



Central Statistical Office

Volume 75 Website: www.zamstats.gov.zm June, 2009

Foreword

Welcome to the Monthly presentation organised by the Dissemination Branch of the Central Statistical Office (CSO). The CSO embarks on vigorous information delivery strategy to major stakeholders and the media institutions in order to increase utilisation of statistical products and services. The office produces a number of statistical products in the Economic, Social, Agricultural and Environmental areas. The information collected in these areas may be used for various purposes including policy formulation, planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of programmes and projects.

This Monthly publication is an attempt to provide highlights of CSO's work and how it can help media institutions and the general public to make use of data and information for sustainable national development and decision-making.

I would like to urge our readers and users of statistical information to send to us any comments that may enhance statistical production and contribute to the improvement of this bulletin.

Chulu_

Ms. Efreda Chulu

Director of Census and Statistics

25th June, 2009



Serving Your Data Needs

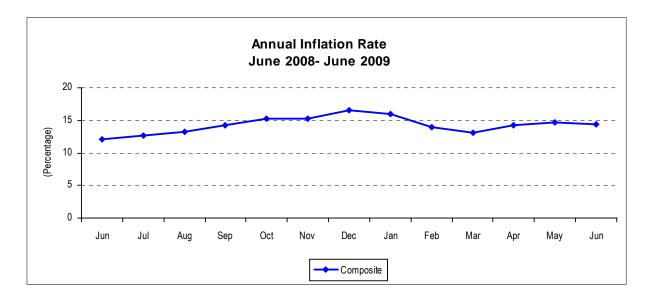
Inside this Issue

- Inflation declines from 14.7 percent in May 2009 to 14.4 percent in June 2009
- May 2009 Records Trade Deficit
- Male orphans and vulnerable children (OVCs) likely to initiate early sexual activity compared with females OVCs!
- About 52 percent of births occur at home, 2007 ZDHS reveals!
- Maize Production expected to increase reveals the 2008/2009 Crop Forecasting Survey
- Layman & Statistics
- Selected Socio-Economic Indicators

INFLATION

Inflation declines from 14.7 percent in May 2009 to 14.4 percent in June 2009

The annual rate of inflation, as measured by the all items Consumer Price Index (CPI), reduced by 0.3 of a percentage point from 14.7 percent in May, 2009 to 14.4 percent in June, 2009. The decline in the annual inflation rate in June 2009 was due to reductions in the prices of some food products such as mealie meal and maize grain.



Changes in annual inflation rates for CPI Main Groups

The annual inflation rate between June 2008 and June 2009 reduced for food beverages and tobacco; and rent, fuel and lighting, and increased for clothing and foot wear;

furniture and household goods; medical care; transport and communication; recreation and education; and other goods and services.

Annual Inflation Rate: CPI Main Groups (Percent)

| | Total | Food And Beverages | Clothing And Footwear | Rent Fuel & Lighting | Furniture and Household Goods | Medical care | Transport and comms | Recreation And Education | Other Goods And Services |
|------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Jan 07 - Jan 06 | 9.8 | 1.0 | 34.9 | 15.1 | 16.5 | 24.9 | 22.8 | 15.9 | 11.4 |
| Feb 07 – Feb 06 | 12.6 | 4.2 | 28.3 | 18.3 | 20.4 | 23.7 | 33.9 | 15.0 | 10.4 |
| Mar 07 - Mar 06 | 12.7 | 4.9 | 26.9 | 15.8 | 21.6 | 22.1 | 33.5 | 14.9 | 11.0 |
| Apr 07 – Apr 06 | 12.4 | 5.5 | 23.7 | 15.7 | 20.0 | 18.8 | 32.4 | 14.8 | 7.7 |
| May 07 - May 06 | 11.8 | 5.7 | 18.8 | 17.1 | 19.2 | 16.5 | 28.2 | 10.4 | 7.0 |
| Jun 07 – June 06 | 11.1 | 4.8 | 20.3 | 18.1 | 18.1 | 14.9 | 24.6 | 10.6 | 7.0 |
| Jul 07 –July 06 | 11.2 | 6.7 | 19.4 | 14.9 | 17.4 | 14.0 | 18.2 | 10.0 | 7.7 |
| Aug 07- Aug 06 | 10.7 | 7.9 | 19.6 | 11.6 | 15.2 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 10.0 | 7.5 |
| Sep 07 – Sep 06 | 9.3 | 6.2 | 17.9 | 11.2 | 15.5 | 11.4 | 9.7 | 8.1 | 7.7 |
| Oct 07 - Oct 06 | 9.0 | 5.6 | 14.7 | 11.8 | 16.8 | 10.9 | 10.3 | 7.4 | 6.3 |
| Nov 07 – Nov 06 | 8.7 | 5.2 | 16.3 | 10.7 | 15.8 | 10.2 | 11.6 | 7.1 | 6.7 |
| Dec 07 - Dec 06 | 8.9 | 5.9 | 14.2 | 11.2 | 13.4 | 9.1 | 13.6 | 8.2 | 6.9 |
| Jan 08 - Jan 07 | 9.3 | 6.9 | 12.5 | 13.4 | 17.1 | 8.4 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 7.0 |
| Feb 08 - Feb 07 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 11.1 | 12.5 | 16.0 | 8.9 | 0.3 | 9.0 | 8.4 |
| Mar 08 - Mar 07 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 11.2 | 12.2 | 16.1 | 10.0 | 1.1 | 10.3 | 9.4 |

| | Total | Food And Beverages | Clothing And Footwear | Rent Fuel & Lighting | Furniture and Household Goods | Medical care | Transport and comms | Recreation And Education | Other Goods And Services |
|------------------|-------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Apr 08 – Apr 07 | 10.1 | 9.8 | 11.1 | 12.7 | 16.3 | 12.2 | -0.2 | 11.1 | 9.4 |
| May 08 - May 07 | 10.9 | 11.7 | 10.5 | 12.0 | 14.9 | 12.4 | 0.5 | 11.4 | 9.5 |
| Jun 08 – June 07 | 12.1 | 15.6 | 9.7 | 11.4 | 13.4 | 12.2 | -3.5 | 10.6 | 10.4 |
| Jul 08 – Jul 0 7 | 12.6 | 14.2 | 9.3 | 14.9 | 14.2 | 13.9 | 4.7 | 11.0 | 11.3 |
| Aug 08- Aug 07 | 13.2 | 16.3 | 6.3 | 14.5 | 13.3 | 12.9 | 5.3 | 11.2 | 10.7 |
| Sep 08- Sep 07 | 14.2 | 16.2 | 5.6 | 17.7 | 14.8 | 11.8 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 10.4 |
| Oct 08 – Oct 07 | 15.2 | 17.6 | 4.6 | 14.9 | 15.1 | 11.3 | 19.2 | 11.6 | 12.1 |
| Nov 08 – Nov 07 | 15.3 | 18.5 | 2.7 | 14.5 | 16.1 | 10.3 | 16.4 | 12.4 | 12.5 |
| Dec 08 - Dec 07 | 16.6 | 20.5 | 2.5 | 15.2 | 18.0 | 9.9 | 15.9 | 12.1 | 13.2 |
| Jan 09 - Jan 08 | 16.0 | 21.3 | 3.0 | 8.9 | 13.8 | 9.2 | 18.3 | 11.7 | 15.2 |
| Feb 09 - Feb 08 | 14.0 | 16.3 | 3.9 | 8.6 | 16.5 | 9.6 | 19.4 | 9.3 | 15.4 |
| Mar 09 - Mar 08 | 13.1 | 13.9 | 5.9 | 10.4 | 16.3 | 10.1 | 19.7 | 7.9 | 15.2 |
| Apr 09 – Apr 08 | 14.3 | 15.9 | 6.8 | 10.4 | 16.1 | 8.2 | 22.0 | 7.1 | 17.1 |
| May 09 - May 08 | 14.7 | 16.1 | 7.9 | 10.7 | 21.2 | 8.0 | 16.6 | 6.0 | 20.0 |
| Jun 09 – June 08 | 14.4 | 14.1 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 22.4 | 10.0 | 21.0 | 6.9 | 22.6 |

Contributions of different Items to overall inflation

Of the total 14.4 percent annual inflation in June 2009, food products accounted for 7.0 percentage points, while non-food products

in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) accounted for a total of 7.4 percentage points.

| | | Percentage Points Contributions of different items to overall inflation | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Items | Jul-08 | Aug-08 | Sep-08 | Oct-08 | Nov-08 | Dec-08 | Jan-09 | Feb-09 | Mar-09 | Apr-09 | May-09 | Jun-09 |
| Food Beverages and Tobacco | 6.8 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 8.4 | 8.9 | 9.9 | 10.3 | 8.0 | 6.8 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 7.0 |
| Clothing and Footwear | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| Rent and household energy | 1.7 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Furniture and Household Goods | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Medical Care | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Transport (fuel, airfares, new motor vehicles) | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.6 |
| Recreation and Education | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Other Goods and Services | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 8.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| All Items | 12.6 | 13.2 | 14.2 | 15.2 | 15.3 | 16.6 | 16.0 | 14.0 | 13.1 | 14.3 | 14.7 | 14.4 |

The annual food inflation rate

The annual food inflation rate was recorded at 14.1 percent in June 2009. This is a decline from 16.1 percent in May 2009. Contributing most to the decline were reductions in the cost of white breakfast meal, white roller meal, maize grain, meat and tubers (sweet

potatoes). However, increases were recorded in the cost of cereals and cereal products, fish, kapenta, fresh vegetables, dried beans, fresh milk and milk products, tea, coffee and other processed food products.

The Annual Non-food inflation rate

The annual non-food inflation rate stood at 14.7 percent in June 2009. This is an increase from 13.3 percent in May 2009.

Annual Inflation Rates: Food and Non-food

| Period | Total | Food | Non-Food |
|-----------------|-------|------|----------|
| Jan 06 – Jan 05 | 12.2 | 12.8 | 11.5 |
| Feb 06 - Feb 05 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 10.3 |
| Mar 06 - Mar 05 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.4 |
| Apr 06 – Apr 05 | 9.4 | 8.3 | 10.6 |
| May 06 - May 05 | 8.6 | 5.6 | 12.0 |
| Jun 06 - Jun 05 | 8.5 | 5.4 | 11.8 |
| Jul 06 - Jul 05 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 13.6 |
| Aug 06 – Aug 05 | 8.0 | 0.4 | 16,4 |
| Sep 06 – Sep 05 | 8.2 | 1.5 | 15.7 |
| Oct 06 - Oct 05 | 7.9 | 1.0 | 15.4 |
| Nov 06 - Nov 05 | 8.1 | 0.8 | 16.2 |
| Dec06 - Dec 05 | 8.2 | -0.2 | 18.1 |
| Jan 07 - Jan 06 | 9.8 | 1.0 | 20.0 |
| Feb 07 - Feb 06 | 12.6 | 4.2 | 22.1 |
| Mar 07 - Mar 06 | 12.7 | 4.9 | 21.5 |
| Apr 07 – Apr 06 | 12.4 | 5.5 | 20.1 |
| May 07 - May 06 | 11.8 | 5.7 | 18.2 |
| Jun 07 - Jun 06 | 11.1 | 4.8 | 17.7 |
| Jul 07- Jul 06 | 11.2 | 6.7 | 15.6 |
| Aug 07- Aug 06 | 10.7 | 7.9 | 13.3 |
| Sep 07 – Sep 06 | 9.3 | 6.2 | 12.4 |
| Oct 07- Oct 06 | 9.0 | 5.6 | 12.2 |
| Nov 07- Nov 06 | 8.7 | 5.2 | 12.2 |
| Dec07 - Dec 06 | 8.9 | 5.9 | 11.9 |
| Jan 08 - Jan 07 | 9.3 | 6.9 | 11.7 |
| Feb 08 - Feb 07 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 10.0 |
| Mar 08 - Mar 07 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 10.4 |
| Apr 08- Apr 07 | 10.1 | 9.8 | 10.5 |
| May 08 – May 07 | 10.9 | 11.7 | 10.1 |
| Jun 08 - Jun 07 | 12.1 | 15.6 | 8.8 |
| Jul 08- Jul 07 | 12.6 | 14.2 | 11.2 |
| Aug 08- Aug 07 | 13.2 | 16.3 | 10.4 |
| Sep 08 – Sep 07 | 14.2 | 16.2 | 12.4 |
| Oct 08- Oct 07 | 15.2 | 17.6 | 13.0 |
| Nov 08- Nov 07 | 15.3 | 18.5 | 12.4 |
| Dec 08 - Dec 07 | 16.6 | 20.5 | 12.9 |
| Jan 09 - Jan 08 | 16.0 | 21.3 | 11.1 |
| Feb 08 - Feb 07 | 14.0 | 16.3 | 11.7 |
| Mar 09 - Mar 08 | 13.1 | 13.9 | 12.3 |
| Apr 09- Apr 08 | 14.3 | 15.9 | 12.7 |
| May 09 - May 08 | 14.7 | 16.1 | 13.3 |
| Jun 09 - Jun 08 | 14.4 | 14.1 | 14.7 |

