



Republic of Zambia

The Monthly

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Foreword

Welcome to the Monthly presentation organised by the Dissemination Branch of the Central Statistical Office (CSO). The CSO embarks on vigorous information delivery strategy to major stakeholders and the media institutions in order to increase utilisation of statistical products and services. The office produces a number of statistical products in the Economic, Social, Agricultural and Environmental areas. The information collected in these areas may be used for various purposes including policy formulation, planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of programmes and projects.

This Monthly publication is an attempt to provide highlights of CSO's work and how it can help media institutions and the general public to make use of data and information for sustainable national development and decision-making.

I would like to urge our readers and users of statistical information to send to us any comments that may enhance statistical production and contribute to the improvement of this bulletin.

John Kalumbi
DIRECTOR OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS

27th October, 2016

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**STATISTICS
TWISTER**

*"We measure what we treasure.
We treasure what we measure"*

INFLATION

Annual Rate of Inflation Drops by 6.4 Percentage Points

The annual rate of inflation recorded a significant decline, dropping by 6.4 percentage points from 18.9 percent in September 2016, to 12.5 percent in October 2016. This is despite an increase in the monthly rate of inflation, which increased by 0.4 percentage points from 0.1 percent in the month of September to 0.5 percent in the month of October 2016.

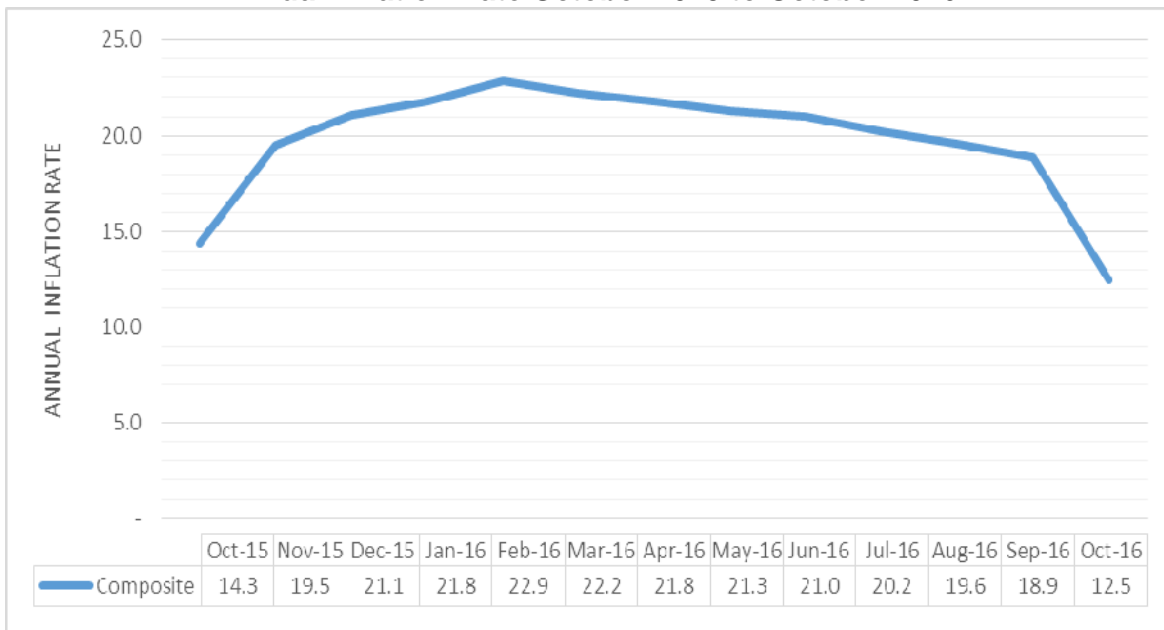
This significant reduction in the annual rate of inflation for October 2016 is mainly attributed to the full impact of the “Base Effect” which has resulted in the decrease of both food and non-food inflation. In other words, base effect is the impact of a typical (an unusual) price changes in the previous year on the annual inflation rate.

Base effects occur when variations in the annual growth rate of an economic indicator, in this case the Consumer Price Index (CPI), are attributable to an unusual movements in the index 12

months earlier owing, for instance, to significant changes in commodity prices. More specifically, Base effect explain the extent to which the change from one month to the next in the year-on-year rate of inflation results from the “dropping out” of an unusual month-on-month change from the price index 12 months earlier.

Hence, therefore, the notable reduction in the annual rate of inflation for October 2016 is mostly due to the base effect. The change in the year-on-year inflation rate from one month to the next reflects the impact of both recent price changes and price movements 12 months earlier (base month). Further, the month-on-month stability in the cost of consumer basket of goods and services has led to significantly narrowing the gap between the current October price index from (2015 October) the price index 12 months earlier, hence this significant drop in the annual rate of inflation for October 2016.

Annual Inflation Rate October 2015 to October 2016



Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

Annual Food and Non-Food Inflation Rates

Annual food inflation rate stood at 15.6 percent as at October 2016, decreasing by 7.8 percentage points on the September rate of 23.4 percent. The annual non-food inflation rate stood at 9.0 percent, decreasing by 5.0 percentage points on the September rate of 14.0 percent. Hence, the composite annual rate of inflation recording a significant decrease and dropping by 6.4 percentage points from

18.9 percent in September 2016 to 12.5 percent in October 2016.

The decrease in annual food inflation was mainly attributed to decreases in the inflation for Bread, Bun, Meat, Cooking Oil, Tomato and Table Salt while the decrease in non-food annual inflation was mainly a result of decreases in prices of Motor Vehicles.

Annual Inflation Rates: Food and Non-Food Items

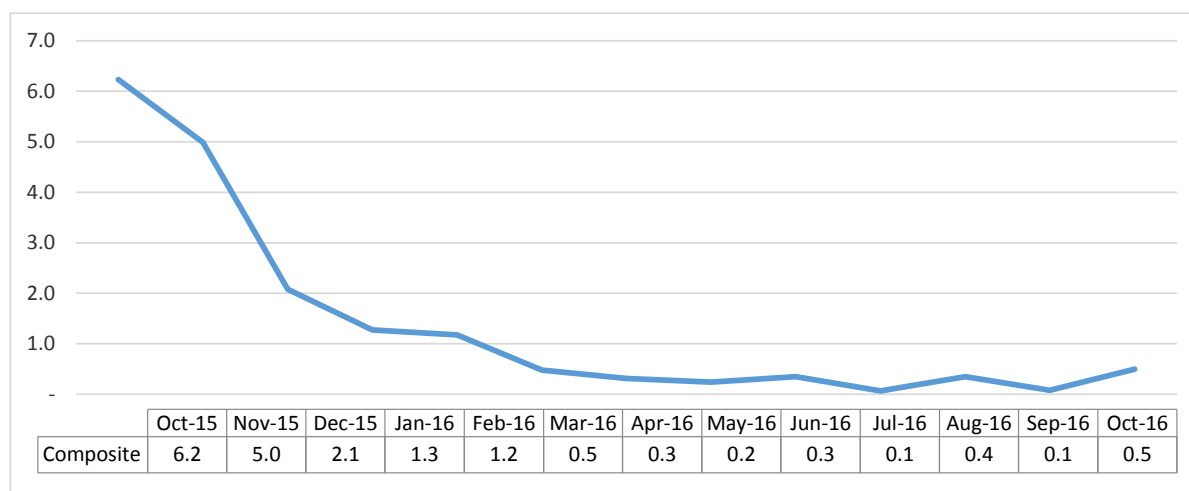
	Weight	Oct-2015	Nov-2015	Dec-2015	Jan-2016	Feb-2016	Mar-2016	Apr-2016	May-2016	Jun-2016	Jul-2016	Aug-2016	Sep-2016	Oct-2016
Total	1,000.0	14.3	19.5	21.1	21.8	22.9	22.2	21.8	21.3	21.0	20.2	19.6	18.9	12.5
Food	534.85	16.2	23.4	24.8	25.9	26.4	26.2	26.5	25.8	25.3	24.8	24.1	23.4	15.6
Non-Food	465.15	12.4	15.5	17.1	17.4	19.1	17.9	16.7	16.5	16.5	15.3	14.8	14.0	9.0

