



Republic of Zambia

The Monthly

Central Statistical Office

Volume 68

Website: www.zamstats.gov.zm

November, 2008

Foreword

Welcome to the Monthly presentation organised by the Dissemination Branch of the Central Statistical Office (CSO). The CSO embarks on vigorous information delivery strategy to major stakeholders and the media institutions in order to increase utilisation of statistical products and services. The office produces a number of statistical products in the Economic, Social, Agricultural and Environmental areas. The information collected in these areas may be used for various purposes including policy formulation, planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of programmes and projects.

This Monthly publication is an attempt to provide highlights of CSO's work and how it can help media institutions and the general public to make use of data and information for sustainable national development and decision-making.

I would like to urge our readers and users of statistical information to send to us any comments that may enhance statistical production and contribute to the improvement of this bulletin.

Ms. Efreda Chulu
Director of Census and Statistics

30th November, 2008



Serving Your Data Needs

Inside this Issue

- **November Inflation records a marginal increase**
- **October 2008 Records Trade Deficit**
- **About 4 out of 5 Households in Zambia use Firewood and Charcoal for Cooking!**
- **Total Fertility Rate increases, ZDHS Reveals!**
- **Population Distribution of Cattle, Pigs and Goats during the 2006/2007 cultural Season.**
- **Layman & Statistics**
- **Selected Socio-Economic Indicators**

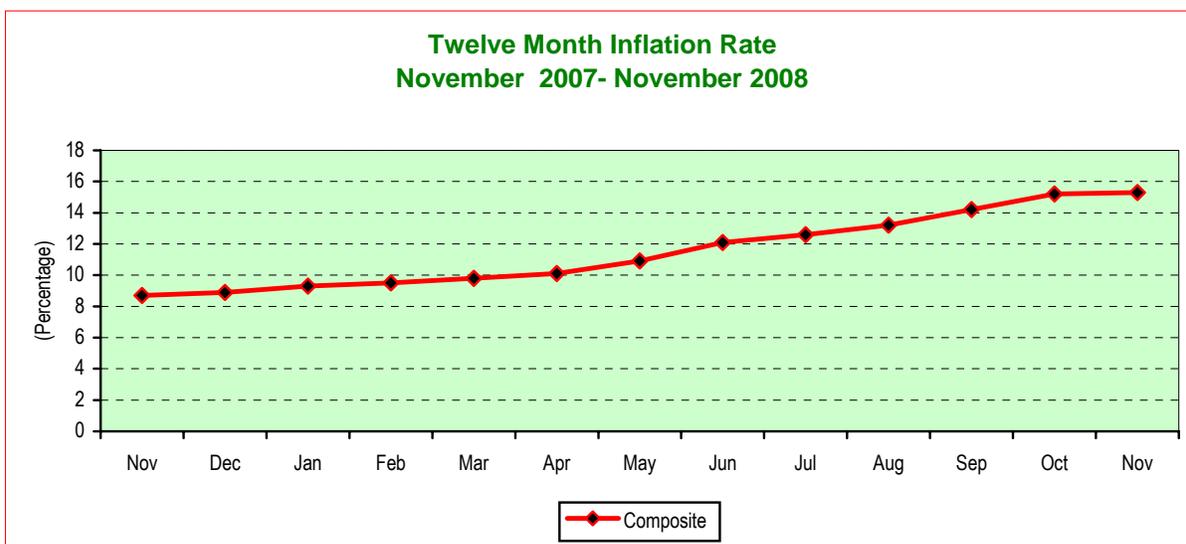
INFLATION

November Inflation records a marginal increase

The annual rate of inflation, as measured by the all items Consumer Price Index (CPI), was recorded at 15.3 percent as at November 2008. This rate is 0.1 of a percentage point higher than the October rate of 15.2 percent. Compared with the same period last year, the annual rate of inflation increased by 6.6 percentage points, from 8.7 percent in

November 2007 to 15.3 percent in November 2008.

The November 2008 inflation rate of 15.3 percent means that prices as measured by the all items Consumer Price Index (CPI) increased by an average of 15.3 percent between November 2007 and November 2008.



Changes in annual inflation rates for CPI Main Groups

Between October 2008 and November 2008, the annual inflation rates increased for food beverages and tobacco, furniture and household goods, recreation and education,

other goods and services, and declined for clothing and footwear, rent and household energy, medical care, transport and communication.

Annual Inflation Rate: CPI Main Groups (Percent)

	Total	Food And Beverages	Clothing And Footwear	Rent Fuel & Lighting	Furniture and Household Goods	Medical care	Transport and communications	Recreation And Education	Other Goods And Services
Jan 07 – Jan 06	9.8	1.0	34.9	15.1	16.5	24.9	22.8	15.9	11.4
Feb 07 – Feb 06	12.6	4.2	28.3	18.3	20.4	23.7	33.9	15.0	10.4
Mar 07 – Mar 06	12.7	4.9	26.9	15.8	21.6	22.1	33.5	14.9	11.0
Apr 07 – Apr 06	12.4	5.5	23.7	15.7	20.0	18.8	32.4	14.8	7.7
May 07 – May 06	11.8	5.7	18.8	17.1	19.2	16.5	28.2	10.4	7.0
Jun 07 – June 06	11.1	4.8	20.3	18.1	18.1	14.9	24.6	10.6	7.0
Jul 07 – July 06	11.2	6.7	19.4	14.9	17.4	14.0	18.2	10.0	7.7
Aug 07- Aug 06	10.7	7.9	19.6	11.6	15.2	11.6	11.8	10.0	7.5
Sep 07 – Sep 06	9.3	6.2	17.9	11.2	15.5	11.4	9.7	8.1	7.7
Oct 07 – Oct 06	9.0	5.6	14.7	11.8	16.8	10.9	10.3	7.4	6.3
Nov 07 – Nov 06	8.7	5.2	16.3	10.7	15.8	10.2	11.6	7.1	6.7
Dec 07 – Dec 06	8.9	5.9	14.2	11.2	13.4	9.1	13.6	8.2	6.9
Jan 08 – Jan 07	9.3	6.9	12.5	13.4	17.1	8.4	7.7	6.8	7.0
Feb 08 – Feb 07	9.5	9.1	11.1	12.5	16.0	8.9	0.3	9.0	8.4

	Total	Food And Beverages	Clothing And Footwear	Rent Fuel & Lighting	Furniture and Household Goods	Medical care	Transport and communications	Recreation And Education	Other Goods And Services
Mar 08 – Mar 07	9.8	9.1	11.2	12.2	16.1	10.0	1.1	10.3	9.4
Apr 08 – Apr 07	10.1	9.8	11.1	12.7	16.3	12.2	-0.2	11.1	9.4
May 08 – May 07	10.9	11.7	10.5	12.0	14.9	12.4	0.5	11.4	9.5
Jun 08 – June 07	12.1	15.6	9.7	11.4	13.4	12.2	-3.5	10.6	10.4
Jul 08 – Jul 07	12.6	14.2	9.3	14.9	14.2	13.9	4.7	11.0	11.3
Aug 08- Aug 07	13.2	16.3	6.3	14.5	13.3	12.9	5.3	11.2	10.7
Sep 08- Sep 07	14.2	16.2	5.6	17.7	14.8	11.8	11.5	11.5	10.4
Oct 08 – Oct 07	15.2	17.6	4.6	14.9	15.1	11.3	19.2	11.6	12.1
Nov 08 – Nov 08	15.3	18.5	2.7	14.5	16.1	10.3	16.4	12.4	12.5

Contributions of different Items to overall inflation

The increase of 0.1 of a percentage point in the annual inflation rate from 15.2 percent in October 2008 to 15.3 percent in November 2008 was due to the increase in the cost of food.

Of the total 15.3 percent annual inflation in November 2008, food products accounted for 8.9 percentage points, while non-food products in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) accounted for a total of 6.4 percentage points.

Items	Percentage Points Contributions of different items to overall inflation											
	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08	Jun-08	Jul-08	Aug-08	Sep-08	Oct-08	Nov-08
Food Beverages and Tobacco	2.9	3.4	4.5	4.5	4.8	5.7	7.5	6.8	7.8	7.8	8.4	8.9
Clothing and Footwear	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.3
Rent and household energy	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.7	1.6
Furniture and Household Goods	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.8
Medical Care	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Transport (fuel, airfares, new motor vehicles)	1.1	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.3	0.4	0.5	1.0	1.6	1.4
Recreation and Education	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Other Goods and Services	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
All Items	8.9	9.3	9.5	9.8	10.1	10.9	12.1	12.6	13.2	14.2	15.2	15.3

The annual food inflation rate

The annual food inflation rate was recorded at 18.5 percent in November 2008, up from 17.6 percent in October 2008. Contributing most to food inflation were increases in the cost of maize meal, maize grain, other cereals and cereal products, kapenta, fresh

vegetables, fresh fruits, eggs, dried beans, shelled groundnuts, cooking oil, tea and coffee. Partially offsetting these increases were decreases in the cost of meat, table salt and other processed food products.

The annual Non-food inflation

The annual non-food inflation rate stood at 12.4 percent in November 2008, down from 13.0 percent in October 2008

Annual Inflation Rates: Food and Non Food

Period	Total	Food	Non-Food
Jan 06 – Jan 05	12.2	12.8	11.5
Feb 06 - Feb 05	10.3	10.2	10.3
Mar 06 - Mar 05	10.7	10.9	10.4
Apr 06 – Apr 05	9.4	8.3	10.6
May 06 – May 05	8.6	5.6	12.0
Jun 06 - Jun 05	8.5	5.4	11.8
Jul 06 - Jul 05	8.7	4.3	13.6
Aug 06 – Aug 05	8.0	0.4	16.4
Sep 06 – Sep 05	8.2	1.5	15.7
Oct 06 - Oct 05	7.9	1.0	15.4
Nov 06 - Nov 05	8.1	0.8	16.2
Dec06 – Dec 05	8.2	-0.2	18.1
Jan 07 - Jan 06	9.8	1.0	20.0
Feb 07 - Feb 06	12.6	4.2	22.1
Mar 07 - Mar 06	12.7	4.9	21.5
Apr 07 – Apr 06	12.4	5.5	20.1
May 07 – May 06	11.8	5.7	18.2
Jun 07 - Jun 06	11.1	4.8	17.7
Jul 07- Jul 06	11.2	6.7	15.6
Aug 07– Aug 06	10.7	7.9	13.3
Sep 07 – Sep 06	9.3	6.2	12.4
Oct 07- Oct 06	9.0	5.6	12.2
Nov 07- Nov 06	8.7	5.2	12.2
Dec07 – Dec 06	8.9	5.9	11.9
Jan 08 - Jan 07	9.3	6.9	11.7
Feb 08 - Feb 07	9.5	9.1	10.0
Mar 08 - Mar 07	9.8	9.1	10.4
Apr 08– Apr 07	10.1	9.8	10.5
May 08 – May 07	10.9	11.7	10.1
Jun 08 - Jun 07	12.1	15.6	8.8
Jul 08- Jul 07	12.6	14.2	11.2
Aug 08– Aug 07	13.2	16.3	10.4
Sep 08 – Sep 07	14.2	16.2	12.4
Oct 08- Oct 07	15.2	17.6	13.0
Nov 08- Nov 07	15.3	18.5	12.4

Maize grain prices continue to increase

A comparison of retail prices between October 2008 and November 2008 shows that, the national average price of a 25 kg bag of roller meal increased by 12.6 percent, from K43,263 to K48,706. The national average price of a 20 litre tin of maize grain

increased by 8.5 percent, from K21, 492 to K23, 310. The national average price of 1kg of dried kapenta (Mpulungu) rose by 4.6 percent, while the national average price of 1kg of mixed cut (beef) declined by 1.5 percent.