National Average Prices of Selected Products

A comparison of retail prices between May 2009 and June 2009, shows that the national average price of a 25 kg bag of white breakfast meal reduced by 3.0 percent, from K66,970 to K64,966, while the national average price of a 25 kg bag of white roller meal reduced by 11.1 percent, from K52,202 to K46,419. The national average price of a

20 litre tin of maize grain declined by 6.8 percent, from K22,789 to K21,244. However, the national average price of 1kg of dried kapenta (Mpulungu) increased by 5.7 percent, from K49,241 to K51,812, while the national average price of 1kg of tomatoes increased by 21.5 percent, from K4,003 to K4,863

National Average prices for selected Products and Months

| Product Description | | | 20 | 09 | | | Percentage Change |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|
| · | January | February | March | April | May | June | Jun-09/May-09 |
| White breakfast 25Kg | 59,311 | 53,576 | 56,751 | 65,543 | 66,970 | 64,966 | -3.0 |
| White Roller 25Kg | 49,118 | 43,832 | 46,156 | 54,732 | 52,202 | 46,419 | -11.1 |
| White Maize 20 litre tin | 28,185 | 28,935 | 30,441 | 26,015 | 22,789 | 21,244 | -6.8 |
| Rice Imported 1 Kg | 21,148 | 23,289 | 23,460 | 24,933 | 27,348 | 27,282 | -0.2 |
| Wheat Plain Flour (NMC) 2.5 Kg | 16,455 | 16,641 | 17,949 | 18,726 | 18,694 | 18,447 | -1.3 |
| Fillet Steak 1 Kg | 26,404 | 25,716 | 26,601 | 26,504 | 26,338 | 26,235 | -0.4 |
| Rump Steak 1 Kg | 24,272 | 23,289 | 23,415 | 23,574 | 24,258 | 24,061 | -0.8 |
| Mixed Cut 1 Kg | 16,421 | 16,313 | 16,457 | 16,858 | 17,202 | 17,155 | -0.3 |
| T-bone 1 Kg | 22,049 | 22,158 | 22,999 | 23,261 | 23,605 | 23,454 | -0.6 |
| Beef Sausages 1 Kg | 20,564 | 20,857 | 20,996 | 21,857 | 22,461 | 21,865 | -2.7 |
| Ox-liver 1 Kg | 19,053 | 19,235 | 18,729 | 19,597 | 19,781 | 19,446 | -1.7 |
| Offals 1 Kg | 10,149 | 10,172 | 10,381 | 10,566 | 10,657 | 10,508 | -1.4 |
| Pork chops 1 Kg | 21,333 | 20,947 | 22,843 | 22,902 | 22,939 | 22,863 | -0.3 |
| Dressed chicken 1 Kg | 16,405 | 16,851 | 16,880 | 16,964 | 16,890 | 17,720 | 4.9 |
| Bream Fresh/Frozen 1 Kg | 13,906 | 13,768 | 13,731 | 14,010 | 13,636 | 14,505 | 6.4 |
| Dried Kapenta Mpulungu 1Kg | 46,826 | 45,388 | 46,420 | 47,023 | 49,241 | 51,812 | 5.2 |
| Dried Kapenta Siavonga 1Kg | 46,290 | 46,549 | 45,395 | 47,436 | 46,275 | 43,945 | -5.0 |
| Dried Kapenta Chisense 1Kg | 39,159 | 37,044 | 25,357 | 26,125 | 26,607 | 28,141 | 5.8 |
| Dried bream 1 Kg | 27,659 | 27,429 | 25,640 | 27,562 | 29,375 | 29,881 | 1.7 |
| Fresh milk (Pasteurised) Local 500 ml | 3,159 | 3,204 | 3,040 | 3,171 | 3,218 | 3,133 | -2.6 |
| Eggs 1 Unit | 7,332 | 7,449 | 7,524 | 7,602 | 7,469 | 7,944 | 6.4 |
| Cooking oil Imported Any 750 ml | 9,163 | 9,208 | 9,108 | 9,213 | 9,316 | 9,299 | -0.2 |
| Cabbage 1kg | 1,737 | 1,692 | 1,583 | 1,586 | 1,721 | 1,516 | -11.9 |
| Onion 1kg | 4,908 | 5,689 | 5,054 | 5,535 | 6,322 | 7,424 | 17.4 |
| Tomatoes 1kg | 3,089 | 3,107 | 2,756 | 3,204 | 4,003 | 4,863 | 21.5 |
| Chinese cabbage 1kg | 2,451 | 2,066 | 1,732 | 2,074 | 2,188 | 2,120 | -3.1 |
| Rape 1kg | 2,484 | 2,200 | 2,237 | 2,629 | 2,589 | 2,321 | -10.4 |
| Shelled groundnut 1kg | 8,185 | 8,274 | 8,099 | 8,232 | 7,789 | 7,633 | -2.0 |
| Sweet potatoes 1kg | 3,429 | 3,586 | 3,586 | 1,577 | 1,464 | 1,179 | -19.5 |
| Air fare Lusaka/London British Airways 1 Way | 5,506,787 | 6,338,400 | 6,449,600 | 6,338,400 | 5,782,400 | 5,938,400 | 2.7 |
| Air Fare Lusaka/Ndola Zambezi Airlines 1 way | 857,820 | 684,000 | 696,000 | 684,000 | 621,000 | 624,000 | 0.5 |
| Bed & continental Breakfast 3 to 5 star Hotel | 798,794 | 828,501 | 897,972 | 580,560 | 641,523 | 675,832 | 5.3 |

5

INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDIZE TRADE

May 2009 Records Trade Deficit

Zambia recorded a Trade deficit valued at K298.4 billion in May 2009. This means that the country exported less in May 2009 than it imported in value terms.

Imports, Domestic Exports, Re-Exports, Total Exports & Trade Balance, January to May 2009 (K' Millions)

| Months | Imports (cif) | Domestic Exports (fob) | Re-Exports (fob) | Total Exports (fob) | Trade Balance |
|------------|---------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| January® | 1,397,237 | 1,027,236 | 96,072 | 1,123,308 | (273,929) |
| February® | 1,303,878 | 1,075,810 | 84,497 | 1,160,307 | (143,571) |
| March® | 1,347,347 | 1,204,946 | 59,235 | 1,264,182 | (83,165) |
| April* | 1,563,464 | 1,383,876 | 44,114 | 1,427,990 | (135,474) |
| May* | 1,823,036 | 1,410,021 | 114,661 | 1,524,682 | (298,354) |
| Total 2009 | 7,434,962 | 6,101,889 | 398,579 | 6,500,469 | (934,493) |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009

Note: (*) Provisional

Note: (R) Revised figures

Note: These Trade Data are Compiled Based on the General Trade System

Exports by International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) May 2009

Zambia's major export (by ISIC) products in May 2009 were under the manufacturing sector accounting for 88.4 percent of which the prominent was the manufacturing of basic precious and non-ferrous metals (i.e. Copper related) with 76.5 percent. Other

notable products in manufacturing were: dairy products; sugar; soap & detergents. Other major export products were from the mining & quarrying; and agriculture, hunting & forestry sectors.

Total Exports by (ISIC) Sections, May* 2009 (K' Millions)

| | | May | /-09* |
|--------|---|-----------|---------|
| CODE | DESCRIPTION | Value (K' | |
| CODE | DESCRIPTION | Millions) | % Share |
| D | Manufacturing | 1,347,854 | 88.4 |
| Of | | | |
| which: | Manufacture of basic precious and non-ferrous metals | 1,031,065 | 76.5 |
| | Manufacture of dairy products | 51,328 | 3.8 |
| | Manufacture of sugar | 51,081 | 3.8 |
| | Manufacture of soap and detergents, cleaning and polishing preparations, | | |
| | perfumes and toilet preparations | 25,194 | 1.9 |
| | Manufacture of machinery for mining, quarrying and construction | 16,747 | 1.2 |
| | Manufacture of cement, lime and plaster | 14,728 | 1.1 |
| | Other publishing | 13,269 | 1.0 |
| | Manufacture of other food products n.e.c. | 12,207 | 0.9 |
| | Manufacture of aircraft and spacecraft | 12,181 | 0.9 |
| | Manufacture of basic chemicals, except fertilizers and nitrogen compounds | 10,848 | 0.8 |
| | Manufacture of refined petroleum products | 10,836 | 0.8 |
| | Manufacture of insulated wire and cable | 10,454 | 0.8 |
| | Others Manufacturing | 87,916 | 6.5 |
| С | Mining and quarrying | 132,327 | 8.7 |
| Α | Agriculture, hunting and forestry | 29,695 | 1.9 |
| 0 | Other community, social and personal service activities | 5,072 | 0.3 |
| В | Fishing | 4,958 | 0.3 |
| Е | Electricity, gas and water supply | 4,777 | 0.3 |
| | Other Sections | 0 | 0.0 |
| Total: | | 1,524,682 | 100.0 |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009

(*) Provisional

(R) Revised figures

Zambia's Major Exports Classified by Harmonized Coding System (HS), May 2009

Zambia's major export product in May 2009 was copper and articles thereof accounting for 65.4 percent of Zambia's total export earnings. Other export products were: ores, slag and ash (9.6 percent); sugar and sugar confectionary (3.5 percent); dairy products,

birds'eggs,natural honey, edible products nes (3.4 percent); and machinery & mechanical appliances (1.8 percent). These five product categories collectively accounted for 83.7 percent of the total export earnings in May 2009.

Zambia's Major Exports by HS Chapter for May* 2009 (K' Millions)

| Chapter Code | Description | Value (K' Millions) | % Share |
|--------------|--|---------------------|---------|
| 74 | Copper and articles thereof | 997,361 | 65.4 |
| 26 | Ores, slag and ash | 145,962 | 9.6 |
| 17 | Sugars and sugar confectionery | 53,456 | 3.5 |
| 04 | Dairy prod; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible prod nes | 52,125 | 3.4 |
| 84 | Boilers, machinery & mechanical appliance; parts | 27,926 | 1.8 |
| 34 | Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing prep, etc | 24,330 | 1.6 |
| 25 | Salt; sulphur; earth & stone; plastering mat; lime & cement | 19,758 | 1.3 |
| 71 | Natural/cultured pearls, precious stones & metals, coin etc | 19,275 | 1.3 |
| 81 | Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof | 18,592 | 1.2 |
| 85 | Electrical machinery equip parts thereof; sound recorder etc | 15,330 | 1.0 |
| | Other Chapters | 150,568 | 9.9 |
| Total: | | 1,524,682 | 100.0 |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009

Note: (*) Provisional

Zambia's Major Export Destinations by Products in May 2009

The five major destinations of Zambia's exports in May 2009 were Switzerland (54.1 percent), Democratic Republic of Congo (11.7 percent), South Africa (9.4 percent), China (4.8 percent) and Egypt (3.4 percent). These five countries collectively accounted for 83.4 percent of Zambia's total export earnings.

