8	3.2
Taxes less subsidies on products	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.0
GDP at market prices	3.3	4.6	3.4	3.8	3.0	3.2

*Revised

**First release

Source: CSO, National Accounts

SURVEYS/ACTIVITIES BEING UNDERTAKEN

- ☞ Fourth Quarter Labour Force Survey data collection
- ☞ 2017 Livestock and Aquaculture Census preparations
- ☞ Zambia Population Based HIV Impact Assessment (ZAMPHIA) - Analysis for Final Report

SELECTED AVAILABLE REPORTS

- ☞ 2010 Supply, Use and Input Output Tables (Electronic and Hard copy)
- ☞ 2017 First Quarter Labour force Survey Report (Soft copy)
- ☞ 2016/2017 Crop Forecast Survey (Electronic copy)
- ☞ 2015 Selected Social Economic Indicators Print Copy
- ☞ 2014-2015 National Accounts Gross Domestic Product (GDP) Report
- ☞ 2015 Living Conditions Monitoring Survey Main Report (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ 2015 Living Conditions Monitoring Survey Key Findings (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ 2014 Labour Force Survey Report (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ Post-Harvest Survey 2011-2012 (Electronic copy)
- ☞ Post-Harvest Survey 2012-2013 (Electronic copy)
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