National Average prices for selected Products and Months

Product Description	2008						Percentage Change Nov-08/Oct-08
	June	July	August	September	October	November	
White breakfast 25Kg	46,478	47,523	50,483	52,266	53,789	57,486	6.9
White Roller 25Kg	34,937	35,011	38,370	40,577	43,263	48,706	12.6
White Maize 20 litre tin	15,970	16,926	18,565	19,719	21,492	23,310	8.5
Rice Imported 1 Kg	16,542	16,628	15,923	17,626	23,449	24,652	5.1
Wheat Plain Flour (NMC) 2.5Kg	14,643	14,245	14,236	14,361	14,987	15,880	6.0
Millet 5 litre tin	6,584	6,678	6,637	6,597	6,953	7,574	8.9
Sorghum 5 litre tin	6,261	7,532	8,395	7,070	8,236	8,358	1.5
Fillet Steak 1 Kg	28,606	28,619	28,890	28,898	28,130	27,364	-2.7
Rump Steak 1 Kg	25,886	25,460	25,691	25,252	24,705	24,282	-1.7
Brisket 1 Kg	18,832	18,835	19,004	18,309	18,179	17,582	-3.3
Mince Meat 1 Kg	23,550	22,324	22,359	21,662	22,070	21,461	-2.8
Mixed Cut 1 Kg	17,034	17,125	17,079	16,788	16,369	16,118	-1.5
T-bone 1 Kg	23,293	23,408	23,973	23,239	22,929	22,438	-2.1
Beef Sausages 1 Kg	21,920	22,351	23,120	21,717	21,973	21,437	-2.4
Offals 1 Kg	10,087	10,112	10,240	10,095	10,086	9,835	-2.5
Pork Sausages 1 Kg	24,526	23,505	24,063	23,795	25,619	24,712	-3.5
Dressed chicken 1 Kg	13,982	15,002	15,100	15,530	15,374	15,887	3.3
Bream Fresh/Frozen 1 Kg	11,877	12,438	12,717	12,900	12,828	13,246	3.3
Buka Buka 1 Kg	12,942	12,334	12,385	12,340	12,628	13,242	4.9
Dried Kapenta Mpulungu 1Kg	37,993	39,924	40,766	40,234	39,336	41,145	4.6
Dried Kapenta Siavonga 1Kg	38,605	37,426	37,441	38,917	41,181	40,910	-0.7
Dried Kapenta Chisense 1Kg	21,241	23,996	27,220	27,901	28,002	29,126	4.0
Fresh milk (Pasteurised) Local 500 ml	2,977	2,875	2,970	3,083	2,982	3,045	2.1
Eggs 1 Unit	6,264	6,391	6,439	6,494	6,489	6,556	1.0
Butter Stork 250 gm	10,114	8,564	7,901	8,117	8,260	8,420	1.9
Margarine Buttercup 250gm	6,602	6,520	6,335	6,371	6,490	6,992	7.7
Cooking oil Imported Any 750 ml	8,882	8,944	8,797	8,971	8,891	8,911	0.2
Cabbage 1kg	1,339	1,303	1,241	1,302	1,272	1,484	16.7
Onion 1kg	5,122	5,222	5,105	4,196	4,102	4,442	8.3
Carrots 1kg	4,645	4,660	4,481	5,021	4,560	5,025	10.2
Green beans 1kg	6,818	6,513	6,796	7,938	7,124	7,377	3.6
Sweet patato leaves 1kg	2,784	2,956	3,192	3,282	3,344	3,628	8.5
Spinach 1kg	2,152	2,079	2,366	2,125	2,138	2,152	0.7
Chinese cabbage 1kg	1,763	1,728	1,696	1,738	1,811	2,191	21.0
Rape 1kg	1,889	1,787	1,895	1,814	1,812	2,097	15.7
Fresh okra 1kg	4,590	5,276	5,597	5,324	6,093	6,488	6.5
Impwa 1kg	2,437	2,818	3,289	3,099	3,059	3,471	13.5
Green pepper 1kg	6,183	5,949	6,932	5,403	5,605	5,703	1.7
Dried beans 1kg	6,958	7,102	7,542	7,480	7,760	8,193	5.6
Shelled groundnut 1kg	6,296	6,341	6,487	6,716	6,786	7,284	7.3
Sweet potatoes 1kg	1,148	1,458	2,181	2,739	2,934	3,035	3.4
Cement Portland 50 Kg	70,409	70,091	68,380	68,685	69,890	70,648	1.1
Air fare Lusaka/London British Airways 1 Way	3,409,728	3,623,362	4,310,500	4,275,550	5,475,500	5,475,500	0.0
Air Fare Lusaka/Ndola Zambian Airways 1 way	469,168	498,562	525,400	629,200	782,000	799,000	2.2
Bed & continental Breakfast 3 to 5 star Hotel	585,685	602,513	554,805	612,121	634,200	671,676	5.9
Bed & Continental Breakfast 2 star Down to Motel	116,619	122,642	129,982	122,497	122,844	123,752	0.7
Nshima with Beef 2 Star Down to Motel	23,832	23,062	22,929	23,282	24,007	25,269	5.3
Nshima with Beef relish Restaurants	9,664	9,783	9,296	9,464	9,473	9,644	1.8

INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDISE TRADE

October 2008 Records Trade Deficit

During the month of October 2008, Zambia recorded a Trade deficit valued at K16.8 billion. This means that the country exported

less in October 2008 than it imported in value terms.

Total Exports, Imports & Trade Balance, January to October* 2008 (K' Millions)

Months	Imports (cif)	Domestic Exports (fob)	Re-Exports (fob)	Total Exports (fob)	Trade Balance
January	1,431,494	1,412,546	30,546	1,443,092	11,598
February	1,095,842	1,431,658	63,919	1,495,577	399,734
March	1,269,490	1,737,888	45,277	1,783,165	513,675
April	1,852,778	1,880,077	39,746	1,919,824	67,045
May	1,322,120	1,468,615	43,411	1,512,027	189,907
June	1,458,490	1,517,753	66,483	1,584,236	125,746
July	1,859,641	1,482,904	71,276	1,554,180	(305,461)
August	1,795,821	1,441,763	40,779	1,482,542	(313,279)
September®	1,810,317	1,498,214	47,220	1,545,434	(264,883)
October	1,548,229	1,439,230	92,180	1,531,410	(16,818)
TOTAL:	15,444,223	15,310,648	540,839	15,851,487	407,264

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008;

Note: (*) Provisional

Note: (R) Revised figures hence new figures in some cases

Note: These Trade Data are Compiled Based on the General Trade System

Exports by Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) September and October* 2008

The total value of exports in October 2008 was K1,531.4 billion compared to K1,545.4 billion in September 2008. The most prominent exports were manufactured goods classified chiefly by material; accounting for 65.6 percent in October 2008 and 67.6 percent in September 2008, of which refined copper

was the most significant export item. Other important exports were crude materials (excluding fuels) such as copper ores and concentrates; food and live animals; and beverages and tobacco, which collectively accounted for 28.3 and 27.7 percent in October and September 2008, respectively.

Total Exports by (SITC) Sections, October and September 2008* (K' Millions)

CODE	DESCRIPTION	Oct-08*		Sep-08®	
		Value (K'million)	% Share	Value (K'million)	% Share
0	Food and live animals	63,687	4.2	81,996	5.3
1	Beverages and tobacco	37,769	2.5	32,994	2.1
2	Crude materials, (excl fuels)	330,390	21.6	313,197	20.3
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	11,873	0.8	5,926	0.4
4	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	426	0.0	265	0.0
5	Chemicals	32,243	2.1	20,403	1.3
6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	1,004,149	65.6	1,044,038	67.6
	Refined copper	589,908	58.7	592,267	56.7
	Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, >0.15mm thick	255,058	25.4	284,901	27.3
	Cobalt, wrought, and articles of cobalt, nes	68,960	6.9	82,319	7.9
	Wire of refined copper	39,196	3.9	38,578	3.7
	Precious (excl. diamonds) or semi-precious stones, unworked	20,130	2.0	17,009	1.6
	Portland cement	12,053	1.2	9,513	0.9
	Quicklime	3,182	0.3	1,766	0.2
	Pneumatic tyres, of rubber, nes (excl. of herring-bone, etc, tread)	1,469	0.1	557	0.1
	Cotton yarn (excl. sewing thread), with >=85% cotton, for retail sale	890	0.1	1,075	0.1
	Iron/steel bars and rods, forged, etc (incl. twisted), uncoiled	827	0.1	921	0.1

CODE	DESCRIPTION	Oct-08*		Sep-08®	
		Value (K'million)	% Share	Value (K'million)	% Share
	Rock drilling or earth boring tools	780	0.1	500	0.0
	<i>Other Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material</i>	11,694	1.2	14,633	1.4
7	Machinery and transport equipment	44,371	2.9	41,524	2.7
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	4,981	0.3	4,173	0.3
9	Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC	1,522	0.1	918	0.1
TOTAL:		1,531,410	100.0	1,545,434	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008;

Note: (*) Provisional

Note: (R) Revised figures hence new figures in some cases

Zambia's Major Exports Classified by Harmonized Coding System (HS), October 2008

Zambia's major export product in October 2008 was copper and articles thereof accounting for 58.0 percent of Zambia's total export earnings. Other export products worth noting, though on a smaller scale were: ores, slag and ash (19.2 percent); other base metals such as cobalt which are copper

related (4.5 percent); tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes (2.3 percent) and sugar and sugar confectionery (2.1 percent). These five product categories collectively accounted for 86.1 percent of Zambia's total export earnings for the month of October 2008.