Switzerland was the largest destination for Zambia's export products accounting for 54.1 percent. Major export products were Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper; and Refined Copper, nes, unwrought, Copper blister accounting for 68.8 and 13.1 percent, respectively. Other export products were copper ores & concentrates; and plates, sheets and strip of refined copper.

The Democratic Republic of Congo was the second largest destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 11.7 percent. Major export products were Cream in powdered form of greater than 1.5 percent fat (28.4 percent); Other polishes, creams and similar preparations (9.9 percent); Raw sugar cane in solid form (6.7 percent); Portland cement

(excl. white) (6.3 percent); and not decaffeinated roasted coffee (6.1 percent). South Africa was the third largest destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 9.4 percent. Major export products were: Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension of greater than 6mm (16.9 percent), Copper ores & concentrates (14.8 percent); Semi-manufactured gold (incl. gold plated) (9.4 percent); New stamps, stampimpressed paper, cheque forms (9.0 percent); and Cobalt ores and concentrates (6.9 percent).

China was the fourth largest destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 4.8 percent. The major export products were: Plates, sheets and strips of refined copper; and refined copper, nes, unwrought: copper blister accounting for 49.6 and 39.7 percent, respectively. Other notable products were Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper; and Cobalt ores and concentrates.

Zambia's fifth major export destination was Egypt with 3.4 percent. The major products were Plates, sheets and strips of refined copper (100.0 percent).

Zambia's Five Major Export Destinations by Product for May* 2009

| Occupie III Oc. | Zambia's Five Major Export Destinations by Product for M | | - 09* |
|----------------------|---|---------------------|--------------|
| Country / Hs-Code | Description | Value (K' Millions) | % Share |
| SWITZERLAND | | 825,323 | 100.0 |
| 74031100 | Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper | 567,795 | 68.8 |
| 74031910 | Refined copper, nes, unwrought: Copper blister | 107,811 | 13.1 |
| 26030000 | Copper ores and concentrates | 70,814 | 8.6 |
| 74091900 | Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoil | 39,872 | 4.8 |
| 81059000 | Other: Articles of cobalt, nes | 18,592 | 2.3 |
| 26050000 | Cobalt ores and concentrates | 14,411 | 1.7 |
| 52010000 | Cotton, not carded or combed | 5,162 | 0.6 |
| 78020000 | Lead waste and scrap | 868 | 0.1 |
| 90328900 | Automatic regulating or controlling instruments | 0 | 0.0 |
| 01019000 | Other | 0 | 0.0 |
| Other Products | | 0 | 0.0 |
| % of Total May Expo | orts | 54.1 | |
| CONGO DR | | 177,744 | 100.0 |
| 04022930 | Cream in powdered form of >1.5% fat, sweetened | 50,481 | 28.4 |
| 34059000 | Other polishes, creams and similar preparations | 17,547 | 9.9 |
| 17011100 | Raw cane sugar, in solid form | 11,886 | 6.7 |
| 25232900 | Portland cement (excl. white) | 11,233 | 6.3 |
| 09012110 | Roasted coffee, not decaffeinated - In bulk | 10,921 | 6.1 |
| 17019900 | Cane or beet sugar, in solid form, nes | 9,222 | 5.2 |
| 28070010 | Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk | 9,217 | 5.2 |
| 11010000 | Wheat or meslin flour | 6,768 | 3.8 |
| 25010010 | Salt/pure Sodium chloride | 5,124 | 2.9 |
| 33029010 | ' | 3,608 | 2.9 |
| Other Products | Other mixtures with basis of odoriferous subst.inc | | 23.5 |
| | and a | 41,737 | 23.3 |
| % of Total May Expo | JII.S | 11.7 | 100.0 |
| 74081100 | Wire of refined conner, maximum cross sectional dimension > 6mm | - | 16.9 |
| 26030000 | Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm Copper ores and concentrates | 24,337 21,250 | 14.8 |
| 71081300 | Semi-manufactured gold (incl. gold plated) | 13,591 | 9.4 |
| 49070020 | | 12,897 | 9.0 |
| | New stamps; stamp-impressed paper; cheque forms Cabalt area and concentrates | | |
| 26050000 85444900 | Cobalt ores and concentrates | 9,921 | 6.9 |
| | Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage <=80 V | 8,855 | 6.1 |
| 88033000 | Other parts of aeroplanes or helicopters Wire of refined copper, maximum areas sectional dimension | 8,476 | 5.9 |
| 74081900 | Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension | 4,724 | 3.3 |
| 74091900 | Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoiled | 3,612 | 2.5 |
| 87032390 | Vehicles with engine capacity exceeding 1500cc | 2,625 | 1.8 |
| Other Products | and a | 33,700 | 23.4 |
| % of Total May Expo | orts | 9.4 | 400.0 |
| CHINA | Distance the sets and states of Co. I | 73,005 | 100.0 |
| 74091900 | Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoil | 36,180 | 49.6 |
| 74031910 | Refined copper, nes, unwrought: Copper blister | 28,990 | 39.7 |
| 74031100 | Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper | 6,288 | 8.6 |
| 26050000 | Cobalt ores and concentrates | 834 | 1.1 |
| 26030000 | Copper ores and concentrates | 274 | 0.4 |
| 71031000 | Precious (excl. diamonds) or semi-precious stones, | 107 | 0.1 |
| 44079900 | Wood, nes sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or per | 105 | 0.1 |
| 44071000 | Coniferous wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced | 99 | 0.1 |
| 26080000 | Zinc ores and concentrates | 45 | 0.1 |
| | | | |
| 44072900 | Other tropical wood spec'd in subhdg.note 1 to ch4 | 26 | 0.0 |
| | | 26 57 | 0.0 |

| Country / Ha Code | Description | Мау | -09* |
|---|---|---------------------|---------|
| Country / Hs-Code | Description | Value (K' Millions) | % Share |
| EGYPT | | 51,768 | 100.0 |
| 74091900 | Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoil | 51,768 | 100.0 |
| 01019000 | Other | 0 | 0.0 |
| 01061100 | MammalsPrimates | 0 | 0.0 |
| 01069000 | Other live animals | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02013000 | Boneless | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02022000 | Frozen unboned bovine meat (excl. carcasses) | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02032900 | Frozen swine meat, nes | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02041000 | Fresh or chilled lamb carcasses and half carcasses | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02045000 | Fresh, chilled or frozen goat meat | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02071300 | Fresh or chilled cuts and offal of chickens | 0 | 0.0 |
| Other Products | | 0 | 0.0 |
| % of Total May Exports | | 3.4 | |
| Other Destinations | | 252,855 | 16.6 |
| Total Value of May Exports(fob) 1,524,682 | | | |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009

Note: (*) Provisional

Export Market Shares by Regional Groupings, May and April 2009

The Southern African Development Community (SADC) regional grouping was the largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 25.5 and 20.2 percent in May and April 2009, respectively. Within SADC, Congo DR was the dominant market with 45.7 percent in May and 49.0 percent in April 2009. South Africa was the second dominant market with 37.1 and 35.7 percent in May and April 2009, respectively. Other key markets were Mauritius, Malawi and Tanzania.

The Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) regional grouping was the second largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 19.5 percent in May and 17.2 percent in April 2009. Within COMESA, Congo DR was the dominant market in May and April 2009, with 59.8 and 57.7 percent, respectively. Egypt was the second dominant market with 17.4 percent in

May and 27.9 percent in April 2009. Other key markets were Mauritius, Kenya and Malawi.

Asia was the third largest market for Zambia's exports accounting for 9.1 and 15.3 percent in May and April 2009, respectively. Within Asia, China was the dominant market in May and April 2009 with 52.6 percent and 42.5 percent, respectively. Other notable markets were Malaysia, India, Saudi Arabia and Pakistan.

The European Union (EU) was the fourth largest market for Zambia's exports in May and April 2009 accounting for 6.4 and 4.1 percent, respectively. Within the EU market, United Kingdom was the dominant market with 37.0 percent in May 2009 while in April 2009 Belgium was the dominant market with 53.0 percent. Other notable markets were Luxembourg, Germany and Netherlands.

Export Market Shares by Regional Groupings, May *and April 2009 (K' Millions)

| | May-0 | | pings, way and April 2007 (F | Apr- | 09 |
|----------------------------|------------------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| GROUPING | Value (K' Millions) | % Share | GROUPING | Value (K' Millions) | % Share |
| SADC | 388,596 | 100.0 | SADC | 288,711 | 100.0 |
| CONGO DR | 177,744 | 45.7 | CONGO DR | 141,488 | 49.0 |
| SOUTH AFRICA | 143,987 | 37.1 | SOUTH AFRICA | 103,017 | 35.7 |
| MAURITIUS | 28,373 | 7.3 | MAURITIUS | 15,484 | 5.4 |
| MALAWI | 11,858 | 3.1 | TANZANIA, UNITED | 12,060 | 4.2 |
| TANZANIA, UNITED | 10,311 | 2.7 | ZIMBABWE | 6,418 | 2.2 |
| Other SADC | 16,324 | 4.2 | Other SADC | 10,244 | 3.5 |
| % of Total May Exports | 25.5 | 5 | % of Total April Exports | 20. | 2 |
| COMESA | 297,027 | 100.0 | COMESA | 245,159 | 100.0 |
| CONGO DR | 177,744 | 59.8 | CONGO DR | 141,488 | 57.7 |
| EGYPT | 51,768 | 17.4 | EGYPT | 68,357 | 27.9 |
| MAURITIUS | 28,373 | 9.6 | MAURITIUS | 15,484 | 6.3 |
| KENYA | 12,184 | 4.1 | ZIMBABWE | 6,418 | 2.6 |
| MALAWI | 11,858 | 4.0 | KENYA | 5,997 | 2.4 |
| Other COMESA | 15,100 | 5.1 | Other COMESA | 7,415 | 3.0 |
| % of Total May Exports | 19.5 | j | % of Total April Exports | 17. | 2 |
| ASIA | 138,810 | 100.0 | ASIA | 218,066 | 100.0 |
| CHINA | 73,005 | 52.6 | CHINA | 92,656 | 42.5 |
| MALAYSIA | 24,782 | 17.9 | MALAYSIA | 38,325 | 17.6 |
| INDIA | 15,101 | 10.9 | SAUDI ARABIA | 33,418 | 15.3 |
| SAUDI ARABIA | 10,948 | 7.9 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | 24,710 | 11.3 |
| PAKISTAN | 9,795 | 7.1 | PAKISTAN | 12,921 | 5.9 |
| Other ASIA | 5,179 | 3.7 | Other ASIA | 16,036 | 7.4 |
| % of Total May Exports | 9.1 | | % of Total April Exports | 15. | 3 |
| EUROPEAN UNION | 97,029 | 100.0 | EUROPEAN UNION | 58,840 | 100.0 |
| UNITED KINGDOM | 35,865 | 37.0 | BELGIUM | 31,212 | 53.0 |
| BELGIUM | 26,824 | 27.6 | UNITED KINGDOM | 15,640 | 26.6 |
| LUXEMBOURG | 17,330 | 17.9 | GERMANY | 5,346 | 9.1 |
| NETHERLANDS | 12,690 | 13.1 | NETHERLANDS | 3,822 | 6.5 |
| GERMANY | 2,889 | 3.0 | SWEDEN | 1,850 | 3.1 |
| Other EU | 1,430 | 1.5 | Other EU | 970 | 1.6 |
| % of Total May Exports | 6.4 | | % of Total April Exports | 4.1 | |
| Total Value of May Exports | 1,524,6 | | Total Value of April Exports | 1,427 | 990 |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2008 (*) Provisional Some countries are members of both SADC and COMESA

Zambia's Major Imports by Broad Economic Category (BEC) for May and April 2009

The total value of imports in May 2009 was estimated at K1,823.0 billion compared to K1,563.5 billion in April 2009. The most prominent imports in May 2009 were fuels & lubricants and industrial supplies which collectively accounted for 65.8 percent in

May. Other notable imports in May and April 2009 were Capital goods (excluding transport equipment), parts & accessories, transport equipment, parts & accessories; and consumer goods collectively accounted for 29.1 and 40.4 percent, respectively.

