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What do the figures say

Statistics twister

*"We measure what we treasure,
We treasure what we measure"*



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Foreword



Welcome to the Monthly presentation organised by the Dissemination Branch of the Central Statistical Office (CSO). The CSO embarks on vigorous information delivery strategy to major stakeholders and the media institutions in order to increase utilisation of statistical products and services. The office produces a number of statistical products in the Economic, Social, Agriculture and Environmental areas. The information collected in these areas may

be used for various purposes including policy formulation, planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of programmes.

This Monthly publication is an attempt to provide highlights of CSO's work and how it can help media institutions and the general public to make use of data and information for sustainable national development and decision-making.

I would like to urge our readers and users of statistical information to send to us any comments that may enhance statistical production and contribute to the improvement of this bulletin.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'G Sinyenga'.

Goodson Sinyenga

ACTING DIRECTOR OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS

31st May, 2018

INFLATION

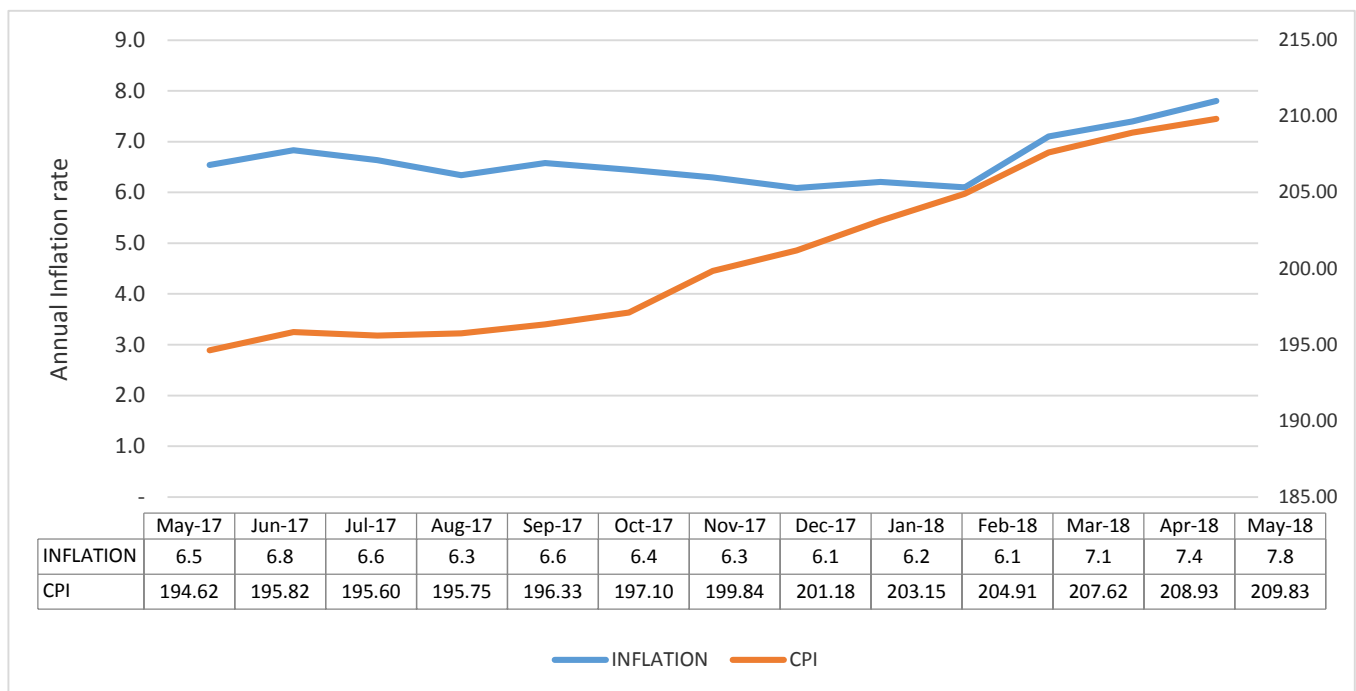
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

YEAR ON YEAR INFLATION RATE FOR MAY 2018 INCREASES TO 7.8 PERCENT

The year on year inflation rate as measured by the all items Consumer Price Index (CPI) for May 2018 Increased to 7.8 percent compared to 7.4 percent recorded in April 2018. This means that on average, prices of goods and services increased by 7.8 percent between May 2017 and May 2018.

The increase in the annual rate of inflation was attributed to price movements in Food and transport. Foods such as breakfast mealie meal, rice imported and bread; and for transport motor vehicles.

Consumer Price Indices (CPI) and Annual Inflation Rates from May 2017- May 2018 (2009=100)



Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

YEAR ON YEAR FOOD AND NON-FOOD INFLATION RATE

The year on year (Annual) food inflation rate for May 2018 was recorded at 6.9 percent compared to 6.5 percent recorded in April 2018 indicating an increase of 0.4 percentage points. The increase in the annual food inflation rate is mainly as a result of price changes for bread and cereals.

The year on year (Annual) non-food inflation rate for May 2018 was recorded at 8.9 percent from 8.4 percent recorded in April 2018, indicating an increase of 0.5 percentage points. The increase in non-food annual inflation rate is mainly attributed to price changes for Motor vehicles.

Year on Year Food and Non Food Inflation Rate														
	Weight:	May-2017	June-2017	July-2017	Aug-2017	Sep-2017	Oct-2017	Nov-2017	Dec-2017	Jan-2018	Feb-2018	Mar-2018	April-2018	May-2018
Total	1,000.00	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.1	7.1	7.4	7.8
Food	534.85	5.9	5.8	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.6	5.8	6.5	6.9
Non-Food	465.15	7.3	8.0	8.1	7.7	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.5	8.1	7.9	8.7	8.4	8.9

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

ANNUAL INFLATION RATE MOVEMENT BY CPI MAIN GROUP

The annual inflation rate for May 2018 measured by consumer price index main group increased for Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages; Furnishing, Household Equipment & Routine Housing Maintenance; Health; Transport; Communication and Education. The annual inflation rate for May, 2018

reduced for Alcoholic beverages and Tobacco; Clothing and Footwear; Recreation and Culture; Restaurant and Hotel and Miscellaneous goods and Services. The annual inflation rate for Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and other Fuels remained the same.

DIVISION	Division Weight	May-17	Jun-17	Jul-17	Aug-17	Sep-17	Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18
All Items	1 000	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.1	7.1	7.4	7.8
Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages	534.85	5.9	5.8	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.6	5.8	6.5	6.9
Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	15.21	4.5	3.6	3.4	3.7	4.6	4.7	5.2	3.7	3.9	3.0	3.4	4.7	4.6
Clothing and Footwear	80.78	9.0	8.1	8.4	7.8	7.7	7.5	8.2	7.2	7.3	7.2	6.7	7.0	6.9
Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas, and Other Fuels	114.11	6.5	12.1	12.0	12.8	16.2	16.3	16.2	15.9	17.1	16.5	16.9	15.8	15.8
Furnishing, Household Equip., Routine Hse Mtc	82.36	4.2	4.5	4.7	4.6	4.1	3.8	4.3	4.4	4.9	4.8	4.7	5.4	5.6
Health	8.15	5.3	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.6	4.4	4.8	4.2	5.5	5.1	4.2	4.9	5.5
Transport	58.08	14.3	10.5	11.0	7.9	7.2	6.9	1.7	1.0	1.8	1.6	8.9	6.9	10.1
Communication	12.94	2.4	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.8	1.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.6
Recreation and Culture	13.84	6.4	5.3	4.3	3.6	2.5	1.8	7.1	5.6	6.5	6.9	4.9	6.1	5.4
Education	26.62	7.6	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.2	7.0	7.0	5.4	3.8	3.9	3.4	3.4	3.5
Restaurant and Hotel	3.37	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.1	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.6	3.0	2.2	3.2	3.0
Miscellaneous Goods & Services	49.69	5.6	5.3	5.3	4.8	5.1	5.3	5.7	6.8	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.4	7.2

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

CONTRIBUTION OF DIVISIONS TO OVERALL INFLATION

Of the total 7.8 percent annual inflation rate recorded in May 2018, Food and Non-alcoholic beverages accounted for 3.7

percentage points, while non-food items accounted for a total of 4.1 percentage points.

Contribution of Divisions to Overall Inflation														
Division	Division Weight	May 2017	Jun 2017	July 2017	Aug 2017	Sep 2017	Oct 2017	Nov 2017	Dec 2017	Jan 2018	Feb 2018	Mar 2018	April 2018	May 2018
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	534.85	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	3.1	3.5	3.7
Alcoholic beverages, and tobacco	15.21	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Clothing and footwear	80.78	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	114.11	0.7	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	82.36	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Health	8.15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transport	58.08	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.5	0.7
Communications	12.94	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Recreation and culture	13.84	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Education	26.62	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Restaurants and hotels	3.37	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Miscellaneous goods and services	49.69	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3

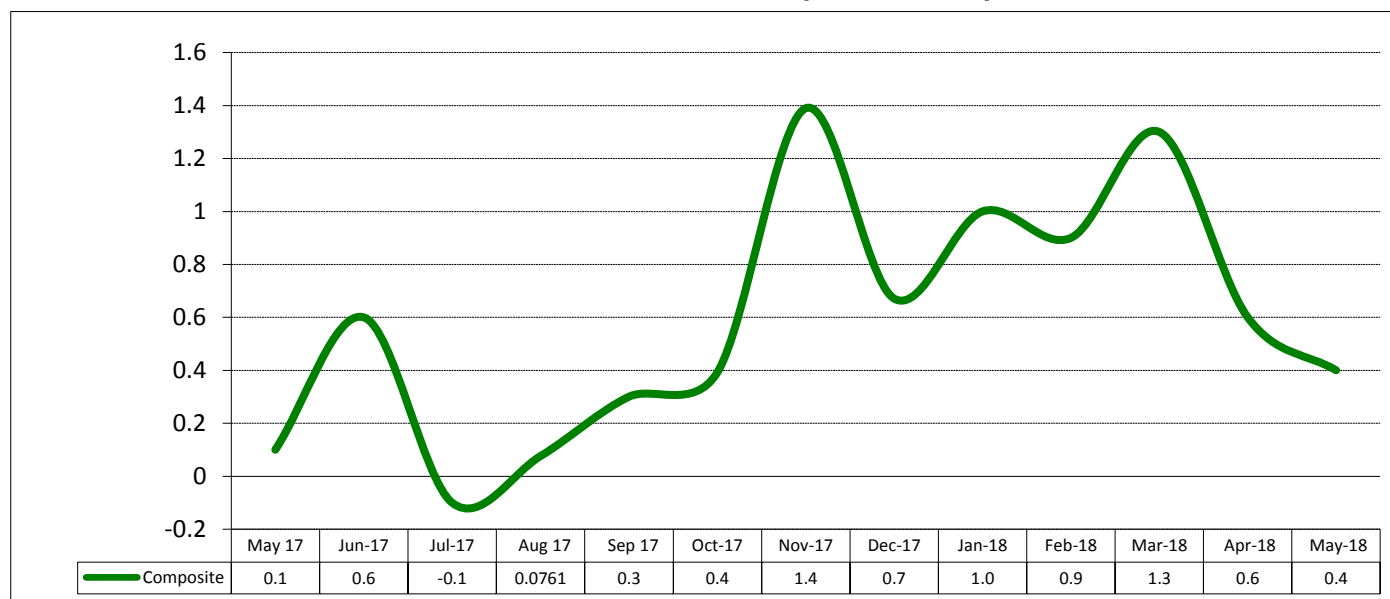
Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

MAY 2018 MONTH ON MONTH INFLATION RATE REDUCES TO 0.4 PERCENT

The month on month (Monthly) inflation rate for May 2018, was recorded at 0.4 percent compared to 0.6 percent recorded in April

2018, showing a decrease of 0.2 percentage points.

Month on Month Inflation Rate May 2017 to May 2018



Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

MONTH ON MONTH INFLATION RATE: FOOD AND NON-FOOD ITEMS

The month on month (Monthly) food inflation rate for May 2018 decreased to 0.4 percent compared to 0.9 percent recorded in April

2018. The decrease in the month on month food inflation rate is mainly as a result of price changes for fish, vegetables, oils and Fats.

Month on Month Inflation Rate: Food and Non-Food Items (2009=100)														
	Weight:	May-2017	June-2017	July-2017	Aug-2017	Sep-2017	Oct-2017	Nov-2017	Dec-2017	Jan-2018	Feb-2018	Mar-2018	April-2018	May-2018
Total	1,000.00	0.1	0.6	(0.1)	0.1	0.3	0.4	1.4	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.3	0.6	0.4
Food	534.85	0.1	(0.3)	(0.2)	0.1	-0.1	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.4	0.9	0.4
Non-Food	465.15	0.1	1.7	0.0	0.1	0.8	0.2	2.0	0.2	1.0	0.5	1.3	0.3	0.5

The month on month (Monthly) Non-food inflation rate for May 2018 was recorded at 0.5 percent compared to 0.3 percent

recorded in April, 2018. This indicates an increase of 0.2 percentage points. The increase in non-food month on month

inflation rate is mainly attributed to price

changes for Motor Vehicles.

MONTH ON MONTH CONTRIBUTIONS: FOOD AND NON-FOOD

Of the total 0.4 percent month on month (Monthly) inflation rate recorded in May 2018, both Food and Non-alcoholic beverages

and non-food items accounted for 0.2 percentage points each.

Month on Month Contribution: Food and Non Food														
Division	Weight	May 2017	June 2017	July 2017	Aug 2017	Sep 2017	Oct 2017	Nov 2017	Dec 2017	Jan 2018	Feb 2018	Mar 2018	April 2018	May 2018
Food	534.85	0.0	(0.2)	(0.1)	0.1	(0.1)	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.2
Non-Food	465.15	0.1	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.2
All Items	1,000.00	0.1	0.6	(0.1)	0.1	0.3	1.0	1.4	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.3	0.6	0.4

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

PROVINCIAL ANNUAL INFLATION RATES

Provincial changes in annual inflation rate show that between May 2017 and May 2018, Eastern Province had highest annual rate of inflation at 10.9 percent followed by Western

province at 9.7 percent. Luapula Province recorded the lowest annual rate of inflation at 4.7 percent.

Provincial Annual Inflation Rates									
	Central	Copperbelt	Eastern	Luapula	Lusaka	Northern	North-Western	Southern	Western
Weight	107.19	219.68	88.98	50.60	283.89	65.72	32.33	109.19	42.42
Mar-16	23.0	19.8	24.3	24.8	21.2	25.4	27.1	22.5	22.2
Apr-16	22.7	20.2	23.7	24.8	19.9	24.5	25.5	22.1	24.3
May-16	22.0	19.5	23.7	23.2	20.2	22.7	24.9	21.2	23.4
Jun-16	21.4	18.7	23.2	22.5	20.3	23.5	23.7	21.7	23.3
Jul-16	19.9	17.9	22.6	22.2	18.9	23.5	23.8	21.4	22.9
Aug-16	20.2	17.2	21.8	22.6	18.2	23.0	23.6	19.8	22.8
Sep-16	19.7	16.6	21.4	22.5	17.0	21.1	22.6	19.7	22.9
Oct-16	11.0	11.8	14.5	11.3	11.2	13.0	12.1	15.7	16.2
Nov-16	8.0	8.6	9.7	7.2	8.2	8.5	9.1	10.8	9.5
Dec-16	7.6	8.4	8.9	6.3	6.4	7.8	5.8	7.9	7.8
Jan-17	7.1	8.9	7.4	6.3	5.8	5.4	6.9	7.3	7.9
Feb-17	7.0	8.5	6.5	5.1	5.8	5.4	6.8	7.1	8.8
Mar-17	7.5	8.1	6.5	4.9	5.9	5.1	7.4	6.7	7.0
Apr-17	7.4	7.5	6.6	4.6	7.0	4.7	8.1	6.5	4.9
May-17	7.0	7.6	6.0	5.4	5.9	6.2	7.8	6.8	5.4
June-17	7.2	8.1	6.5	6.0	6.1	5.8	7.8	7.6	5.1
July-17	7.1	7.7	7.1	5.6	6.1	4.9	6.8	6.2	7.2
Aug-17	7.2	7.2	7.6	4.4	5.7	4.9	7.2	5.5	7.6
Sep-17	6.6	7.8	7.6	9.4	3.3	5.7	3.9	9.3	4.9
Oct-17	6.4	7.1	7.1	9.5	3.5	6.2	5.7	7.3	4.0
Nov-17	7.8	5.8	8.3	3.5	5.9	4.9	9.3	4.9	10.0
Dec-17	7.4	4.8	7.9	2.8	6.7	3.8	9.5	5.1	8.8
Jan-18	6.5	3.9	8.1	3.0	7.5	7.0	9.1	4.9	8.3
Feb-18	6.0	3.8	8.2	3.1	7.2	7.5	9.0	4.7	8.7
Mar-18	7.1	5.0	9.6	3.5	8.8	7.4	8.9	5.4	9.3
Apr-18	8.0	5.5	10.5	4.2	8.3	8.2	9.3	5.7	9.6
May-18	8.3	6.0	10.9	4.7	8.8	8.5	8.1	6.0	9.7

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

PROVINCIAL CONTRIBUTION TO OVERALL INFLATION

Lusaka Province had the highest provincial contribution of 2.5 percentage points to the overall annual inflation rate of 7.8 percent recorded in May 2018. This implies that the price movements in Lusaka Province had the greatest influence on the overall annual rate

of inflation. Copperbelt Province had the second highest provincial contribution of 1.3 percentage point while Luapula Province had the lowest contribution of 0.2 percentage points.