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

Monthly Inflation Rate

The monthly inflation rate was recorded at 0.5 percent as at October 2016. This rate is 0.4 of a percentage point higher than the corresponding monthly September rate of 0.1 percent. Contributing the most to this increase in the monthly rate of inflation were rises in the cost of Mealie Meal, Maize Grain, Dried Kapenta Mpulungu, Dried

Chisense, some vegetables and Cement. Partially offsetting these increases were the reduction in the cost of Meat, Eggs, Table Salt, Refrigerator and Motor Vehicles. However, these price reductions were not high enough to influence the observed monthly rate of inflation in the positive direction.



Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

Monthly Inflation Rate: Food and Non Food Items

The monthly food index recorded a monthly increase of 0.6 percent as at October, which is 0.6 percentage point higher than 0.0 percent recorded for September 2016. The increase in monthly food inflation was mainly attributed to increases in the price of Breakfast Mealie Meal, Roller Mealie Meal, Maize Grain, Dried Kapenta (Mpulungu), Dried Kapenta (Chisense), Rape, Cabbage and Tomatoes.

The Non-Food index recorded a monthly increase of 0.4 percent as at October 2016, a 0.2 percentage point higher than the rate observed in September 2016. The increase in the non-food monthly inflation was mainly attributed to increase in the prices of Private House Rent, Domestic Services and Air Fare (Lusaka to London).

Monthly Inflation Rate: Food and Non Food Items, (2009=100)

	Oct 15	Nov 15	Dec 15	Jan 16	Feb 16	Mar 16	Apr 16	May 16	Jun 16	Jul 16	Aug 16	Sep 16	Oct 16
Total	6.2	5.0	2.1	1.3	1.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.5
Food	7.4	6.8	2.5	1.6	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.2	-0.2	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.6
Non-Food	5.0	3.1	1.6	0.9	1.2	0.0	-0.3	0.3	0.1	-0.1	0.4	0.2	0.4

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

A breakdown by division shows that between October 2015 and October 2016, the annual rate of inflation

decreased for all CPI Main Groups except for Communication which increased.

Annual Inflation Rate: CPI Main Groups

Period	All Items	Food & Non-alcoholic beverages	Alcoholic beverages & Tobacco	Clothing & footwear	Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas & Other fuels	Furnishings, Household Equip., Routine Hse Mtc	Health	Transport	Communication	Recreation & Culture	Education	Restaurant & Hotel	Miscellaneous Goods & Services
Weight	1000	534.9	15.2	80.8	114.1	82.4	8.2	58.1	12.9	13.8	26.6	3.4	49.7
Oct'15 – Oct'14	14.3	16.2	9.6	12.8	5.1	19.6	14.8	23.8	1.2	19.8	5.7	9.5	10.7
Nov'15 – Nov 14	19.5	23.4	15.1	18.8	5.2	25.0	18.8	24.4	4.7	25.3	5.8	11.9	16.0
Dec'15 – Dec 14	21.1	24.8	15.2	20.3	8.6	27.9	19.6	21.8	5.9	26.2	5.9	12.6	18.4
Jan'16 – Jan' 15	21.8	25.9	16.0	19.9	5.9	27.8	19.1	24.5	5.5	25.3	16.6	13.9	19.5
Feb'16 – Feb' 15	22.9	26.5	19.1	20.5	8.3	28.1	19.0	30.3	5.9	26.3	17.2	16.0	20.6
Mar'16 – Mar' 15	22.2	26.2	20.3	20.3	6.6	27.4	18.4	25.6	6.1	24.5	17.6	13.9	20.2
Apr'16 – Apr' 15	21.8	26.5	21.0	19.4	6.0	25.7	18.7	20.2	10.6	24.1	17.6	14.0	18.5
May'16-May'15	21.3	25.8	21.9	18.6	6.5	25.6	16.1	19.6	10.8	21.4	16.4	11.4	19.0
Jun'16 – Jun' 15	21.0	25.3	22.3	18.6	6.1	25.1	16.3	22.0	10.7	20.3	16.7	11.4	18.4
Jul'16-Jul'15	20.2	24.8	21.4	17.8	5.0	24.2	15.6	18.7	10.5	20.7	16.6	11.4	17.2
Aug'16-Aug'15	19.6	24.1	21.2	18.3	4.3	23.8	15.8	15.8	10.7	20.8	16.6	11.7	17.3
Sep'16-Sep'15	18.9	23.4	20.4	18.6	4.3	22.7	15.6	11.3	10.7	20.6	16.6	10.9	16.9
Oct'16 – Oct'15	12.5	15.6	15.1	15.1	4.0	12.1	9.5	0.0	11.1	10.4	16.4	7.6	12.4

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

Contribution of different Items to Overall Inflation

Of the total 12.5 percent annual inflation rate recorded in October 2016, Food and Non-alcoholic beverage products

accounted for 8.1 percentage points, while non-food products accounted for 4.4 percentage points.

Percentage Point Contribution of different items to Overall Inflation

DIVISION	Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015	Jan 2016	Feb 2016	Mar 2016	Apr 2016	May 2016	Jun 2-16	Jul 2016	Aug 2016	Sep 2016	Oct 2016
Food and Non-alcoholic beverages	8.3	12.0	12.8	13.3	13.7	13.6	13.7	13.3	13.1	12.8	12.4	12.0	8.1
Alcoholic beverages and Tobacco	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
Clothing and footwear	1.1	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.2
Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other fuels	0.7	0.8	1.2	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6
Furnishings, Household Equipment, Routine house maintenance	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.0
Health	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Transport	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.7	0.0
Communication	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Recreation and Culture	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
Education	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4
Restaurant and Hotel	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Miscellaneous Goods and Services	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6
Total Food	8.3	12.0	12.8	13.3	13.7	13.6	13.7	13.3	13.1	12.8	12.4	12.0	8.1
Total Non-food	6.1	7.5	8.4	8.5	9.5	8.8	8.2	8.0	7.9	7.4	7.2	6.9	4.4
All items	14.3	19.5	21.1	21.8	22.9	22.2	21.8	21.3	21.0	20.2	19.6	18.9	12.5

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

Note: The figures may not add up due to rounding off.

Provincial Changes in Inflation Rates

Provincial Annual Inflation Rate

Provincial changes in inflation rate show that between October 2015 and October 2016, Western Province had the highest annual rate of inflation at 16.2 percent, followed by Southern Province at 15.7 percent. Central Province recorded the lowest annual rate of inflation at 11.0 percent, followed by Lusaka Province at 11.2 percent.

Provincial Monthly Inflation Rate

North Western Province had the highest monthly inflation rate in October 2016 at 1.6 percent. The second highest monthly inflation rate was recorded in Southern Province at 1.2 percent. Luapula Province had the lowest monthly rate of inflation recorded at 0.2 percent.