Zambia's Major Exports by HS Chapter for October 2008* (K' Millions)

Chapter Code	Description	Value (K'Million)	% Share
74	Copper and articles thereof	887,594	58.0
26	Ores, slag and ash	294,592	19.2
81	Other base metals: cermet; articles thereof	68,960	4.5
24	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes	35,193	2.3
17	Sugars and sugar confectionery	31,617	2.1
84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, mchy & mech appliance; parts	24,716	1.6
71	Natural/cultured pearls, prec stones & metals, coin etc	20,547	1.3
25	Salt; sulphur; earth & ston; plastering mat; lime & cem	16,992	1.1
52	Cotton	16,646	1.1
85	Electrical mchy equip parts thereof: sound recorder etc	12,638	0.8
	Other Chapter	121,916	8.0
TOTAL:		1,531,410	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008;

Note: (*) Provisional

Zambia's Major Export Destinations by Products in October 2008

The five major destinations of Zambia's exports during the month of October 2008 were Switzerland (50.6 percent), South Africa (10.6 percent), Democratic Republic of Congo (7.3 percent), Egypt (6.4 percent) and United Kingdom (4.4 percent). These five countries collectively accounted for 79.3 percent of Zambia's total export earnings.

Zambia's major exports products to Switzerland were Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper and copper ores and concentrates accounting for 76.9 percent respectively. Other products worth noting are Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoiled (16.5 percent) and Other Articles of cobalt, not elsewhere specified (3.7 percent).

South Africa was the second largest destination after Switzerland accounting for 10.6 percent. Major export products were copper ores and concentrates Cathodes (30.7 percent), Wire of refined copper with maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm (19.0 percent), Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper (11.9 percent), Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoiled (8.9 percent) and cotton, not carded or combed (5.9 Percent).

Congo DR was the third largest destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 7.3 percent in October 2008. The major exports products were Portland cement excluding white (10.8 percent), Ammonium nitrate (7.5 percent) Wheat and meslin flour (7.4 percent),

Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk (6.7 percent) and raw sugar, in solid form (6.5 percent).

Egypt was the fourth largest destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 6.4 percent. Major export products to Egypt were Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoiled (52.0 percent) and Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper (48.0 percent).

After Egypt, United Kingdom was the fifth largest destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 4.4 percent. Major export products were Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper (92.3 percent), Mixture of vegetables, frozen (4.5 percent), fresh cut flowers and buds, (1.7 percent) and cotton not carded or combed (0.5 percent).

Zambia's Five Major Export Destinations by Product for October 2008*

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Oct -08	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SWITZERLAND		774,297	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined coppe	382,780	49.4
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	212,842	27.5
74091900	Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoil	127,640	16.5
81059000	Other: Articles of cobalt, nes	28,938	3.7
26203000	Ash and residues containing mainly copper	15,001	1.9
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	3,652	0.5
74010000	Copper mattes: cement copper (precipitated copper)	2,582	0.3
74031900	Refined copper, nes, unwrought	740	0.1
14042000	Cotton linters	81	0.0
44079900	Wood, nes sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or pe	37	0.0
	Other products	3	0.0
% of Total October Exports		50.6	
SOUTH AFRICA		163,002	100.0
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	50,023	30.7
74081100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	30,938	19.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined coppe	19,318	11.9
74091900	Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoil	14,487	8.9
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	9,696	5.9
85446000	Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage >1000 V	6,979	4.3
24011000	Tobacco, not stemmed/stripped	4,916	3.0
26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates	3,242	2.0
09011100	Coffee, not roasted or decaffeinated	2,886	1.8
84089000	Compression-ignition internal combustion piston en	2,221	1.4
	Other products	18,295	11.2
% of Total October Exports		10.6	
CONGO DR		111,566	100.0
25232900	Portland cement (excl. white)	12,053	10.8
31023000	Ammonium nitrate	8,376	7.5
11010000	Wheat or meslin flour	8,292	7.4
28070010	Sulphuric acid: oleum in bulk	7,485	6.7
17011100	Raw cane sugar, in solid form	7,257	6.5
27101110	Motor Spirit	4,219	3.8
84314900	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	3,919	3.5
36030090	Other safety fuses: detonating fuses: caps: ignite	3,232	2.9
25221000	Quicklime	3,181	2.9
11032010	Of maize (Corn)	2,659	2.4
	Other products	50,895	45.6
% of Total October Exports		7.3	
EGYPT		98,028	100.0
74091900	Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoi	51,020	52.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined coppe	47,008	48.0
01019000	Other	0	0.0
01061900	Mammals--Other	0	0.0
01062000	Reptiles (including snakes and Turtles)	0	0.0
01069000	Other live animals	0	0.0
02021000	Frozen bovine carcasses and half carcasses	0	0.0
02023000	Frozen boneless bovine meat	0	0.0
02041000	Fresh or chilled lamb carcasses and half carcasses	0	0.0
02042200	Fresh or chilled unboned meat of sheep	0	0.0
	Other products	0	0.0
% of Total October Exports		6.4	
UNITED KINGDOM		68,135	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined coppe	62,905	92.3
07109000	Mixtures of vegetables, frozen	3,049	4.5

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Oct -08	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
06032900	Fresh cut flowers and buds, other	1,146	1.7
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	334	0.5
41041900	In the wet state (including wet blue):--Other	105	0.2
04090000	Natural honey	105	0.2
52053200	Uncombed cabled cotton yarn, >=85%cotton,nprs,>14mn	103	0.2
15219090	Beeswax, other insect waxes and spermaceti - Other	79	0.1
85256000	Transmission apparatus incorporating reception apparatus	76	0.1
52051100	Uncombed single cotton yarn, with >=85% cotton, np	75	0.1
	Other products	157	0.2
% of Total October Exports		4.4	
Other Destinations		316,382	20.7
Total Value of October Exports(fob)		1,531,410	

Export Market Shares by Regional Groupings, September and October 2008

The Southern African Development Community (SADC) was the largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 22.9 percent in October 2008, while in September 2008 it was the second largest market with 20.5 percent. Within SADC, South Africa was the dominant destination in both months with 46.5 and 52.2 percent respectively. It was followed by Congo DR in both months with 31.8 and 33.5 percent, respectively. Other notable markets were Malawi, Zimbabwe and Mauritius.

The Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) grouping of countries was the second largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 18.2 percent in October 2008 and first in September 2008 with 25.1 percent. Within COMESA, the dominant market in the month of October 2008, was DR Congo with 40.0 percent, while in September 2008, Egypt was the dominant market with 60.0 percent. Egypt followed with 35.1 percent in October 2008 while in September 2008; Congo DR was second with 27.4 percent. Other key markets were Malawi, Zimbabwe and Mauritius.

The Asian regional grouping was the third largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 11.0 and 13.2 percent in October and September 2008, respectively. Within the Asian region, the dominant market in both months was China with 24.3 and 33.6 percent, respectively. In October 2008, Saudi Arabia was the second dominating country with 23.9 percent while Republic of Thailand was second in September 2008 with 12.2 percent. Other notable markets include India and Japan.

The European Union (EU) was the fourth largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 8.2 and 9.1 percent of Zambia's total exports in October and September 2008, respectively. Within the EU market, United Kingdom was the dominant market in the month of October 2008, with 54.1 percent, while in September 2008; Netherlands was the dominant market with 36.0 percent. In October 2008, Netherlands was the second dominant market with 37.6 percent, while United Kingdom was second in September 2008, with 26.8 percent. Other notable markets in the month of October 2008 were Belgium, Germany and Sweden.

Export Market Shares by Regional Groupings, September and October* 2008 (K'Millions)

GROUPING	Oct-08*		GROUPING	Sep-08	
	Value (K'million)	% Share		Value (K'million)	% Share
SADC	350,915	100.0	SADC	316,775	100.0
SOUTH AFRICA	163,002	46.5	SOUTH AFRICA	165,322	52.2
CONGO DR	111,566	31.8	CONGO DR	106,113	33.5
MALAWI	24,573	7.0	ZIMBABWE	23,565	7.4
ZIMBABWE	19,971	5.7	MALAWI	9,883	3.1
MAURITIUS	17,385	5.0	TANZANIA, UNITED	8,341	2.6
Other SADC	14,417	4.1	Other SADC	3,552	1.1
% of Total October Exports	22.9		% of Total September Exports	20.5	
COMESA	279,153	100.0	COMESA	387,469	100.0
CONGO DR	111,566	40.0	EGYPT	232,522	60.0
EGYPT	98,028	35.1	Democratic Republic of Congo	106,113	27.4
MALAWI	24,573	8.8	ZIMBABWE	23,565	6.1
ZIMBABWE	19,971	7.2	KENYA	12,603	3.3

MAURITIUS	17,385	6.2	MALAWI	9,883	2.6
Other COMESA	7,628	2.7	Other COMESA	2,784	0.7
% of Total October Exports	18.2		% of Total September Exports	25.1	
ASIA	168,357	100.0	ASIA	203,328	100.0
CHINA	40,910	24.3	CHINA	68,342	33.6
SAUDI ARABIA	40,233	23.9	THAILAND	24,833	12.2
INDIA	20,330	12.1	KUWAIT	24,361	12.0
THAILAND	18,173	10.8	SAUDI ARABIA	24,195	11.9
JAPAN	14,250	8.5	INDIA	18,911	9.3
Other ASIA	34,463	20.5	Other ASIA	42,685	21.0
% of Total October Exports	11.0		% of Total September Exports	13.2	
EUROPEAN UNION	125,854	100.0	EUROPEAN UNION	140,929	100.0
UNITED KINGDOM	68,135	54.1	NETHERLANDS	50,690	36.0
NETHERLANDS	47,342	37.6	UNITED KINGDOM	37,783	26.8
BELGIUM	6,900	5.5	PORTUGAL	33,402	23.7
GERMANY	1,989	1.6	BELGIUM	15,322	10.9
SWEDEN	979	0.8	GERMANY	2,946	2.1
Other EU	509	0.4	Other EU	787	0.6
% of Total October Exports	8.2		% of Total September Exports	9.1	
Total Value of October Exports (fob)	1,531,410		Total Value of September Exports (fob)	1,545,434	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008;

Note: (*) Provisional

Note: Some countries are members of both SADC and COMESA

Zambia's Major Imports by Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) for October* and September 2008.

The total value of imports in October 2008 was K1,548.2 billion compared to K1,810.3 billion in September 2008. The most prominent imports were machinery and transport equipment, which accounted for 29.2 and 27.8 percent in October and September 2008, respectively. Other notable imports in the months of October and

September 2008 were Chemicals; manufactured goods classified chiefly by material; mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials and crude materials, (excl fuels); collectively accounted for 59.9 and 63.9 percent, respectively.