Provincial Contribution to Overall Inflation														
Province	Weight	May 2017	June 2017	July 2017	Aug 2017	Sep 2017	Oct 2017	Nov 2017	Dec 2017	Jan 2018	Feb 2018	Mar 2018	Apr 2018	May 2018
Central	107.19	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
Copperbelt	219.68	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	0.9	1.5	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.3
Eastern	88.98	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0
Luapula	50.60	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Lusaka	283.89	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.5	2.4	2.5
Northern	65.72	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
North Western	32.33	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Southern	109.19	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7
Western	42.42	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
National	1,000.00	6.5	6.8	6.6	6.3	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.1	7.1	7.4	7.8

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

NATIONAL AVERAGE PRICES FOR SELECTED PRODUCTS

The Consumer Price Basket consists of 440 items and over 23,000 price quotations are collected from selected outlets in all the districts in Zambia from 1st to 10th of every

month. The table below shows the maximum and minimum prices for selected items and the location May, 2018.

Product Description	Unit of Measure	Minimum		Maximum	
		Price (K)	Location	Price (K)	Location
Breakfast Mealie Meal	25 kg	58.00	Chipata	77.50	Kitwe
Roller mealie meal	25 kg	41.99	Kabwe	80.00	Chiengi/Mongu
Maize Grain	20 litre tin	15	Chama	60.00	Chingola
Dried Kapenta (Mpulungu)	1 kg	62.5	Chambeshi	200	Ndola
Sugar	2kg	23	Kaoma	37.50	Ndola
Charcoal	50 kg bag	20	Namwala	100.00	Chifubu
Cement	50 kg	63.00	Luanshya	90	Senanga

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

On a monthly basis, a comparison of retail prices between April 2018 to May 2018 shows 9 percent from K77.34 to K79.56 while the national average price of a 25 kg bag of Roller Mealie meal increased by 6.0 percent from K54.00 to K57.23. The national average price of a 20 litre tin of Maize grain increased by 5.93 percent from K29.02 to K30.74.

that the national average price of a 25 kg bag of Breakfast Mealie meal increased by 2. On an annual basis, a comparison of retail prices between May 2017 and May 2018 shows that the national average price of a 25kg bag of Breakfast Mealie meal decreased by 19.44 percent from K98.76 to K79.56. The national average price of a 20

litre tin of Maize grain decreased by 28.21 percent from K42.82 to K30.74.

NATIONAL AVERAGE PRICES FOR SELECTED PRODUCTS

Description	Unit of measure		May-17	Aug 17	Sep 17	Oct 17	Nov 17	Jan 18	Feb 18	Mar 18	Apr 18	May 18	%Change May 2018/Apr 2018	%Change May2018/May 2017
Breakfast Mealie Meal	25	Kilogram	98.76	77.27	72.00	69.36	67.39	67.17	69.72	73.46	77.34	79.56	2.87	-19.44
Roller Mealie Meal	25	Kilogram	80.56	57.73	54.21	52.57	51.24	50.95	51.67	53.80	54.00	57.23	5.98	-28.96
Maize grain	20	Litre	42.82	31.07	29.10	28.31	29.00	29.31	28.26	29.25	29.02	30.74	5.93	-28.21
Samp	1	Kilogram	11.21	10.08	9.74	10.19	10.33	9.42	10.26	9.85	9.83	10.46	6.41	-6.69
Bread	1	Each	7.65	7.63	7.63	7.61	7.57	7.57	7.51	7.48	7.56	7.58	0.26	-0.92
Bread Flour Imported	3	Kilogram	19.42	30.99	27.88	30.41	27.74	29.52	25.24	27.78	31.30	32.07	2.46	65.14
Mixed Cut	1	Kilogram	34.86	34.19	34.65	34.63	34.86	35.11	34.95	34.86	35.28	35.27	-0.03	1.18
Dried Kapenta Mpulungu	1	Kilogram	113.35	109.99	112.45	111.39	119.67	118.48	125.70	121.11	123.80	121.49	-1.87	7.18
Rape	1	Kilogram	4.99	4.52	4.37	4.42	4.62	5.31	5.58	5.77	6.03	5.62	-6.80	12.63
Pumpkin Leaves	1	Kilogram	5.07	6.69	6.46	6.13	6.27	5.46	5.35	5.29	5.63	5.80	3.02	14.40
Sweet Potato Leaves	1	Kilogram	5.96	7.42	7.22	7.15	7.21	6.73	6.98	6.28	6.64	6.74	1.51	13.09
Okra	1	Kilogram	8.71	11.86	12.13	12.55	12.57	9.75	10.85	10.26	9.31	9.34	0.32	7.23
Cabbage	1	Kilogram	3.28	2.48	2.68	2.71	2.85	3.04	3.24	3.30	3.56	3.66	2.81	11.59
Tomatoes	1	Kilogram	6.40	7.02	7.03	6.94	6.93	6.54	6.84	10.50	11.76	12.68	7.82	98.12
Impwa	1	Kilogram	5.01	5.46	5.49	5.60	5.74	4.72	4.98	5.10	5.01	5.19	3.59	3.59
Cement	50	Kilogram	67.33	68.46	67.80	68.18	70.95	74.19	75.09	75.17	75.24	75.79	0.73	12.56
Building Sand	1		30.86	34.68	32.29	25.94	23.74	22.73	19.44	17.89	24.43	20.60	-15.68	-33.25
Charcoal	50	Kilogram	39.33	40.28	42.05	40.12	42.13	41.65	41.98	42.05	41.49	42.36	2.10	7.70
Nissan Sentra 1.6 L Sedan BIT AT	1	Each	423,150.00	461,661.20	461,661.20	379,275.00	461,661.00	445,780.00	410,620.00	489,080.00	432,000.00	496,000.00	14.81	17.22
Nissan Pick (Nissan Hardbody)	1	Each	306,900.00	232,050.00	232,050.00	233,025.00	243,780.00	242,760.00	233,240.00	233,240.00	227,520.00	238,000.00	4.61	-22.45
Hammer milling charge	1	Each	6.37	6.25	6.63	6.62	6.73	6.90	6.92	6.95	6.86	7.00	2.04	9.89

INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDISE TRADE

April 2018 records a Trade Deficit

Zambia records a trade deficit of K1, 812.9 Million in April 2018 from a trade surplus of K 639.0 Million recorded in March 2018. This means that the country imported more in April 2018 than it exported in nominal terms. Imports increased by 7.3 percent from K8,028.9 Million in March 2018 to K8,615.1

Million in April 2018, while exports declined by 21.5 percent from K8,667.9 Million in March to K6,802.2 Million in April 2018. The trade deficit can be mainly explained by a decrease in the Non-Traditional Exports and Traditional Exports by 35.2 percent and 15.7 percent respectively.

Total Exports (FOB) and Imports (CIF), January 2018 to April 2018 (K' Million)

Months	Imports(CIF)	Domestic Exports(FOB)	Total Exports(FOB)	Trade Balance
Jan-18®	8 987.7	8 121.1	8 241.4	-746.3
Feb-18®	7 891.0	8 327.5	8 504.1	613.1
Mar-18®	8 028.9	8 497.8	8 667.9	639.0
Quarter 1	24 907.7	24 946.4	25 413.4	505.8
Apr-18*	8 615.1	6 644.1	6 802.2	-1 812.9

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2018

These trade data are compiled based on the General Trade System

Note: (*) Provisional

(®) Revised

Performance of Exports (Traditional and Non-Traditional Exports (TEs and NTEs), April 2018 and March 2018

The Metal export earnings decreased by 15.7 percent from K6,086.3 Million in March 2018 to K5,128.9 Million in April 2018. The share of TEs recorded an average of 72.8 percent in revenue earnings between April 2018 and March 2018

Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs) decreased by 35.2 percent from K2,581.6 Million in March 2018 to K1,673.3 in April 2018. The share of NTEs recorded an average of 27.2 percent in revenue earnings between April 2018 and March 2018.

Traditional Exports (TEs) and Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), April 2018 and March 2018

PERIOD	Apr-18*		Mar-18®	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share	Value (K'Million)	% Share
Traditional Exports..	5 128.9	75.4	6 086.3	70.2
Non-Traditional Exports	1 673.3	24.6	2 581.6	29.8
Total Exports	6 802.2	100.0	8 667.9	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2018

Note: (*) Provisional

®Revised

Zambia's Exports of Copper by Volume and corresponding LME prices, April 2018 and March 2018

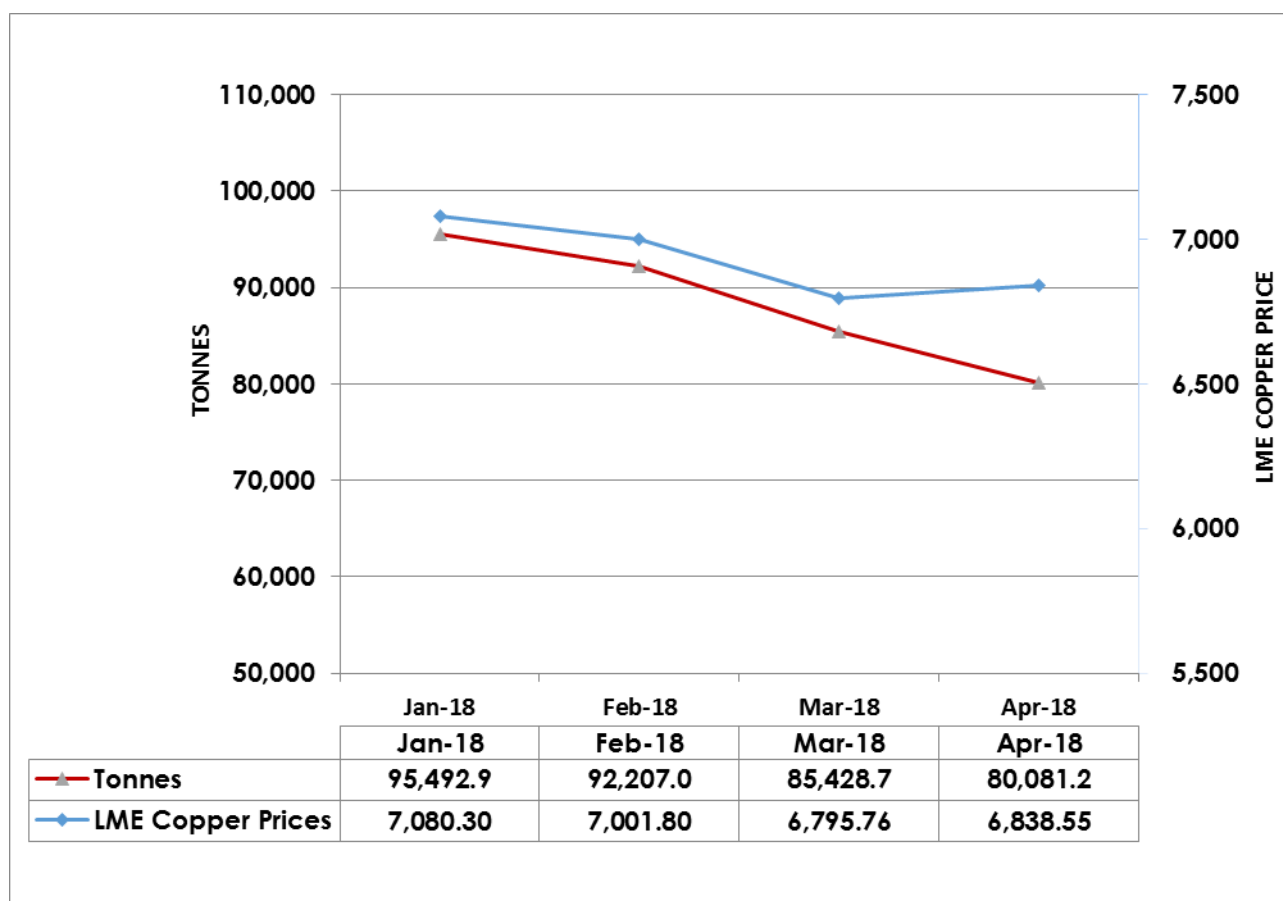
The volume of Copper exported in April 2018 decreased by 6.2 percent from 85,376.5 metric tonnes in March 2018 to 80,081.2 metric tonnes in April 2018.

The Copper prices on LME market for the corresponding months increased by 0.6 percent, from \$6,795.76 per metric tonne in

March 2018 to \$6,838.55 per metric tonne in April 2018.

Since Copper accounts for the largest weight/ proportion of Traditional Exports, any change in the volume and price/value has a direct bearing on the performance of Traditional Exports.

Exports of Copper in Metric Tonnes (Mts) and LME Copper prices (USD) per ton, January 2018 to April 2018



Performance of Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), April 2018 and March 2018

For the purpose of this analysis, Non-Traditional Exports are divided into Agricultural and Non-Agricultural products.

Agricultural Products

Agricultural products accounted for a share of 17.2 percent of Zambia's Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs) in April 2018 compared to 13.9 percent recorded in March 2018.

The export earnings from Agricultural products recorded a 19.7 percent decline from K 357.9 Million in March 2018 to K287.4 Million in April 2018. The major export commodities were 'Oil-cake and other solid residues of soya bean' (19.0 percent), 'Raw cane sugar' (14.1 percent) and 'Sweet biscuits' (7.9 percent).

Non-Agricultural Products

Non-Agricultural products accounted for a share of 82.8 percent of Zambia's Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs) in April 2018 compared to 86.1 percent recorded in March 2018.

The export earnings from Non-Agricultural products recorded a decline of 37.7 percent from K2,223.7 Million in March 2018 to K1,386.0 Million in April 2018. The major export commodities were 'Wire of refined copper Maximum cross sectional dimension > 6mm' (18.9 percent), Sulphuric Acid (9.7 percent) and Bullion semi-manufactured forms (mainly Gold) (4.1 percent).

Zambia's Major Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), April 2018 and March 2018

Period		Apr-18*		Period		Mar-18®	
Hs-Code	Description	Value (K'Mil lion)	Share (%)	Hs-Code	Description	Value (K'Mil lion)	Share (%)
AGRIC PRODUCTS		287.4	10.0	AGRIC PRODUCTS		357.9	10.0
2304 0000	Oil-cake and other solid residues, of soya-bean	54.5	19.0	2304 0000	Oil-cake and other solid residues, of soya-bean	58.1	16.2
1701 1300	Raw cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	40.6	14.1	1701 1300	Raw cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	44.2	12.3
1905 3100	Sweet biscuits.	22.7	7.9	1701 9900	Cane or beet sugar, in solid form, nes	41.6	11.6
1701 9900	Cane or beet sugar, in solid form, nes	21.1	7.3	1005 1000	Maize seed	40.8	11.4
2401 2000	Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed/stripped	13.4	4.7	1905 3100	Sweet biscuits.	24.3	6.8
1005 1000	Maize seed	13.3	4.6	0603 1100	Fresh cut Roses and buds	13.4	3.7
1704 9000	Sugar confectionery (incl. white chocolate), not containing cocoa, nes	10.1	3.5	1701 1400	Other raw cane sugar	11.0	3.1
5201 0000	Cotton, not carded or combed	9.5	3.3	1704 9000	Sugar confectionery (incl. white chocolate), not containing cocoa, nes	10.5	2.9
Other - Agric Product NTEs		102.2	35.6	Other - Agric Product NTEs		114.0	31.8
% Share of March Agric Products NTEs		17.2		% Share of February Agric Products NTEs		13.9	
NON-AGRIC PRODUCTS		1 386.0	10.0	NON-AGRIC PRODUCTS		2 223.7	10.0
7408 1100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	262.5	18.9	7408 1100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	167.8	52.5
2807 0010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	134.0	9.7	2807 0010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	122.5	5.5
7108 1310	Bullion semi-manufactured forms (Mainly Gold)	57.0	4.1	7108 1310	Bullion semi-manufactured forms	75.3	3.4
2716 0000	Electrical energy	54.0	3.9	2716 0000	Electrical energy	57.5	2.6
2202 9900	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	38.8	2.8	2202 9900	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	40.4	1.8
3402 2000	Washing and cleaning preparations, put up for retail sale	34.7	2.5	2503 0000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	35.9	1.6
2503 0000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	34.1	2.5	8544 4900	Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage <=80 V, not fitted with connectors	32.8	1.5
6815 9900	Articles of stone or other mineral substances, nes	33.1	2.4	3402 2000	Washing and cleaning preparations, put up for retail sale	28.8	1.3
7202 3000	Ferro-silico-manganese	32.1	2.3	2522 1000	Quicklime	25.3	1.1
2930 9010	Other organo-sulphur compounds, nes - in bulk	31.5	2.3	2519 9000	Magnesia and other magnesium oxide	24.2	1.1
3602 0090	Other prepared explosives, (excl. propellant powders)	30.2	2.2	7202 3000	Ferro-silico-manganese	23.8	1.1
2523 2900	Portland cement (excl. white)	24.3	1.8	3824 9900	Other nes	23.3	1.0
8413 9100	Parts of pumps for liquids	20.3	1.5	2523 2900	Portland cement (excl. white)	21.9	1.0
2522 1000	Quicklime	20.1	1.5	2930 9010	Other organo-sulphur compounds, nes - in bulk	20.1	0.9
2519 9000	Magnesia and other magnesium oxide	18.3	1.3	8431 4900	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	18.4	0.8
Other - Non Agric Product NTEs		506.1	22.8	Other - Non Agric Product NTEs		515.0	44.2
% Share of March Non-Agric Products NTEs		82.8		% Share of February Agric Products NTEs		86.1	
NTE's		1 673.3		NTE's		2 581.6	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2018