Provincial Price Indices and Inflation Rates

Province	Weight	Index (2009 = 100)			Percentage change over one month			Percentage change over 12 months		
		Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	Oct-16
	1000.00	184.07	184.22	185.16	0.4	0.1	0.5	19.6	18.9	12.5
Central	107.19	178.38	179.54	180.20	0.4	0.6	0.4	20.2	19.7	11.0
Copperbelt	219.68	178.11	178.18	179.10	0.5	0.0	0.5	17.2	16.6	11.8
Eastern	88.98	191.33	191.48	192.16	0.0	0.1	0.4	21.8	21.4	14.5
Luapula	50.6	185.78	186.55	186.98	0.9	0.4	0.2	22.6	22.5	11.3
Lusaka	283.89	185.10	184.83	185.34	0.3	(0.1)	0.3	18.2	17.0	11.2
Northern/ Muchinga	65.72	185.98	184.03	185.01	0.0	(1.1)	0.5	23.0	21.1	13.0
North-Western	32.33	194.85	194.83	198.01	0.5	0.0	1.6	23.6	22.6	12.1
Southern	109.19	189.49	190.53	192.81	0.3	0.5	1.2	19.8	19.7	15.7
Western	42.42	180.09	181.07	181.78	0.5	0.5	0.4	22.8	22.9	16.2

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

Provincial Contribution to Overall Inflation

Lusaka Province had the highest provincial contribution of 3.6 percentage points to the overall annual inflation rate of 12.5 percent recorded in October 2016. This implies that the price movements in Lusaka Province had the greatest influence on the

overall annual rate of inflation. Copperbelt and Southern provinces had the second highest provincial contribution of 1.9 percentage points each. Western Province had the lowest contribution of 0.4 percentage points.

Provincial Contribution to Overall Inflation

Province	Oct 2015	Nov-2015	Dec-2015	Jan-2016	Feb-2016	Mar-2016	Apr-2016	May-2016	Jun 2016	Jul 2016	Aug 2016	Sep 2016	Oct 2016
Central	1.7	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.0
Copperbelt	2.8	3.8	4.0	3.7	3.9	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.2	1.9
Eastern	1.2	1.8	2.0	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.5
Luapula	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7
Lusaka	4.2	5.4	6.0	6.5	6.7	6.5	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.1	5.9	5.6	3.6
Northern/Muchinga	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	0.8
North-Western	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7
Southern	1.5	2.1	2.3	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.9
Western	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.4
All items	14.3	19.5	21.1	21.8	22.9	22.2	21.8	21.3	21.0	20.2	19.6	18.9	12.5

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

Note: The figures may not add up due to rounding off

National Average Prices for Selected Products

The Consumer Price Basket consists of 440 products and over 23,000 quotations are collected from selected outlets in all the districts in Zambia from 1st to 10th of every

month. The table below shows the maximum and minimum prices for selected items and the location in October, 2016.

Maximum and Minimum Prices for Selected Products

Product Description	Unit of Measure	Minimum		Maximum	
		Price	Location	Price	Location
Breakfast Mealie Meal	25 kg	75.00	Mansa	130.00	Chavuma
Roller Mealie Meal	25 kg	54.99	Luanshya	100.00	Nakonde
Maize Grain	20 litre tin	28.00	Isoka/Luwingu	60.00	Senanga
Dried Kapenta (Mpulungu)	1 Kg	41.46	Kaputa	306.00	Lusaka
Cooking Oil	2.5 litres	35.00	Mongu	70.00	Chiengi/Kalabo
Charcoal	50 Kg bag	20.00	Chama/Mporokoso	80.00	Ndola
Cement	50 kg	50.00	Lusaka	80.00	Kaputa/Mufumbwe

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

On a monthly basis, a comparison of retail prices between September 2016 and October 2016 shows that the national average price of a 25kg bag of Breakfast Mealie Meal increased by 4.6 percent from K85.24 to K89.18. The national average price of a 25kg bag of Roller Mealie Meal increased by 7.6 percent from K66.21 to K71.27. The national average price of a 20 litre tin of Maize Grain increased by 5.3 percent from K37.91 to K39.93.

On an annual basis, a comparison of retail prices between October 2015 and October 2016 shows that the national average price of a 25kg bag of Breakfast Mealie Meal increased by 24.0 percent from K71.92 to K89.18. The national average price of a 25kg bag of Roller Mealie Meal increased by 26.2 percent from K56.47 to K71.27.

NATIONAL AVERAGE PRICES FOR SELECTED PRODUCTS

Description	Unit of Measure		Oct 2015	Nov 2015	Dec 2015	Jan 2016	Mar 2016	Aug 2016	Sep 2016	Oct 2016	%change Oct-16/Sep-16	% change Oct-16/Oct-15
Breakfast Mealie Meal	25	Kg	71.92	79.63	82.22	82.48	85.25	84.99	85.24	89.18	4.6	24.0
Roller Mealie Meal	25	Kg	56.47	63.06	65.10	66.22	67.75	66.81	66.21	71.27	7.6	26.2
Maize grain	20	Ltr tin	30.79	34.84	39.34	41.19	46.55	34.99	37.91	39.93	5.3	29.7
Fillet Steak	1	Kg	43.67	43.76	43.92	45.41	45.98	45.90	47.83	47.33	-1.1	8.4
Rump Steak	1	Kg	40.04	40.61	41.27	41.51	42.16	43.99	44.54	43.86	-1.5	9.5
Mixed Cut	1	Kg	30.54	31.25	32.21	32.52	33.09	33.67	34.50	34.44	-0.2	12.8
T-bone	1	Kg	38.23	38.24	39.80	41.00	40.98	42.43	42.92	42.77	-0.4	11.9
Dried Kapenta Mpulungu	1	Kg	102.87	106.12	114.62	131.28	127.36	109.89	100.37	102.72	2.0	-0.2
Dried Kapenta Siavonga	1	Kg	115.97	119.33	122.55	133.51	131.12	124.56	119.77	120.21	0.4	3.7
Dried Kapenta Chisense	1	Kg	63.94	78.47	81.14	86.65	89.63	66.50	64.92	65.92	1.5	3.1
Eggs	1	Tray	32.43	33.32	36.56	35.39	35.81	35.44	34.34	33.02	-3.8	1.8
Cooking oil Local	25	Ltr	46.31	54.73	55.74	55.58	54.12	52.27	51.62	52.10	0.9	12.5
Rape	1	Kg	3.94	4.59	5.18	5.53	6.14	4.18	4.09	4.77	16.6	21.1
Cabbage	1	Kg	2.22	2.62	2.84	3.28	3.83	3.14	2.69	2.90	7.8	30.6
Tomatoes	1	Kg	5.06	5.73	6.14	6.45	9.93	6.63	6.66	8.05	20.9	59.1
Sugar	2.5	Kg	19.62	21.42	22.05	23.32	24.25	25.83	26.24	26.25	0.0	33.8
Table Salt	1	Kg	5.71	6.21	6.12	6.46	6.80	6.69	6.69	6.44	-3.7	12.9
Cement	50	Kg	69.80	69.63	70.94	69.27	66.04	62.52	61.69	63.20	2.5	-9.5
Charcoal	50Kg	bag	35.68	35.74	35.26	37.02	37.92	40.42	37.81	37.95	0.4	6.4
Refrigerator	210	litr	2,242.21	2,479.88	2,658.49	2,564.78	2,657.70	2,418.58	2,416.98	2,374.95	-1.7	5.9
Toyota hilux	1	Each	557,704.22	592,751.00	502,308.00	652,348.00	543,662.00	539,886.00	538,562.75	526,947.30	-2.2	-5.5
Toyota corolla	1	Each	502,690.82	534,318.00	493,934.00	587,998.00	490,029.00	436,050.00	434,981.25	426,472.20	-2.0	-15.2
Nissan Sentra 1.6 L Sedan BIT AT	1	Each	534,626.00	558,374.00	468,864.00	499,500.00	499,500.00	502,333.00	476,149.02	451,884.10	-5.1	-15.5
Nissan Pick (Nissan Hardbody)	1	Each	306,272.00	337,167.80	342,408.00	271,950.00	271,950.00	357,993.00	339,332.95	339,299.40	-0.0	10.9
Geisha		gms	7.30	8.12	8.33	8.86	9.22	9.26	9.49	9.50	0.1	30.1
Lifebouy		gms	4.57	4.97	5.06	5.24	5.37	5.96	5.95	6.03	1.3	32.0
Butone		gms	5.40	5.97	6.14	6.18	6.51	6.65	6.72	6.75	0.5	25.0
Hammer milling charge	20	Ltr tin	4.83	4.98	5.29	6.03	6.80	6.22	6.33	6.34	0.2	31.3