Total Imports by Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) sections, September and October* 2008 (K 'Millions)

Code	Description	Oct - 2008		Sep - 2008	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share	Value (K'Million)	% Share
0	Food and live animals	49,036	3.2	43,671	2.4
1	Beverages and tobacco	8,742	0.6	6,993	0.4
2	Crude materials, (excl fuels)	171,020	11.0	173,792	9.6
3	Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	189,412	12.2	469,423	25.9
4	Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	28,660	1.9	27,384	1.5
5	Chemicals	291,464	18.8	258,883	14.3
6	Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	277,060	17.9	255,169	14.1
7	Machinery and transport equipment	452,398	29.2	503,645	27.8
8	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	76,828	5.0	69,486	3.8
9	Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC	3,609	0.2	1,869	0.1
TOTAL:		1,548,229	100.0	1,810,317	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008;

Note: (*) Provisional

Zambia's Major Imports by the Harmonised Coding System (HS) in October 2008

Zambia's major import products in October 2008 were boilers, machinery & mechanical appliance: parts; accounting for 15.0 percent. Other important import products were Mineral fuels, oil & product of their

distillation, etc; Vehicles; Fertilisers; ores, slag and ash and Electrical machinery equipment parts thereof, sound recorder, etc, accounting for 41.3 percent.

Zambia's Major Imports by HS Chapters for October* 2008, K' Millions

Chapter Code	Product Description	Value (K'Million)	% Share
84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, mchy & mech appliance: parts	231,462	15.0
	Parts of machinery of 84.74	24,894	10.8
	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	19,947	8.6
	Self-propelled front-end shovel loaders	17,706	7.6
	Pumps for liquids, nes	11,326	4.9
	Parts of pumps for liquids	9,939	4.3
	Self-propelled boring or sinking machinery	6,145	2.7
	Boring or sinking machinery (excl. Self-propelled)	5,810	2.5
	Self-propelled earth moving, grading, excavating...	5,625	2.4
	Freezers of the chest type, capacity =<800litres	4,767	2.1
	Self-propelled bulldozers... With a 360x revolving	4,617	2.0
	Rest of Chapter 84	120,687	52.1
27	Mineral fuels, oils & product of their distillation; etc	191,784	12.4
87	Vehicles o/t railw/tranw rool-stock, pts & accessories	127,157	8.2
31	Fertilisers	123,160	8.0
26	Ores, slag and ash	106,520	6.9
85	Electrical mchy equip parts thereof; sound recorder etc	89,641	5.8
74	Copper and articles thereof	61,554	4.0
25	Salt; sulphur; earth & ston; plastering mat; lime & cem	59,305	3.8
39	Plastics and articles thereof	51,144	3.3
72	Iron and steel	49,593	3.2
	Other chapter	456,908	29.5
TOTAL:		1,548,229	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008;

Note: (*) Provisional

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Products, October 2008*

The major source of Zambia's imports in October 2008 was South Africa accounting for 46.8 percent of the total value of imports. The major import products were Other fertilizers, nes; sulphur of all kinds; Parts of machinery of 84.74; Diesel dual purpose vehicles for both persons and goods and Potassium chloride. Other products included Sulphur, sublimed or precipitated; colloidal sulph; Gas oils; Other prepared explosives, (excl. propellant powders); Diesel non dual purpose vehicles for either person or goods and Crude soya-bean oil.

The second main source of Zambia's imports in October 2008 was Congo DR accounting for 10.8 percent. The major imports products were Copper ores and concentrates; Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper; Refined copper, nes, unwrought; Copper mattes; cement copper (precipitated copper) and Sodium sulphites in bulk.

Other notable sources of Zambia's imports were Kuwait, United Kingdom and China collectively accounting for 13.7 percent of Zambia's total imports in October 2008.

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Products, October 2008* (K'Millions)

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Oct-08	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SOUTH AFRICA		725,277	100.0
31059000	Other fertilizers, nes	39,248	5.4
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated)	28,465	3.9
84749000	Parts of machinery of 84.74	18,067	2.5
87042110	Diesel Dual purpose vehicles for both persons & go	15,041	2.1
31042000	Potassium chloride	11,551	1.6
28020010	Sulphur, sublimed or precipitated; colloidal sulph	10,418	1.4
27101910	Gas oils.	10,267	1.4
36020090	Other prepared explosives, (excl. propellant powde	10,187	1.4
87042190	Diesel Non dual purpose vehicles for either person	9,561	1.3
15071000	Crude soya-bean oil	9,509	1.3
	Other products	562,962	77.6
% of Total October Imports		46.8	
CONGO DR		167,857	100.0
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	106,392	63.4
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined coppe	58,621	34.9
74031900	Refined copper, nes, unwrought	1,481	0.9
74010000	Copper mattes; cement copper (precipitated copper)	691	0.4
28321010	Sodium sulphites in bulk	213	0.1
63053300	Sacks and bags,for packing goods,of polyethylene/p	102	0.1
99030000	Single consignment non commercial goods	95	0.1
33049900	Beauty, make-up, skin-care (incl. suntan), nes	61	0.0

26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates	55	0.0
84729000	Office machines, nes(incl. coin-sorting/counting/w	37	0.0
	Other products	107	0.1
% of Total October Imports		10.8	
KUWAIT		108,441	100.0
27090000	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous m	107,438	99.1
27101910	Gas oils.	1,004	0.9
01019000	Other	0	0.0
01061900	Mammals--Other	0	0.0
01062000	Reptiles (including snakes and Turtles)	0	0.0
01069000	Other live animals	0	0.0
02021000	Frozen bovine carcasses and half carcasses	0	0.0
02023000	Frozen boneless bovine meat	0	0.0
02041000	Fresh or chilled lamb carcasses and half carcasses	0	0.0
02042200	Fresh or chilled unboned meat of sheep	0	0.0
	Other products	0	0.0
% of Total October Imports		7.0	
UNITED KINGDOM		52,685	100.0
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated	10,800	20.5
87041000	Dumpers for off-highway use	4,535	8.6
87012000	Road tractors for semi-trailers	4,028	7.6
84295100	Self-propelled front-end shovel loaders	2,543	4.8
84314900	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	2,152	4.1
84328000	Soil preparation/cultivation machinery, nes: lawn/sports-ground rollers	1,667	3.2
84292000	Self-propelled graders and levellers	1,634	3.1
49019900	Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar pri	1,581	3.0
87089900	Parts and accessories, nes, for vehicles of 87.01	902	1.7
84295200	Self-propelled bulldozers... with a 360x revolving	845	1.6
	Other products	21,999	41.8
% of Total October Imports		3.4	
CHINA		51,191	100.0
85446000	Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage >1000 V	3,955	7.7
84223000	Machinery for filling, closing...etc. bottles, cans e	2,016	3.9
84818000	Other appliances such as taps, cocks and other val	1,921	3.8
72107000	Rolled iron/steel, width >=600mm, painted, varnished, or coated with plastics	1,795	3.5
94036000	Wooden furniture, nes	1,672	3.3
73089020	Structures and parts of structures, nes, of iron o	1,251	2.4
84303100	Self-propelled coal or rock cutters and tunnelling	1,137	2.2
87042300	Goods vehicles, with diesel or semi-diesel engines	1,042	2.0
73063000	Tubes and pipes, welded, circular, of iron or non-	953	1.9
64059000	Footwear, nes	912	1.8
	Other products	34,536	67.5
% of Total October Imports		3.3	
Other Sources		442,778	28.6
Total Value of October Imports(cif)		1,548,229	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008;

Note: (*) Provisional

Import Market Shares by Regional Groupings, October* and September 2008

The Southern African Development Community (SADC) grouping of countries was the largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 64.7 and 55.9 percent in October and September 2008, respectively. Within the SADC region, South Africa was the major source of Zambia's imports accounting for 72.4 and 76.4 percent in October and September 2008, respectively.

The Asian market was the second largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 18.4 and 30.8 percent in October and September 2008, respectively. Within the

Asian market, Kuwait dominated with 38.1 percent in October 2008 and 53.3 percent in September 2008. Other key market sources were China, India, United Arab Emirates, and Japan.

The Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) region was the third largest source, accounting for 14.7 and 11.5 percent in October and September 2008 respectively. Within COMESA, Congo DR dominated as the main source of Zambia's imports with 73.8 and 66.2 percent in the month of October and September 2008, respectively. This was followed by Zimbabwe

with 12.0 and 13.2 percent in October and September 2008, respectively. Other notable sources were Kenya, Malawi, and Swaziland.

The European Union (EU) was the fourth largest source of Zambia's imports with 11.0 and 8.1 percent in October and September

2008 respectively. Within the EU, the dominant source in both months was United Kingdom accounting for 31.0 and 28.8 percent in October and September 2008, respectively. The other key markets were Germany, France, Sweden and Netherlands.

Import Market shares by major Regional groupings, October* and September 2008 (K' million)

GROUPING	Oct-08*		GROUPING	Sep-08	
	Value (K'million)	% Share		Value (K'million)	% Share
SADC	1,002,220	100.0	SADC	1,012,274	100.0
SOUTH AFRICA	725,277	72.4	SOUTH AFRICA	773,873	76.4
CONGO DR	167,857	16.7	CONGO DR	137,482	13.6
MOZAMBIQUE	34,065	3.4	ZIMBABWE	27,338	2.7
ZIMBABWE	27,249	2.7	MOZAMBIQUE	24,262	2.4
TANZANIA, UNITED	25,870	2.6	TANZANIA, UNITED	22,414	2.2
Other SADC	21,902	2.2	Other SADC	26,906	2.7
% of Total October Imports	64.7		% of Total September Imports	55.9	
ASIA	284,838	100.0	ASIA	557,683	100.0
KUWAIT	108,441	38.1	KUWAIT	297,394	53.3
CHINA	51,191	18.0	CHINA	86,011	15.4
INDIA	35,629	12.5	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	58,994	10.6
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	25,312	8.9	JAPAN	40,847	7.3
JAPAN	16,344	5.7	INDIA	31,637	5.7
Other ASIA	47,921	16.8	Other ASIA	42,799	7.7
% of Total October Imports	18.4		% of Total September Imports	30.8	
COMESA	227,559	100.0	COMESA	207,611	100.0
CONGO DR	167,857	73.8	CONGO DR	137,482	66.2
ZIMBABWE	27,249	12.0	ZIMBABWE	27,338	13.2
KENYA	21,919	9.6	KENYA	22,847	11.0
MALAWI	4,524	2.0	MAURITIUS	5,864	2.8
SWAZILAND	2,880	1.3	EGYPT	5,662	2.7
Other COMESA	3,131	1.4	Other COMESA	8,417	4.1
% of Total October Imports	14.7		% of Total September Imports	11.5	
EUROPEAN UNION	170,123	100.0	EUROPEAN UNION	146,941	100.0
UNITED KINGDOM	52,685	31.0	UNITED KINGDOM	42,279	28.8
GERMANY	46,012	27.0	GERMANY	35,279	24.0
FRANCE	12,757	7.5	SWEDEN	16,275	11.1
SWEDEN	12,714	7.5	FINLAND	10,476	7.1
NETHERLANDS	11,530	6.8	NETHERLANDS	9,159	6.2
Other EU	34,427	20.2	Other EU	33,474	22.8
% of Total October Imports	11.0		% of Total September Imports	8.1	
Total Value of October Imports (cif)	1,548,229		Total Value of September Imports (cif)	1,810,317	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008;

Note: (*) Provisional

Note: Some countries are members of both SADC and COMESA

LIVING CONDITIONS

About 4 out of 5 Households in Zambia use Firewood and Charcoal for Cooking!