Note: (*) Provisional

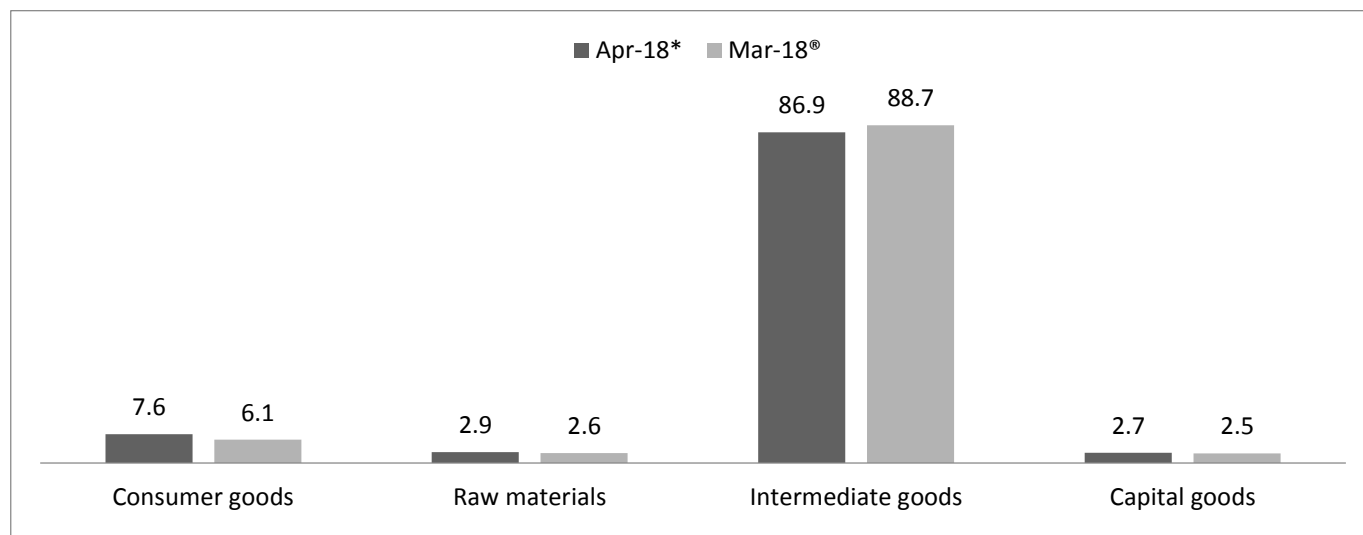
® Revised figures

Exports by Major Product Categories, April 2018 and March 2018

Zambia's major export products in April 2018 were from the intermediate goods category (mainly comprising Copper anodes for electrolytic refining and Cathodes of refined copper) accounting for 86.9 percent. Exports

from the Consumer goods, Raw Materials and Capital goods categories, collectively accounted for 13.1 percent of total exports in April 2018. Zambia was a net exporter of intermediate goods in April 2018.

Exports Share (%) by Major Product Categories April 2018 and March 2018



Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2018

Note: (*) Provisional

(®) Revised

Zambia's Major Export Destinations by Commodity in April 2018

The major export destination in April 2018 was Switzerland, which accounted for 43.2 percent of the total export earnings. The main export product to Switzerland was Copper anodes for electrolytic refining, accounting for 47.3 percent of total export earnings from that country, followed by cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper (32.4 percent).

Congo DR was the second main destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 9.6 percent of the total export earnings. The major export product to Congo DR was Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk, accounting for 20.5 percent of total export earnings from that Country.

China was the third main export destination accounting for 9.5 percent of the total export earnings. The major export product was

Copper blister accounting for 64.7 percent of total export earnings from that country.

South Africa was the fourth main export destination accounting for 5.5 percent of the total export earnings. The major export product was Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm, accounting for 57.2 percent of total export earnings from that country.

The fifth major export destination was Singapore, which accounted for 4.8 percent of the total export earnings. The main export products were Copper anodes for electrolytic refining, accounting for 61.2 percent of total export earnings from that country.

These five countries collectively accounted for 72.6 percent of Zambia's total export earnings in April 2018.

Zambia's Five Major Export Destinations by Product for April 2018

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Apr-2018*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SWITZERLAND		2,941.7	100.0
74020020	Copper anodes for electrolytic refining	1,391.5	47.3
74031110	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	952.9	32.4
74020011	Copper blister	350.8	11.9
74031120	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	114.7	3.9
74031900	Other refined Copper	103.4	3.5
74032990	Copper-cobalt alloy	19.1	0.6
49070010	New stamps; stamp-impressed paper; cheque forms; banknotes, etc - postage,revenue stamp	6.9	0.2
74032910	- cobalt alloy	2.1	0.1
26030019	Other copper ores	0.3	0.0
08109000	Other fruit, fresh, nes	0.0	0.0
Others		0.0	0.0
Percent of Total April Exports		43.2	
CONGO DR		654.8	100.0
28070010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	134.0	20.5
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	34.1	5.2
27160000	Electrical energy	32.5	5.0
22029900	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	32.2	4.9
29309010	Other organo-sulphurcompounds, nes - in bulk	31.5	4.8
34022000	Washing and cleaning preparations, put up for retail sale	28.0	4.3
36020090	Other prepared explosives, (excl. propellent powders)	22.8	3.5
19053100	Sweet biscuits.	22.3	3.4
17019900	Cane or beet sugar, in solid form, nes	21.1	3.2
17011300	Raw cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	20.9	3.2
Others		275.4	42.1
Percent of Total April Exports		9.6	
CHINA		643.6	100.0
74020011	Copper blister	416.4	64.7
74031120	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	146.6	22.8
74032910	- cobalt alloy	35.9	5.6
74031110	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	11.2	1.7
74032990	Copper-cobalt alloy	8.1	1.3
26020000	Manganese Ores/Concentrates(Inc.Ferruginous), With Manganese Cont.Of=>20%	6.3	1.0
12119000	Other plants or parts, of a kind used in perfumery, pharmacy...etc, nes	5.6	0.9
72023000	Ferro-silico-manganese	3.2	0.5
44079900	Other wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled,...of thickness > 6mm nes	2.1	0.3
44032000	Untreated coniferous wood in the rough...	1.4	0.2
Others		6.9	1.1
Percent of Total April Exports		9.5	
SOUTH AFRICA		376.1	100.0
74081100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	215.1	57.2
71081310	Bullion semi-manufactured forms	57.0	15.1
23040000	Oil-cake and other solid residues, of soya-bean	25.6	6.8
72023000	Ferro-silico-manganese	11.7	3.1
68159900	Articles of stone or other mineral substances, nes	9.7	2.6
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	9.5	2.5
74032990	Copper-cobalt alloy	3.9	1.0
72022100	Ferro-silicon, containing by weight >55% silicon	3.6	1.0

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Apr-2018*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
85444900	Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage <=80 V, not fitted with connectors	2.7	0.7
82071300	Rock drilling or earth boring tools, with working part of cermets	2.6	0.7
Others		34.8	9.3
Percent of Total April Exports		5.5	
SINGAPORE		324.8	100.0
74020020	Copper anodes for electrolytic refining	198.8	61.2
74031110	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	105.9	32.6
74020011	Copper blister	20.1	6.2
01061900	-Mammals--Other	0.0	0.0
01069000	-Other live animals	0.0	0.0
02062200	Frozen bovine livers	0.0	0.0
02062900	Frozen edible bovine offal (excl. tongues and livers)	0.0	0.0
02071200	Frozen whole chickens	0.0	0.0
02071300	Fresh or chilled cuts and offal of chickens	0.0	0.0
02071400	Frozen cuts and offal of chicken	0.0	0.0
Others		0.0	0.0
Percent of Total April Exports		4.8	
Other Destinations		1,861.2	27.4
Total Value of April Exports		6,802.2	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2018

Note: (*) Provisional

Export Market Shares by selected Regional Groupings and Major Trading Partners, April and March 2018

Switzerland was the largest market for Zambia's total exports in April 2018, accounting for 43.2 percent.

Asia was the second largest market for Zambia's total exports, accounting for 20.4 percent in April 2018. Within this grouping, China was the dominant market with 46.5 percent. Other notable markets in this grouping were Singapore, United Arab Emirates, India and Hong Kong.

The DUAL- SADC & COMESA grouping was the third largest market for Zambia's total exports, accounting for 12.2 percent in April 2018. Within this grouping, Congo DR was the dominant export market, accounting for 78.9 percent. Other notable markets in this grouping were Zimbabwe, Malawi, Mauritius and Swaziland.

The SADC exclusive grouping was the fourth largest market for Zambia's total exports,

accounting for 7.1 percent in April 2018. Within this grouping, South Africa was the dominant market with 78.0 percent. Other notable markets within this grouping were Tanzania, Namibia, Botswana and Mozambique.

The European Union grouping was the fifth largest market for Zambia's total exports, accounting for 4.0 percent in April 2018. Within this grouping, The United Kingdom was the dominant market with 65.8 percent. Other notable markets in this grouping were Luxembourg, Belgium, Germany and Italy.

The COMESA exclusive grouping was the sixth largest market for Zambia's total exports, accounting for 0.9 percent in April 2018. Within this grouping, Kenya was the dominant market with 48.2 percent. Other notable markets were Rwanda, Burundi, Uganda and Egypt

Export Market Shares by Selected Regional Groupings, April 2018 and March 2018

GROUPING	Apr-18*		GROUPING	Mar-18®	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share		Value (K'Million)	% Share
ASIA	1,385.2	100.0	ASIA	1,881.0	100.0
China	643.6	46.5	Singapore	677.2	36.0
Singapore	324.8	23.4	China	629.0	33.4
United Arab Emirates	232.0	16.8	United Arab Emirates	325.6	17.3
India	78.4	5.7	India	130.8	7.0
Hong Kong	65.6	4.7	Hong Kong	107.6	5.7
Other ASIA	40.7	2.9	Other ASIA	10.9	0.6
% of Total April Exports	20.4		% of Total March Exports	21.7	
DUAL-SADC & COMESA	829.4	100.0	DUAL-SADC & COMESA	962.6	100.0
Congo Dr	654.8	78.9	Congo Dr	655.5	68.1
Zimbabwe	106.3	12.8	Swaziland	144.3	15.0
Malawi	52.0	6.3	Zimbabwe	119.6	12.4
Mauritius	10.9	1.3	Malawi	43.2	4.5
Swaziland	4.7	0.6	Madagascar	0.0	0.0
Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	0.7	0.1	Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	0.0	0.0
% of Total April Exports	12.2		% of Total March Exports	11.1	
SADC EXCLUSIVE	482.0	100.0	SADC EXCLUSIVE	2,015.1	100.0
South Africa	376.1	78.0	South Africa	1,898.5	94.2
Tanzania	39.4	8.2	Tanzania	47.9	2.4
Namibia	31.4	6.5	Namibia	35.5	1.8
Botswana	27.0	5.6	Botswana	18.9	0.9
Mozambique	7.0	1.5	Mozambique	11.5	0.6
Other SADC EXCLUSIVE	1.1	0.2	Other SADC EXCLUSIVE	2.9	0.1
% of Total April Exports	7.1		% of Total March Exports	23.2	
EUROPEAN UNION	272.2	100.0	EUROPEAN UNION	166.2	100.0
United Kingdom	179.0	65.8	United Kingdom	112.6	67.7
Luxembourg	52.7	19.4	Germany	19.7	11.9
Belgium	12.5	4.6	Italy	9.3	5.6
Germany	11.4	4.2	Luxembourg	8.3	5.0
Italy	8.4	3.1	Netherlands	6.8	4.1
Other EU	8.1	3.0	Other EU	9.5	5.7
% of Total April Exports	4.0		% of Total March Exports	1.9	
COMESA EXCLUSIVE	60.0	100.0	COMESA EXCLUSIVE	52.1	100.0
Kenya	29.0	48.2	Kenya	28.6	54.9
Rwanda	20.7	34.5	Burundi	10.9	21.0
Burundi	6.5	10.9	Rwanda	10.4	20.0
Uganda	3.8	6.4	Uganda	1.9	3.7
Egypt	0.0	0.0	Djibouti	0.2	0.4
Other COMESA EXCLUSIVE	0.0	0.0	Other COMESA EXCLUSIVE	0.0	0.1
% of Total April Exports	0.9		% of Total March Exports	0.6	
SWITZERLAND	2,941.7	43.2	SWITZERLAND	2,802.0	32.3
Rest of the World	831.6	12.2	Rest of the World	788.8	9.1
World	6,802.2	100.0	World	8,667.9	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2018

Note: 1. SADC = (SADC EXCLUSIVE + Dual SADC & COMESA)

2. COMESA = (COMESA Exclusive + Dual SADC & COMESA)

** Switzerland Does not belong to any Regional grouping but is our Major Export Destination

Imports by Major Product Categories April 2018 and March 2018

The major import products by category in April 2018 were Capital goods category, accounting for 33.0 percent. The Intermediate goods category was second with 29.2 percent, followed by the Consumer goods and Raw materials Categories,

accounting for 22.3 percent and 15.5 percent, respectively. Zambia was a net importer of Capital goods in April 2018.

Import Shares (%) by Major Product Categories, April 2018 and March 2018



Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2018

Note: (*) Provisional

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Product in April 2018

The major source of imports in April 2018 was Congo DR, accounting for 26.6 percent. The major import products were Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides in bulk, accounting for 41.9 percent of the import bill from that country.

The second main source was South Africa, accounting for 24.5 percent. The major import product was Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur), which accounted for 3.4 percent of the import bill from that country.

China was the third main source of Zambia's imports, accounting for 11.4 percent. The major import products were Towers and lattice masts of iron or steel accounting for 16.9 percent of the import bill from China.

Other sources of Zambia's imports were Kuwait and Israel, which collectively accounted for 8.2 percent of Zambia's imports.

Zambia's Five Major Import Sources by Product for April, 2018

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Apr-2018*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
CONGO DR		2,291.9	100.0
28220010	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt oxides in bulk	960.5	41.9
26030029	Other - copper concentrate	582.9	25.4
26050020	Cobalt concentrate	328.5	14.3
26030021	Copper concentrate sulphide	224.8	9.8
28369910	Other carbonates; peroxocarbonates in bulk	164.0	7.2
81052090	Cobalt mattes... unwrought cobalt; Powders: other intermediate products	30.0	1.3
26080000	Zinc ores and concentrates	0.3	0.0
26030019	Other copper ores	0.2	0.0
87032490	Vehicles with only spark-ignition engine of cylinder capacity >=3000cc - OTHER	0.2	0.0
25309000	Other mineral substances, nes	0.1	0.0
Others		0.4	0.0
Percent of Total April Imports		26.6	
SOUTH AFRICA		2,107.0	100.0
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	70.9	3.4
87042100	vehicles (diesel engine) for the transport of goods GVW upto 5 tonnes	55.6	2.6
72081000	Flat/Hot-Rolled Iron/Steel,In Coils,Width >=600mm, With Patterns In Relief	48.3	2.3
84314900	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	48.2	2.3
27101910	Gas oils.	48.0	2.3
84139100	Parts of pumps for liquids	41.9	2.0
84781000	Machinery for preparing or making up tobacco, nes	32.0	1.5
31023000	Ammonium nitrate	29.5	1.4
31029000	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous , nes	28.3	1.3
87059000	Special purpose motor vehicles, nes (eg breakdown lorries, etc)	28.0	1.3
Others		1,676.3	79.6
Percent of Total April Imports		24.5	
CHINA		985.7	100.0
73082000	Towers and lattice masts of iron or steel	166.4	16.9
85176200	Machines for the reception, conversion & transmission or regeneration of voice, images..	70.1	7.1
84715010	Network File Servers.	36.3	3.7
73089090	Structures and parts of structures, nes, of iron or steel - Other	34.6	3.5
73084000	Equipment For Scaffolding,Shuttering,Propping Or Pitpropping Of Iron/Steel	24.8	2.5
30049000	Other medicaments of mixed or unmixed products, for retail sale, nes	21.8	2.2
87012000	Road tractors for semi-trailers	20.5	2.1
73269090	Articles of iron or steel, nes - Other	17.9	1.8
84749000	Parts of machinery of 84.74	17.7	1.8
94054000	Other electric lamps and lighting fittings, nes	16.8	1.7
Others		558.8	56.7
Percent of Total April Imports		11.4	
KUWAIT		399.0	100.0
27090000	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	385.4	96.6
27101210	Motor Spirit	13.4	3.4
27101240	White spirit	0.2	0.0
01061900	-Mammals--Other	0.0	0.0
01069000	-Other live animals	0.0	0.0
02071200	Frozen whole chickens	0.0	0.0
02071300	Fresh or chilled cuts and offal of chickens	0.0	0.0

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Apr-2018*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
02071400	Frozen cuts and offal of chicken	0.0	0.0
02109900	Other Meat of bovine animals	0.0	0.0
03025400	Fresh or chilled Hake (Merluccius spp., urophycis spp.)	0.0	0.0
Others		0.0	0.0
Percent of Total April Imports		4.6	
ISRAEL		313.9	100.0
84091000	Parts for aircraft engines of 8407.10	309.8	98.7
85176200	Machines for the reception, conversion & transmission or regeneration of voice, images..	2.2	0.7
12099100	Vegetable seed, of a kind used for sowing	0.7	0.2
30023000	Vaccines for veterinary medicine	0.3	0.1
85354000	Lightning arresters, voltage limiters and surge suppressors, >1000 V	0.3	0.1
38220000	Diagnostic/Lab.Reagents On Backing;Prep'd Diagnostic/Lab.Reagents Exc.Ch30	0.1	0.0
85371000	Boards...Equipped With Two/More Apparatus Of 85.35/85.36, Voltage =<1000v	0.1	0.0
84715010	Network File Servers.	0.1	0.0
87089900	Parts and accessories, nes, for vehicles of 87.01 to 87.05	0.1	0.0
30039000	Other medicaments with >=2 constituents, not for retail sale, nes	0.1	0.0
Others		0.2	0.1
Percent of Total April Imports		3.6	
Other Sources		2,517.6	29.2
Total Value of April Imports		8,615.1	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2018

Note: (*) Provisional

Import Market Shares by Selected Regional Groupings and major trading partners April and March 2018

The Dual SADC & COMESA grouping was the main source of Zambia's imports accounting for 29.9 percent in April 2018. Within this grouping, Congo DR was the major source of Zambia's imports accounting for 88.9 percent. Other notable markets were Mauritius, Zimbabwe, Malawi and Swaziland.