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDIZE TRADE

Trade Deficit increases in September 2016

Zambia recorded a trade deficit in September 2016 valued at K 998.8 Million from K 705.2 Million recorded in August 2016, representing a 41.6 percent

increase. This means that the country imported more in September 2016 than it exported in nominal terms.

Total Exports (FOB) and Imports (CIF), January to September 2016 (K' Million)

Months	Imports(CIF)	Domestic Exports(FOB)	Re-Exports(FOB)	Total Exports(FOB)	Trade Balance
Jan-16	6,652.3	5,818.3	409.9	6,228.2	-424.1
Feb-16	6,200.2	5,073.2	222.9	5,296.1	-904.1
Mar-16	7,009.8	5,449.2	543.9	5,993.1	-1,016.6
Quarter 1	19,862.2	16,340.7	1,176.7	17,517.4	-2,344.8
Apr-16	6,242.7	4,918.9	313.2	5,232.1	-1,010.6
May-16	5,760.9	5,223.3	235.1	5,458.5	-302.4
Jun-16	6,248.6	5,793.2	99.2	5,892.4	-356.3
Quarter 2	18,252.2	15,935.4	647.5	16,582.9	-1,669.2
Jul-2016	6,043.6	5,526.7	38.4	5,565.1	-478.5
Aug-2016 [®]	5,685.7	4,877.6	103.0	4,980.5	-705.2
Sep-2016*	5,817.6	4,684.2	134.6	4,818.8	-998.8
Quarter 3	17,546.9	15,088.5	275.9	15,364.4	-2,182.4
Total	55,661.3	47,364.6	2,100.2	49,464.8	-6,196.5

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2016

These trade data are compiled based on the General Trade System

Note: (*) Provisional

([®]) Revised

Performance of Exports (Traditional and Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), August to September 2016

There has been a decrease of 5.1 percent in the total value of Metal exports from K3,358.3 Million in August to K3,188.1 Million in September 2016. The overall contribution of Metals and their products to the total export earnings in September and August 2016 averaged 66.8 percent.

Non Traditional exports increased by 0.5 percent from K1,622.2 Million in August to K1,630.7 Million in September 2016. The share of NTEs recorded an average of 33.2 percent in revenue earnings between September and August 2016.

Zambia's Traditional and Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), August to September 2016

Group	Sep-2016*		Aug-2016 [®]	
	Value (K' Million)	% Share	Value (K' Million)	% Share
Traditional Exports (mainly Metals)	3,188.1	66.2	3,358.3	67.4
Non-Traditional Exports	1,630.7	33.8	1,622.2	32.6
Total Exports	4,818.8	100.0	4,980.5	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2016

Zambia's Exports of Copper by Volume and corresponding prices at the London Metal Exchange (LME), January to September 2016

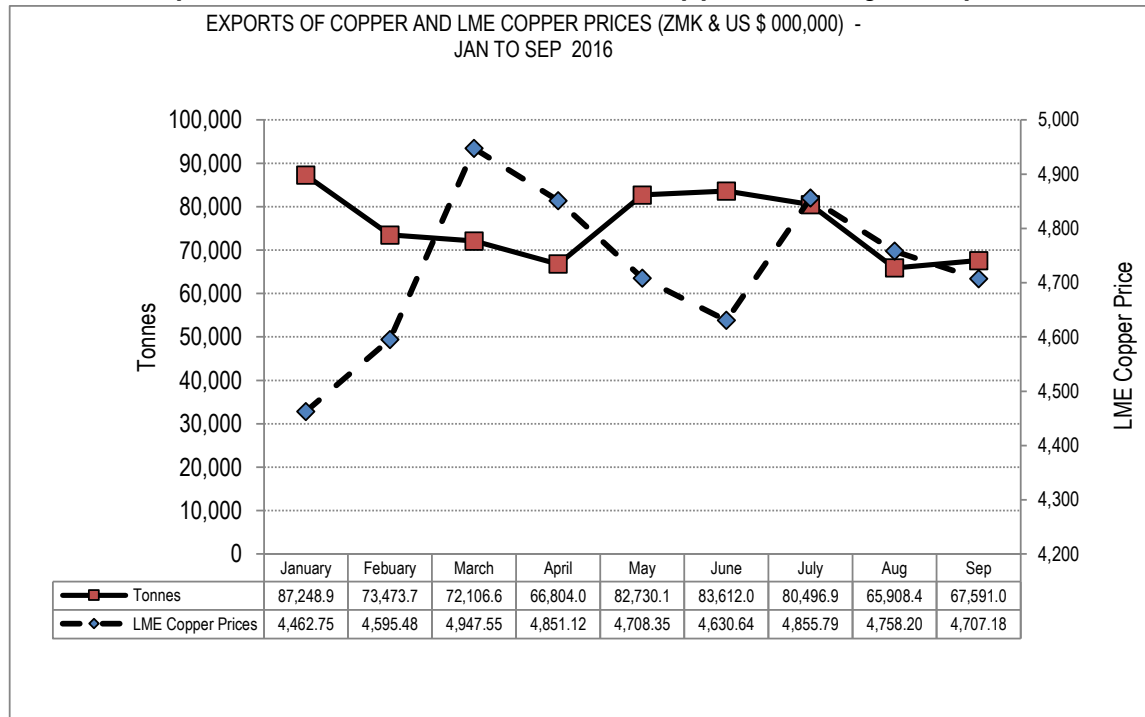
The volume of Copper exhibited a fluctuating trend between January and August 2016, with the highest volume of 87,248.9 metric tonnes recorded in January 2016 and the lowest volume of 65,908.4 metric tonnes recorded in August 2016.

On the other hand, the corresponding price of Copper on the London Metal Exchange registered a steady increase between January and March 2016 from USD 4,462.75 per metric tonne to USD 4,947.55 per metric tonne. In June 2016 the price declined to USD 4,630.64 per metric tonne before increasing to USD

4,855.79 per metric in July 2016. However, between August and September 2016 the price of copper registered a marginal decline from USD 4,758.20 per metric tonne to USD 4,707.18 per metric tonne.

Since this product accounts for the largest weight/proportion of Traditional Exports, any change in the volume and price/value has a direct bearing on the performance of Traditional Exports.

Zambia's Export Volumes and LME Prices of Copper, January to September 2016



Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2016

Zambia's Top 25 Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), September and August 2016

Zambia's major Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs) for the month of September 2016 were Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks which accounted for 12.7 percent followed by Cotton, not carded or combed which accounted for 7.0 percent.

Other notable NTEs in September 2016 were Bullion semi-manufactured forms, Other mineral substances, nes and Precious or semi-precious stones, worked but not set which collectively accounted for 14.3 percent.