The 2006 Living Conditions Monitoring Survey (LCMS V) collected information on three major sources of cooking energy that households use in Zambia. The results reveal that more than half of households (57.1 percent) use firewood as the main source of cooking energy. This was followed by households that use charcoal at 26.7 percent. Only 15.9 percent of households use electricity as the main source of cooking energy.

Analysis by residence shows that most of the households that use firewood as the main source of cooking energy are in rural areas with 84.3 percent compared to households in urban areas with only 6.1 percent. In rural areas, only 2 percent of households use electricity as the main source of cooking energy while 13.4 percent use charcoal. In urban areas, 51.4 percent of households use charcoal as the main source of cooking energy while 41.8 percent use electricity.

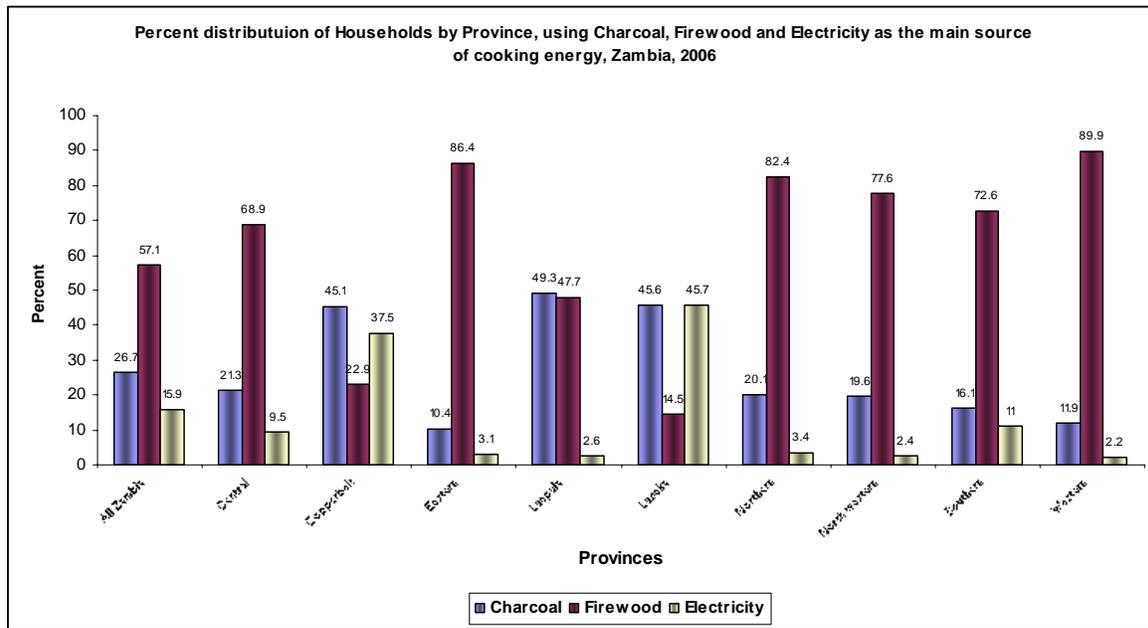
Percentage Distribution of Households by Main Type of Cooking Energy by Rural/Urban, Stratum and Province, 2006.

Residence/ Stratum/ Province	Type of Energy for Cooking										Total	Total Number of Households
	Collected Firewood	Purchased Firewood	Own produced Charcoal	Purchased Charcoal	Coal	Kerosene /paraffin	Gas	Electricity	Other	Crop/l Livestock residues		
All Zambia	55.6	1.5	3.7	23.0	1	1	1	15.9	0	0	100.0	2,283,211
Rural	82.6	1.7	4.5	8.9	0	1	1	2.0	0	1	100.0	1,483,527
Urban	5.0	1.1	2.1	49.3	2	1	3	41.8	0	0	100.0	799,684
Province												
Central	67.8	1.1	2.2	19.1	2	0	1	9.5	0	0	100.0	225,915
Copperbelt	15.9	7	5.4	39.7	2	2	4	37.5	0	0	100.0	337,943
Eastern	84.0	2.4	2.2	8.2	0	0	1	3.1	0	0	100.0	320,393
Luapula	46.3	1.4	20.1	29.2	0	0	0	2.6	0	3	100.0	177,793
Lusaka	10.5	4	3	42.6	1	1	3	45.7	0	0	100.0	333,430
Northern	75.4	7	3.9	16.2	0	3	0	3.4	0	0	100.0	296,021
North Western	76.1	1.5	1.4	18.2	1	3	0	2.4	0	0	100.0	131,067
Southern	69.7	2.9	1.0	15.1	1	1	1	11.0	0	0	100.0	284,250
Western	87.3	2.6	5	6.9	0	0	2	2.2	2	0	100.0	176,250

Source: CSO, LCMS V, 2006

At Provincial level, Western Province has the highest proportion of households that use firewood as the main source of cooking energy with 89.9 percent, followed by Eastern Province with 86.4 percent. Lusaka Province has the lowest proportion (14.5 percent) of households that use firewood as the main source of cooking energy. Results further

show that, Lusaka Province has the highest proportion of households that use electricity for cooking with 45.7 percent. North-western and Western Provinces have the lowest proportion of households that use electricity as the main source of cooking energy with 2 percent each.



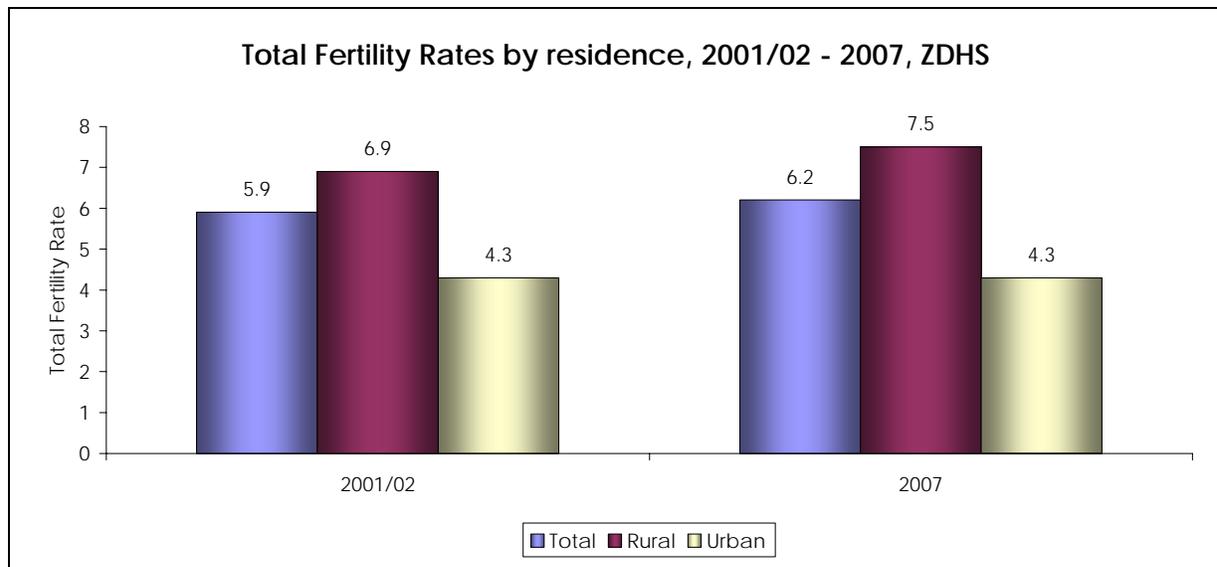
Source: CSO, LCMS V, 2006

DEMOGRAPHY

Total Fertility Rate increases, ZDHS Reveals!

The 2007 Zambia Demographic and Health Survey (ZDHS) results reveal that Total Fertility Rate (TFR) for women aged 15-49 years has increased. At the current fertility levels a Zambian woman would bear an average of 6.2 children in her life time, an increase from 5.9 children reported in the 2001-2002 ZDHS.

This increase is largely due to the increase in TFR for women in rural areas from 6.9 in the 2001-2002 ZDHS to 7.5 children in the 2007 ZDHS. The TFR for women in urban areas remained at 4.3 children.



Source: ZDHS, 2007

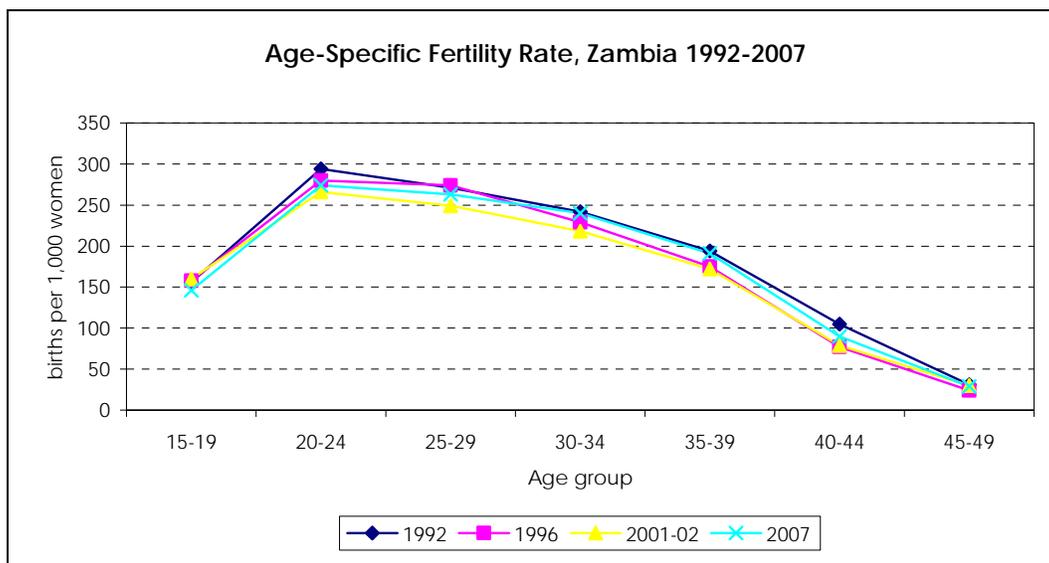
Analysis by age-group shows that the peak age-group at which women bear children is 20-24 years. This trend has been observed since 1992. In 1992 women had 294 births per 1,000. This declined to 280 births per 1,000 women in 1996 and 266 births per 1,000

women in 2001-2002 and increased to 274 births per 1,000 women in 2007. Overall fertility declined in all age groups except the youngest, between 1992 and 2001-2002 then increased between 2001-2002 and 2007.