Asia was the second main source of Zambia's imports, accounting for 29.8 percent in April 2018. Within this regional grouping, China was the main source of Zambia's imports accounting for 38.4 percent. Other notable markets were Kuwait, Israel, United Arab Emirates and India.

The SADC exclusive was the third major source of Zambia's imports, accounting for 28.7 percent in April 2018. Within this grouping, South Africa was the dominant

market with 85.2 percent. Other notable markets were Mozambique, Namibia, Tanzania and Botswana.

The European Union (EU) was the fourth largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 6.8 percent. Within this grouping, The United Kingdom was the main source of Zambia's imports with 23.3 percent. Other notable markets were Germany, Netherlands, Sweden and Italy.

The COMESA exclusive grouping was the fifth largest source for Zambia's imports accounting for 0.9 percent in April 2018. Within this grouping, Kenya was the dominant market with 42.9 percent. Other notable markets were Uganda, Egypt, Sudan and Rwanda.

Import Market Shares by Selected Regional Groupings, April 2018 and March 2018

GROUPING	Apr-18*		GROUPING	Mar-18®	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share		Value (K'Million)	% Share
DUAL-SADC & COMESA	2,577.5	100.0	DUAL-SADC & COMESA	2,026.2	100.0
Congo DR	2,291.9	88.9	Congo DR	1,823.0	90.0
Mauritius	207.9	8.1	Mauritius	110.3	5.4
Zimbabwe	59.4	2.3	Zimbabwe	68.9	3.4
Malawi	8.6	0.3	Malawi	14.8	0.7
Swaziland	8.6	0.3	Swaziland	9.2	0.5
Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	1.1	0.0	Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	0.0	0.0
% of Total April Exports	29.9		% of Total March Exports	25.2	
ASIA	2,566.4	100.0	ASIA	2,474.7	100.0
China	985.7	38.4	China	1,116.2	45.1
Kuwait	399.0	15.5	United Arab Emirates	377.0	15.2
Israel	313.9	12.2	India	311.3	12.6
United Arab Emirates	313.0	12.2	Kuwait	299.7	12.1
India	229.0	8.9	Japan	141.2	5.7
Other ASIA	325.9	12.7	Other ASIA	229.4	9.3
% of Total April Exports	29.8		% of Total March Exports	30.8	
SADC EXCLUSIVE	2,472.1	100.0	SADC EXCLUSIVE	2,520.5	100.0
South Africa	2,107.0	85.2	South Africa	2,207.8	87.6
Mozambique	133.2	5.4	Tanzania	105.6	4.2
Namibia	109.4	4.4	Namibia	96.2	3.8
Tanzania	105.9	4.3	Mozambique	91.7	3.6
Botswana	16.4	0.7	Botswana	18.9	0.8
Other SADC EXCLUSIVE	0.1	0.0	Other SADC EXCLUSIVE	0.2	0.0
% of Total April Exports	28.7		% of Total March Exports	31.4	
EUROPEAN UNION	588.3	100.0	EUROPEAN UNION	591.8	100.0
United Kingdom	137.0	23.3	United Kingdom	142.6	24.1
Germany	104.7	17.8	Finland	137.9	23.3
Netherlands	71.0	12.1	Sweden	79.4	13.4
Sweden	52.9	9.0	Germany	55.4	9.4
Italy	39.0	6.6	Belgium	50.5	8.5
Other EU	183.5	31.2	Other EU	125.9	21.3
% of Total April Exports	6.8		% of Total March Exports	7.4	
COMESA EXCLUSIVE	79.2	100.0	COMESA EXCLUSIVE	73.4	100.0
Kenya	34.0	42.9	Kenya	62.8	85.6
Uganda	33.2	41.9	Egypt	9.2	12.5
Egypt	12.0	15.1	Ethiopia	0.5	0.6
Sudan	0.0	0.0	Uganda	0.4	0.6
Rwanda	0.0	0.0	Eritrea	0.2	0.3
Other COMESA EXCLUSIVE	0.0	0.0	Other COMESA EXCLUSIVE	0.3	0.4
% of Total April Exports	0.9		% of Total March Exports	0.9	
Rest of the World	331.5	3.8	Rest of the World	342.2	4.3
World	8,615.1	100.0	World	8,028.9	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2018

Note: The European Union figures are for the EU27

(*) Provisional

®) Revised figures

2017/2018 CROP FORECAST HIGHLIGHTS

INTRODUCTION

The Central Statistical office in collaboration with the Ministry of Agriculture recently conducted the Crop Forecast Survey (CFS). The purpose of the CFS is to obtain information from farmers on area planted, expected production, expected sales, quantity of fertiliser used among many other variables. This information is used to assess the anticipated food security situation in the country and also to produce the National Food Balance Sheet (NFBS).

CROP PERFORMANCE

Findings from the 2017/2018 Crop Forecast Survey (CFS) show that production of rice, groundnuts, Virginia tobacco, barley tobacco, mixed beans, bambara nuts and popcorn is expected to increase compared to last agriculture season. The data shows that expected production has increased by 12.1 percent for rice, 7.7 percent for groundnuts and 10.8 percent for Virginia tobacco, 36.8

percent for burley tobacco, 14.0 percent for mixed beans, 60.8 percent for Bambara nuts and 20.8 percent for popcorn.

On the other hand, production of maize, sorghum, millet, sunflower, soya beans, seed cotton, Irish potatoes, cow peas, sweet potatoes, wheat and barley is expected to decline. Production is expected to decline by 33.6 percent for maize, 24.3 percent for sorghum, 0.9 percent for millet, 5.2 percent for sunflower, 13.9 percent for soya beans, 1.2 percent for seed cotton, 57.3 percent for Irish potatoes, and 45.1 percent for cow peas, 11.3 percent for sweet potatoes, 40.9 percent for wheat and 21.9 percent for barley.

Despite the area planted for Irish potatoes increasing by 85.8 percent, production is expected to decline by 57.3 percent due to the dry spell that affected the country November 2017 to end of January 2018.

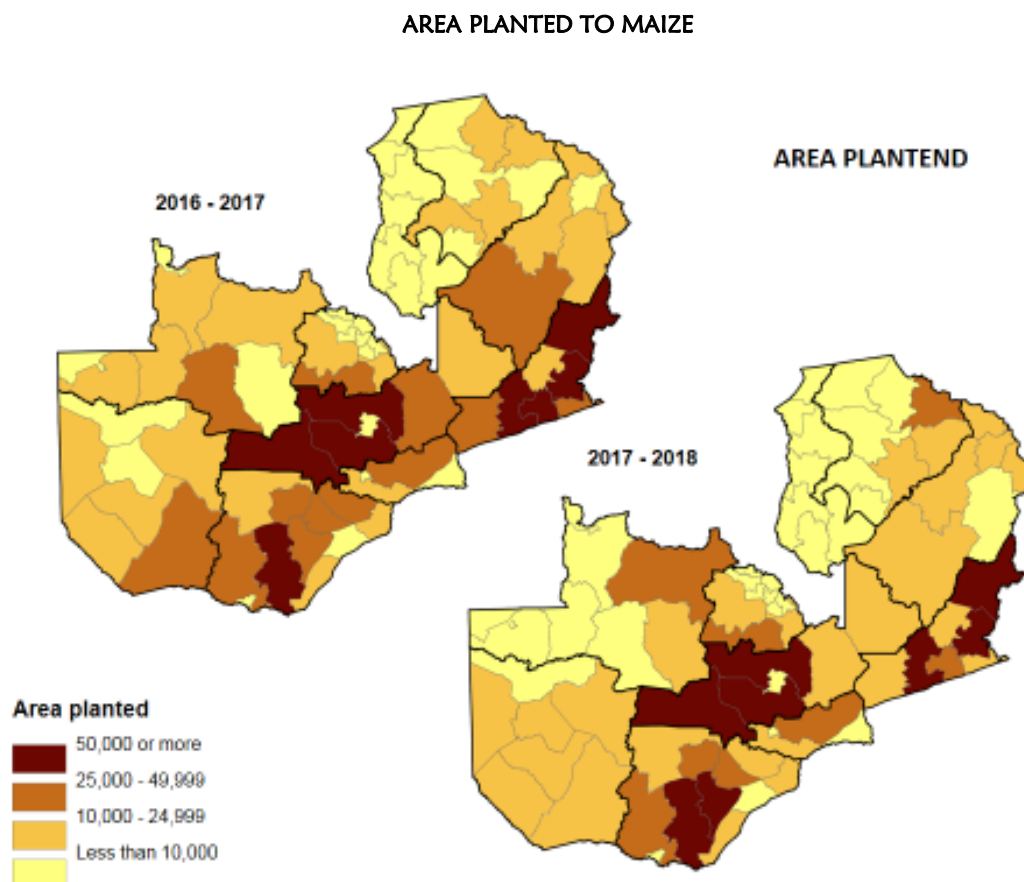
National 2016/2017 Vs 2017/2018 Crop Forecast Survey, Area, Expected Production and Yield.									
Crop	Area planted (ha)			Expected production (MT)			Yield rate (MT/ha)		
	2016/2017	2017/2018	% change	2016/2017	2017/2018	% change	2016/2017	2017/2018	% change
Maize	1,644,741	1,392,546	(15.33)	3,606,549	2,394,907	(33.60)	2.19	1.72	(21.57)
Sorghum	33,728	32,308	(4.21)	17,337	13,130	(24.27)	0.51	0.41	(20.94)
Rice	33,303	34,217	2.74	38,423	43,063	12.08	1.15	1.26	9.09
Millet	52,820	49,105	(7.03)	32,566	32,278	(0.88)	0.62	0.66	6.61
Sunflower	105,184	97,851	(6.97)	50,220	47,594	(5.23)	0.48	0.49	1.87
Groundnuts	269,611	284,708	5.60	168,699	181,772	7.75	0.63	0.64	2.04
Soya beans	231,630	205,508	(11.28)	351,416	302,720	(13.86)	1.52	1.47	(2.91)
Seed cotton	113,649	118,763	4.50	89,293	88,219	(1.20)	0.79	0.74	(5.46)
Irish potato	1,005	1,867	85.77	31,750	13,546	(57.34)	31.60	7.26	(77.03)
Virginia Tobacco	5,215	6,273	20.29	12,079	13,382	10.79	2.32	2.13	(7.90)
Burley Tobacco	5,428	7,787	43.45	8,416	11,512	36.78	1.55	1.48	(4.65)
Mixed beans	83,635	84,566	1.11	45,938	52,351	13.96	0.55	0.62	12.71
Bambara nuts		7,253	16.33		7,039	60.83			38.26

	6,235			4,377			0.70	0.97	
Cowpeas									
	26,438	14,022	(46.96)	12,428	6,824	(45.09)	0.47	0.49	3.53
Sweet Potatoes									
	55,312	60,325	9.06	206,676	183,280	(11.32)	3.74	3.04	(18.69)
Wheat									
	26,773	21,709	(18.91)	193,713	114,463	(40.91)	7.24	5.27	(27.13)
Barley									
	857	936	9.20	6,529	5,102	(21.86)	7.62	5.45	(28.45)
Popcorn									
	9,149	11,190	22.31	7,829	9,459	20.82	0.86	0.85	(1.22)

The 2017/18 Crop Forecast Survey (CFS) results indicated that national maize production is expected to decrease by 33.6

percent from 3,606,549 metric tonnes during the 2016/17 season to 2,394,907 metric tonnes in the 2017/18 season.

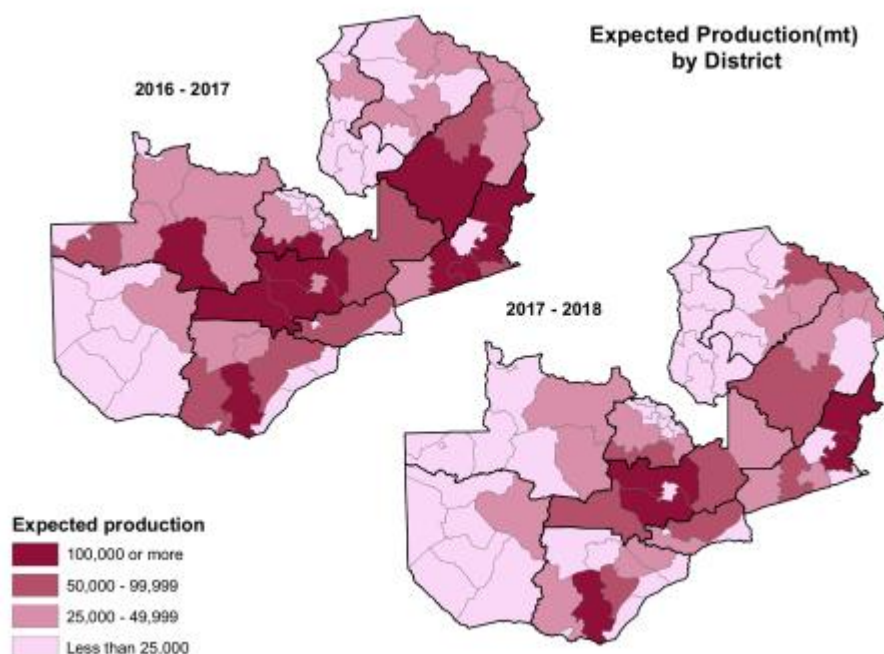
MAIZE PRODUCTION



MAIZE PRODUCTION ESTIMATES 2016/2017 TO 2017/2018

The results also show that the maize yield rate has reduced to 1.72 MT/Ha from 2.29 MT/Ha in the 2017/2018 agriculture season. Reasons for the reduction in production was mainly

been attributed to the poor rainfall especially in the southern part of the country and due to lack of fertilizer.



LABOUR MARKET STATISTICS

Zambia is one of the countries in Africa implementing the resolution of the 19th International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS) of 2013 in the 2017 Labour Force Survey. The primary features of the resolution are the definitions of work, employment and labour underutilization. Arising from the application of these definitions in measuring some labour market indicators (such as labour force and the unemployment rate) are statistics appropriate for international and local use.

Estimates of the size of the labour force and persons in unemployment in the 2017 Labour Force Survey (LFS) have an international/standard and local perspective, thereby allowing data users apply local perspective definition for internal use and international perspective for comparisons across countries. International perspective takes into account the aspect of satisfying both being available and seeking work for persons not in employment to be considered unemployed whereas the local perspective adds the population in the potential labour

force to persons in unemployment to measure the unemployment. The population in the potential labour force are persons not in employment who are exclusively available for work plus persons who are exclusively seeking work. Furthermore, the persons in employment only constitutes those who are working for profit or pay (in cash or in kind).

For purposes of computing indicators of national unemployment rate in the Zambian context, the reference population used is the extended labour force, defined as the sum of the labour force plus the potential labour force.

Labour Force

The 2017 LFS shows that there were 3,398,294 persons in the labour force of which 427,125 were persons in unemployment while 2,971,169 persons were in employment. However, the extended labour force, inclusive of potential labour force was estimated at 5,049,059, in which case the potential labour force is considered as part of the persons in unemployment.

Labour Force and Potential Labour Force by Sex, Zambia

	Labour Force	Persons in employment	Persons in unemployment	Potential labour force
International perspective				
Total	3,398,294	2,971,169	427,125	
Male	2,041,306	1,797,957	243,349	
Female	1,356,988	1,173,212	183,776	
Local perspective				
			Persons in unemployment	
Total	5,049,059	2,971,169	427,125	1,650,764
Male	2,759,098	1,797,957	243,349	717,792
Female	2,289,961	1,173,212	183,776	932,972

Source: CSO, 2017 Labour Force Survey

Employed Persons by Type of Employment

Employment can either be formal or informal. Formal employment is defined as employment in which the job holder is entitled to any type of social security or some form of any legal registration on the part of own-account workers and employers, whereas informal employment relates to

employment in which the job holder does not have the above requirements.