Imports by Broad Economic Category (BEC) sections, May and April 2009* (K 'Millions)

| Code | Description | May- 09 | * | Apr-09* | | |
|--------|--|---------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|--|
| Code | Description | Value (K' Millions) | % Share | Value (K' Millions) | % Share | |
| 1 | Food and beverages | 90,191 | 4.9 | 83,882 | 5.4 | |
| 2 | Industrial supplies not elsewhere specified | 442,186 | 24.3 | 602,891 | 38.6 | |
| 3 | Fuels and lubricants | 757,153 | 41.5 | 241,356 | 15.4 | |
| | Capital goods (excl'transport equipment), | | | | | |
| 4 | parts & accessories | 311,986 | 17.1 | 340,917 | 21.8 | |
| 5 | Transport equipment, parts and accessories thereof | 122,877 | 6.7 | 142,820 | 9.1 | |
| 6 | Consumer goods not elsewhere specified | 96,207 | 5.3 | 148,341 | 9.5 | |
| 7 | Goods not elsewhere specified | 2,437 | 0.1 | 3,258 | 0.2 | |
| Total: | | 1,823,036 | 100.0 | 1,563,464 | 100.0 | |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

Note: (*) Provisional

Imports by International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC), May 2009

Zambia's major import products (by ISIC) in May 2009 were under the manufacturing sector accounting for 55.4 percent of which the prominent was the manufacturing of machinery for mining, quarrying & construction with 8.5 percent; manufacture

of fertilizers & nitrogen compounds (7.4 percent); and manufacture of motor vehicles (6.8 percent). Other major import products were from the mining & quarrying sector with 43.8 percent.

Total Imports by (ISIC) Sections, May 2009* (K' Millions)

| | | Ma | y-09* |
|--------------|---|------------------------|---------|
| CODE | DESCRIPTION | Value (K' Millions) | % Share |
| D | Manufacturing | 1,009,224 | 55.4 |
| Of which: | Manufacture of machinery for mining, quarrying and construction | 85,649 | 8.5 |
| | Manufacture of fertilizers and nitrogen compounds | 74,799 | 7.4 |
| | Manufacture of motor vehicles | 68,909 | 6.8 |
| | Manufacture of television and radio transmitters and apparatus for line telephony and line telegraphy | 42,043 | 4.2 |
| | Manufacture of machinery for food, beverage and tobacco processing | 38,111 | 3.8 |
| | Manufacture of basic iron and steel | 37,807 | 3.7 |
| | Manufacture of other chemical products n.e.c. | 35,714 | 3.5 |
| | Manufacture of vegetable and animal oils and fats | 30,946 | 3.1 |
| | Manufacture of other fabricated metal products n.e.c. | 29,583 | 2.9 |
| | Manufacture of plastics in primary forms and of synthetic rubber | 28,141 | 2.8 |
| | Manufacture of refined petroleum products | 27,721 | 2.7 |
| | Manufacture of basic chemicals, except fertilizers and nitrogen compounds | 27,478 | 2.7 |
| | Others Manufacturing | 482,322 | 47.8 |
| С | Mining and quarrying | 797,903 | 43.8 |
| Α | Agriculture, hunting and forestry | 14,212 | 0.8 |
| 0 | Other community, social and personal service activities | 563 | 0.0 |
| В | Fishing | 539 | 0.0 |
| Е | Electricity, gas and water supply | 536 | 0.0 |
| | Other Sections | 59 | 0.0 |
| Total: | | 1,823,036 | 100.0 |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

(*) Provisional

Zambia's Major Imports by the Harmonised Coding System (HS) in May 2009

Zambia's major import product in May 2009 was mineral fuels, oils & product of their distillation; etc accounting for 42.2 percent. Other import products were boilers, machinery and mechanical appliance; parts;

vehicles o/t railway/Tramway roll-stock, parts and accessories; electrical machinery equipment parts thereof; fertilizers and ores, slag and ash, accounting for 29.4 percent.

Zambia's Major Imports by HS Chapters for May 2009*, K' Millions

| Chapter Code | Product Description | Value (K' Millions) | % Share |
|--------------|--|---------------------|---------|
| 27 | Mineral fuels, oils & product of their distillation; etc | 769,029 | 42.2 |
| Of which: | Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous m | 732,070 | 95.2 |
| | Gas oils. | 8,923 | 1.2 |
| | Cutting oil, grease cutting oils, cleaning oils etc. | 7,189 | 0.9 |
| | Bitumen and asphalt; natural asphaltites and asphalt | 4,903 | 0.6 |
| | Base oils suitable only for further processing. | 2,044 | 0.3 |
| | Other coal, not agglomerated, nes | 1,957 | 0.3 |
| | Other oils. | 1,875 | 0.2 |
| | Other paraffin wax And similar products, nes - | 1,461 | 0.2 |
| | Bituminous mixtures based on natural asphalt, bitumen | 1,456 | 0.2 |
| | White spirit. | 1,388 | 0.2 |
| | Rest of Chapter | 5,762 | 0.7 |
| 84 | Boilers, machinery & mechanical appliance; parts | 223,954 | 12.3 |
| 87 | Vehicles o/t railw/tranw rool-stock, pts & accessories | 96,704 | 5.3 |
| 85 | Electrical machinery equip parts thereof; sound recorder etc | 86,446 | 4.7 |
| 31 | Fertilisers | 74,656 | 4.1 |
| 26 | Ores, slag and ash | 54,477 | 3.0 |
| 73 | Articles of iron and steel | 46,285 | 2.5 |
| 39 | Plastics and articles thereof | 44,758 | 2.5 |
| 38 | Miscellaneous chemical products | 31,929 | 1.8 |
| 72 | Iron and steel | 30,201 | 1.7 |
| | Other chapters | 364,597 | 20.0 |
| Total: | | 1,823,036 | 100.0 |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

Note: (*) Provisional

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Products, May 2009

The major source of Zambia's imports in May 2009 was Kuwait accounting for 40.2 percent of the total value of imports. The major import products from Kuwait were Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous, accounting for 100 percent.

The second main source of Zambia's imports in May 2009 was South Africa accounting for 30.0 percent. The major import products

were Potassium chloride (4.5 percent); Parts of machinery of 84.74 (3.0 percent); mineral & chemicals fertilizers with nitrogen (2.3 percent); and other fertilizers, nes (2.1 percent).

Other notable sources of Zambia's imports were Congo DR, China and India collectively accounting for 9.5 percent of Zambia's total imports in May 2009.

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Products, May 2009* (K 'Millions)

| Country / Hs Codo | Description | May-09 | |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|---------|
| Country / Hs-Code | Description | Value (K' Millions) | % Share |
| KUWAIT | | 732,069 | 100.0 |
| 27090000 | Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous | 732,069 | 100.0 |
| 01019000 | Other | 0 | 0.0 |
| 01061100 | Mammals—Primates | 0 | 0.0 |
| 01069000 | Other live animals | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02013000 | Boneless | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02022000 | Frozen unboned bovine meat (excl. carcasses) | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02032900 | Frozen swine meat, nes | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02041000 | Fresh or chilled lamb carcasses and half carcasses | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02045000 | Fresh, chilled or frozen goat meat | 0 | 0.0 |
| 02071300 | Fresh or chilled cuts and offal of chickens | 0 | 0.0 |
| Other Products | | 0 | 0.0 |
| % of Total May Impo | orts | 40.2 | |
| SOUTH AFRICA | | 547,600 | 100.0 |
| 31042000 | Potassium chloride | 24,563 | 4.5 |
| 84749000 | Parts of machinery of 84.74 | 16,280 | 3.0 |
| 31052000 | Mineral or chemical fertilizers with nitrogen, | 12,418 | 2.3 |
| 31059000 | Other fertilizers, nes | 11,512 | 2.1 |
| 15111000 | Crude palm oil | 7,232 | 1.3 |
| 27101950 | Cutting oil, grease cutting oils, cleaning oils etc. | 7,187 | 1.3 |

| Country / Hs-Code Description May-09 Value (K' Millions) % | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|---------|--|--|
| Country / Hs-Code | Description | Value (K' Millions) | % Share | | |
| 84378000 | Machinery for milling or working cereals or dried vegetables | 7,158 | 1.3 | | |
| 31023000 | Ammonium nitrate | 6,574 | 1.2 | | |
| 87089900 | Parts and accessories, nes, for vehicles of 87.01 | 6,029 | 1.1 | | |
| 84138100 | Pumps for liquids, nes | 5,934 | 1.1 | | |
| Other Products | | 442,714 | 80.8 | | |
| % of Total May Impor | rts | 30.0 | | | |
| CONGO DR | | 67,647 | 100.0 | | |
| 26030000 | Copper ores and concentrates | 45,553 | 67.3 | | |
| 26050000 | Cobalt ores and concentrates | 8,924 | 13.2 | | |
| 84748000 | Other machinery for earth, stone, ores, etc, nes | 3,602 | 5.3 | | |
| 84295100 | Self-propelled front-end shovel loaders | 3,397 | 5.0 | | |
| 84304900 | Boring or sinking machinery (excl. self-propelled) | 2,165 | 3.2 | | |
| 38249000 | Chemical products and residual products of chemical | 1,824 | 2.7 | | |
| 72149900 | Iron/steel bars and rods, hot-rolled, hot-drawn or hot extruded, nes | 1,078 | 1.6 | | |
| 82051000 | Drilling, threading or tapping hand tools | 398 | 0.6 | | |
| 87052000 | Mobile drilling derricks | 358 | 0.5 | | |
| 84314900 | Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes | 85 | 0.1 | | |
| Other Products | | 262 | 0.4 | | |
| % of Total May Impor | rts | 3.7 | | | |
| CHINA | | 64,073 | 100.0 | | |
| 85176100 | Base stations | 13,339 | 20.8 | | |
| 90283000 | Electricity meters | 5,899 | 9.2 | | |
| 84749000 | Parts of machinery of 84.74 | 5,291 | 8.3 | | |
| 17024000 | Glucose and glucose syrup, containing >=20% but <5 | 5,050 | 7.9 | | |
| 73082000 | Towers and lattice masts of iron or steel | 4,975 | 7.8 | | |
| 90183100 | Syringes, used in medical, surgical, dental or vet | 2,056 | 3.2 | | |
| 84186100 | Other refrigerating or freezing equipHeat pumps | 1,999 | 3.1 | | |
| 87042300 | Goods vehicles, with diesel or semi-diesel engines | 1,390 | 2.2 | | |
| 73083000 | Doors, window-frames and thresholds for doors of | 968 | 1.5 | | |
| 87041000 | Dumpers for off-highway use | 953 | 1.5 | | |
| Other Products | , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> | 22,154 | 34.6 | | |
| % of Total May Impor | rts | 3.5 | | | |
| INDIA | | 41,808 | 100.0 | | |
| 30049000 | Other medicaments of mixed or unmixed products, | 5,127 | 12.3 | | |
| 84742000 | Crushing or grinding machines for earth, stone, ores, etc | 4.707 | 11.3 | | |
| 84748000 | Other machinery for earth, stone, ores, etc, nes | 2,736 | 6.5 | | |
| 84749000 | Parts of machinery of 84.74 | 1,956 | 4.7 | | |
| 87029090 | Motor vehicles for transport of persons | 1,534 | 3.7 | | |
| 73261100 | Grinding balls for mills, forged or stamped, | 1,373 | 3.3 | | |
| 63090000 | Worn clothing and other worn articles | 1,354 | 3.2 | | |
| 74072900 | Bars, rods and profiles of copper alloys, nes | 1,257 | 3.0 | | |
| 39206310 | Plates, of unsaturated polyesters, not reinforce | 1,083 | 2.6 | | |
| 88031000 | Propellers and rotors and parts thereof | 1,065 | 2.5 | | |
| Other Products | | 19,617 | 46.9 | | |
| % of Total May Impor | rts | 2.3 | | | |
| Other Destination | | 369,839 | 20.3 | | |
| Total Value of May Ir | mports | 1,823,036 | | | |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

Note: (*) Provisional

Import Market Shares by Regional Groupings, May and April 2009

The Asian market was the largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 51.4 and 26.7 percent in May and April 2009, respectively. Within the Asian market, Kuwait was the major source of Zambia's imports accounting for 78.2 and 51.7 percent in May and April 2009, respectively. It was followed by China with 6.8 percent in May 2009, while in April 2009 it was followed by India with 15.0 percent. Other key market sources were Japan and United Arab Emirate.