Zambia's Top 25 Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs), September and August 2016

Hs-Code	Description	Sep-2016*		Hs-Code	Description	Aug-2016®	
		Value (K' Million)	% Share			Value (K' Million)	% Share
85171200	Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks	207.7	12.7	85171200	Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks	236.3	14.6
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	113.6	7.0	71081310	Bullion semi-manufactured forms	155.3	9.6
71081310	Bullion semi-manufactured forms	96.2	5.9	52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	128.1	7.9
25309000	Other mineral substances, nes	71.0	4.4	74081100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	70.1	4.3
71039900	Precious or semi-precious stones, worked but not set..., nes	66.0	4.0	17011400	Other raw cane sugar	55.2	3.4
10059000	Maize (excl. seed)	64.6	4.0	24012000	Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed/stripped	51.8	3.2
74081100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	55.0	3.4	49070010	New stamps; stamp-impressed paper; cheque forms; banknotes, etc -postage, revenue stamp	51.6	3.2
17011400	Other raw cane sugar	45.5	2.8	71129910	Anodic slimes	42.8	2.6
10051000	Maize seed	45.4	2.8	24011000	Tobacco, not stemmed/stripped	36.9	2.3
24012000	Tobacco, partly or wholly stemmed/stripped	44.5	2.7	34022000	Washing and cleaning preparations, put up for retail sale	35.3	2.2
22029000	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	33.6	2.1	28070010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	33.7	2.1
15162000	Vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, hydrogenated, etc	33.5	2.1	17011300	Raw cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	29.1	1.8
25232900	Portland cement (excl. white)	32.5	2.0	15162000	Vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, hydrogenated, etc	29.0	1.8
34022000	Washing and cleaning preparations, put up for retail sale	32.4	2.0	25232900	Portland cement (excl. white)	26.8	1.7
24039900	Other manufactured tobacco, nes	31.0	1.9	10059000	Maize (excl. seed)	25.4	1.6
17011300	Raw cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	30.6	1.9	25222000	Slaked lime	23.9	1.5
28070010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	29.6	1.8	83071000	Flexible tubing of iron or steel	22.6	1.4
49070010	New stamps; stamp-impressed paper; cheque forms; banknotes, etc -postage, revenue stamp	23.6	1.4	22029000	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	22.3	1.4
36020090	Other prepared explosives, (excl. propellant powders)	22.7	1.4	14042000	Cotton linters	20.0	1.2
65069900	Hats and other headgear, nes	20.0	1.2	65069900	Hats and other headgear, nes	19.8	1.2
17019900	Cane or beet sugar, in solid form, nes	19.6	1.2	85021300	Generating sets with compression-ignition engines, >375 kVA	17.6	1.1
84295900	Self-propelled bulldozers, excavators..., nes	18.5	1.1	25199000	Magnesia and other magnesium oxide	17.4	1.1
72142010	Twisted after rolling	16.7	1.0	24039900	Other manufactured tobacco, nes	15.1	0.9
25191000	Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)	15.4	0.9	25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	13.9	0.9
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	13.9	0.9	12072000	Cotton seeds	12.9	0.8
Others		447.9	27.5	Others		429.5	26.5
NTE"s		1,630.7	100.0	NTE"s		1,622.2	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2016

Note: (*) Provisional

(®) Revised

Exports by Major Product Categories, September and August 2016

Zambia's major export products in September 2016 were from the intermediate goods category (*mainly comprising Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper*) accounting

for 74.2 percent. Exports from the Consumer goods, Capital goods and Raw Materials goods categories, collectively accounted for 25.8 percent of total exports in September 2016.

Exports by Major Product Categories September and August 2016

Description	Sep-2016*		Aug-16®	
	Value (K' Million)	% Share	Value (K' Million)	% Share
Consumer Goods	526.4	10.9	481.7	9.7
Raw Materials	393.3	8.2	431.9	8.7
Intermediate Goods	3,575.1	74.2	3,693.8	74.2
Capital Goods	324.1	6.7	373.1	7.5
Total:	4,818.8	100.0	4,980.5	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2016

Note: (*) Provisional

(®) Revised

Zambia's Major Export Destinations by Commodity in September 2016

The major export destination in September 2016 was Switzerland, which accounted for 36.2 percent of the total export earnings. The major export products to Switzerland were Cathodes and Sections of Cathodes of refined Copper accounting for 54.2 percent.

China was the second main destination of Zambia's exports accounting for 11.3 percent of the total export earnings. The major export product to China was Copper blister, accounting for 71.3 percent.

United Arab Emirates was the third main export destination accounting for 7.8 percent of the total export earnings. The major export products were Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks, accounting for 55.1 percent.

Congo DR was the fourth main export destination accounting for 7.7 percent of the total export earnings. The major export products were Vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, hydrogenated, etc., accounting for 9.0 percent.

The fifth main export destination was Singapore which accounted for 6.6 percent of the total export earnings. The major export products were Cathodes and Sections of Cathodes of refined Copper accounting for 93.3 percent.

These five countries collectively accounted for 69.7 percent of Zambia's total export earnings in September 2016.

Zambia's Five Major Export Destinations by Product for September 2016

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Sep-2016*	
		Value (K' Million)	% Share
SWITZERLAND		1,744.8	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	944.8	54.2
74020020	Copper anodes for electrolytic refining	495.2	28.4
74031900	Copper blister	237.4	13.6
24039900	Other manufactured tobacco, nes	31.0	1.8
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	23.1	1.3
49070010	New stamps; stamp-impressed paper; cheque forms; banknotes, etc -postage, revenue stamp	7.1	0.4
14042000	Cotton linters	5.9	0.3
39209990	Other	0.1	0.0
63090000	Worn clothing and other worn articles	0.0	0.0
38089210	Fungicides for use in agriculture or horticulture	0.0	0.0
Others		0.0	0.0
Percent of Total September Exports		36.2	
CHINA		546.8	100.0
74020011	Copper blister	389.9	71.3
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	59.9	11.0
74032990	Copper-cobalt alloy	32.7	6.0
74020020	Copper anodes for electrolytic refining	23.5	4.3
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	21.9	4.0
26020000	Manganese ores/concentrates(inc.ferruginous), with manganese cont.of=>20%	7.6	1.4
44079900	Wood, nes sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, >6mm thick	1.7	0.3
26030019	Other copper ores	1.4	0.3
73090000	Reservoirs, tanks... (excl. for gas) of iron or steel, >=300 l	1.2	0.2
41039000	Other raw hides and skins...Other	1.2	0.2
Others		5.7	1.1
Percent of Total September Exports		11.3	
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES		374.9	100.0
85171200	Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks	206.7	55.1
81059000	Other: Articles of cobalt, nes	97.1	25.9
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	70.0	18.7
26020000	Manganese ores/concentrates(inc.ferruginous), with manganese cont.of=>20%	0.9	0.2
85176200	Machines for the reception, conversion & transmission or regeneration of voice, images..	0.1	0.0
85177000	Parts	0.1	0.0
25309000	Other mineral substances, nes	0.0	0.0
39269099	Other articles of plastics, nes	0.0	0.0
97011000	Paintings, drawings and pastels executed entirely by hand	0.0	0.0
02031900	Fresh or chilled swine meat, nes (unboned)	0.0	0.0
Others		0.0	0.0
Percent of Total September Exports		7.8	
CONGO DR		372.9	100.0
15162000	Vegetable fats and oils and their fractions, hydrogenated, etc	33.4	9.0
28070010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	29.6	7.9
17011300	Raw cane sugar specified in Subheading Note 2 to this Chapter	25.8	6.9
36020090	Other prepared explosives, (excl. propellant powders)	19.4	5.2
17019900	Cane or beet sugar, in solid form, nes	18.7	5.0
25191000	Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)	15.4	4.1
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	13.9	3.7