Of the total employed persons, formal employment accounted for 36.9 percent (1,096,832) while informal employment accounted for 63.1 percent (1,874,337).

Among the formally employed persons, males accounted for 67.1 percent while females had 32.9 percent. The informally

employed persons had 56.7 percent male and 43.3 percent female.

Percentage Distribution of the Employed persons by Type of Employment Rural/Urban and Sex, Zambia 2017

Type of Employment	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
Total Employed Persons	2,971,169	60.5	39.5	1,192,712	60.8	39.2	1,778,458	60.3	39.7
Formal Employment	1,096,832	67.1	32.9	315,869	70.1	29.9	780,963	65.8	34.2
Informal Employment	1,874,337	56.7	43.3	876,843	57.5	42.5	997,495	55.9	44.1

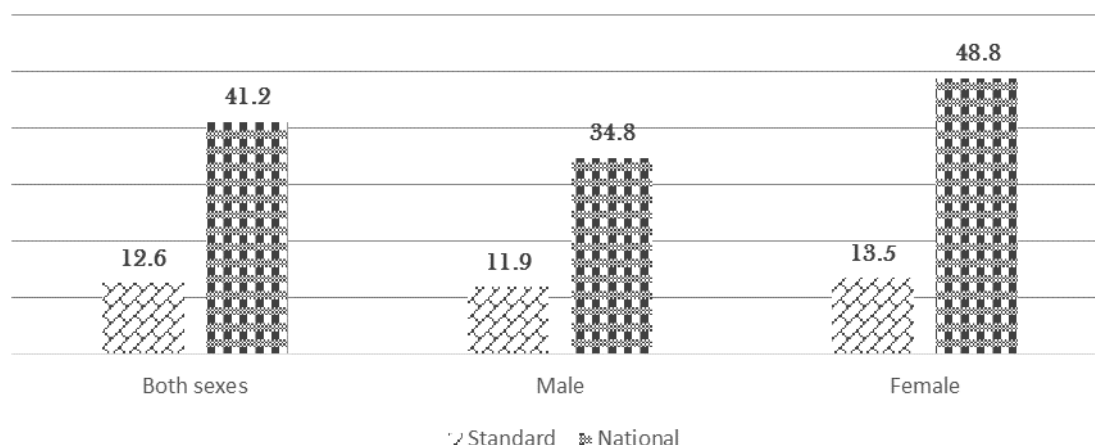
Source: CSO, 2017 Labour Force Survey

2017 Unemployment Rate

In 2017, the **standard unemployment rate** was estimated at 12.6 percent, whereas the combined rate of unemployment and potential labour force (*i.e. national unemployment rate*) was estimated at 41.2 percent.

Both standard and national unemployment rates for females were higher at 13.5 percent and 48.8 percent than that of males at 11.9 percent and 34.8 percent, respectively.

Unemployment Rate (standard and national) by Sex, Zambia 2017



Source: CSO, 2017 Labour Force Survey

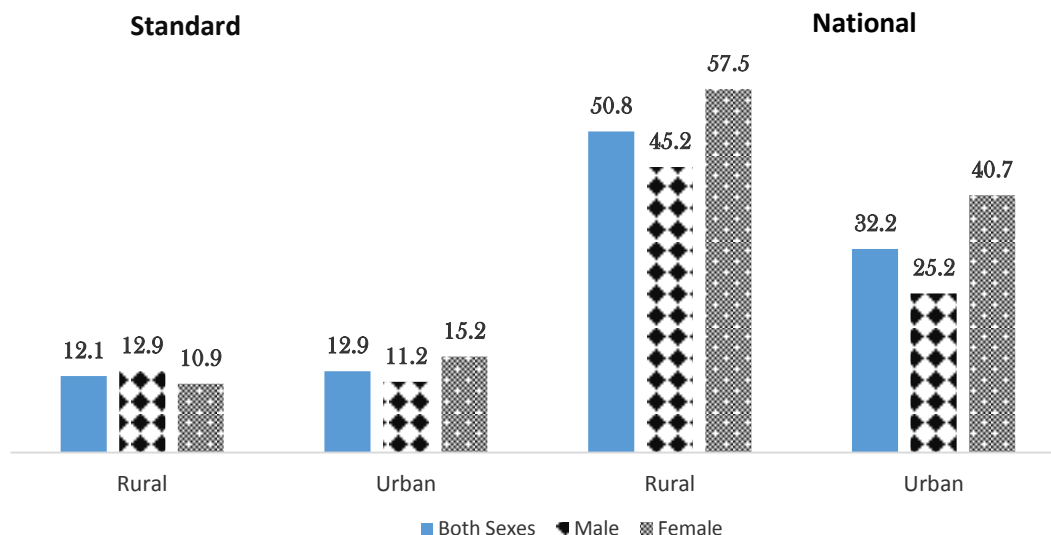
The total standard unemployment rate was higher in urban areas (12.9 percent) than in rural areas (12.1 percent). The unemployment

rate for females was lower in rural areas at 10.9 percent than in urban areas at 15.2 percent.

Rural areas recorded a higher national unemployment rate (**combined rate of unemployment and potential labour force**) of 50.8 percent compared to urban areas with 32.2 percent. In rural areas, female

unemployment rate was 57.5 percent compared to males at 45.2 percent. Similarly, female unemployment rate was high in urban areas at 40.7 percent compared to 25.2 percent for males.

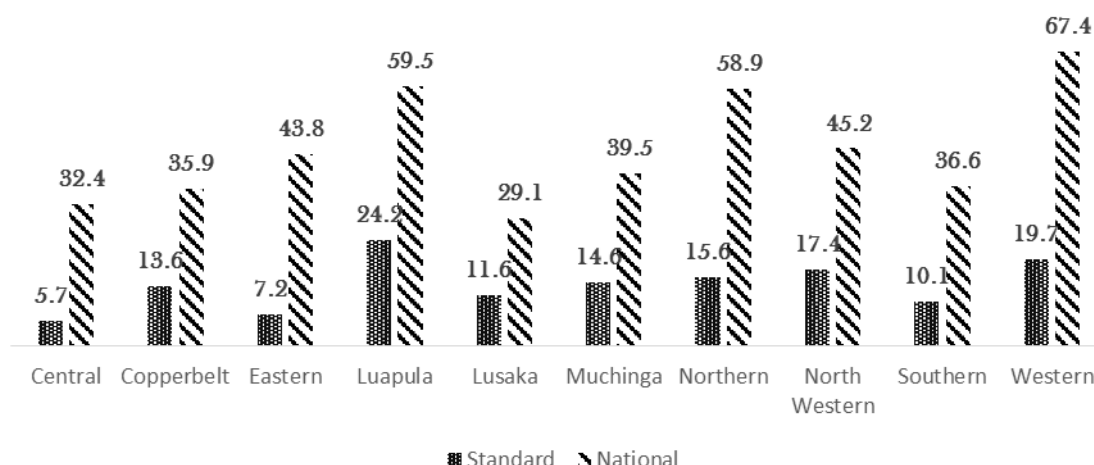
Unemployment Rate (*standard and national*) by Rural/Urban, Zambia 2017



Source: CSO, 2017 Labour Force Survey

Among provinces, Luapula Province recorded the highest unemployment rate (standard) of 24.2 percent whereas Central Province had the lowest unemployment rate of 5.7 percent. National unemployment rate was highest in Western Province at 67.4 percent and lowest in Lusaka Province at 29.1 percent.

Unemployment Rate (*standard and national*) by Province, Zambia 2017



Source: CSO, 2017 Labour Force Survey

Potential Labour Force

The 19th ICLS resolution defines the potential labour force as all persons of working age who, during the short reference period, were neither in employment nor in unemployment and: (a) carried out activities to “seek employment”, were not “currently available” but would become available within a short subsequent period established in the light of national circumstances (i.e. unavailable jobseekers); or (b) did not carry out activities to “seek employment”, but wanted employment and were “currently available” (i.e. discouraged jobseekers).

There was an estimated 1,650,765 persons in the potential labour force, out of which 1,067,508 persons were in rural areas and 583,262 persons were in urban areas. Furthermore, 932,972 persons of the potential

labour force were females and 717,792 were males.

Copperbelt Province had 14.3 percent of the total population in the potential labour force accounting for highest proportion, followed by Lusaka Province with 14.2 percent. Muchinga Province had 3.9 percent of the population in the potential labour force, accounting for the smallest proportion. The higher national unemployment rate observed in Western, Northern, Eastern and Luapula provinces may be attributed to the high volumes of potential labour force in the provinces of 12.6 percent, 13.3 percent, 11.8 percent and 9.6 percent, respectively. Despite hosting larger proportions of potential labour force, Copperbelt and Lusaka provinces have higher propensity of absorbing paid employment than other provinces.

Potential Labour Force by Rural/Urban and Sex, Zambia 2017

Province	Total		Rural	Urban	Male	Female
	Number	Percent				
Total	1,650,765	100.0	1,067,503	583,262	717,792	932,972
Central	124,700	7.6	93,459	31,241	64,331	60,369
Copperbelt	235,400	14.3	43,907	191,493	95,209	140,191
Eastern	194,162	11.8	175,583	18,579	94,695	99,466
Luapula	158,282	9.6	116,390	41,892	67,657	90,625
Lusaka	233,656	14.2	41,669	191,988	92,503	141,153
Muchinga	63,837	3.9	52,877	10,960	31,678	32,159
Northern	219,153	13.3	189,309	29,844	93,400	125,752
North Western	80,043	4.8	49,165	30,879	33,658	46,385
Southern	133,660	8.1	110,246	23,414	57,363	76,298
Western	207,872	12.6	194,899	12,973	87,298	120,574

Source: CSO, 2017 Labour Force Survey

DEFINITIONS

Labour force is the sum total of the employed and the unemployed persons at a given point in time.

Potential labour force is defined as all persons of working age who, during the short reference period, were neither in employment nor in unemployment and: (a) carried out activities to “seek employment”, were not “currently available” but would become available within a short subsequent period established in the light of national

circumstances (i.e. unavailable jobseekers); or (b) did not carry out activities to “seek

employment”, but wanted employment and were “currently available” (i.e. available potential jobseekers).

Work is defined as “any activity performed by persons of any sex and age to produce goods or to provide services for use by others or for own use”. It is categorized into the following:

1. **Own-use production work** - Activities intended to produce goods & services **mainly for own final use by household.**
2. **Employment work** - Activities intended to produce goods & services (for others in exchange) **for pay or profit.**
3. **Unpaid trainee work** - Activities intended to produce goods & services for others performed **without pay in order to acquire workplace experience or skills.**
4. **Volunteer work** - **Non-compulsory** activities performed **without pay** to produce goods and services **for others.**
5. **Other work activities, example,** compulsory activities performed **without pay** to produce goods & services **for others.**

Persons in employment are defined as all those of working age who, during a short reference period, were engaged in any activity to produce goods or provide services for pay or profit. They comprise:

- (a) employed persons "at work", i.e. who worked in a job for at least one hour;
- (b) employed persons "not at work" due to temporary absence from a job, or to working-time arrangements (such as shift work, flexitime and compensatory leave for overtime). "For pay or profit" refers to work done as part of a transaction in exchange for remuneration payable in the form of wages or salaries for time worked or work done, or in the form of profits derived from the goods and services produced through market transactions, specified in the most recent international statistical standards concerning employment-related income.

Included in employment are:

- (a) persons who work for pay or profit while on training or skills-enhancement activities required by the job or for another job in the same economic unit, such persons are considered as employed "at work" in accordance with the international statistical standards on working time;
- (b) apprentices, interns or trainees who work for pay in cash or in kind;

(c) persons who work for pay or profit through employment promotion programmes;

(d) persons who work in their own economic units to produce goods intended mainly for sale or barter, even if part of the output is consumed by the household or family;

(e) persons with seasonal jobs during the off season, if they continue to perform some tasks and duties of the job, excluding, however, fulfilment of legal or administrative obligations (e.g. pay taxes), irrespective of receipt of remuneration;

(f) persons who work for pay or profit payable to the household or family,

- (i) in market units operated by a family member living in the same or in another household; or

- (ii) performing tasks or duties of an employee job held by a family member living in the same or in another household;

(g) regular members of the armed forces and persons on military or alternative civilian service who perform this work for pay in cash or in kind.

Persons in unemployment are defined as all those of working age who were not in employment, carried out activities to seek employment during a specified recent period and were currently available to take up employment given a job opportunity, where:

- (a) "not in employment" is assessed with respect to the short reference period for the measurement of employment;

- (b) to "seek employment" refers to any activity when carried out, during a specified recent period comprising the last four weeks or one month, for the purpose of finding a job or setting up a business or agricultural undertaking. This includes also part-time, informal, temporary, seasonal or casual employment, within the national territory or abroad. Examples of such activities are: (i) arranging for financial resources, applying for permits, licences; (ii) looking for land, premises, machinery, supplies, farming inputs; (iii) seeking the

assistance of friends, relatives or other types of intermediaries; (iv) registering with or contacting public or private employment services; (v) applying to employers directly, checking at worksites, farms, factory gates, markets or other assembly places; (vi) placing or

answering newspaper or online job advertisements; (vii) placing or updating résumés on professional or social networking sites online;

Unemployment Rate: $[\text{persons in unemployment} / \text{labour force}] \times 100$.

SELECTED SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS

CONSUMER INDEX NUMBERS OF CONSUMER PRICES - FOOD AND NON-FOOD (NATIONAL) 2009 = 100				
Period	Month	Total	Food CPI	Non-Food CPI
Weight		1000.0	534.9	465.2
2014	January	136.32	131.60	141.74
	February	136.92	132.36	142.24
	March	138.67	134.09	143.95
	April	139.61	134.99	144.92
	May	140.85	136.02	146.41
	June	141.48	136.32	147.41
	July	142.57	136.24	149.85
	August	143.52	137.50	150.44
	September	143.87	137.75	150.91
	October	144.00	137.71	151.22
	November	144.63	138.45	151.73
	December	145.70	140.30	151.92
2015	January	146.76	141.28	153.07
	February	147.13	142.39	152.58
	March	148.63	143.79	154.20
	April	149.66	144.61	155.47
	May	150.62	145.81	156.15
	June	151.46	146.40	157.68
	July	152.64	146.95	159.19
	August	153.94	148.16	160.58
	September	155.00	148.95	161.95
	October	164.65	160.03	169.97
	November	172.86	170.85	175.18
	December	176.46	175.09	178.06
2016	January	178.70	177.88	179.65
	February	180.81	179.94	181.80
	March	181.68	181.52	181.86
	April	182.24	183.01	181.36
	May	182.68	183.39	181.85
	June	183.31	183.03	183.63
	July	183.43	183.36	183.52
	August	184.07	183.87	184.31
	September	184.22	183.85	184.64
	October	185.16	185.01	185.33
	November	188.00	186.58	189.64
	December	189.64	188.68	190.75
2017	January	191.28	190.96	191.64
	February	193.12	193.28	192.94
	March	193.78	193.74	193.83
	April	194.48	194.09	194.93
	May	194.62	194.22	195.09
	June	195.82	193.61	198.37
	July	195.60	193.13	198.43
	August	195.75	193.32	198.53
	September	196.33	193.06	200.10
	October	197.10	194.07	200.59
	November	199.84	195.62	204.69
	December	201.18	197.77	205.11
2018	January	203.15	199.69	207.13
	February	204.91	202.14	208.09
	March	207.62	204.90	210.75
	April	208.93	206.80	211.38
	May	209.08	207.61	212.39

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

INDEX NUMBERS OF CONSUMER PRICES: COMPOSITE (2009 WEIGHTS)