The Southern African Development Community (SADC) regional grouping of countries was the second largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 36.8 and 56.6 percent in May and April 2009, respectively. Within the SADC region, South Africa was the major source of Zambia's imports accounting for 81.6 and 68.9 percent in May and April 2009, respectively. Other key market sources were Congo DR, Zimbabwe, Mauritius, Mozambique and Malawi, in May 2009.

The European Union (EU) was the third largest source of Zambia's imports with 7.7 and 11.2 percent in May and April 2009, respectively. Within the EU, Germany was the dominant source in May 2009 accounting for 29.8 percent while in April 2009 the United Kingdom was the dominant source with 28.0 percent. The United Kingdom was the second dominant source in May 2009 with 23.3 percent while Denmark was the second dominant source in April 2009 with 16.9

percent. Other notable sources were Sweden, Belgium, and Netherlands.

The Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) grouping of countries was the fourth largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 6.7 and 18.0 percent in May and April 2009, respectively. Within COMESA, Congo DR was the dominant market in May and April 2009 with 55.3 and 59.3 percent, respectively. Other notable sources were Mauritius and Malawi.

Import Market shares by major Regional groupings, May * and April 2009 (K' million)

| · | May-0 | | roupings, way and April 20 | Apr-0 | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|---------|------------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| GROUPING | Value (K' Millions) | % Share | GROUPING | Value (K' Millions) | % Share |
| ASIA | 936,157 | 100.0 | ASIA | 417,048 | 100.0 |
| KUWAIT | 732,069 | 78.2 | KUWAIT | 215,592 | 51.7 |
| CHINA | 64,073 | 6.8 | INDIA | 62,381 | 15.0 |
| INDIA | 41,808 | 4.5 | CHINA | 56,533 | 13.6 |
| JAPAN | 39,918 | 4.3 | JAPAN | 25,099 | 6.0 |
| UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | 27,043 | 2.9 | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | 19,645 | 4.7 |
| Other ASIA | 31,244 | 3.3 | Other ASIA | 37,798 | 9.1 |
| % of Total May Imports | 51.4 | | % of Total April Imports | 26. | 7 |
| SADC | 670,762 | 100.0 | SADC | 885,005 | 100.0 |
| SOUTH AFRICA | 547,600 | 81.6 | SOUTH AFRICA | 609,898 | 68.9 |
| CONGO DR | 67,647 | 10.1 | CONGO DR | 167,098 | 18.9 |
| ZIMBABWE | 17,400 | 2.6 | ZIMBABWE | 34,022 | 3.8 |
| MAURITIUS | 8,827 | 1.3 | MAURITIUS | 27,367 | 3.1 |
| MOZAMBIQUE | 8,220 | 1.2 | MALAWI | 14,822 | 1.7 |
| Other SADC | 21,068 | 3.1 | Other SADC | 31,799 | 3.6 |
| % of Total May Imports | 36.8 | | % of Total April Imports | 56.0 | 5 |
| EUROPEAN UNION | 140,104 | 100.0 | EUROPEAN UNION | 175,180 | 100.0 |
| GERMANY | 41,744 | 29.8 | UNITED KINGDOM | 49,083 | 28.0 |
| UNITED KINGDOM | 32,661 | 23.3 | DENMARK | 29,536 | 16.9 |
| BELGIUM | 17,934 | 12.8 | GERMANY | 25,858 | 14.8 |
| SWEDEN | 15,787 | 11.3 | SWEDEN | 14,301 | 8.2 |
| NETHERLANDS | 10,110 | 7.2 | BELGIUM | 12,470 | 7.1 |
| Other EU | 21,869 | 15.6 | Other EU | 43,932 | 25.1 |
| % of Total May Imports | 7.7 | | % of Total April Imports | 11.3 | 2 |
| COMESA | 122,306 | 100.0 | COMESA | 281,990 | 100.0 |
| CONGO DR | 67,647 | 55.3 | CONGO DR | 167,098 | 59.3 |
| KENYA | 21,770 | 17.8 | ZIMBABWE | 34,022 | 12.1 |
| ZIMBABWE | 17,400 | 14.2 | KENYA | 28,718 | 10.2 |
| MAURITIUS | 8,827 | 7.2 | MAURITIUS | 27,367 | 9.7 |
| MALAWI | 3,168 | 2.6 | MALAWI | 14,822 | 5.3 |
| Other COMESA | 3,496 | 2.9 | Other COMESA | 9,964 | 3.5 |
| % of Total May Imports | 6.7 | | % of Total April Imports | 18.0 |) |
| Total Value of May Imports | 1,823,0 | 36 | Total Value of April Imports | 1,563, | 464 |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

(*) Provisional (R) Revised figures

Some countries are members of both SADC and COMESA

DEMOGRAPHY

Male orphans and vulnerable children (OVCs) likely to initiate early sexual activity compared with females OVCs!

The 2007 Zambia Demographic and Health Survey (ZDHS) results show that male OVCs were more likely to initiate early sexual activity before age 15 (21 percent) than female OVCs (9 percent). However the proportions of male and female non-OVCs who initiated sex by age 15 were relatively similar, 16 percent for women and 15 percent for men.

The results further show that more male OVCs had sexual intercourse before age 15 compared with male non-OVCs (21 percent and 15 percent respectively). Among females however, results show that a smaller proportion (9 percent) of OVCs had sexual intercourse before age 15 compared with 16 percent of the non-OVCs.

Percentage of De-jure children age 15-17 who had sexual intercourse before exact age 15, total and by OVC status, and ratio of percentage for OVC to the percentage for non-OVC by sex, Zambia 2007

| | Fem | nale | Male | | | |
|------------|---|----------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| OVC status | Percentage who had sexual intercourse before exact age 15 | Number in the sample | Percentage who had sexual intercourse before exact age 15 | Number in the Sample | | |
| OVC | 9 | 332 | 21 | 299 | | |
| Non-OVC | 16 | 629 | 15 | 576 | | |
| Total | 13 | 961 | 17 | 875 | | |
| Ratio | 0.55 | | 1.37 | | | |

Source: Zambia Demographic and Health Survey 2007

About 52 percent of births occur at home, 2007 ZDHS reveals!

Delivering of a child in a health facility is an important factor in reducing deaths arising from the complications of pregnancy. If a complication arises during delivery, a skilled health worker can manage the complication or refer the mother to the next level of health facility.

According to the 2007 Zambia Demographic and Health Survey (ZDHS) results, about half of all births (52 percent) occur at home. Child deliveries that occur in public and private sector facilities were reported at 43 and 5 percent, respectively.

It was further reported that younger women of less than 20 years and women between the age of 20 and 34 years old are more likely to deliver in health institutions (55 and 49 percent, respectively) than women between the age of 35 and 49 years old (36 percent). It was however revealed that deliveries in health institutions decline with an increase in birth order.

Analysis by residence revealed that women in rural areas are more likely to deliver at home at 67 percent than their counterparts in urban areas (16 percent). Percent distribution of live births in the five years preceding the survey by place of delivery and percentage delivered in a health facility, according to background characteristics, Zambia 2007

| Background | | | Н | ealth Faci | lity | | Any Health | Number of |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------|------------|---------|---------|------------|----------------------|
| Characteristic | Public Sector | Private Sector | Home | Other | Missing | Total | Facility | Births in the sample |
| Total | 42.7 | 5.0 | 51.7 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 100.0 | 47.7 | 6,435 |
| Mother's age at Birth | | | | | | | | |
| <20 | 50.5 | 4.7 | 44.3 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 100.0 | 55.2 | 1,102 |
| 20-34 | 43.2 | 4.9 | 51.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 100.0 | 48.1 | 4,485 |
| 35-49 | 29.7 | 6.1 | 63.5 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 35.8 | 849 |
| Birth Order | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 59.2 | 5.3 | 35.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 100.0 | 64.5 | 1,270 |
| 2 - 3 | 43.9 | 5.1 | 50.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 100.0 | 49.0 | 2,232 |
| 4 - 5 | 37.4 | 5.0 | 56.8 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 100.0 | 42.4 | 1,509 |
| 6+ | 31.6 | 4.8 | 63.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 100.0 | 36.3 | 1,425 |
| *Antenatal care visits | | | | | | | | |
| None | 2.0 | 2.0 | 96.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 4.0 | 89 |
| 1 - 3 | 43.9 | 3.2 | 52.2 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 47.1 | 1,500 |
| 4+ | 47.8 | 6.2 | 45.7 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 100.0 | 54.0 | 2,494 |
| Dont know/missing | (61.1) | (1.3) | (35.5) | (0.0) | (2.2) | (100.0) | (62.3) | (53) |
| Residence | | | | | | | | |
| Urban | 79.0 | 4.6 | 15.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 100.0 | 83.7 | 1,883 |
| Rural | 27.6 | 5.2 | 66.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 100.0 | 32.8 | 4,553 |

Source: Zambia Demographic and Health Survey, 2007

Note: Figures in parentheses are based on 25-49 unweighted cases

(*) includes only the most recent birth in the five years preceding the survey

The results also revealed that women with more than a secondary education (99 percent) are more likely to deliver in a health facility than women with no education (25 percent).

At provincial level, Northern has the highest proportion of deliveries at home with 68 percent. It is followed by Central Province with 66 percent. Lusaka Province was reported to have the lowest proportion of deliveries at home with 22 percent.

Percent distribution of live births in the five years preceding the survey by place of delivery and percentage delivered in a health facility, according to background characteristics, Zambia 2007

| | | | Health F | acility | | | Any Hoolth | Number of Births in the sample | |
|------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------|---------|---------|-------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Background Characteristic | Public Sector | Private Sector | Home | Other | Missing | Total | Any Health Facility | | |
| Total | 42.7 | 5.0 | 51.7 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 100.0 | 47.7 | 6,435 | |
| Provinces | | | | | | | | | |
| Central | 30.4 | 2.6 | 66.1 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 100.0 | 33.0 | 632 | |
| Copperbelt | 64.1 | 11.6 | 23. 4 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 100.0 | 75.7 | 880 | |
| Eastern | 38.4 | 6.3 | 54.2 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 100.0 | 44.8 | 1,022 | |
| Luapula | 34.0 | 1.5 | 64.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 35.5 | 577 | |
| Lusaka | 76.3 | 1.8 | 21.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 100.0 | 78.1 | 736 | |
| Northern | 25.6 | 5.5 | 68.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 100.0 | 31.0 | 1,042 | |
| North-western | 35.6 | 6.4 | 57.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 100.0 | 42.0 | 402 | |
| southern | 37.5 | 0.1 | 62.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 100.0 | 37.6 | 683 | |
| Western | 37.5 | 7.7 | 53.9 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 100.0 | 45.2 | 461 | |
| Mother's Education | | | | | | | | | |
| No education | 20.6 | 4.5 | 73.5 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 100.0 | 25.2 | 870 | |
| Primary | 38.3 | 4.7 | 56.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 100.0 | 43.0 | 4,089 | |
| Secondary | 66.1 | 4.9 | 27.9 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 100.0 | 71.0 | 1,320 | |
| more than secondary | 80.2 | 19.0 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 99.2 | 157 | |
| Wealth quintile | | | | | | | | | |
| Lowest | 23.5 | 4.9 | 71 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 100.0 | 28.4 | 1,524 | |
| Second | 24.6 | 4.8 | 69.4 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 100.0 | 29.4 | 1,445 | |
| Middle | 33.2 | 4.6 | 61.8 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 37.8 | 1,351 | |
| Fourth | 68.2 | 3.8 | 27.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 100.0 | 72.0 | 1,227 | |
| Highest | 84.0 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 100.0 | 91.9 | 889 | |

Source: Zambia Demographic and Health Survey, 2007

AGRICULTURE

Maize Production expected to increase reveals the 2008/2009 Crop Forecasting Survey

The 2008/2009 Crop Forecasting Survey (CFS) results show that production of Maize is expected to increase by 30.7 percent from 1,445,655 metric tonnes during the 2007/2008 agricultural season to 1,888,773 during the 2008/2009 agricultural season.