Age-specific Fertility Rate, Zambia 1992-2007

Age-group	1992	1996	2001-2002	2007
15-19	156	158	160	146
20-24	294	280	266	274
25-29	271	274	249	263
30-34	242	229	218	240
35-39	194	175	172	191
40-44	105	77	79	90
45-49	31	24	30	29
TFR	6.5	6.1	5.9	6.2

Source: ZDHS, 2007



Source: ZDHS, 2007

AGRICULTURE

Population Distribution of Cattle, Pigs and Goats during the 2006/2007 Agricultural Season.

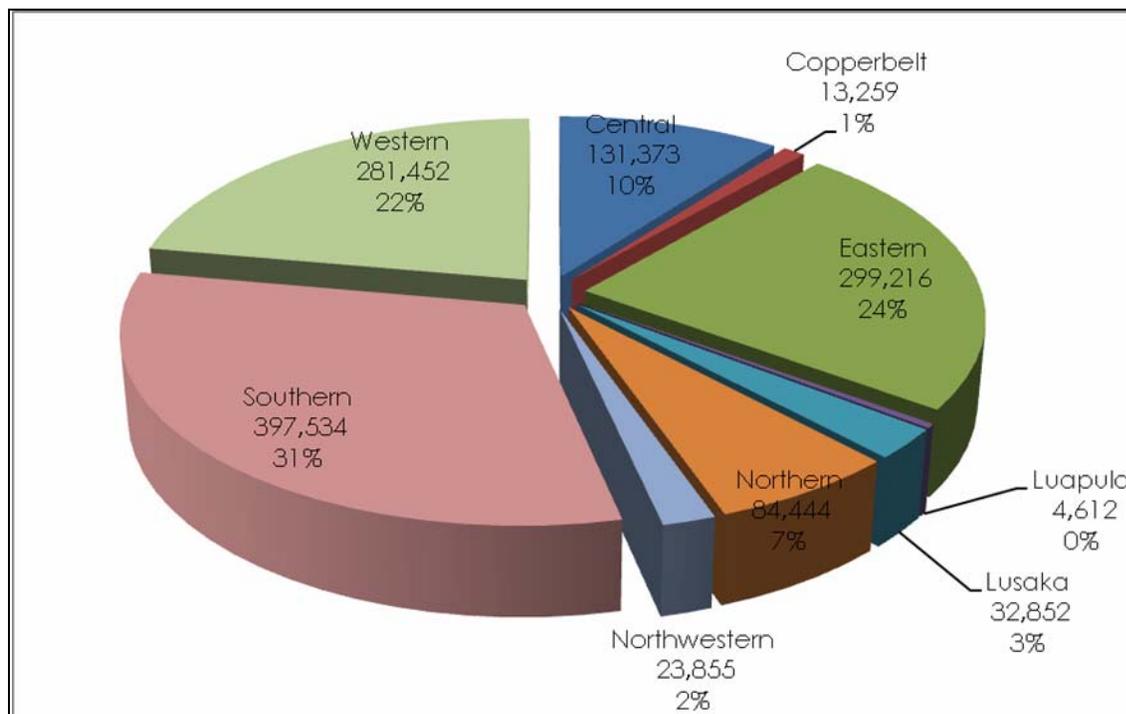
Cattle

The 2006/2007 Agricultural Season, Post Harvest Survey (PHS) reveals that the total cattle population among small and medium-scale farmers was estimated at 1,268,597.

At provincial level, results show that the cattle population among small and medium scale farmers indicated that Southern Province had

the highest cattle population with 31 percent. Eastern Province was second with 24 percent followed by Western Province with 22 percent. Luapula Province had the lowest number of cattle reported with less than 1 percent of the total cattle population in the country.

Population distribution of Cattle by Province, 2006/2007 Agricultural Season.



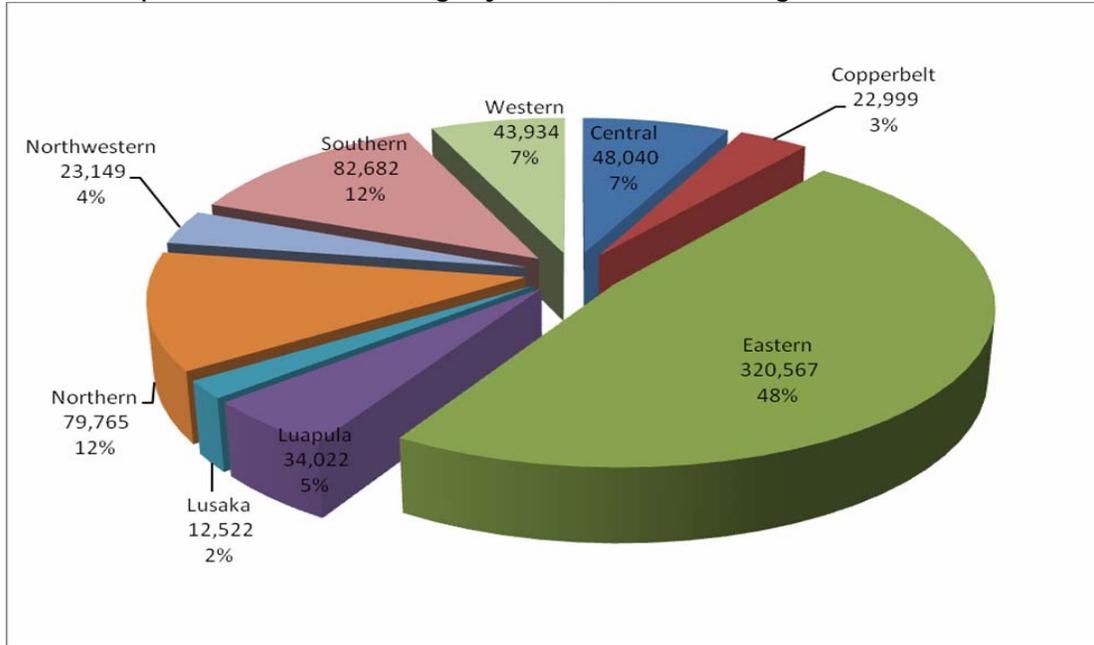
Source: CSO, Post Harvest Survey 2006/2007

Pigs

The survey results also show that a total of 667,680 pigs were raised by small and medium scale farmers, during the same agricultural season. The results show that Eastern Province had almost half (48 percent) of the pig population in the country. Southern

and Northern Provinces were second with 12 percent each followed by Central and Western provinces with 7 percent each. Lusaka Province had the lowest number of pigs reported with 2 percent.

Population Distribution of Pigs by Province, 2006/2007 Agricultural Season.



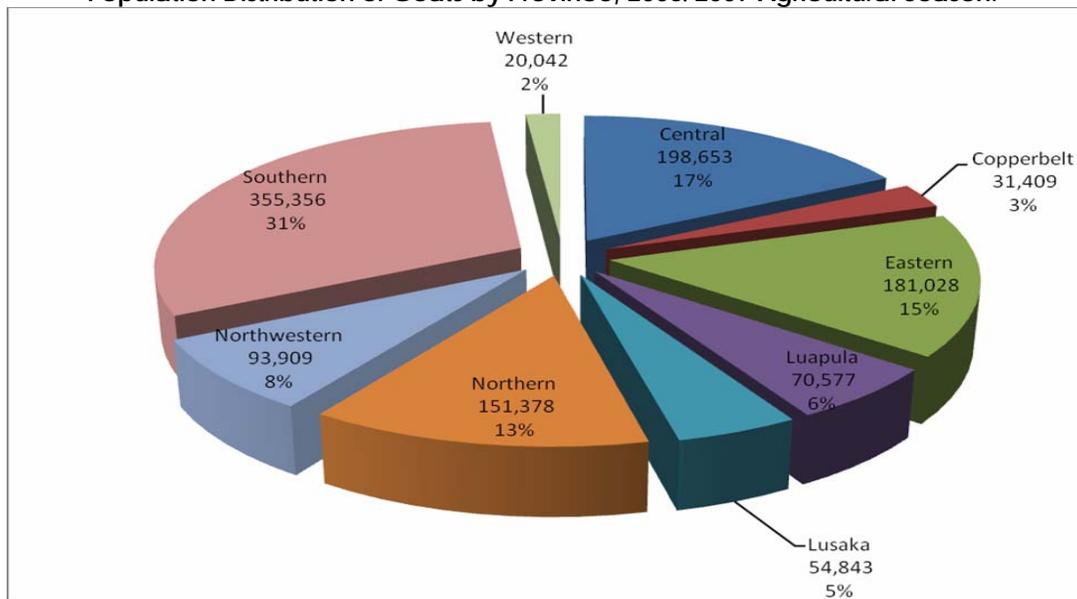
Source: CSO, Post Harvest Survey 2006/2007

Goats

The survey results further show that 1,157,195 Goats were raised during the 2006/2007 agricultural season. A provincial Comparison shows that Southern Province had almost one third of the total goat population with 31

percent. Central Province was second with 17 percent followed by Eastern with 15 percent. Few goats were reported in Copperbelt and Western provinces with 3 and 2 percent, respectively.

Population Distribution of Goats by Province, 2006/2007 Agricultural Season.



Source: CSO, Post Harvest Survey 2006/2007

LAYMAN & STATISTICS

Domestic Exports: These are goods originating from the exporting countries.

Re-exports: This refers to goods imported into the country and then exported in the same form or after minor improvements. For example, blending, packing and repairing.

Trade Deficit: this is a situation where a country is importing more than it is exporting.

SITC: Stands for Standard International Trade Classification. It is a trade statistical nomenclature mainly used in trade statistical analysis.

Age Specific fertility rate (ASFR): These are expressed as the number of births per 1000 women in the age group 15-49 years and represent a valuable measure for assessing the current age pattern of child bearing. They are defined in terms of the number of live births during a specified period for women in a particular age group divided by the number of women's years lived in that age-group during a specified period.

Total Fertility Rate (TFR): This is defined as the total number of births a woman would have by the end of her child bearing years, if she were to pass through those years bearing children at the current observed age specific rates.