Period		All Items	Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	Clothing and Footwear	Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas, and Other Fuels	Furnishing, Household Equipment, Routine Hse Mtc	Health	Transport	Communication	Recreation and Culture	Education	Restaurant and Hotel	Miscellaneous Goods and Services
Weight:		1 000.00	534.85	15.21	80.78	114.11	82.36	8.15	58.08	12.94	13.84	26.62	3.37	49.69
2015	January	146.76	141.28	139.98	151.34	172.88	145.24	141.78	152.77	111.85	138.70	161.52	143.18	140.46
	February	147.13	142.39	139.67	152.49	172.10	146.03	143.49	146.18	111.88	139.52	162.03	143.43	141.51
	March	148.63	143.79	140.03	154.23	173.44	148.20	144.70	149.05	111.85	141054	162.09	145.01	142.80
	April	149.66	144.61	140.94	156.36	174.05	149.87	145.46	151.55	112.44	142.61	162.09	145.75	143.15
	May	150.62	145.81	141.44	157.16	174.65	151.12	147.85	150.65	112.47	143.51	164.26	146.65	143.85
	June	151.46	146.04	141.60	158.51	177.15	152.00	148.47	153.56	112.61	144.32	164.37	147.01	144.91
	July	152.64	146.95	143.16	160.31	179.35	153.01	149.49	156.67	113.13	144.76	164.50	147.64	145.90
	August	153.94	148.16	143.94	161.24	179.73	153.92	150.36	162.11	113.13	145.69	164.54	148.08	146.74
	September	155.00	148.95	144.94	161.79	180.06	154.88	150.39	169.16	113.13	145.85	164.56	149.27	147.65
	October	164.65	160.03	151.53	167.22	180.27	171.02	161.71	189.38	113.14	162.88	164.94	154.41	153.93
	November	172.86	170.85	159.55	176.94	180.36	179.38	167.97	191.82	117.10	173.78	165.62	158.04	161.79
	December	176.46	175.09	160.49	180.36	186.96	184.22	169.08	185.68	118.40	175.73	165.67	159.84	165.38
2016	January	178.70	177.88	162.35	181.50	183.06	185.67	168.89	190.09	117.99	173.83	188.30	163.09	167.86
	February	180.81	179.94	166.29	183.68	186.42	187.03	170.77	190.48	118.49	176.20	189.94	166.37	170.61
	March	181.68	181.52	168.50	185.57	184.83	188.75	171.32	187.23	118.64	176.19	190.59	165.20	171.60
	April	182.24	183.01	170.58	186.76	184.44	188.44	172.73	182.20	124.37	176.99	190.67	166.17	169.59
	May	182.68	183.39	172.39	186.40	186.07	189.88	171.68	190.22	124.65	174.27	191.24	163.43	171.18
	June	183.31	183.03	173.16	187.97	187.98	190.13	172.63	187.33	124.65	173.64	191.74	163.79	171.62
	July	183.43	183.36	173.83	188.88	188.28	190.02	172.81	184.72	124.98	174.73	191.74	164.48	170.98
	August	184.07	183.87	174.52	190.69	187.38	190.63	174.14	187.67	125.19	175.99	191.80	165.42	172.09
	September	184.22	183.85	174.47	191.90	187.74	190.09	173.87	188.32	125.23	175.88	191.80	165.56	172.62
	October	185.16	185.01	174.36	192.48	187.54	191.63	177.12	189.41	125.68	179.76	192.06	166.15	172.95
	November	188.00	186.58	175.23	193.60	191.19	194.11	177.45	209.59	125.86	182.10	192.06	167.31	174.26
	December	189.64	188.68	177.76	196.42	191.14	194.66	178.95	210.51	125.90	182.15	195.16	167.62	175.47
2017	January	191.28	190.96	178.38	198.38	192.51	195.14	179.31	207.35	127.34	183.06	202.15	168.81	175.65
	February	193.12	193.28	180.44	200.12	194.16	195.85	180.21	207.05	127.51	184.27	205.16	170.26	177.53
	March	193.78	193.74	180.27	202.15	195.86	197.30	181.30	204.20	127.56	185.23	205.75	170.92	178.74
	April	194.48	194.09	179.07	202.42	197.72	197.34	180.95	208.54	127.56	184.92	205.75	170.07	179.80
	May	194.62	194.22	180.11	203.17	198.17	197.82	180.86	205.95	127.58	185.41	205.75	171.08	180.76
	June	195.82	193.61	179.39	203.16	210.67	198.71	183.29	206.95	127.03	182.86	205.93	171.55	180.71
	July	195.60	193.13	179.68	204.79	210.88	198.99	183.50	205.05	127.03	182.26	205.70	171.99	180.02
	August	195.75	193.32	180.95	205.55	211.38	199.39	184.53	202.46	127.07	182.34	205.70	172.28	180.34
	September	196.33	193.06	182.42	206.68	218.07	197.94	183.53	201.83	127.07	180.21	205.59	170.56	181.45
	October	197.10	194.07	182.58	206.84	218.09	198.92	184.86	202.53	127.10	183.04	205.59	170.99	182.18
	November	199.84	195.62	184.42	209.53	222.09	202.48	185.98	213.18	128.11	194.97	205.59	172.49	184.27
	December	201.18	197.77	184.41	210.63	221.57	203.30	186.52	212.66	128.12	192.40	205.75	173.14	187.32
2018	January	203.15	199.69	185.35	212.94	225.43	204.73	189.23	211.09	128.35	194.98	209.84	174.96	189.19
	February	204.91	202.14	185.91	214.51	226.20	205.23	189.35	210.37	128.42	197.00	213.06	175.37	191.41
	March	207.62	204.90	186.48	215.72	228.94	206.67	188.94	222.32	128.42	194.25	212.75	174.73	192.57
	April	208.93	206.80	187.40	216.52	229.01	208.00	189.87	222.84	128.42	196.20	212.81	175.53	193.16
	May	209.83	207.61	188.47	217.10	229.52	208.80	190.72	226.78	129.57	195.42	112.92	176.16	193.84

CONSUMER PRICE INDICES (2009=100)

Year	Month	Annual CPI	Annual Inflation Rate
2011	September	117.01	6.6
2011	October	116.80	6.7
2011	November	116.94	6.4
2011	December	117.47	6.0
2012	January	118.77	6.4
2012	February	119.09	6.0
2012	March	120.84	6.4
2012	April	121.63	6.5
2012	May	122.11	6.6
2012	June	122.16	6.7
2012	July	123.06	6.2
2012	August	124.11	6.4
2012	September	124.72	6.6
2012	October	124.80	6.8
2012	November	125.04	6.9
2012	December	126.08	7.3
2013	January	127.08	7.0
2013	February	127.30	6.9
2013	March	128.81	6.6
2013	April	129.57	6.5
2013	May	130.67	7.0
2013	June	131.13	7.3
2013	July	131.99	7.3
2013	August	132.87	7.1
2013	September	133.41	7.0
2013	October	133.40	6.9
2013	November	133.82	7.0
2013	December	135.08	7.1
2014	January	136.32	7.3
2014	February	136.96	7.6
2014	March	138.67	7.7
2014	April	139.61	7.8
2014	May	140.85	7.8
2014	June	141.48	7.9
2014	July	142.57	8.0
2014	August	143.46	8.0
2014	September	143.87	7.8
2014	October	144.00	7.9
2014	November	144.63	8.1
2014	December	145.70	7.9
2015	January	146.76	7.7
2015	February	147.13	7.4
2015	March	148.63	7.2
2015	April	149.66	7.2
2015	May	150.62	6.9
2015	June	151.46	7.1
2015	July	152.64	7.1
2015	August	153.94	7.3
2015	September	155.00	7.7
2015	October	164.65	14.3
2015	November	172.86	19.5
2015	December	176.46	21.1
2016	January	178.70	21.8
2016	February	180.81	22.9
2016	March	181.68	22.2
2016	April	182.24	21.8
2016	May	182.68	21.3
2016	June	183.31	21.0
2016	July	183.43	20.2
2016	August	184.07	19.6
2016	September	184.22	18.9
2016	October	185.16	12.5
2016	November	188.00	8.8
2016	December	189.64	7.5
2017	January	191.28	7.0
2017	February	193.12	6.8
2017	March	193.74	6.7
2017	April	194.48	6.7
2017	May	194.62	6.5
2017	June	195.82	6.8
2017	July	195.60	6.6
2017	August	195.75	6.3
2017	September	196.33	6.6
2017	October	197.10	6.4
2017	November	199.84	6.3
2017	December	201.18	6.1
2018	January	203.15	6.2
2018	February	204.91	6.1
2018	March	207.62	7.1
2018	April	208.93	7.4
2018	May	209.03	7.8

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2018

Traditional and Non-Traditional Exports (K' Million) – January 2018 to April 2018

PERIOD	TE"s	NTE"s	TOTAL EXPORTS (fob)
Jan-18@	6 752.3	1 489.2	8 241.4
Feb-18@	6 906.1	1 598.0	8 504.1
Mar-18@	6 086.3	2 581.6	8 667.9
Quarter 1	19 744.7	5 668.7	25 413.4
Apr-18*	5 128.9	1 673.3	6 802.2
Total:	24 873.5	7 342.1	32 215.6

Total Exports by Selected Regional Groupings (K' Million) – January 2018 to April 2018

PERIOD	ASIA	COMESA	EU	SADC
Jan-18@	2 388.8	822.3	348.0	1 095.2
Feb-18@	2 528.6	789.0	160.4	1 508.8
Mar-18@	1 881.0	1 014.7	166.2	2 977.7
Quarter 1	6 798.4	2 626.0	674.7	5 581.7
Apr-18*	1 385.2	889.5	272.2	1 311.5
Total:	8 183.7	3 515.4	946.9	6 893.2

Total Exports Trade by Product Category, (Million) – January 2018 to April 2018

PERIOD	CONSUMER GOODS	RAW MATERIALS	INTERMEDIATE GOODS	CAPITAL GOODS	TOTAL EXPORTS (fob)
Jan-18@	529.6	247.2	7 312.5	152.2	8 241.4
Feb-18@	586.9	291.7	7 442.9	182.6	8 504.1
Mar-18@	531.3	226.6	7 690.6	219.4	8 667.9
Quarter 1	1 647.7	765.4	22 446.0	554.3	25 413.4
Apr-18*	516.0	194.8	5 910.8	180.5	6 802.2
Total:	2 163.8	960.3	28 356.8	734.8	32 215.6

Total Exports by Mode of Transport, K' Million and Tonnes– January 2018 to April 2018

PERIOD	ROAD TRANSPORT		RAIL TRANSPORT		AIR TRANSPORT		OTHER		TOTAL EXPORTS (fob)	
	Value	Tonnes	Value	Tonnes	Value	Tonnes	Value	Tonnes	Value	Tonnes
Jan-18@	6 303.2	313 278.2	6.7	3 714.5	277.2	419.5	1 654.4	109 408.2	8 241.4	426 820.4
Feb-18@	5 613.8	276 138.7	145.6	3 942.8	332.9	303.2	2 411.8	116 480.2	8 504.1	396 865.0
Mar-18@	6 365.4	284 565.4	9.7	2 816.1	234.4	594.9	2 058.3	126 620.1	8 667.9	414 596.5
Quarter 1	18 282.3	873 982.4	162.0	10 473.4	844.5	1 317.5	6 124.6	352 508.5	25 413.4	1 238 281.9
Apr-18*	4 976.5	288 114.5	11.9	3 110.3	290.6	405.5	1 523.2	114 980.0	6 802.2	406 610.3
Total:	23 258.8	1 162 096.9	173.9	13 583.8	1 135.1	1 723.0	7 647.8	467 488.5	32 215.6	1 644 892.2

Imports by Regional Groupings, (K' Million) – January 2018 to April 2018

PERIOD	ASIA	COMESA	EU	SADC
Jan-18@	3 488.4	2 237.6	536.3	4 394.9
Feb-18@	2 487.0	2 136.1	539.9	4 548.8
Mar-18@	2 474.7	2 099.6	591.8	4 546.7
Quarter 1	8 450.1	6 473.4	1 668.1	13 490.4
Apr-18*	2 566.4	2 656.7	588.3	5 049.6
Total:	11 016.6	9 130.1	2 256.4	18 540.0

Import Trade by Product Category, (K Million)– January 2018 to April 2018

PERIOD	CONSUMER GOODS	RAW MATERIALS	INTERMEDIATE GOODS	CAPITAL GOODS	IMPORTS (cif)
Jan-18@	2 749.8	1 252.6	1 991.2	2 994.1	8 987.7
Feb-18@	2 122.4	1 397.8	2 042.2	2 328.7	7 891.0
Mar-18@	1 876.2	1 158.8	2 299.7	2 694.3	8 028.9
Quarter 1	6 748.3	3 809.2	6 333.1	8 017.1	24 907.7
Apr-18*	1 918.9	1 336.8	2 518.9	2 840.5	8 615.1
Total:	8 667.2	5 146.0	8 851.9	10 857.6	33 522.7

Imports by Mode of Transport in K' Million and Tonnes – January 2018 to April 2018

PERIOD	ROAD TRANSPORT		RAIL TRANSPORT		AIR TRANSPORT		OTHER		IMPORTS (cif)	
	Value	Tonnes	Value	Tonnes	Value	Tonnes	Value	Tonnes	Value	Tonnes
Jan-18®	5 039.0	321 843.9	107.9	14 074.9	1 493.4	1 137.6	2 347.5	254 614.6	8 987.7	591 671.0
Feb-18®	5 187.2	307 902.6	109.3	20 181.5	392.2	833.4	2 202.3	230 247.3	7 891.0	559 164.8
Mar-18®	5 061.0	282 834.6	103.7	15 576.3	523.4	924.0	2 340.8	178 616.8	8 028.9	477 951.8
Quarter 1	15 287.2	912 581.1	320.8	49 832.7	2 409.0	2 895.0	6 890.6	663 478.7	24 907.7	1 628 787.6
Apr-18*	5 468.2	285 302.2	90.3	20 644.3	1 012.6	1 029.6	2 044.0	168 672.8	8 615.1	475 648.8
Total:	20 755.4	1 197 883.4	411.1	70 477.0	3 421.6	3 924.6	8 934.6	832 151.5	33 522.7	2 104 436.4

Zambia's Trade Flows In Absolute US \$ and Zambia Kwacha (ZMW) - 2000 to April 2018

Flow Year	Currency	Total Exports	Domestic Exports	Re-Exports	Imports	Trade Balance
		(fob)	(fob)	(fob)	(cif)	
2000	ZMW	2 716 557 648	2 680 166 733	36 390 915	2 751 563 200	(35 005 551.5)
	US \$	869 485 416	857 837 819	11 647 597	871 386 492	(1 901 076.0)
2001	ZMW	3 537 206 913	3 523 388 831	13 818 083	3 900 496 869	(363 289 956.1)
	US \$	978 788 277	974 964 645	3 823 632	1 079 955 769	(101 167 492.0)
2002	ZMW	4 069 916 925	4 045 881 105	24 035 820	4 732 881 915	(662 964 990.3)
	US \$	944 356 533	938 779 421	5 577 112	1 103 070 912	(158 714 379.0)
2003	ZMW	4 642 039 643	4 614 120 921	27 918 722	7 439 867 257	(2 797 827 613.4)
	US \$	979 298 782	973 408 964	5 889 818	1 573 309 968	(594 011 186.0)
2004	ZMW	7 526 280 116	7 460 407 702	65 872 413	10 279 302 826	(2 753 022 710.8)
	US \$	1 577 240 766	1 563 436 250	13 804 516	2 150 649 040	(573 408 274.0)
2005	ZMW	9 612 909 461	9 564 984 513	47 924 948	11 466 668 653	(1 853 759 192.0)
	US \$	2 176 641 598	2 165 790 000	10 851 599	2 579 688 391	(403 046 793.0)
2006	ZMW	13 410 945 234	13 388 136 276	22 808 958	11 049 770 813	2 361 174 421.1
	US \$	3 681 524 702	3 675 263 268	6 261 434	3 023 996 472	657 528 230.0
2007	ZMW	18 399 133 746	18 301 278 319	97 855 427	15 945 289 848	2 453 843 898.3
	US \$	4 617 454 325	4 592 896 486	24 557 839	4 006 980 387	610 473 938.0
2008	ZMW	18 653 009 287	17 951 197 614	701 811 673	18 476 489 240	176 520 047.0
	US \$	5 098 688 004	4 906 852 001	191 836 004	5 060 482 666	38 205 338.0
2009	ZMW	21 364 760 204	20 312 466 565	1 052 293 640	18 941 137 479	2 423 622 725.8
	US \$	4 312 054 540	4 099 669 869	212 384 671	3 792 642 675	519 411 865.0
2010	ZMW	34 500 051 458	32 876 095 550	1 623 955 908	25 507 487 313	8 992 564 145.1
	US \$	7 200 951 149	6 861 994 346	338 956 803	5 321 002 628	1 879 948 521.0
2011	ZMW	42 915 038 551	37 914 339 432	5 000 699 119	35 440 939 196	7 474 099 355.9
	US \$	8 829 248 544	7 800 415 368	1 028 833 176	7 279 139 877	1 550 108 667.0
2012	ZMW	48 206 165 818	44 580 859 222	3 625 306 596	45 275 938 876	2 930 226 942.1
	US \$	9 639 652 576	8 914 485 088	725 167 489	8 806 150 488	833 502 088.0
2013	ZMW	57 175 978 267	50 496 013 922	6 679 964 345	56 893 150 786	282 827 480.9
	US \$	10 606 851 708	9 365 214 841	1 241 636 867	10 574 109 887	32 741 821.5
2014	ZMW	59 613 355 510	49 682 504 458	9 930 851 052	61 089 142 431	(1 475 786 921.0)
	US \$	9 686 603 579	8 076 838 096	1 609 765 483	9 794 268 877	(107 665 297.4)
2015	ZMW	60 782 709 115	55 411 296 423	5 371 412 692	73 319 115 342	(12 536 406 226.4)
	US \$	7 045 669 151	6 462 796 013	582 873 139	8 472 823 586	(1 427 154 435.0)
2016	ZMW	67 223 106 880	64 083 731 911	3 139 374 969	77 683 936 815	(10 460 829 934.5)
	US \$	6 512 804 843	6 211 599 310	301 205 532	7 537 601 976	(1 024 797 133.1)
2017	ZMW	77 911 609 997	75 300 910 798	2 610 699 199	83 655 009 595	(5 743 399 598.2)
	US \$	8 157 638 727	7 881 876 585	275 762 142	8 774 833 148	(617 194 421.5)
2018-(JAN-APR)	ZMW	32 215 618 362	31 590 523 313	625 095 049	33 522 723 666	(1 307 105 304.0)
	US \$	3 304 285 252	3 240 060 499	64 224 753	3 442 936 802	(138 651 549.5)