The results further show that area planted to maize remained relatively the same increasing slightly by 0.1 percent from 1,125,024 hectares during the previous season to 1,125,849 during the 2008/2009 agricultural season. Furthermore, area harvested to maize is expected to increase by 37.3 percent from 663,990 hectares during the

2007/2008 agricultural season to 911,876 hectares during the 2008/2009 agricultural season.

The yield rate of maize per hectare is also expected to increase by 30.6 percent from 1.3 metric tonnes per hectare from the previous season to 1.7 metric tonnes per hectare during the 2008/2009 agricultural season.

Overall, the area planted and harvested to all major staple food crops also increased compared to the 2007/2008 agricultural season.

Crop Production Estimates Based on the 2008/2009 Crop Forecasting Survey

| | А | rea planted (Ha) | | Are | ea harvested (Ha | 1) | Expe | cted Production | (Mt) | Y | Yield rate (Mt/Ha) | | |
|------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------|--|
| Crop | 2007/2008 | 2008/2009 | % Change | 2007/2008 | 2008/2009 | % Change | 2007/2008 | 2008/2009 | % Change | 2007/2008 | 2008/2009 | % Change | |
| Maize | 1,125,024 | 1,125,849 | 0.1 | 663,990 | 911,876 | 37.3 | 1,445,655 | 1,888,773 | 30.7 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 30.6 | |
| Sorghum | 28,614 | 40,591 | 41.9 | 18,851 | 32,312 | 71.4 | 11,446 | 21,829 | 90.7 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 34.4 | |
| Rice | 29,189 | 31,032 | 6.3 | 20,993 | 25,582 | 21.9 | 30,258 | 41929 | 38.6 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 30.3 | |
| Millet | 52,526 | 61,586 | 17.2 | 40,863 | 55,911 | 36.8 | 39,163 | 48,967 | 25.0 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 6.6 | |
| Sunflower | 40,080 | 71,293 | 77.9 | 33,079 | 65,420 | 97.8 | 15,405 | 33,657 | 118.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 22.8 | |
| Groundnuts | 174,021 | 216,086 | 24.2 | 145,896 | 204,033 | 39.8 | 84,598 | 120,564 | 42.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 14.8 | |
| Soya beans | 35,440 | 64,683 | 82.5 | 33,081 | 62,880 | 90.1 | 59,177 | 118,799 | 100.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 10.0 | |
| Seed Cotton | 143,278 | 103,154 | (28.0) | 104,749 | 97,144 | (7.3) | 89,106 | 87,018 | (2.3) | 0.6 | 0.8 | 35.6 | |
| Irish Potatoes | 1,212 | 1,305 | 7.7 | 1,151 | 1,233 | 7.1 | 10,524 | 21,285 | 102.3 | 8.7 | 16.3 | 87.8 | |
| Burley tobacco | 5,930 | 11,638 | 96.3 | 5,720 | 11,084 | 93.8 | 7,471 | 18,487 | 147.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 26.1 | |
| Virginia tobacco | 6,299 | 7,785 | 23.6 | 6,094 | 7,727 | 26.8 | 15,910 | 8,758 | (45.0) | 2.5 | 1.1 | (55.5) | |
| Mixed beans | 67,493 | 83,640 | 23.9 | 63,129 | 79,283 | 25.6 | 50,488 | 46,735 | (7.4) | 0.7 | 0.6 | (25.3) | |
| Bambara nuts | 2,592 | 4,297 | 65.8 | 2,196 | 4,080 | 85.8 | 2,843 | 4,930 | 73.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 4.6 | |
| Cowpeas | 4,544 | 12,963 | 185.3 | 2,571 | 11,185 | 335.0 | 1,841 | 7,468 | 305.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 42.2 | |
| Sweet potatoes | 38,184 | 64,341 | 68.5 | 34,991 | 60,638 | 73.3 | 124,414 | 200,450 | 61.1 | 3.3 | 3.1 | (4.4) | |
| Paprika | 476 | 312 | (34.5) | 462 | 291 | (37.0) | 1,050 | 1,020 | (2.9) | 2.2 | 3.3 | 48.2 | |
| Pineapples | 134 | 392 | 192.5 | 52 | 336 | 546.2 | - | 1,719 | - | - | 4.4 | - | |
| Wheat | 19,365 | 34,296 | 77.1 | 19,358 | 34,296 | 77.2 | 113,242 | 195,456 | 72.6 | 5.8 | 5.7 | (2.5) | |

Source: CSO/MACO 2008/2009 Crop Forecasting Survey

LAYMAN & STATISTICS

Domestic Exports: These are goods originating from the exporting countries.

Re-exports: This refers to goods imported into the country and then exported in the same form or after minor improvements. For example, blending, packing and repairing.

Trade Surplus: this is a situation were a country is exporting more than it is importing.

SITC: Stands for Standard International Trade Classification. It is a trade statistical nomentriture mainly used in trade statistical analysis.

Index of Industrial Production: Is defined as the measure of the changes in the levels of production in the economy compared with base year production. The index does not measure the actual production levels but gives a comparative representation of the performance of the various subsectors.

Agricultural Season: This refers to the period starting from 1st October and ending 30th September the following year.

SELECTED SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) 2000-2008

| | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008* |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Total GDP at Current Prices (K'Billion) | 10,071.9 | 13,132.7 | 16,260.4 | 20,479.2 | 25,916.8 | 31,944.6 | 38,464.1 | 46,194.8 | 55,501.1 |
| Total GDP at Constant 1994 Prices (K'Billion) | 2,499.0 | 2,621.3 | 2,707.9 | 2,846.5 | 3,000.1 | 3,160.3 | 3,356.8 | 3,564.0 | 3,776.7 |
| GDP per capita at Current Prices | 1,028,587 | 1,301,621 | 1,562,085 | 1,906,038 | 2,337,020 | 2,792,006 | 3,260,038 | 3,798,753 | 4,430,948 |
| GDP per capita at Constant 1994 Prices | 255,213 | 259,806 | 260,138 | 264,930 | 270,528 | 276,215 | 284,507 | 293,080 | 301,511 |
| GDP Growth rate at Constant 1994 Prices | 3.6 | 4.9 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.0 |

PERCENTAGE CHANGES IN G.D.P. BY KIND OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY - CONSTANT 1994 PRICES

| KIND OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008* |
|--|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing | 1.6 | (2.6) | (1.7) | 5.0 | 4.3 | (0.6) | 2.2 | 0.4 | (0.1) |
| Agriculture | 1.0 | (6.0) | (6.3) | 8.0 | 6.1 | (4.0) | 3.0 | (2.7) | (4.0) |
| Forestry | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Fishing | (1.0) | (5.0) | (0.7) | (0.7) | (0.7) | 0.5 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Mining and Quarrying | 0.1 | 14.0 | 16.4 | 3.4 | 13.9 | 7.9 | 7.3 | 3.6 | 5.9 |
| Metal Mining | (0.3) | 15.0 | 17.1 | 3.3 | 13.5 | 7.1 | 9.0 | 4.4 | 6.0 |
| Other mining and quarrying | 13.3 | (15.0) | (13.0) | 10.7 | 35.8 | 42.9 | (45.8) | (45.5) | 0.3 |
| PRIMARY SECTOR | 1.1 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 2.5 | 4.1 | 1.7 | 2.3 |
| Manufacturing | 3.6 | 4.2 | 5.7 | 7.6 | 4.7 | 2.9 | 5.7 | 3.0 | 3.6 |
| Food, Beverages and Tobacco | 0.6 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 8.6 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 8.9 | 7.6 | 4.5 |
| Textile, and leather industries | 2.2 | 2.3 | 6.2 | 3.2 | (1.9) | (2.9) | (1.3) | (19.5) | (16.7) |
| Wood and wood products | (0.3) | 5.7 | 7.5 | 11.4 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 0.7 | 3.7 | 13.5 |
| Paper and Paper products | (1.3) | 3.8 | 2.2 | 8.2 | 2.5 | 10.6 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 25.4 |
| Chemicals, rubber and plastic products | 41.2 | 4.3 | 10.0 | 4.9 | 8.5 | 3.2 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 6.3 |
| Non-metallic mineral products | 4.5 | 3.5 | 1.7 | 14.9 | 14.4 | 7.4 | (5.2) | 2.3 | 3.3 |
| Basic metal products | 4.3 | (18.0) | 4.3 | 15.1 | 3.1 | (2.0) | 1.9 | (4.8) | 30.5 |
| Fabricated metal products | 11.3 | (8.0) | (4.0) | 5.3 | 4.8 | 7.4 | 5.0 | 7.8 | (2.8) |
| Electricity, Gas and Water | 1.2 | 12.6 | (5.2) | 0.4 | (1.7) | 5.4 | 10.5 | 1.0 | (1.2) |
| Construction | 6.5 | 11.5 | 17.4 | 21.6 | 20.5 | 21.2 | 14.4 | 20.0 | 9.9 |
| SECONDARY SECTOR | 4.0 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 10.8 | 9.1 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 6.0 |
| Wholesale and Retail trade | 2.3 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 5.0 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| Restaurants, Bars and Hotels | 12.3 | 24.4 | 4.9 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 11.7 | 16.1 | 9.6 | 5.7 |
| Transport, Storage and Communications | 2.4 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 11.0 | 22.1 | 19.2 | 15.8 |
| Rail Transport | 3.6 | 7.6 | 6.0 | (8.1) | (1.8) | (11.6) | (2.6) | (18.7) | (20.2) |
| Road Transport | 1.9 | 0.5 | 1.9 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 13.2 |
| Air Transport | 6.3 | 10.6 | (8.4) | 3.9 | 18.1 | 10.8 | 33.5 | 24.1 | 13.7 |
| Communications | 0.6 | 0.6 | 7.9 | 10.0 | 5.0 | 23.2 | 40.5 | 33.6 | 21.1 |
| Financial Institutions and Insurance | (0.6) | 0.1 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 5.4 |
| Real Estate and Business services | 17.0 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.1 |

The Monthly - Volume 75

Central Statistical Office

| KIND OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008* |
|--|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Community, Social and Personal Services | (0.5) | 5.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 11.4 | 9.0 | 12.5 | 14.5 |
| Public Administration & Defence/Public sanitary services | (0.7) | 1.0 | (1.0) | 0.2 | 0.2 | 6.2 | (8.7) | 14.8 | 3.4 |
| Education | (0.7) | 13.5 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 0.3 | 22.2 | 35.3 | 13.6 | 24.4 |
| Health | (0.7) | 16.5 | 1.0 | 2.5 | (0.8) | (2.2) | 5.2 | 1.0 | 19.5 |
| Recreation, Religious, Culture | (0.7) | 10.0 | (2.0) | 4.5 | 4.3 | 34.1 | 22.8 | 9.3 | 32.2 |
| Personal Services | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| TERTIARY SECTOR | 4.1 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 5.4 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 7.2 |
| Less: FISIM | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| TOTAL GROSS VALUE ADDED | 3.4 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 6.0 |
| Taxes less subsidies on Products | 4.6 | 7.0 | (6.7) | (2.7) | (2.7) | (0.1) | (3.1) | (0.3) | 6.0 |
| TOTAL G.D.P. AT MARKET PRICES | 3.5 | 4.9 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.0 |