SELECTED SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) 1994-2007

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006*	2007**
Total G.D.P. At Current Prices (K' billion)	2,240.1	3,005.1	3,950.2	5,140.2	6,027.9	7,477.7	10,071.9	13,132.7	16,260.4	20,479.2	25,997.4	32,456.3	39,223.1	45,482.230
Total G.D.P. At Constant (1994) Prices (K' billion)	2,240.1	2,176.9	2,328.1	2,404.9	2,360.2	2,412.7	2,499.0	2,621.3	2,707.9	2,846.5	2,999.2	3,155.9	3,351.7	3,542.5
G.D.P. Per Capita At Current Prices (Kwacha)	264,205	346,017	444,059	564,127	645,869	782,201	1,028,587	1,301,621	1,562,085	1,906,038	2,344,290	2,836,723	3,278,034	-
G.D.P. Per Capita At Constant (1994) Prices (Kwacha)	264,205	250,659	261,707	263,935	252,886	252,384	255,213	259,806	260,138	264,930	270,450	275,830	283,365	-
G.D.P. Growth Rate At Constant (1994) Prices		-2.8	6.9	3.3	-1.9	2.2	3.6	4.9	3.3	5.1	5.4	5.2	6.2	5.7
Industry Shares of G.D.P. by kind of economic activity at constant 1994 prices														
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	13.5	18.5	17.2	15.8	16.3	17.5	17.2	16.0	15.2	15.2	15.0	14.2	13.7	13.2
Agriculture	4.9	9.4	8.7	7.9	8.0	8.7	8.5	7.6	6.9	7.1	7.2	6.5	6.3	6.0
Forestry	4.8	5.1	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.0	5.0
Fishing	3.9	4.0	3.5	2.9	3.0	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.3
Mining and Quarrying	16.7	12.4	12.0	11.8	9.0	6.6	6.4	7.0	7.9	7.7	8.4	8.6	8.7	8.0
Metal Mining	16.5	12.2	11.8	11.6	8.8	6.5	6.2	6.8	7.7	7.6	8.2	8.3	8.5	8.0
Other mining and quarrying	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1
PRIMARY SECTOR	30.2	31.0	29.2	27.6	25.3	24.2	23.6	23.0	23.1	22.9	23.4	22.8	22.3	21.2
Manufacturing	9.8	10.0	9.9	10.1	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.4	10.7	10.9	10.9	10.6	10.6	10.5
Food, Beverages and Tobacco	6.0	6.5	6.2	5.8	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.7	6.9
Textile, and leather industries	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.1
Wood and wood products	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Paper and Paper products	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Chemicals, rubber and plastic products	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0
Non-metallic mineral products	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Basic metal products	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fabricated metal products	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Electricity, Gas and Water	3.2	3.3	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6
Construction	5.0	4.9	4.1	5.1	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.3	6.0	6.9	7.9	9.1	9.8	10.4

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006*	2007**
SECONDARY SECTOR	18.0	18.2	16.9	18.1	18.2	18.3	18.4	18.8	19.5	20.6	21.3	22.3	23.1	23.5
Wholesale and Retail trade	14.8	13.6	17.0	17.2	18.1	18.5	18.3	18.4	18.7	18.8	18.8	18.3	17.5	17.2
Restaurants, Bars and Hotels	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.8	3.0
Transport, Storage and Communications	6.0	5.7	5.8	5.6	6.2	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.5	7.4	8.5
Rail Transport	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
Road Transport	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.9	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9
Air Transport	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.8
Communications	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.1	2.8	3.5
Financial Institutions and Insurance	8.2	10.0	8.6	8.3	8.5	8.6	8.2	7.8	7.9	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.3	7.2
Real Estate and Business services	5.0	5.3	6.1	6.6	7.6	8.4	9.5	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.3	9.1	8.8	8.6
Community, Social and Personal Services	8.0	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.6	8.0	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.4	7.1	7.5	7.7	8.2
Public Administration & Defence/Public sanitary services	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.6	4.4	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.7	3.2	3.5
Education	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.4	3.1	3.3
Health	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Recreation, Religious, Culture	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5
Personal Services	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
TERTIARY SECTOR	43.6	44.5	47.0	47.1	49.9	51.7	52.0	51.9	52.1	51.8	51.2	51.3	51.6	52.7
Less: FISIM	(4.7)	(5.8)	(4.9)	(4.8)	(4.9)	(4.9)	(4.9)	(4.8)	(4.7)	(4.6)	(4.5)	(4.4)	(4.2)	(4.1)
TOTAL GROSS VALUE ADDED	87.1	88.0	88.1	88.1	88.5	89.3	89.1	88.9	90.0	90.7	91.5	92.0	92.7	93.3
Taxes on Products	12.9	12.0	11.9	11.9	11.5	10.7	10.9	11.1	10.0	9.3	8.5	8.0	7.3	6.7
TOTAL G.D.P. AT MARKET PRICES	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
TOTAL G.D.P. AT MARKET PRICES	2,240.1	2,176.9	2,328.1	2,404.9	2,360.2	2,412.7	2,499.0	2,621.3	2,707.9	2,846.511	2,999.2	3,155.9	3,351.7	3,542.5

*Revised estimates

**Preliminary estimates

Source: CSO, National Accounts Statistics

INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION FOR 2005 AND 2006 (2000=100)

PERIOD	TOTAL INDEX	MINING				MANUFACTURING									TOTAL ELECTRICITY
		TOTAL MINING	Coal	Non-ferrous Ore	Stone Quarrying	TOTAL MANUFACTURING	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Textile, Clothing & Leather	Wood & Wood Products	Paper & Paper Products	Chemicals, Rubbers & Plastics	Non-metallic Mineral Products	Basic Metal Industries	Fabricated Metal Products	
WEIGHT	1.000	0.350	0.005	0.242	0.103	0.511	0.235	0.060	0.006	0.017	0.059	0.025	0.009	0.100	0.139
2006 Q1	140.3	201.6	35.4	217.0	172.7	102.1	111.8	62.9	166.6	93.3	111.0	123.7	66.2	92.7	126.7
2006 Q2	141.5	194.4	58.9	209.0	166.2	108.6	133.0	44.8	164.1	91.8	87.6	163.6	62.3	91.4	129.6
2006 Q3	143.8	179.9	45.6	176.2	194.5	125.6	162.5	55.0	156.5	72.6	96.6	150.2	74.2	103.8	120.3
2006 Q1+Q2+Q3	141.9	192.0	46.7	200.7	177.8	112.1	135.7	54.2	162.4	85.9	98.4	145.8	67.6	96.0	125.5
2006 Q4	142.3	158.3	9.5	150.3	183.7	137.3	185.4	96.9	157.2	91.4	69.7	143.9	70.9	99.1	120.7
2006	142.0	183.6	37.4	188.1	179.3	118.4	148.2	64.9	161.1	87.3	91.2	145.3	68.4	96.7	124.3
2007 Q1	138.6	192.8	8.5	196.6	191.8	104.0	114.9	61.1	176.4	92.4	116.6	130.5	64.5	91.0	129.5
2007 Q2	144.5	197.0	10.5	200.5	197.1	113.9	145.8	42.4	171.6	92.7	95.4	161.0	61.1	85.6	125.1
2007 Q3	154.7	195.3	6.0	196.9	199.8	136.6	184.5	33.1	164.6	69.2	96.2	153.3	67.2	121.3	119.5
2007 Q1+Q2+Q3	146.0	195.0	8.3	198.0	196.3	118.2	148.4	45.5	170.9	84.8	102.7	148.3	64.3	99.3	124.7
YEAR ON YEAR PERCENTAGE CHANGE															
2006 Q1	6.5	15.9	-48.4	24.2	-2.5	-6.1	-9.4	-0.7	-6.2	2.5	6.3	-17.9	3.8	-3.7	15.1
Q2	8.5	17.1	-39.4	19.6	11.8	-2.4	-3.0	-4.4	-5.2	1.7	7.2	-4.8	-3.7	-3.6	16.4
Q3	8.7	7.7	-46.2	7.0	10.2	9.3	9.8	-2.5	11.2	-3.7	16.1	2.0	2.4	13.0	10.7
2006 Q1+Q2+Q3	7.9	13.6	-44.2	17.2	6.2	0.4	-0.3	-2.3	-0.8	0.4	9.6	-6.9	0.9	1.7	14.1
Q4	1.2	-7.2	-91.0	-15.3	16.5	6.7	11.5	-13.0	8.7	-1.1	4.0	-6.8	4.7	9.3	10.1
2006	7.0	8.3	-58.0	8.8	8.7	4.0	3.1	-6.6	1.3	0.0	8.5	-6.9	1.9	3.6	13.1
2007 Q1	-1.2	-4.4	-76.0	-9.4	11.1	1.9	2.8	-3.0	5.9	-0.9	5.0	5.5	-2.6	-1.9	2.3
2007 Q2	2.1	1.3	-82.2	-4.1	18.6	4.9	9.6	-5.4	4.6	1.0	8.9	-1.6	-1.9	-6.4	-3.4
2007 Q3	7.5	8.5	-86.8	11.7	2.8	8.7	13.6	-39.8	5.2	-4.6	-0.4	2.1	-9.5	16.9	-0.7
2007 Q1+Q2+Q3	2.9	1.6	-82.1	-1.4	10.4	5.4	9.3	-16.1	5.2	-1.3	4.4	1.7	-4.9	3.5	-0.6

Source: Index of industrial production -CSO

Note: R Revised () all figures in brackets are negatives

PROJECTED MID-YEAR POPULATION 2000-2008

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total Population	9,885,591	10,089,492	10,409,441	10,744,380	11,089,691	11,441,461	11,798,678	12,160,516	12,525,791
Population Growth Rate	2.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.9
Life Expectancy at Birth	50.0	51.8	51.9	52.4	52.4	52.6	51.9	51.4	51.3
Population By Province									
Central	1,012,257	1,032,574	1,066,992	1,103,387	1,141,256	1,180,124	1,219,980	1,260,491	1,301,776
Copperbelt	1,581,221	1,611,569	1,662,155	1,714,225	1,767,165	1,820,443	1,874,081	1,927,576	1,980,824
Eastern	1,306,173	1,348,070	1,391,690	1,436,120	1,482,290	1,530,118	1,579,960	1,631,890	1,684,910
Luapula	775,353	791,067	817,326	845,076	873,969	903,746	934,317	965,605	997,579
Lusaka	1,391,329	1,413,010	1,453,690	1,495,730	1,538,000	1,579,769	1,620,730	1,660,070	1,697,730
Northern	1,258,696	1,277,250	1,315,650	1,357,540	1,401,340	1,445,730	1,490,330	1,534,170	1,577,310
North-western	583,350	596,010	616,496	638,004	660,322	683,367	707,074	731,351	756,261
Southern	1,212,124	1,235,134	1,275,470	1,318,161	1,362,382	1,407,433	1,453,324	1,499,462	1,545,880
Western	765,088	774,929	795,247	816,983	839,757	863,294	887,540	912,226	937,419
Zambia Surface Area	752,612 Sq.Km								

Source: CSO, Population Projections Report

Note: 2000 figures are from the 2000 Census of Population and Housing while the 2001 to 2007 figures are the Population Projections Report