Country / HS-Code	Description	Sep-2016*	
		Value (K' Million)	% Share
34022000	Washing and cleaning preparations, put up for retail sale	12.9	3.4
22029000	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	12.5	3.4
28321010	Sodium sulphites in bulk	12.5	3.3
Others		178.8	48.0
Percent of Total September Exports		7.7	
SINGAPORE		317.5	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper	296.1	93.3
74020020	Copper anodes for electrolytic refining	11.9	3.7
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	9.0	2.8
85171200	Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks	0.3	0.1
12072000	Cotton seeds	0.2	0.1
02031900	Fresh or chilled swine meat, nes (unboned)	0.0	0.0
02062900	Frozen edible bovine offal (excl. tongues and livers)	0.0	0.0
02071400	Frozen cuts and offal of chicken	0.0	0.0
03079900	Aquatic invertebrates include flours/meals/pllts,(excl.live fresh,chilled) nes	0.0	0.0
04031000	Yogurt	0.0	0.0
Others		0.0	0.0
Percent of Total September Exports		6.6	
Other Destinations		1,462.0	30.3
Total Value of September Exports		4,818.8	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2016
Note: (*) Provision

Export Market Shares by selected Regional Groupings Major Trading Partners, September and August 2016

Switzerland was the largest export destination for Zambia during the month of September 2016, accounting for 36.2 percent of Zambia's total exports.

Asia was the second largest market for Zambia's total exports, accounting for 32.8 percent in September 2016. Within Asia, China dominated the export market, accounting for 34.6 percent. Other notable markets in Asia were United Arab Emirates, Singapore, Hong Kong and India.

The Dual SADC/COMESA grouping was the third largest market for Zambia's total Exports accounting for 14.0 percent in September 2016. Within this grouping, Congo DR was the dominant market with 55.2 percent. Other notable markets in this grouping were Zimbabwe, Malawi, Mauritius and Swaziland.

The SADC exclusive grouping was the fourth largest destination accounting for 7.7 percent of Zambia's total exports, in

September 2016. Within this grouping, South Africa was the dominant market with 77.7 percent. Other notable markets were Tanzania, Botswana, Lesotho and Mozambique.

The European Union (EU) was the fifth largest market for Zambia's total exports accounting for 7.6 percent in September 2016. Within the EU, United Kingdom was the dominant market with 82.4 percent. Other notable markets were Luxembourg, Germany, Netherlands and Sweden.

The COMESA exclusive grouping was the sixth largest market for Zambia's total exports accounting for 1.4 percent in September 2016. Within this grouping, Rwanda was the dominant market with 39.7 percent. Other notable markets in this grouping were Kenya, Burundi, Uganda and Ethiopia.

The rest of the world accounted for the remaining 0.2 percent in September 2016.

Export Market Shares by Selected Regional Groupings, September and August 2016

GROUPING	Sep-2016*		GROUPING	Aug-2016®	
	Value (K' Million)	% Share		Value (K' Million)	% Share
SADC EXCLUSIVE	371.8	100.0	SADC EXCLUSIVE	528.7	100.0
South Africa	289.0	77.7	South Africa	457.2	86.5
Tanzania	44.2	11.9	Tanzania	43.0	8.1
Botswana	17.0	4.6	Mozambique	12.8	2.4
Lesotho	7.6	2.0	Botswana	10.8	2.0
Mozambique	6.4	1.7	Namibia	4.7	0.9
Other SADC EXCLUSIVE	7.6	2.1	Other SADC EXCLUSIVE	0.3	0.1
% of Total September Exports	7.7		% of Total August Exports	10.6	
COMESA EXCLUSIVE	68.0	100.0	COMESA EXCLUSIVE	68.0	100.0
Rwanda	27.0	39.7	Rwanda	27.8	40.9
Kenya	25.8	38.0	Kenya	26.5	39.1
Burundi	13.7	20.2	Burundi	12.0	17.7
Uganda	0.7	1.0	Uganda	1.6	2.3
Ethiopia	0.4	0.6	Ethiopia	0.0	0.0
Other COMESA EXCLUSIVE	0.4	0.5	Other COMESA EXCLUSIVE	0.0	0.0
% of Total September Exports	1.4		% of Total August Exports	1.4	
DUAL- SADC & COMESA	674.9	100.0	DUAL- SADC & COMESA	626.3	100.0
Congo DR	372.9	55.2	Congo DR	332.4	53.1
Zimbabwe	144.0	21.3	Malawi	147.0	23.5
Malawi	128.2	19.0	Zimbabwe	126.4	20.2
Mauritius	23.7	3.5	Mauritius	19.3	3.1
Swaziland	6.2	0.9	Swaziland	0.9	0.2
Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	0.0	0.0	Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	0.3	0.0
% of Total September Exports	14.0		% of Total August Exports	12.6	
ASIA	1,580.7	100.0	ASIA	1,552.9	100.0
China	546.8	34.6	China	732.5	47.2
United Arab Emirates	374.9	23.7	United Arab Emirates	410.4	26.4
Singapore	317.5	20.1	Singapore	285.1	18.4
Hong Kong	146.1	9.2	Hong Kong	76.4	4.9
India	136.3	8.6	Japan	36.1	2.3
Other ASIA	59.1	3.7	Other ASIA	12.5	0.8
% of Total September Exports	32.8		% of Total August Exports	31.2	
EUROPEAN UNION	367.5	100.0	EUROPEAN UNION	411.7	100.0
United Kingdom	302.6	82.4	United Kingdom	354.8	86.2
Luxembourg	39.8	10.8	Belgium	32.2	7.8
Germany	14.0	3.8	Luxembourg	9.6	2.3
Netherlands	4.6	1.2	Germany	9.6	2.3
Sweden	2.6	0.7	Netherlands	3.7	0.9
Other EU	3.8	1.0	Other EU	1.8	0.4
% of Total September Exports	7.6		% of Total August Exports	8.3	
SWITZERLAND	1,744.8	36.2	SWITZERLAND	1,786.7	35.9
Rest of the World	11.1	0.2	Rest of the World	6.2	0.1
TOTAL:	4,818.8	100.0	TOTAL:	4,980.5	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2016

Note: 1. SADC = (SADC EXCLUSIVE + DUAL SADC & COMESA)

2. COMESA = (COMESA EXCLUSIVE + DUAL SADC & COMESA)

** Switzerland does not belong to any regional grouping but is Zambia's Major Export Destination

Imports by Major Product Categories, September and August 2016

The major import products by category in September 2016 were Capital goods, accounting for a share of 35.7 percent. The Consumer goods category was

second with 33.7 percent followed by Intermediate goods Category and Raw materials Category, accounting for 16.0 percent and 14.5 percent, respectively.

Imports (cif) by Major Product Categories, September and August 2016

Description	Sep-2016*		Aug-16®	
	Value (K' Million)	% Share	Value (K' Million)	% Share
Consumer Goods	1,960.8	33.7	1,727.9	30.4
Raw Materials	844.2	14.5	860.0	15.1
Intermediate Goods	933.4	16.0	951.7	16.7
Capital Goods	2,079.2	35.7	2,146.1	37.7
Total:	5,817.6	100.0	5,685.7	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2016

Note: (*) Provisional
(®) Revised

The major source of imports in September 2016 was South Africa, accounting for 30.8 percent. The major import products were Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks contributing 6.1 percent.