Source: CSO, National Accounts Statistics

*Revised estimates

INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, 2006 TO 2008 Q2 (2000=100)

| | | | N | IINING | | | | | MANU | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------|-----------------|--------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| PERIOD | TOTAL | TOTAL MINING | Coal | Non- ferrous Ore | Stone Quarrying | TOTAL MANUFACTURING | Food, Beverages & Tobacco | Textile, Clothing & Leather | Wood & Wood Products | Paper & Paper Products | Chemicals, Rubbers & Plastics | Non- metallic Mineral Products | Basic Metal Industries | Fabricated Metal Products | TOTAL ELECTRICITY |
| WEIGHT | 1.000 | 0.350 | 0.005 | 0.242 | 0.103 | 0.511 | 0.235 | 0.060 | 0.006 | 0.017 | 0.059 | 0.025 | 0.009 | 0.100 | 0.139 |
| 2000 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 2006 Q1* | 147.8 | 214.3 | 35.4 | 217.0 | 215.9 | 108.0 | 126.8 | 62.9 | 166.6 | 93.3 | 111.0 | 139.1 | 66.2 | 83.8 | 126.7 |
| 2006 Q2* | 144.8 | 194.4 | 58.9 | 209.0 | 166.2 | 115.0 | 144.8 | 46.8 | 164.1 | 91.8 | 87.6 | 163.6 | 62.3 | 95.3 | 129.6 |
| 2006 Q1+Q2 | 146.3 | 204.4 | 47.2 | 213.0 | 191.0 | 111.5 | 135.8 | 54.9 | 165.3 | 92.5 | 99.3 | 151.4 | 64.2 | 89.6 | 128.1 |
| 2006 Q3 | 143.9 | 179.9 | 45.6 | 176.2 | 194.5 | 125.7 | 162.5 | 55.7 | 156.5 | 72.6 | 96.6 | 150.2 | 74.2 | 103.8 | 120.3 |
| 2006 Q4 | 142.4 | 158.3 | 9.5 | 150.3 | 183.7 | 137.5 | 185.4 | 98.0 | 157.2 | 91.2 | 69.7 | 143.9 | 70.9 | 99.1 | 120.7 |
| 2006 | 144.7 | 186.7 | 37.4 | 188.1 | 190.1 | 121.5 | 154.9 | 65.9 | 161.1 | 87.2 | 91.2 | 149.2 | 68.4 | 95.5 | 124.3 |
| 2007 Q1* | 147.3 | 206.9 | 8.5 | 196.6 | 239.8 | 111.3 | 129.0 | 61.1 | 176.4 | 92.4 | 116.6 | 146.8 | 64.5 | 91.0 | 129.5 |
| 2007 Q2* | 153.4 | 211.5 | 10.5 | 200.5 | 246.4 | 121.4 | 162.1 | 42.4 | 171.6 | 92.7 | 95.4 | 161.0 | 61.1 | 85.6 | 125.1 |
| 2007 Q1+Q2 | 143.4 | 189.2 | 9.5 | 198.5 | 243.1 | 116.4 | 145.6 | 51.7 | 174.0 | 92.6 | 106.0 | 153.9 | 62.8 | 88.3 | 127.3 |
| 2007 Q3* | 151.9 | 191.2 | 6.0 | 196.9 | 186.2 | 133.7 | 178.3 | 33.1 | 164.6 | 69.2 | 96.2 | 153.3 | 67.2 | 121.3 | 119.5 |
| 2007 Q4* | 159.5 | 195.8 | 8.3 | 191.4 | 214.5 | 143.8 | 197.1 | 75.6 | 155.3 | 96.9 | 72.0 | 149.6 | 67.8 | 114.1 | 126.2 |
| 2007 | 152.5 | 202.9 | 8.6 | 196.8 | 226.0 | 125.3 | 162.4 | 52.8 | 168.4 | 88.8 | 97.2 | 152.9 | 64.7 | 100.0 | 125.5 |
| 2008 Q1* | 160.5 | 243.7 | 7.4 | 228.7 | 289.4 | 112.0 | 131.9 | 52.3 | 205.3 | 107.4 | 121.7 | 128.4 | 80.2 | 88.8 | 129.5 |
| 2008 Q2** | 159.6 | 219.3 | 0.0 | 196.8 | 281.9 | 127.5 | 176.2 | 36.0 | 216.8 | 123.1 | 92.8 | 156.9 | 86.6 | 79.6 | 127.4 |
| 2008 Q1+Q2 | 153.4 | 212.5 | 3.7 | 212.8 | 285.6 | 119.7 | 154.0 | 44.2 | 211.0 | 115.3 | 107.3 | 142.7 | 83.4 | 84.2 | 128.5 |
| | | | | | | YEAR-ON-YEAR | PERCENTAGE | CHANGES e | .g. Q2 2007/Q | 2 2006 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2007 Q1 | (0.3) | (3.5) | (76.0) | (9.4) | 11.1 | 3.1 | 1.8 | (3.0) | 5.9 | (0.9) | 5.0 | 5.5 | (2.6) | 8.5 | 2.3 |
| 2007 Q2 | 6.0 | 8.8 | (82.2) | (4.1) | 48.3 | 5.6 | 12.0 | (9.4) | 4.6 | 1.0 | 8.9 | (1.6) | (1.9) | (10.2) | (3.4) |
| 2007 Q1+Q2 | (2.0) | (7.4) | (79.9) | (6.8) | 27.3 | 4.4 | 7.2 | (5.7) | 5.2 | 0.0 | 6.7 | 1.7 | (2.2) | (1.4) | (0.6) |
| 2007 Q3 | 5.5 | 6.3 | (86.8) | 11.7 | (4.2) | 6.4 | 9.7 | (40.6) | 5.2 | (4.6) | (0.4) | 2.1 | (9.5) | 16.9 | (0.7) |
| 2007 Q4 | 12.0 | 23.7 | (12.8) | 27.3 | 16.7 | 4.6 | 6.3 | (22.9) | (1.2) | 6.2 | 3.3 | 4.0 | (4.4) | 15.1 | 4.6 |
| 2007 | 5.4 | 8.7 | (77.1) | 4.6 | 18.9 | 3.1 | 4.9 | (19.9) | 4.5 | 1.8 | 6.6 | 2.5 | (5.5) | 4.8 | 1.0 |
| 2008 Q1 | 9.0 | 17.8 | (12.8) | 16.3 | 20.7 | 0.6 | 2.2 | (14.3) | 16.4 | 16.3 | 4.4 | (12.5) | 24.3 | (2.4) | (0.1) |
| *2008 Q2 | 4.0 | 3.7 | (99.7) | (1.8) | 14.4 | 5.0 | 8.7 | (15.0) | 26.4 | 32.8 | (2.8) | (2.5) | 41.8 | (7.0) | 1.8 |
| *2008 Q1+Q2 | 7.0 | 12.4 | (58.0) | 7.2 | 17.5 | 2.9 | 5.8 | (14.6) | 21.3 | 24.5 | 1.2 | (7.3) | 32.8 | (4.6) | 0.9 |

Source: Index of Industrial Production, CSO

Note: * Revised
** Preliminary

PROJECTED MID-YEAR POPULATION 2000-2009

| | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
|--------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| Total Population | 9,885,591 | 10,089,492 | 10,409,441 | 10,744,380 | 11,089,691 | 11,441,461 | 11,798,678 | 12,160,516 | 12,525,791 | 12,896,830 |
| Population Growth Rate | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Life Expectancy at Birth | 50.0 | 51.8 | 51.9 | 52.4 | 52.4 | 52.6 | 51.9 | 51.4 | 51.3 | 51.2 |
| POPULATION BY PROVINCE | E | | | | | | | | | |
| Central | 1,012,257 | 1,032,574 | 1,066,992 | 1,103,387 | 1,141,256 | 1,180,124 | 1,219,980 | 1,260,491 | 1,301,776 | 1,343,835 |
| Copperbelt | 1,581,221 | 1,611,569 | 1,662,155 | 1,714,225 | 1,767,165 | 1,820,443 | 1,874,081 | 1,927,576 | 1,980,824 | 2034012 |
| Eastern | 1,306,173 | 1,348,070 | 1,391,690 | 1,436,120 | 1,482,290 | 1,530,118 | 1,579,960 | 1,631,890 | 1,684,910 | 1,740,180 |
| Luapula | 775,353 | 791,067 | 817,326 | 845,076 | 873,969 | 903,746 | 934,317 | 965,605 | 997,579 | 1,030,572 |
| Lusaka | 1,391,329 | 1,413,010 | 1,453,690 | 1,495,730 | 1,538,000 | 1,579,769 | 1,620,730 | 1,660,070 | 1,697,730 | 1,733,830 |
| Northern | 1,258,696 | 1,277,250 | 1,315,650 | 1,357,540 | 1,401,340 | 1,445,730 | 1,490,330 | 1,534,170 | 1,577,310 | 1,619,980 |
| North-western | 583,350 | 596,010 | 616,496 | 638,004 | 660,322 | 683,367 | 707,074 | 731,351 | 756,261 | 781,800 |
| Southern | 1,212,124 | 1,235,134 | 1,275,470 | 1,318,161 | 1,362,382 | 1,407,433 | 1,453,324 | 1,499,462 | 1,545,880 | 1,592,864 |
| Western | 765,088 | 774,929 | 795,247 | 816,983 | 839,757 | 863294 | 887,540 | 912,226 | 937,419 | 963,107 |
| Zambia Surface Area | | | | | | | | | | 752,612 Sq.Km |

Source: CSO, Population Projections Report

Note: 2000 figures are from the 2000 Census of Population and Housing while the 2001 to 2009 figures are the Population Projections Report

POVERTY TRENDS 1991-2006

| Residence/Province | Indicators | 1991 | 1993 | 1996 | 1998 | 2004 | 2006* |
|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|-----------------|-------|
| Residence/Flovince | Total Poor | 70 | 84 | 78 | 73 | 68 | 64 |
| | Extremely Poor | 61 | 76 | 66 | 58 | 53 | 51 |
| Total Zambia | Moderately Poor | 10 | 8 | 12 | 15 | 15 | 14 |
| | | | | | 27 | | 32 |
| | Non-Poor Total Poor | 29 88 | 16 92 | 22 80 | 83 | 32 78 | 80 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Rural areas | Extremely Poor | 78 | 89 | 79 | 71 | 65 | 67 |
| | Moderately Poor | 6 | 4 | 10 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| | Non-Poor | 15 | 8 | 11 | 17 | 22 | 20 |
| | Total Poor | 15 | 8 | 11 | 17 | 22 | 34 |
| Urban areas | Extremely Poor | 49 | 45 | 60 | 56 | 53 | 20 |
| | Moderately Poor | 44 | 56 | 44 | 36 | 34 | 14 |
| | Non-Poor | 14 | 14 | 16 | 20 | 18 | 66 |
| Provinces | | | | 1 | | | |
| | Total Poor | 70 | 81 | 84 | 77 | 76 | 72 |
| 1. Central | Extremely Poor | 57 | 69 | 70 | 63 | 63 | 59 |
| r. ochuai | Moderately Poor | 13 | 8 | 14 | 14 | 12 | 13 |
| | Non-Poor | 31 | 23 | 16 | 23 | 24 | 28 |
| | Total Poor | 61 | 49 | 65 | 65 | 56 | 42 |
| 2. Copperbelt | Extremely Poor | 51 | 61 | 52 | 47 | 38 | 27 |
| 2. Соррегоен | Moderately Poor | 14 | 13 | 13 | 18 | 18 | 15 |
| | Non-Poor | 35 | 25 | 36 | 35 | 44 | 58 |
| | Total Poor | 85 | 91 | 85 | 79 | 70 | 79 |
| 2 Footors | Extremely Poor | 75 | 87 | 77 | 66 | 57 | 65 |
| 3. Eastern | Moderately Poor | 6 | 4 | 8 | 13 | 13 | 14 |
| | Non-Poor | 19 | 9 | 15 | 21 | 30 | 21 |
| | Total Poor | 84 | 88 | 87 | 82 | 79 | 73 |
| | Extremely Poor | 65 | 81 | 77 | 69 | 64 | 61 |
| 4. Luapula | Moderately Poor | 8 | 8 | 10 | 13 | 15 | 12 |
| | Non-Poor | 27 | 11 | 13 | 18 | 21 | 27 |
| | Total Poor | 31 | 39 | 58 | 53 | 48 | 29 |
| | Extremely Poor | 29 | 55 | 41 | 35 | 29 | 16 |
| 5. Lusaka | Moderately Poor | 13 | 11 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 12 |
| | Non-Poor | 57 | 34 | 42 | 47 | 52 | 71 |
| | Total Poor | 84 | 86 | 87 | 81 | 74 | 78 |
| | Extremely Poor | 79 | 87 | 76 | 66 | 60 | 64 |
| 6. Northern | Moderately Poor | 8 | 4 | 11 | 15 | 14 | 14 |
| | Non-Poor | 14 | 9 | 13 | 19 | 26 | 21 |
| | Total Poor | 75 | 88 | 90 | 77 | 76 | 72 |
| | Extremely Poor | 74 | 90 | 80 | 64 | 61 | 57 |
| 7. North-western | Moderately Poor | 7 | 5 | 10 | 13 | 15 | 15 |
| | Non-Poor | 18 | 5 | 10 | 23 | 24 | 28 |
| | Total Poor | 79 | 87 | 83 | 75 | 69 | 73 |
| | Extremely Poor | 66 | 86 | 73 | 59 | 54 | 58 |
| 8. Southern | Moderately Poor | 11 | 5 | 10 | 16 | 14 | 16 |
| | Non-Poor | 22 | 9 | 17 | 25 | 31 | 27 |
| | Total Poor | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 83 | 84 |
| | Extremely Poor | 54 | 54 | 54 | 54 | 83 73 | 73 |
| 9. Western | Moderately Poor | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 10 | 10 |
| | | | 31 | | 31 | 17 | 16 |
| | Non-Poor | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 17 | 16 |