Central Government Expenditure on Economic Affairs, Health and Education, 2013 - 2016

	Expenditure Type	2013	Share	2014	Share	2015	Share	2016	Share
7041	General Economic, Commercial and Labour Affairs	310.29	9.6	815.50	16.4	1,026.64	14.6	901.75	15.4
7042	Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	2,017.87	62.5	3,340.04	67.1	5,024.68	71.5	3,511.74	60.0
7043	Fuel and Energy	58.49	1.8	16.12	0.3	8.32	0.1	120.11	2.1
7044	Mining, Manufacturing and Construction	192.70	6.0	261.73	5.3	102.89	1.5	87.68	1.5
7045	Transport	323.60	10.0	218.84	4.4	522.42	7.4	15.15	0.3
7046	Communication	9.31	0.3	14.36	0.3	17.89	0.3	10.90	0.2
7047	Other Industries	84.66	2.6	31.16	0.6	28.63	0.4	20.79	0.4
7048	R&D Economic Affairs	40.26	1.2	37.65	0.8	34.52	0.5	24.24	0.4
7049	Economic Affairs nec	190.01	5.9	243.97	4.9	258.99	3.7	1,164.06	19.9
Total Economic Affairs		3,227.17	10.1	4,979.36	12.6	7,024.97	14.3	5,856.43	11.3
7072	Outpatient services	1,338.07	72.9	1,821.67	72.6	2,104.83	80.8	3,701.73	89.7
7073	Hospital Services	6.19	0.3	3.22	0.1	2.58	0.1	2.43	0.1
7075	R&D Health	-	0.0	85.73	3.4	17.23	0.7	6.39	0.2
7076	Health nec	491.53	26.8	597.87	23.8	479.27	18.4	415.73	10.1
Total Health		1,835.79	5.8	2,508.48	6.3	2,603.91	5.3	4,126.27	8.0
7091	Pre-primary and Primary education	2,806.08	53.5	4,316.99	53.3	6,165.14	74.7	5,778.87	73.7
7092	Secondary education	1,258.06	24.0	2,026.72	25.0	1,800.95	21.8	1,417.89	18.1
7094	Tertiary education	120.61	2.3	184.38	2.3	170.33	2.1	156.20	2.0
7096	Subsidiary services to education	3.48	0.1	7.66	0.1	50.37	0.6	0.03	0.0
7098	Education nec	1,054.19	20.1	1,569.19	19.4	69.20	0.8	487.46	6.2
Total Education		5,242.42	16.5	8,104.94	20.5	8,255.99	16.8	7,840.45	15.1
Total Expenditure (K'000)		31,853.61		39,529.24		49,004.72		51,815.51	

PRELIMINARY INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION FOR THE THIRD QUARTER OF 2017															
PERIOD	TOTAL INDEX	MINING				MANUFACTURING									TOTAL ELECTRICITY
		TOTAL MINING	Coal	Non-ferrous Ore	Stone Quarrying	TOTAL MANUFACTURING	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Textile, Clothing & Leather	Wood & Wood Products	Paper & Paper Products	Chemicals, Rubbers & Plastics	Non-metallic Mineral Products	Basic Metal Industries	Fabricated Metal Products	
WEIGHT	1.000	0.350	0.005	0.242	0.103	0.511	0.235	0.060	0.006	0.017	0.059	0.025	0.009	0.100	0.139
2010 Q1	180.1	287.0	0.0	272.7	333.4	117.2	146.0	26.3	248.2	136.4	136.9	150.8	80.3	75.8	142.4
2010 Q2	186.9	273.4	0.0	261.7	312.9	138.5	193.6	22.8	261.2	171.5	98.6	189.8	84.8	80.6	147.2
2010 Q3	190.1	272.4	0.0	261.9	308.9	146.7	204.6	3.5	177.9	120.2	87.5	199.6	78.4	126.7	142.5
2010 Q4	193.1	260.6	0.0	248.3	301.0	160.2	230.3	3.6	183.4	159.9	90.8	211.1	55.4	125.4	144.2
2010	187.5	273.3	0.0	261.1	314.1	140.6	193.6	14.0	217.7	147.0	103.5	187.8	74.7	102.1	144.1
2011 Q1	193.9	307.0	0.0	297.0	343.9	125.1	153.0	14.1	261.7	169.3	154.5	178.8	79.0	83.5	162.4
2011 Q2	197.8	279.8	0.0	264.5	328.1	152.0	212.4	4.5	275.3	184.1	99.0	233.1	83.6	101.9	159.9
2011 Q3	198.3	260.7	0.0	226.1	353.6	166.3	227.5	3.4	194.8	149.5	91.5	253.0	77.3	151.2	159.0
2011 Q4	202.0	255.4	0.0	227.3	332.6	178.8	253.2	3.4	192.3	193.5	98.7	274.1	56.2	139.9	152.9
2011	198.0	275.7	0.0	253.7	339.5	155.6	211.5	6.4	231.0	174.1	110.9	234.7	74.0	119.1	158.6
2012 Q1	195.8	277.3	0.0	248.2	357.8	148.4	186.0	13.0	276.4	197.9	174.4	235.4	82.6	93.4	165.0
2012 Q2	195.2	255.4	33.4	223.0	341.2	160.7	222.4	3.9	280.6	212.7	111.6	246.1	99.5	106.4	170.9
2012 Q3	204.4	280.8	22.0	252.1	359.6	164.2	236.6	3.6	207.0	178.0	98.2	257.7	88.8	107.5	160.0
2012 Q4	208.2	269.0	75.6	234.2	359.1	178.8	261.1	5.8	199.3	206.1	104.4	275.9	66.5	112.9	163.6
2012	200.9	270.6	32.8	239.4	354.4	163.0	226.5	6.6	240.8	198.7	122.1	253.8	84.4	105.0	164.9
2013 Q1	206.8	292.9	50.7	263.5	372.7	153.8	191.9	15.8	261.9	233.5	188.4	241.5	88.6	90.4	185.2
2013 Q2	200.8	266.4	57.8	234.2	351.4	162.4	229.7	4.6	279.8	220.4	121.9	251.1	104.2	88.7	176.4
2013 Q3	215.0	280.2	118.9	247.4	364.5	180.3	252.3	3.9	207.7	180.1	117.1	270.6	93.5	137.4	178.6
2013 Q4	222.0	279.6	230.6	245.8	361.0	196.1	289.9	5.8	199.4	247.3	107.4	269.5	72.3	125.9	172.4
2013	211.1	279.8	114.5	247.7	362.4	173.2	240.9	7.5	237.2	220.3	133.7	258.2	89.6	110.6	178.1
2014 Q1	214.1	300.3	158.6	264.5	390.8	159.1	196.1	11.0	267.8	230.7	193.5	282.5	111.4	94.9	199.2
2014 Q2	204.5	243.0	109.5	198.3	354.0	179.0	258.5	4.1	284.1	224.6	127.3	270.4	120.2	95.9	201.1
2014 Q3	215.5	271.6	215.0	231.6	368.0	185.1	259.8	2.7	208.0	196.3	135.7	273.3	89.8	130.8	186.1
2014 Q4	220.6	268.8	223.7	227.8	367.1	197.1	290.9	2.1	201.0	243.3	104.8	281.2	90.0	128.7	185.8
2014	213.7	270.9	176.7	230.5	370.0	180.1	251.3	5.0	240.2	223.7	140.3	276.9	102.9	112.6	193.0
2015 Q1	215.3	288.7	109.5	248.1	392.0	168.3	205.8	5.4	287.3	243.4	198.6	296.4	117.5	112.4	203.4
2015 Q2	215.1	269.8	49.3	235.9	359.1	184.5	268.9	2.9	287.8	189.5	148.1	297.6	120.2	87.0	190.0
2015 Q3	210.4	269.6	52.0	228.3	376.4	185.7	247.6	2.1	214.2	179.9	153.2	286.0	113.9	149.8	152.2
2015 Q4	215.7	257.7	34.1	214.9	368.2	204.7	295.3	2.7	202.3	241.3	148.4	346.2	98.4	114.1	150.4
2015	214.1	271.4	61.2	231.8	373.9	185.8	254.4	3.3	247.9	213.5	162.1	306.5	112.5	115.8	174.0
2016 Q1	212.5	304.0	24.5	270.2	395.8	168.8	202.1	4.8	280.7	242.8	194.7	347.2	118.0	113.9	143.2
2016 Q2	221.0	287.5	31.7	255.9	373.1	194.4	270.0	2.9	274.7	217.1	165.4	369.5	116.7	102.8	151.4
2016 Q3	219.2	288.0	40.5	258.6	367.9	191.7	255.3	2.1	220.3	190.2	162.9	399.2	108.6	126.6	147.3
2016 Q1+Q2+Q3	217.6	293.2	32.3	261.5	378.9	185.0	242.4	3.3	258.6	216.7	174.3	372.0	114.4	114.4	147.3
2016 Q4	220.8	271.8	48.8	234.1	370.0	204.7	295.1	2.6	206.7	254.6	161.9	359.7	100.2	100.6	151.9
2016	221.3	287.8	36.4	254.7	376.7	189.9	255.6	3.1	245.6	226.2	171.2	368.9	110.9	111.0	169.6
2017 Q1	214.4	292.9	26.8	253.5	397.2	170.1	207.4	5.0	288.2	219.7	209.4	361.1	122.1	98.8	179.8
2017 Q2	233.4	298.2	45.3	267.0	382.6	200.1	271.0	3.6	250.3	223.2	178.0	412.4	130.0	110.4	192.4

2017 Q3**	224.8	284.0	59.3	250.2	373.2	192.4	265.7	3.8	225.5	224.7	159.3	425.4	104.0	94.5	194.9
2017 Q1+Q2+Q3**	224.2	291.7	43.8	256.9	384.3	187.6	248.1	4.1	254.7	222.5	182.2	399.6	118.7	101.3	189.0
YEAR-ON-YEAR PERCENTAGE CHANGES e.g. (Q2 2005/Q2 2004-1)*100															
2012	1.5	-1.9	0.0	-5.7	4.4	4.8	7.1	3.5	4.2	14.1	10.1	8.1	13.9	-11.8	4.0
2013 Q1	5.7	5.6	-	6.2	4.2	3.7	3.2	21.8	(5.3)	18.0	8.0	2.6	7.2	(3.3)	12.2
2013 Q2	2.8	4.3	72.9	5.0	3.0	1.1	3.3	18.6	(0.3)	3.6	9.2	2.1	4.7	(16.6)	3.2
2013 Q3	5.2	(0.2)	439.7	(1.9)	1.3	9.8	6.6	6.2	0.3	1.2	19.3	5.0	5.2	27.8	11.6
2013 Q4	6.6	4.0	204.9	5.0	0.5	9.7	11.0	0.4	0.0	20.0	2.9	-2.3	8.7	11.6	5.4
2013	5.1	3.4	249.4	3.5	2.2	6.2	6.4	14.4	(1.5)	10.9	9.5	1.7	6.2	5.3	8.0
2014 Q1	3.5	2.5	212.6	0.4	4.8	3.4	2.2	(30.3)	2.3	(1.2)	2.7	17.0	25.8	5.1	7.6
2014 Q2	1.9	(8.8)	89.4	(15.3)	0.7	10.2	12.5	(12.2)	1.6	1.9	4.5	7.7	15.4	8.0	14.0
2014 Q3	0.2	(3.1)	80.8	(6.4)	1.0	2.7	3.0	(29.7)	0.2	9.0	15.9	1.0	(3.9)	(4.8)	4.2
2014 Q4	(0.6)	(3.9)	(3.0)	(7.4)	1.7	0.5	0.3	(63.8)	0.8	(1.6)	(2.4)	4.3	24.6	2.2	7.8
2014	1.2	-3.2	54.3	-6.9	2.1	4.0	4.3	(33.9)	1.3	1.5	5.0	7.2	14.8	1.8	8.4
2015 Q1	0.6	(3.9)	(31.0)	(6.2)	0.3	5.8	5.0	(51.4)	7.3	5.5	2.6	4.9	5.5	18.3	2.1
2015 Q2	5.2	11.0	(54.9)	19.0	1.4	3.1	4.0	(28.0)	1.3	(15.6)	16.3	10.1	-	(9.2)	(5.5)
2015 Q3	(2.4)	(0.7)	(75.8)	(1.5)	2.3	0.3	(4.7)	(21.7)	3.0	(8.4)	12.9	4.6	26.7	14.5	(18.2)
2015 Q4	(2.2)	(4.1)	(84.8)	(5.7)	0.3	3.8	1.5	29.1	0.7	(0.8)	41.6	23.1	9.3	(11.4)	(19.1)
2015	0.2	0.2	(65.3)	0.5	1.1	3.2	1.2	(34.0)	3.2	(4.6)	15.5	10.7	9.3	2.9	(9.9)
2016 Q1	(1.3)	5.3	(77.6)	8.9	1.0	0.3	(1.8)	(10.6)	(2.3)	(0.3)	(2.0)	17.1	0.4	1.4	(29.6)
2016 Q2	2.7	6.6	(35.7)	8.5	3.9	5.3	0.4	(2.1)	(4.5)	14.6	11.7	24.1	(2.9)	18.2	(20.3)
2016 Q3	4.2	6.8	(22.1)	13.3	(2.2)	3.3	3.1	0.4	2.8	5.8	6.3	39.6	(4.6)	(15.5)	(3.3)
2016 Q4	2.4	5.5	43.1	9.0	0.5	0.0	(0.1)	(6.0)	2.2	5.5	9.1	3.9	1.8	(11.8)	1.0
2016	3.4	6.0	(40.6)	9.9	0.7	2.2	0.5	(6.0)	(0.9)	5.9	5.6	20.3	(1.4)	(4.2)	(2.5)
2017 Q1	0.9	(3.7)	9.4	(6.2)	0.3	0.8	2.7	4.2	2.6	(9.5)	7.6	4.0	3.5	(13.2)	25.6
2017 Q2	5.6	3.7	42.9	4.4	2.6	2.9	0.4	25.9	(8.9)	2.8	7.6	11.6	11.4	7.4	27.1
2017 Q3**	2.6	(1.4)	46.4	(3.2)	1.4	0.4	4.1	78.8	2.4	18.1	(2.2)	6.6	(4.2)	(25.4)	32.3
2017 Q1+Q2+Q3**	3.0	(0.5)	35.9	(1.8)	1.4	1.4	2.3	26.9	(1.5)	2.7	4.5	7.4	3.7	(11.5)	28.4
** Preliminary															

QUARTERLY SELECTED OUTPUTS : 2000 - 2017 4th Quarter

		Copper	Coal	cement	Electricity Generation
		(Metric tonnes)	(Metric tonnes)	(Metric tonnes)	Mega Watts/Hour
2000	TOTAL	259,573	169,686	335,386	7,798,532
2001	TOTAL	325,266	112,641	309,268	8,981,392
2002	TOTAL	337,743	84,047	343,273	8,299,900
2003	TOTAL	353,594	75,516	423,791	8,310,241
2004	TOTAL	422,181	102,340	512,281	8,061,213
2005	TOTAL	465,002	148,912	581,292	8,569,317
2006	TOTAL	515,618	64,849	549,818	9,681,319
2007	TOTAL	560,731	14,058	530,611	9,740,907
2008	TOTAL	575,037	3,493	577,560	9,534,001
2009	TOTAL	698,646	55,983	830,472	10,316,899
2010	TOTAL	767,008		792,294	11,235,226
2011	TOTAL	739,759		1,126,772	12,359,000
2012	TOTAL	721,446	51,422	1,179,025	12,850,308
2013	TOTAL	763,805	176,088	1,272,467	13,696,000
2014	Quarter 1	179,449	74,545	359,870	3,458,244
	Quarter 2	145,205	42,174	351,961	3,523,606
	Quarter 3	193,416	78,973	387,157	3,572,523
	Quarter 4	190,189	82,181	416,022	3,496,023
	TOTAL	708,259	277,873	1,515,010	14,050,395
2015	Quarter 1	166,131	51,462	356,405	3,678,961
	Quarter 2	174,398	20,356	364,177	3,690,117
	Quarter 3	190,611	19,098	398,730	3,378,465
	Quarter 4	179,720	12,523	511,813	2,745,125
	TOTAL	710,860	103,439	1,631,125	13,492,668
2016	Quarter 1	183,321	8,181	421,274	2,601,386
	Quarter 2	189,182	13,081	482,820	2,917,776
	Quarter 3	202,571	18,110	536,831	3,080,196
	Quarter 4	195,524	17,921	512,573	3,019,173
	TOTAL	770,598	57,293	1,953,498	11,618,531
2017	Quarter 1	172,676	12,615	445,863	3,244,604
	Quarter 2	198,608	18,691	522,009	3,684,039
	Quarter 3	210,049	21,798	605,029	3,691,030
	Quarter 4	215,932	17,704	662,649	3,701,856
	TOTAL	797,266	70,808	2,235,550	14,321,529

POPULATION 2000 TO 2010											
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Total Population	9,885,591	10,089,492	10,409,441	10,744,380	11,089,691	11,441,461	11,798,678	12,160,516	12,525,791	12,896,830	13,092,666
Population Growth Rate	2.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3	3	2.9	2.9	2.8
Life Expectancy at Birth	50	51.8	51.9	52.4	52.4	52.6	51.9	51.4	51.3	51.2	-
POPULATION BY PROVINCE											
Central	1,012,257	1,032,574	1,066,992	1,103,387	1,141,256	1,180,124	1,219,980	1,260,491	1,301,776	1,343,835	1,307,111
Copperbelt	1,581,221	1,611,569	1,662,155	1,714,225	1,767,165	1,820,443	1,874,081	1,927,576	1,980,824	2034012	1,972,317
Eastern**	1,231,283	1,348,070	1,391,690	1,436,120	1,482,290	1,530,118	1,579,960	1,631,890	1,684,910	1,740,180	1,592,661
Luapula	775,353	791,067	817,326	845,076	873,969	903,746	934,317	965,605	997,579	1,030,572	991,927
Lusaka	1,391,329	1,413,010	1,453,690	1,495,730	1,538,000	1,579,769	1,620,730	1,660,070	1,697,730	1,733,830	2,191,225
Muchinga*	524,186	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	711,657
Northern**	809,400	1,277,250	1,315,650	1,357,540	1,401,340	1,445,730	1,490,330	1,534,170	1,577,310	1,619,980	1,105,824
North-western	583,350	596,010	616,496	638,004	660,322	683,367	707,074	731,351	756,261	781,800	727,044
Southern	1,212,124	1,235,134	1,275,470	1,318,161	1,362,382	1,407,433	1,453,324	1,499,462	1,545,880	1,592,864	1,589,926
Western	765,088	774,929	795,247	816,983	839,757	863,294	887,540	912,226	937,419	963,107	902,974

Source: CSO, Population Projections Report

Note: 2000 figures are from the 2000 Census of Population and Housing while the 2001 to 2009 figures are Population Projections from the Projections Report. The 2010 figures are final 2010 Census of Population and Housing figures.