Kuwait was the second main source of Zambia's imports accounting for 12.2 percent. The major import products were Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude which accounted for 94.1 percent.

The third main source of Zambia's imports was Congo DR which accounted for 11.7 percent. The major import products were other copper concentrates accounting for 40.2 percent.

Other sources of Zambia's imports were China and India which collectively accounted for 15.4 percent of Zambia's Imports.

Zambia's Five Major Import Sources by Product for September 2016

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Sep-2016*	
		Value (K' Million)	% Share
SOUTH AFRICA		1,791.7	100.0
85171200	Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks	109.7	6.1
27101910	Gas oils.	84.2	4.7
87042100	vehicles (diesel engine) for the transport of goods GVV upto 5 tonnes	37.3	2.1
25030000	Sulphur of all kinds (excl. sublimed, precipitated and colloidal sulphur)	30.9	1.7
31029000	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous , nes	30.3	1.7
31023000	Ammonium nitrate	27.2	1.5
31054000	Ammonium dihydrogenorthophosphate (monoammonium phosphate)	27.0	1.5
27101210	Motor Spirit	25.2	1.4
73089090	Structures and parts of structures, nes, of iron or steel - Other	25.2	1.4
25191000	Natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)	23.8	1.3
Others		1,370.8	76.5
Percent of Total September Imports		30.8	
KUWAIT		710.8	100.0
27090000	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, crude	668.5	94.1
27101210	Motor Spirit	36.2	5.1
27101910	Gas oils.	6.1	0.9
85171200	Telephones for cellular networks or for other wireless networks	0.0	0.0
87089900	Parts and accessories, nes, for vehicles of 87.01 to 87.05	0.0	0.0
01012900	Live Horses - Other	0.0	0.0
01042010	Live goats for slaughter	0.0	0.0
01051100	Live fowls of species gallus domesticus, weighing =<185g (chicks)	0.0	0.0
01061900	-Mammals--Other	0.0	0.0
01069000	-Other live animals	0.0	0.0
Others		0.0	0.0
Percent of Total September Imports		12.2	
CONGO DR		681.5	100.0
26030029	Other - copper concentrate	274.2	40.2
26050020	Cobalt concentrate	154.2	22.6
26030023	Copper concentrate oxide	143.7	21.1
26030021	Copper concentrate sulphide	87.4	12.8
28170020	Zinc oxide; zinc peroxide not in bulk	13.0	1.9
28369910	Other carbonates; peroxocarbonates in bulk	7.7	1.1
84381000	Bakery machinery and machinery for making macaroni, spaghetti, etc	0.4	0.1
22029000	Other non-alcoholic beverages, nes	0.3	0.0
71051000	Dust and powder of diamonds	0.1	0.0
84272000	Self-propelled works trucks (excl. electric)	0.1	0.0
Others		0.2	0.0
Percent of Total September Imports		11.7	
CHINA		583.1	100.0
73084000	Equipment for scaffolding,shuttering,propping or pitpropping of iron/steel	36.0	6.2
84159000	Parts of air conditioning machines	30.8	5.3
84743900	Mixing or kneading machines for earth, stone, ores, etc	27.2	4.7
85176900	Other	21.5	3.7
85152900	Machines and apparatus for resistance welding of metal, not automatic	15.4	2.6

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Sep-2016*	
		Value (K' Million)	% Share
85139000	Parts of portable electric lamps of 85.13	14.2	2.4
73261100	Grinding balls... for mills, forged or stamped, of iron or steel	13.3	2.3
84714100	Nonportable adp machines,comprisng at least cpu & i/o unit in same housing	13.0	2.2
72283000	Bars and rods of alloy steel, nes, hot-rolled, -drawn or extruded	11.4	1.9
73259100	Grinding balls and similar articles for mills of cast steel	11.2	1.9
Others		389.1	66.7
Percent of Total September Imports		10.0	
INDIA		312.9	100.0
30049000	Other medicaments of mixed or unmixed products, for retail sale, nes	98.3	31.4
85049000	Parts of transformers, inductors and static converters	57.0	18.2
30022000	Vaccines for human medicine	17.9	5.7
85176200	Machines for the reception, conversion & transmission or regeneration of voice, images..	12.4	4.0
70109000	Other carboys, bottles, flasks, jars, pots, phials, ampoules etc.	9.4	3.0
85371000	Boards...equipped with two/more apparatus of 85.35/85.36, voltage =<1000v	7.3	2.3
29041010	Hydrocarbon derivatives containing only sulpho groups, their salts, etc - IN BULK	6.3	2.0
39206310	Plates..., of unsaturated polyesters, not reinforced, etc	4.7	1.5
87021090	Motor vehicles for transport of persons sitting capacity more than 14 (Diesel)	4.2	1.3
49019900	Printed books, brochures, leaflets and similar printed matter, nes	3.9	1.3
Others		91.5	29.2
Percent of Total September Imports		5.4	
Other Sources		1,737.7	29.9
Total Value of September Imports		5,817.6	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2016

Note: (*) Provisional

Import Market Shares by Selected Regional Groupings and Major Trading Partners, September and August 2016

Asia was the major source of Zambia's imports accounting for 37.1 percent in September 2016. Within this grouping, Kuwait was the main source of Zambia's imports accounting for 33.0 percent. Other notable markets were China, India, United Arab Emirates and Japan.

The SADC Exclusive grouping was the second major source of Zambia's imports, accounting for 34.7 percent in September 2016. Within this grouping, South Africa was the dominant market with 88.8 percent. Other notable markets were Tanzania, Namibia, Mozambique and Botswana.

DUAL - SADC & COMESA was the third major source of Zambia's imports accounting for 14.7 percent in September 2016. Within this regional grouping Congo DR was the main

source of Zambia's imports with 79.7 percent. Other notable markets were Mauritius, Zimbabwe, Swaziland and Malawi.

The European Union was the fourth largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 8.0 percent. Within this grouping, the United Kingdom was the main source of Zambia's imports with 20.9 percent. Other notable markets were Finland, France, Sweden and Belgium.

The COMESA exclusive grouping was the fifth largest source for Zambia's imports accounting for 1.1 percent in September 2016. Within this grouping, Kenya was the dominant market with 45.0 percent. Other notable markets were Uganda, Egypt, and Ethiopia.