Source: CSO, Living Conditions Monitoring Survey, 1991, 1993, 1996, 1998, 2004 and 2006

Note:(*)Provisional

INFLATION TRENDS 2000-2008

| Year | Year on Year Inflation |
|------|------------------------|
| 1990 | 110.6 |
| 1991 | 99.7 |
| 1992 | 180.7 |
| 1993 | 128.1 |
| 1994 | 38.3 |
| 1995 | 46.0 |
| 1996 | 35.2 |
| 1997 | 18.6 |
| 1998 | 30.6 |
| 1999 | 20.6 |
| 2000 | 30.1 |
| 2001 | 18.7 |
| 2002 | 26.7 |
| 2003 | 17.2 |
| 2004 | 17.5 |
| 2005 | 15.9 |
| 2006 | 8.2 |
| 2007 | 8.9 |
| 2008 | 16.6 |

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics

HEALTH STATISTICS

| Desidence (Dravines | Infant | Mortality (Pe | er 1,000 Live | Births) | Under-F | Under-Five Mortality (Per 1000 Live Births) | | | | Maternal Mortality Ratio (Per 100,000 Live Births) | | | HIV Prevalence | | | |
|---------------------|--------|---------------|---------------|---------|---------|---|---------------|------|------|---|---------------|------|----------------|------|---------------|-------|
| Residence/Province | 1992 | 1996 | 2001/ 2002 | 2007 | 1992 | 1996 | 2001/ 2002 | 2007 | 1992 | 1996 | 2001/ 2002 | 2007 | 1992 | 1996 | 2001/ 2002 | 2007* |
| Zambia | 107.2 | 108.9 | 95.0 | 70 | 190.7 | 196.6 | 168 | - | - | 649 | 729 | 649 | | - | 15.6 | 14.3 |
| Rural | 115.8 | 117.9 | 103 | - | 201.2 | 204.5 | 182 | - | - | | | - | | - | 10.8 | 10.3 |
| Urban | 78.0 | 91.9 | 77 | - | 150.8 | 173.3 | 140 | - | - | | | - | - | - | 23.1 | 19.7 |
| PROVINCE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Central | 114.1 | 94.6 | 92 | 1 | 210.0 | 164.5 | 192 | - | - | | | - | | - | 15.3 | 17.5 |
| Copperbelt | 68.9 | 81.9 | 68 | - | 144.2 | 175.4 | 134 | - | - | | | - | | - | 19.9 | 17.0 |
| Eastern | 114.1 | 131.1 | 84 | - | 210.0 | 235.4 | 166 | - | - | | | - | | - | 13.7 | 10.3 |
| Luapula | 148.5 | 157.8 | 154 | - | 244.4 | 254.2 | 248 | - | - | | | - | | - | 11.2 | 13.2 |
| Lusaka | 76.8 | 100.3 | 70 | 1 | 140.8 | 174.1 | 137 | - | - | | | - | - | - | 22.0 | 20.8 |
| Northern | 148.5 | 125.3 | 113 | 1 | 244.4 | 200.2 | 187 | - | - | | | - | | - | 8.3 | 6.8 |
| North-western | 132.0 | 91.1 | 74 | - | 210.3 | 153.0 | 130 | - | - | | | - | - | - | 9.2 | 6.9 |
| Southern | 70.5 | 66.2 | 76 | - | 134.2 | 148.3 | 148 | - | - | | | - | - | - | 17.6 | 14.5 |
| Western | 132.0 | 129.1 | 139 | - | 210.3 | 201.2 | 201 | - | - | | | - | - | - | 13.1 | 15.2 |

Source: CSO, ZDHS 1992, 1996, 2001/2002 AND 2007

Note: *Preliminary
Note: The 1996 ZDHS Survey did not have a component for HIV testing

Central Statistical Office

ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENT POLICE REPORTS, 2006 TO 2007

| POLICE DIVISION/PROVINCE | NUMBER OF ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS | | | NUMBER OF PERSONS KILLED | | | NUMBER OF PERSONS SERIOUSLY INJURED | | | NUMBER OF PERSONS SLIGHTLY INJURED | | | ADMISSION OF GUILTY RAISED (kwacha) | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|-------------|--|-------|-------------|------------------------------------|-------|-------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| DIVISION/PROVINCE | 2006 | 2007 | % Change | 2006 | 2007 | % Change | 2006 | 2007 | % Change | 2006 | 2007 | % Change | 2006 | 2007 |
| Central | 1,047 | 1,382 | 32 | 191 | 158 | (17) | 520 | 548 | 5 | 376 | 269 | (28) | 214,433,570 | 274,002,608 |
| Copperbelt | 4,105 | 5,400 | 32 | 265 | 301 | 14 | 1,031 | 1,300 | 26 | 1,250 | 1,664 | 33 | 1,888,762,000 | 2,907,262,000 |
| Eastern | 632 | 693 | 10 | 79 | 85 | 8 | 159 | 129 | (19) | 140 | 207 | 48 | 287,050,916 | 359,249,000 |
| Luapula | 185 | 190 | 3 | 54 | 51 | (6) | 166 | 203 | 22 | 17 | 41 | 141 | 212,895,100 | 332,581,000 |
| Lusaka | 10,513 | 10,889 | 4 | 335 | 413 | 23 | 938 | 915 | (2) | 2,177 | 2,158 | (1) | 1,569,921,500 | 1,695,469,000 |
| N/Western | 549 | 735 | 34 | 32 | 56 | 75 | 185 | 223 | 21 | 126 | 229 | 82 | 77,666,000 | 203,912,000 |
| Nothern | 443 | 569 | 28 | 89 | 71 | (20) | 366 | 391 | 7 | 131 | 217 | 66 | 208,817,000 | 248,637,500 |
| Southern | 1,279 | 1,431 | 12 | 100 | 105 | 5 | 407 | 290 | (29) | 234 | 160 | (32) | 958,622,500 | 1,106,798,000 |
| Western | 342 | 401 | 17 | 25 | 26 | 4 | 191 | 182 | (5) | 127 | 132 | 4 | 130,000,000 | 187,608,500 |
| TOTAL | 19,095 | 21,690 | 14 | 1,170 | 1,266 | 8 | 3,963 | 4,181 | 6 | 4,578 | 5,077 | 11 | 5,548,168,586 | 7,315,519,608 |

Source: Zambia police, road traffic section

Zambia's Annual Total Exports in Absolute Zambia Kwacha and US Dollar 2000 - 2008*

| Flow | TOTAL | EXPORTS | | | | |
|--------|--------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| YEAR | ZMK | USD | | | | |
| 2000 | 2,716,557,648,136 | 869,485,416 | | | | |
| 2001 | 3,537,206,913,419 | 978,788,277 | | | | |
| 2002 | 4,069,916,925,012 | 944,356,533 | | | | |
| 2003 | 4,642,039,643,203 | 979,298,782 | | | | |
| 2004 | 7,526,280,115,612 | 1,577,240,766 | | | | |
| 2005 | 9,612,909,460,871 | 2,176,641,598 | | | | |
| 2006 | 13,410,945,234,225 | 3,681,524,702 | | | | |
| 2007 | 18,399,133,746,013 | 4,617,454,325 | | | | |
| 2008* | 18,653,009,286,684 | 5,098,688,004 | | | | |
| TOTAL: | 82,567,998,973,175 | 20,923,478,403 | | | | |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

Note: (*) Provisional

Note: 2000 - 2007 Extracted using Special Trade System while 2008 extracted Using General Trade System

Zambia's Annual Imports in Absolute Zambia Kwacha and US Dollar 2000 - 2008*

| Flow | ІМ | PORTS | | | | |
|--------|--------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| YEAR | ZMK | USD | | | | |
| 2000 | 2,751,563,199,592 | 871,386,492 | | | | |
| 2001 | 3,900,496,869,495 | 1,079,955,769 | | | | |
| 2002 | 4,732,881,915,324 | 1,103,070,912 | | | | |
| 2003 | 7,439,867,256,553 | 1,573,309,968 | | | | |
| 2004 | 10,279,302,826,391 | 2,150,649,040 | | | | |
| 2005 | 11,466,668,652,907 | 2,579,688,391 | | | | |
| 2006 | 11,049,770,813,126 | 3,023,996,472 | | | | |
| 2007 | 15,945,289,847,742 | 4,006,980,387 | | | | |
| 2008* | 18,476,489,239,723 | 5,060,482,666 | | | | |
| TOTAL: | 86,042,330,620,853 | 21,449,520,097 | | | | |

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2009;

Note: (*) Provisional

Note: 2000 - 2007 extracted using Special Trade System while 2008 extracted using General Trade System

Surveys/Activities being undertaken

- 2010 Cartographic Mapping
- 2008 Labour-force Survey
- 2009 Zambia Sexual Behaviour Survey (ZSBS)

Now Available

- Employment and Earnings Inquiry Report, January 2006
- National Accounts Statistics Bulletin No.9 2005
- Selected Socio-Economic Indicators, 2004 2005
- Labour-Force Survey Report, 2005
- Gender Based Violence (GBV), 2005
- 2007 Zambia Demographic and Health Survey (ZDHS)

Soon to be released!

Living Conditions Monitoring Survey Report, 2006

Visit us at the 2009 Zambia International Trade Fair

Subscribe for your free electronic copy of "The Monthly" online at www.zamstats.gov.zm

The Editorial Team would like to thank all Media Institutions and Users of

"The Monthly"

Thank you for supporting us

Secretariat

Efreda Chulu

John Kalumbi

Linda N. Chonya - Senior Research Officer Anthony Nkole - Desktop Publishing Officer

Perry Musenge - Assistant Desktop Publishing Officer

- Director

- Deputy Director

Etambuyu Lukonga - Documentalist

Cecilia M. Munjita - Librarian

Petronella Kaputu - Press Liaison Officer Humphrey Zimba - Dissemination Officer

Editorial Team

Efreda Chulu - Director

John Kalumbi

Modesto Banda

Deputy Director (IRD)

Deputy Director (AG)

William Mayaka

Deputy Director (SOC)

Peter Mukuka

Deputy Director (ECON)

Janet N. Zulu

Senior Gender Analyst

Linda N. Chonya

Deputy Director (ECON)

Senior Gender Analyst

Senior Research Officer

Josephine Chewe Banda - Statistician Gerson Banda - Statistician Palver Sikanyiti - Statistician

Chisuwa Sandu - Assistant Field Co-ordinator