POVERTY TRENDS 1991-2006

Residence/Province	Indicators	1991	1993	1996	1998	2004	2006
Total Zambia	Total Poor	70	84	78	73	68	64
	Extremely Poor	61	76	66	58	53	51
	Moderately Poor	10	8	12	15	15	14
	Non-Poor	29	16	22	27	32	32
Rural areas	Total Poor	88	92	80	83	78	80
	Extremely Poor	78	89	79	71	65	67
	Moderately Poor	6	4	10	12	13	14
	Non-Poor	15	8	11	17	22	20
Urban areas	Total Poor	15	8	11	17	22	34
	Extremely Poor	49	45	60	56	53	20
	Moderately Poor	44	56	44	36	34	14
	Non-Poor	14	14	16	20	18	66
Provinces							
1. Central	Total Poor	70	81	84	77	76	72
	Extremely Poor	57	69	70	63	63	59
	Moderately Poor	13	8	14	14	12	13
	Non-Poor	31	23	16	23	24	28
2. Copperbelt	Total Poor	61	49	65	65	56	42
	Extremely Poor	51	61	52	47	38	27
	Moderately Poor	14	13	13	18	18	15
	Non-Poor	35	25	36	35	44	58
3. Eastern	Total Poor	85	91	85	79	70	79
	Extremely Poor	75	87	77	66	57	65
	Moderately Poor	6	4	8	13	13	14
	Non-Poor	19	9	15	21	30	21
4. Luapula	Total Poor	84	88	87	82	79	73
	Extremely Poor	65	81	77	69	64	61
	Moderately Poor	8	8	10	13	15	12
	Non-Poor	27	11	13	18	21	27
5. Lusaka	Total Poor	31	39	58	53	48	29
	Extremely Poor	29	55	41	35	29	16
	Moderately Poor	13	11	17	18	19	12
	Non-Poor	57	34	42	47	52	71
6. Northern	Total Poor	84	86	87	81	74	78
	Extremely Poor	79	87	76	66	60	64
	Moderately Poor	8	4	11	15	14	14
	Non-Poor	14	9	13	19	26	21
7. North-western	Total Poor	75	88	90	77	76	72
	Extremely Poor	74	90	80	64	61	57
	Moderately Poor	7	5	10	13	15	15
	Non-Poor	18	5	10	23	24	28
8. Southern	Total Poor	79	87	83	75	69	73
	Extremely Poor	66	86	73	59	54	58
	Moderately Poor	11	5	10	16	14	16
	Non-Poor	22	9	17	25	31	27
9. Western	Total Poor	69	69	69	69	83	84
	Extremely Poor	54	54	54	54	73	73
	Moderately Poor	14	14	14	14	10	10
	Non-Poor	31	31	31	31	17	16

Source: CSO, Living Conditions Monitoring Survey, 1991, 1993, 1996, 1998, 2004 and 2006

INFLATION TRENDS 2000-2007

Year	Year on Year Inflation
1990	110.6
1991	99.7
1992	180.7
1993	128.1
1994	38.3
1995	46.0
1996	35.2
1997	18.6
1998	30.6
1999	20.6
2000	30.1
2001	18.7
2002	26.7
2003	17.2
2004	17.5
2005	15.9
2006	8.2
2007	8.9

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics

HEALTH STATISTICS

Residence/Province	Infant Mortality (Per 1,000 Live Births)				Under-Five Mortality (Per 1000 Live Births)				Maternal Mortality Ratio (Per 100,000 Live Births)				HIV Prevalence			
	1992	1996	2001/2002	2007	1992	1996	2001/2002	2007	1992	1996	2001/2002	2007	1992	1996	2001/2002	2007*
Zambia	107.2	108.9	95.0	70	190.7	196.6	168	-	-	649.0	729.0	-	-	-	15.6	14.3
Rural	115.8	117.9	103	-	201.2	204.5	182	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.8	10.3
Urban	78.0	91.9	77	-	150.8	173.3	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23.1	19.7
	PROVINCE															
Central	114.1	94.6	92	-	210.0	164.5	192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.3	17.5
Copperbelt	68.9	81.9	68	-	144.2	175.4	134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19.9	17.0
Eastern	114.1	131.1	84	-	210.0	235.4	166	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.7	10.3
Luapula	148.5	157.8	154	-	244.4	254.2	248	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.2	13.2
Lusaka	76.8	100.3	70	-	140.8	174.1	137	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22.0	20.8
Northern	148.5	125.3	113	-	244.4	200.2	187	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.3	6.8
North-western	132.0	91.1	74	-	210.3	153.0	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.2	6.9
Southern	70.5	66.2	76	-	134.2	148.3	148	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.6	14.5
Western	132.0	129.1	139	-	210.3	201.2	201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.1	15.2

Source: CSO, ZDHS 1992, 1996, 2001/2002 AND 2007

*Preliminary

INTEREST RATES

End Of Period	Commercial Banks		Central Bank	Treasury Bills
	Weighted Lending Rates	Lending Rates	Interest Rates	Yield Rate 91 Days
2007				
January	21.0	27.3	11.1	9.1
February	21.0	27.3	11.8	9.8
March	20.3	26.4	12.8	10.8
April	18.2	24.3	14.0	12.0
May	18.2	24.3	13.2	11.2
June	18.2	24.3	12.9	10.9
July	18.2	24.3	13.6	11.6
August	18.2	24.3	13.4	11.4
September	18.2	24.3	14.0	12.0
October	18.2	24.3	13.5	11.5
November	18.2	24.3	12.8	10.8
December	18.3	24.4	13.5	11.5
2006				
January	26.7	33.0	17.1	15.1
February	26.4	32.7	16.1	14.1
March	25.4	31.6	14.7	12.7
April	25.2	31.4	11.0	9.0
May	22.8	29.0	8.4	6.4
June	21.6	27.8	7.5	5.5
July	21.7	27.9	8.6	6.6
August	21.7	27.9	9.6	7.6
September	21.6	27.8	10.9	8.9
October	21.6	27.8	12.3	10.3
November	21.6	27.8	11.1	9.1
December	21.6	27.9	10.7	8.7

Source: Bank of Zambia

KWACHA-DOLLAR EXCHANGE RATES

Period	BOZ Rates	Bureau Rates
2006		
January	3,363.72	3,502.02
February	3,289.61	3,413.10
March	3,294.74	3,486.27
April	3,201.50	3,329.20
May	3,172.60	3,255.17
June	3,470.61	3,563.23
July	3,546.72	3,636.25
August	3,883.95	3,957.27
September	4,046.46	4,098.84
October	3,835.17	3,931.43
November	3,984.97	4,039.31
December	4,127.83	4,164.27
2007		
January	4,221.06	4,293.88
February	4,254.02	4,320.95
March	4,258.53	4,322.08
April	4,161.47	4,235.69
May	4,013.82	4,115.32
June	3,888.11	3,986.20
July	3,827.21	3,897.59
August	4,013.08	4,074.09
September	3,960.70	4,057.60
October	3,831.36	3,911.71
November	3,766.67	3,844.31
December	3,834.24	3,877.60

Source: Bank of Zambia

Zambia's Annual Total Exports in Absolute Zambia Kwacha and US Dollar 2000 – 2007*

Flow	TOTAL EXPORTS	
YEAR	ZMK	USD
2000	2,774,282,611,133	887,567,095
2001	3,672,188,409,723	1,015,965,991
2002	4,312,615,388,488	999,253,440
2003	4,832,416,935,234	1,019,390,789
2004	7,691,876,050,953	1,612,022,276
2005	9,744,196,282,252	2,205,961,431
2006	13,879,404,031,396	3,805,123,878
2007	18,808,288,538,714	4,719,851,434
TOTAL:	65,715,268,247,893	16,265,136,334

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008;

Note: (*) Provisional

Zambia's Annual Imports in Absolute Zambia Kwacha and US Dollar 2000 – 2007*

Flow	IMPORTS	
YEAR	ZMK	USD
2000	2,912,794,093,238	923,299,706
2001	3,934,971,821,495	1,090,033,774
2002	5,716,757,408,493	1,348,250,118
2003	7,629,839,948,140	1,613,625,827
2004	10,367,666,926,695	2,169,310,699
2005	11,281,042,400,291	2,540,630,628
2006	11,157,750,971,759	3,053,743,088
2007	15,422,141,075,350	3,877,975,999
TOTAL:	68,422,964,645,461	16,616,869,839

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008;

Note: (*) Provisional

TOTAL VALUE OF EXPORTS AND IMPORTS IN ABSOLUTE US DOLLARS, 2000 - 2007

YEAR/FLOW	IMPORTS (CIF)		EXPORTS (FOB)		TRADE BALANCE
	USD \$ VALUE	% CHANGE (IM)	USD \$ VALUE	% CHANGE (EX)	
2000	923,299,706		887,567,095		(35,732,611)
2001	1,090,033,774	18.06	1,015,965,991	14.47	(74,067,783)
2002	1,348,250,118	23.69	999,253,440	(1.64)	(348,996,678)
2003	1,613,625,827	19.68	1,019,390,789	2.02	(594,235,038)
2004	2,169,310,699	34.44	1,612,022,276	58.14	(557,288,423)
2005	2,540,630,628	17.12	2,205,961,431	36.84	(334,669,197)
2006	3,053,743,088	20.20	3,805,123,878	72.49	751,380,790
2007	3,877,975,999	26.99	4,719,531,627	24.03	841,555,628
TOTAL	16,616,869,839		16,264,816,527		(352,053,312)

Surveys being undertaken

- ☞ 2007 Economic Census
- ☞ 2010 Cartographic Mapping
- ☞ 2008 Labour-force Survey

Now Available

- ☞ Employment and Earnings Inquiry Report, January 2006
- ☞ National Accounts Statistics Bulletin No.9 2005
- ☞ Selected Socio-Economic Indicators, 2004 - 2005
- ☞ Labour-Force Survey Report, 2005
- ☞ Child Labour Report, 2005
- ☞ Gender Based Violence (GBV), 2005
- ☞ Statistical Fact sheet, 2006

Soon to be released!

- ☞ Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children in Zambia (CSEC), 2005
- ☞ Selected Socio-Economic Indicators, 2005 - 2007
- ☞ Living Conditions Monitoring Survey Report, 2006
- ☞ Zambia in Figures 2005-2007

Visit us at the 2008 Zambia International Trade Fair

Subscribe for your free electronic copy of “The Monthly” online at www.zamstats.gov.zm

The Editorial Team would like to thank all Media Institutions and Users of

“The Monthly”

Thank you for supporting us

Secretarial

Efreda Chulu - Director
 John Kalumbi - Deputy Director
 Linda N. Chonya – Senior Research Officer
 Anthony Nkole - Desktop Publishing Officer
 Perry Musenge - Assistant Desktop Publishing Officer
 Etambuyu Lukonga - Documentalist
 Cecilia M. Munjita - Librarian
 Petronella Kaputu - Press Liaison Officer
 Humphrey Zimba - Dissemination Officer

Editorial Team

Efreda Chulu - Director
 John Kalumbi - Deputy Director (IRD)
 Modesto Banda - Deputy Director (AG)
 William Mayaka - Deputy Director (SOC)
 Peter Mukuka - Deputy Director (ECON)
 Daniel Daka - Principal Statistician
 Linda N. Chonya – Senior Research Officer
 Josephine Chew Banda - Statistician
 Gerson Banda - Statistician
 Palver Sikanyiti - Statistician
 Chisuwa Sandu - Assistant Field Co-ordinator