*Muchinga was created in 2011

**2000 Census figures were adjusted following the new provincial demarcations

TOTAL POPULATION BY RURAL/URBAN RESIDENCE, PROVINCE OF RESIDENCE AND YEAR OF PROJECTION, 2010-2025, ZAMBIA (MEDIUM VARIANT PROJECTION)																
Province and Rural/Urban	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total	13,092,666	13,718,722	14,145,327	14,580,290	15,023,315	15,473,905	15,933,883	16,405,229	16,887,720	17,381,168	17,885,422	18,400,556	18,926,743	19,464,164	20,013,159	20,574,138
Rural	7,919,216	8,155,510	8,364,391	8,575,072	8,787,529	9,001,647	9,218,734	9,440,264	9,666,402	9,897,231	10,132,811	10,373,392	10,619,411	10,871,336	11,129,714	11,395,104
Urban	5,173,450	5,563,212	5,780,936	6,005,218	6,235,786	6,472,258	6,715,149	6,964,965	7,221,318	7,483,937	7,752,611	8,027,164	8,307,332	8,592,828	8,883,445	9,179,034
Central	1,307,111	1,355,775	1,394,423	1,433,860	1,474,093	1,515,086	1,556,974	1,599,884	1,643,810	1,688,726	1,734,601	1,781,446	1,829,283	1,878,145	1,928,094	1,979,202
Copperbelt	1,972,317	2,143,413	2,195,878	2,249,824	2,305,258	2,362,207	2,420,678	2,480,657	2,542,132	2,605,116	2,669,635	2,735,763	2,803,519	2,872,875	2,943,829	3,016,344
Eastern	1,592,661	1,628,880	1,673,989	1,719,803	1,766,300	1,813,445	1,861,491	1,910,782	1,961,269	2,012,895	2,065,590	2,119,331	2,174,115	2,229,946	2,286,873	2,344,980
Luapula	991,927	1,015,629	1,043,241	1,071,074	1,099,151	1,127,453	1,156,160	1,185,446	1,215,294	1,245,682	1,276,608	1,308,050	1,340,032	1,372,622	1,405,871	1,439,877
Lusaka	2,191,225	2,362,967	2,461,932	2,564,058	2,669,249	2,777,439	2,888,575	3,002,530	3,119,190	3,238,430	3,360,183	3,484,394	3,610,977	3,739,872	3,870,981	4,004,276
Muchinga	711,657	749,449	785,300	821,564	858,179	895,058	932,668	971,547	1,011,655	1,052,996	1,095,535	1,139,277	1,184,232	1,230,373	1,277,711	1,326,222
Northern	1,105,824	1,146,392	1,185,159	1,224,443	1,264,212	1,304,435	1,345,412	1,387,443	1,430,543	1,474,730	1,520,004	1,566,369	1,613,869	1,662,536	1,712,448	1,763,638
North Western	727,044	746,982	768,262	789,836	811,706	833,818	856,286	879,229	902,631	926,485	950,789	975,559	1,000,815	1,026,614	1,053,004	1,080,072
Southern	1,589,926	1,642,757	1,694,370	1,746,791	1,799,885	1,853,464	1,907,784	1,963,206	2,019,696	2,077,229	2,135,794	2,195,416	2,256,160	2,318,098	2,381,333	2,445,929
Western	902,974	926,478	942,773	959,037	975,282	991,500	1,007,855	1,024,505	1,041,500	1,058,879	1,076,683	1,094,951	1,113,741	1,133,083	1,153,015	1,173,598

**NATIONAL FOOD BALANCE FOR ZAMBIA FOR THE 2017/2018 AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SEASON
BASED ON THE 2016/2017 MOA/CSO CROP FORECASTING SURVEY AND MOA/CSO/PRIVATE SECTOR UTILIZATION
ESTIMATES (METRIC TONNES)**

Maize		Paddy rice	Wheat (Preliminary)	Sorghum & Millet	Sweet and Irish potatoes	Cassava flour	Total (maize equivalent)
A. Availability:							
(i) Opening stocks (1st May 2017) ^{1/}	569,317	353	54,522	944	0	13	624,321
(ii) Total production (2016/17) ^{2/}	3,606,549	38,423	193,713	49,903	238,426	923,796	4,816,094
Total availability	4,175,866	38,776	248,235	50,847	238,426	923,808	5,440,415
B. Requirements:							
(i) Staple food requirements:							
Human consumption ^{3/}	1,632,348	73,855	385,314	45,852	226,505	763,313	2,908,535
Strategic Reserve Stocks (net) ^{4/}	500,000	0	0	0	0	0	500,000
(ii) Industrial requirements:							
Stockfeed ^{5/}	270,807	0	0	0	0	0	270,807
Breweries ^{6/}	121,275	0	0	0	0	0	121,275
Grain retained for other uses ^{7/}	92,592	3,000	0	2,500	0	0	97,933
(iii) Losses ^{8/}	180,327	1,921	9,686	2,495	11,921	46,190	240,805
(iv) Structural cross-border trade ^{9/}	200,000						200,000
Total requirements	2,997,350	78,776	395,000	50,847	238,426	809,503	4,339,354
C. Surplus/deficit (A-B) ^{10/}	1,178,516	-40,000	-146,765	0	0	114,305	1,101,060
D. Potential Commercial exports ^{11/}	-1,178,516	40,000	146,765	0	0	0	0
E. Food aid import requirements ^{12/}	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Notes:							
1/ Stocks held by commodity traders, millers, brewers, FRA, DMMU and commercial and small scale farmers as at 1st May 2017							
2/ Production estimates by MoA/CSO. Cassava production is based on the total area under cassava, using an annual yield figure of 11.7 tonnes per hectare (MAFF Root and Tuber Improvement Programme, 1996). A flour extraction rate of 25% is used.							
3/ Human staple food consumption represents 70% (1,470 kCal/person/day, CSO) of total diet (2,100 kCal/person/day, National Food and Nutrition Commission), for the national population of 16.1 million people (based on CSO Census projections with 2017 and 2018 average population used).The food balance shows an overall surplus of staple foods. Food prices may affect the level of food consumption.							
4/National strategic requirements expected to be carried over into the next season by FRA. (this amount of 500,000 Mt includes equivalent to 3 months cover)							
5/Estimated requirements by major stockfeed producers.							
6/Estimated requirements by industrial breweries							
7/Estimated retention of grain for other uses by smallholders.							
8/ Post-harvest losses are estimated at 5% for grains, sweet potatoes and cassava, in line with estimates from other SADC countries.							
9/ Structural exports represents cross-border trade, mostly to the DRC, that occurs on a continuing basis and that is likely to occur during the 2017/18 marketing season. It does not include Formal trade.							
10/ Expected surpluses or deficits that arise after meeting minimum overall staple human consumption requirements as well as industrial requirements. The total surplus/deficit is expressed as maize equivalent using energy values.							
The rice deficit is based on a 3 year rolling average of what is known to be imported each year, as indicated under D.							
11/ Commercial imports/exports represent expected regional and international trade by the private sector. For cassava, the surplus represents cassava that is still in the ground and may not necessarily be harvested							
12/ Total estimated requirement for food relief among vulnerable groups, to be imported. This could be met with maize or other grains.							

Gross Value Added growth rates by Industry at constant 2010 prices, Q1 2015 to Q4 2017

Gross Value Added by Industry at constant 2010 prices, Q1 2016 TO Q4 2017												
KIND OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY	2015				2016				2017			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1*	Q2*	Q3*	Q4*	Q1*	Q2*	Q3*	Q4**
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	2,866.9	2,320.9	1,421.8	2,540.1	2,956.7	2,299.1	1,433.0	2,801.2	3,476.9	2,646.1	1,655.4	3,285.6
Mining and quarrying	3,038.1	3,111.7	3,375.0	3,192.0	3,288.2	3,352.5	3,553.0	3,449.1	3,120.2	3,493.7	3,675.8	3,762.4
Manufacturing	2,481.2	2,545.6	2,576.2	2,584.2	2,511.2	2,657.6	2,620.4	2,593.3	2,556.2	2,831.9	2,688.4	2,760.5
Electricity	560.2	562.0	515.7	421.4	394.9	443.5	475.4	465.3	496.0	563.6	569.6	479.3
Water supply	87.1	89.0	87.9	88.5	84.5	85.6	84.7	85.8	86.0	82.4	78.8	80.5
Construction	3,037.3	2,880.9	2,993.9	3,715.5	3,334.8	3,245.3	3,469.0	3,868.8	3,422.5	3,459.1	3,984.5	3,946.1
Wholesale and retail trade	6,281.8	6,881.0	7,730.6	7,738.6	6,331.8	6,707.9	7,652.1	7,918.6	6,449.4	6,625.6	7,642.7	8,088.7
Transportation and storage	1,239.7	954.8	1,167.8	1,019.8	1,145.2	940.7	1,110.0	1,090.8	1,235.5	1,022.8	1,175.0	1,187.3
Accommodation and food	502.7	612.7	602.7	647.9	499.8	605.7	616.7	673.7	500.8	658.3	674.3	706.4
Information and communication	876.9	1,001.0	1,258.2	1,189.2	931.2	1,545.9	1,450.6	1,151.8	647.2	1,200.7	1,415.0	1,145.8
Financial and insurance activities	1,099.7	1,095.8	1,264.0	1,394.7	1,157.5	1,152.9	1,149.8	1,279.8	1,148.0	1,156.6	1,138.6	1,328.1
Real estate activities	1,062.1	1,069.7	1,077.6	1,085.8	1,094.7	1,103.5	1,112.4	1,121.3	1,130.4	1,139.6	1,139.6	1,148.9
Professional, scientific and technical	581.9	547.9	504.3	562.1	611.2	579.3	549.0	597.9	635.0	627.3	582.1	662.9
Administrative and support service	273.3	280.5	280.1	295.0	292.2	297.9	298.1	300.6	297.5	317.2	319.0	326.1
Public administration and defense	1,526.9	1,527.8	1,531.2	1,593.1	1,680.7	1,685.7	1,701.5	1,711.3	1,752.2	1,770.9	1,722.7	1,726.7
Education	2,326.1	2,313.1	2,302.4	2,340.0	2,422.2	2,428.0	2,436.6	2,432.3	2,617.8	2,615.3	2,633.5	2,505.3
Human health and social work	414.9	414.1	414.8	423.9	421.2	422.6	420.8	430.5	469.8	487.7	513.2	519.0
Arts, entertainment and recreation	61.6	118.7	206.1	130.4	66.7	127.2	192.4	133.2	71.3	125.3	178.4	123.8
Other service activities	239.3	241.4	243.4	245.3	247.2	249.1	251.0	253.0	255.1	257.1	257.1	259.2
Total Gross Value Added for the economy	28,557.46	28,568.51	29,553.71	31,207.64	29,471.66	29,929.90	30,576.59	32,358.31	30,367.78	31,081.15	32,043.94	34,042.64
Taxes less subsidies	1538.344267	1699.972299	1928.067327	1949.81543	1612.699601	1722.752659	1976.617518	2051.400706	1670.803689	1716.432698	1979.945022	2095.476294
Total for the economy, at market prices	30,095.80	30,268.48	31,481.78	33,157.45	31,084.36	31,652.65	32,553.21	34,409.71	32,038.59	32,797.58	34,023.89	36,138.11

Gross Value Added growth by industry at constant 2010 prices, Q1 2016 to Q42017**

INDUSTRY	2016				2017			
	Q1 GR	Q2 GR	Q3 GR	Q4 GR	Q1* GR	Q2* GR	Q3* GR	Q4** GR
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3.1	-0.9	0.8	10.3	17.6	15.1	15.5	16.9
Mining and quarrying	8.2	7.7	5.3	8.1	-5.1	4.2	3.5	9.1
Manufacturing	1.2	4.4	1.7	0.4	1.8	6.6	2.6	6.4
Electricity & gas	-29.5	-21.1	-7.8	10.4	25.6	27.1	19.8	3
Water supply & sewerage	-3	-3.8	-3.6	-3.1	1.9	-3.7	-6.9	-6.2
Construction	9.8	12.6	15.9	4.1	2.6	6.6	14.9	2
Wholesale and retail trade	0.8	-2.5	-1	2.3	1.9	-1.2	-0.1	2.1
Transportation and storage	-7.6	-1.5	-4.9	7	7.9	8.7	5.9	8.8
Accommodation and food services	-0.6	-1.1	2.3	4	0.2	8.7	9.3	4.8
Information and communication	6.2	54.4	15.3	-3.1	-30.5	-22.3	-2.5	-0.5
Financial and insurance activities	5.2	5.2	-9	-8.2	-0.8	0.3	-1	3.8
Real estate activities	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	2.5	2.5
Professional, scientific and technical	5	5.7	8.9	6.4	3.9	8.3	6	10.8
Administrative and support services	6.9	6.2	6.4	1.9	1.8	6.5	7	8.5
Public administration and defense	10.1	10.3	11.1	7.4	4.2	5.1	1.2	0.9
Education	4.1	5	5.8	3.9	8.1	7.7	8.1	3
Human health and social work	1.5	2	1.4	1.6	11.5	15.4	21.9	20.5
Arts, entertainment and recreation	8.3	7.2	-6.6	2.2	6.9	-1.4	-7.3	-7
Other service activities	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	2.4	2.5
Gross Value Added for the economy	3.2	4.8	3.5	3.7	3	3.8	4.8	5.2
Taxes less subsidies	4.8	1.3	2.5	5.2	3.6	-0.4	0.2	2.1
GDP at market prices	3.3	4.6	3.4	3.8	3.1	3.6	4.5	5

SURVEYS/ACTIVITIES BEING UNDERTAKEN

- ☞ 2018 Zambia Demographic and Health Survey Listing countrywide
- ☞ Fourth Quarter Labour Force Survey - analysis stage
- ☞ 2017 Livestock and Aquaculture Census Preliminary Data Cleaning

SELECTED AVAILABLE REPORTS

- ☞ 2010 Supply, Use and Input Output Tables *(Electronic and Hard copy)*
- ☞ 2017 First Quarter Labour Force Survey Report *(Soft copy)*
- ☞ 2016/2017 Crop Forecast Survey *(Electronic copy)*
- ☞ 2015 Selected Social Economic Indicators Print Copy
- ☞ 2014-2015 National Accounts Gross Domestic Product (GDP) Report
- ☞ 2015 Living Conditions Monitoring Survey Main Report *(Electronic and Print copy)*
- ☞ 2015 Living Conditions Monitoring Survey Key Findings *(Electronic and Print copy)*
- ☞ 2014 Labour Force Survey Report *(Electronic and Print copy)*
- ☞ Post-Harvest Survey 2011-2012 *(Electronic copy)*
- ☞ Post-Harvest Survey 2012-2013 *(Electronic copy)*
- ☞ Post-Harvest Survey 2013-2014 *(Electronic copy)*
- ☞ Post-Harvest Survey 2014-2015 *(Electronic copy)*
- ☞ Energy Statistics Report, 2000 – 2012 *(Electronic Copy)*
- ☞ 2013 - 2014 Zambia Demographic and Health Survey Report *(Electronic and Print copy)*
- ☞ Zambia in Figures 2014 *(Electronic)*
- ☞ Sample Vital Registration with Verbal Autopsy (SAVVY) 2010-2012 *(Electronic and Print copy)*
- ☞ Population and Demographic Projections Report, 2011 – 2035 *(Electronic and Print copy)*
- ☞ 2010 Census of Population and Housing National Analytical and Descriptive Tables Reports *(Electronic and Print copy)*
- ☞ 2010 Census of Population and Housing Provincial Analytical and Descriptive Tables Reports *(Electronic and Print copy)*

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