Import Market Shares by Selected Regional Groupings, September and August 2016

GROUPING	Sep-2016*		GROUPING	Aug-2016®	
	Value (K' Million)	% Share		Value (K' Million)	% Share
SADC EXCLUSIVE	2,018.5	100.0	SADC EXCLUSIVE	2,009.4	100.0
South Africa	1,791.7	88.8	South Africa	1,825.8	90.9
Tanzania	90.7	4.5	Namibia	98.9	4.9
Namibia	81.7	4.0	Tanzania	45.1	2.2
Mozambique	39.7	2.0	Mozambique	22.9	1.1
Botswana	14.5	0.7	Botswana	16.6	0.8
Other SADC EXCLUSIVE	0.2	0.0	Other SADC EXCLUSIVE	0.1	0.0
% of Total September Imports	34.7		% of Total August Imports	35.3	
COMESA EXCLUSIVE	65.9	100.0	COMESA EXCLUSIVE	36.5	100.0
Kenya	29.7	45.0	Kenya	28.0	76.8
Uganda	28.8	43.7	Egypt	5.9	16.1
Egypt	7.3	11.1	Uganda	2.5	6.7
Ethiopia	0.1	0.2	Burundi	0.1	0.4
Burundi	0.0	0.0	Sudan	0.0	0.0
Other COMESA EXCLUSIVE	0.0	0.0	Other COMESA EXCLUSIVE	0.0	0.0
% of Total September Imports	1.1		% of Total August Imports	0.6	
DUAL- SADC & COMESA	855.4	100.0	DUAL- SADC & COMESA	979.2	100.0
Congo DR	681.5	79.7	Congo DR	838.2	85.6
Mauritius	80.0	9.4	Mauritius	67.6	6.9
Zimbabwe	62.4	7.3	Zimbabwe	62.0	6.3
Swaziland	17.5	2.0	Malawi	10.2	1.0
Malawi	12.8	1.5	Swaziland	1.1	0.1
Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	1.3	0.1	Other DUAL-SADC & COMESA	0.0	0.0
% of Total September Imports	14.7		% of Total August Imports	17.2	
ASIA	2,156.5	100.0	ASIA	1,956.7	100.0
Kuwait	710.8	33.0	Kuwait	521.7	26.7
China	583.1	27.0	China	516.4	26.4
India	312.9	14.5	United Arab Emirates	277.7	14.2
United Arab Emirates	209.0	9.7	India	245.5	12.5
Japan	94.3	4.4	Japan	138.7	7.1
Other ASIA	246.3	11.4	Other ASIA	256.7	13.1
% of Total September Imports	37.1		% of Total August Imports	34.4	
EUROPEAN UNION	463.5	100.0	EUROPEAN UNION	475.3	100.0
United Kingdom	97.0	20.9	Finland	123.3	25.9
Finland	64.6	13.9	United Kingdom	76.4	16.1
France	54.5	11.7	Belgium	45.5	9.6
Sweden	52.7	11.4	Germany	43.4	9.1
Belgium	51.1	11.0	Netherlands	41.4	8.7
Other EU	143.6	31.0	Other EU	145.4	30.6
% of Total September Imports	8.0		% of Total August Imports	8.4	
Rest of the world	257.8	4.4	Rest of the world	228.7	4.0
TOTAL:	5,817.6	100.0	TOTAL:	5,685.7	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2016

Note: (*) Provisional
(®) Revised

QUARTERLY GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (QGDP)

The Central Statistical Office has now started publishing Quarterly Gross Domestic Product (QGDP). This is the first official release of the Quarterly Gross Domestic Product (QGDP) by production approach at current and constant 2010 prices. Quarterly GDP gives a picture of current economic developments that is timelier than that provided by the Annual Gross Domestic product (AGDP). It helps in early identification of changes in economic trends. Quarterly GDP is a more comprehensive measure of the performance of the economy than Individual indicators such as the Index of Industrial Production, Trade statistics, Consumer Price Index and other short-term indicators.

The Quarterly GDP at current prices is being compiled using sales (sourced from VAT data) for companies from Zambia Revenue Authority while Quarterly GDP at constant 2010 prices is being compiled

using the Economic Performance Indicators which CSO collects from various sources by the National Accounts Unit. Quarterly GDP estimates by production are now available from the first quarter of 2010 to the first quarter of 2016. Once the estimates for Quarterly GDP by production are consolidated, the office will explore the possibilities of having Quarterly GDP by expenditure categories.

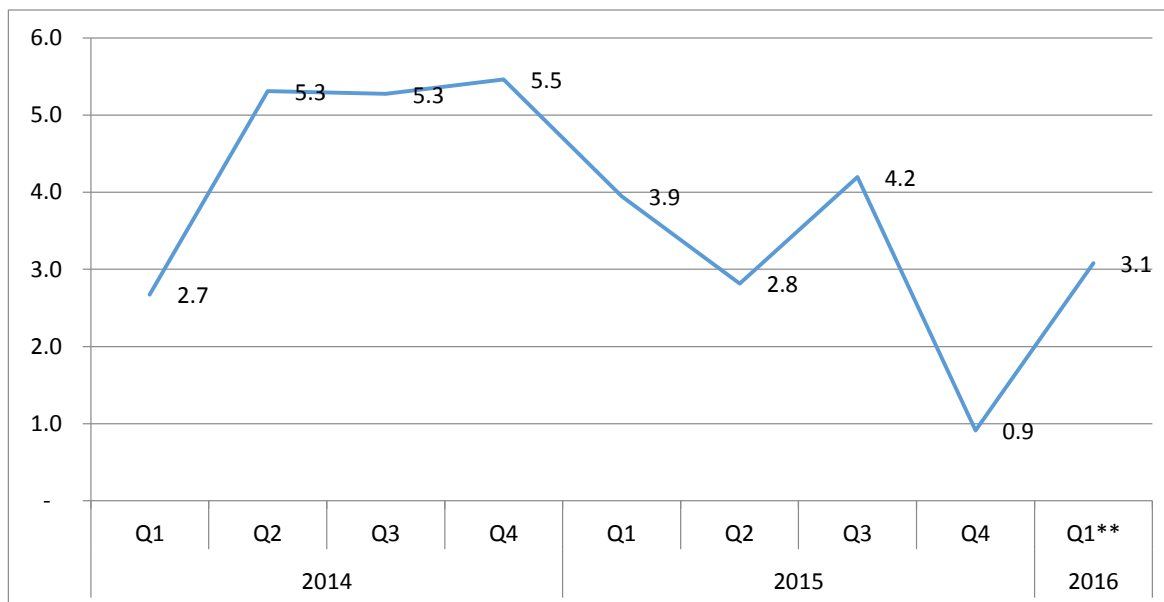
Quarterly estimates will be published with a quarter lag (3 months after the end of a quarter) and these estimates will be revised and published with the first estimates of the succeeding quarter. The sum of four quarters will be preliminary Annual GDP estimates. These estimates will be benchmarked within 9 months (by September) based on detailed data such as the Annual Business Survey and/or other administrative data from Zambia Revenue Authority.

ECONOMY EXPANDS BY 3.1 PERCENT IN FIRST QUARTER, 2016

The year on year growth rates at constant 2010 prices shows that the economy grew by 3.1 percent in the first quarter of 2016 compared to 3.9 percent in the first quarter of 2015. The key drivers for the growth in the first quarter of 2016

were the Mining & quarrying, Construction and Agriculture forestry and fishing industries which recorded 7.9 percent, 9.1 percent and 3.0 percent, respectively.

Total Gross Domestic Product percentage growth rates at constant 2010 prices, Q1 2014 TO Q1 2016



Source: CSO, National Accounts

Gross Value Added year on year growth rates by Kind of Economic Activity at constant prices, Q1 2014 to Q1 2016

KIND OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY	2014				2015				2016
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1**
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1.7	-0.6	-0.2	2.5	-8.5	-7.8	-6.1	-7.7	3.0
Mining and quarrying	3.5	-10.1	-0.7	-2.4	-4.7	17.1	-2.0	-6.1	7.9
Manufacturing	9.4	11.6	0.4	5.3	5.2	1.8	8.7	6.2	1.1
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	4.1	1.4	0.7	1.7	8.8	7.2	-2.9	-18.9	-15.4
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	6.5	-13.5	-11.8	-10.2	-6.4	-3.9	-8.0	-8.2	11.6
Construction	-6.5	15.3	10.7	22.2	37.4	20.5	3.8	15.4	9.1
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	0.3	5.6	8.1	-0.1	1.0	-0.6	5.2	0.1	0.4
Transportation and storage	-3.7	10.9	-1.1	20.3	25.8	-11.5	14.5	-20.0	-8.2
Accommodation and food service activities	1.0	9.0	4.7	1.3	2.0	1.3	-2.5	-0.6	-5.1
Information and communication	13.0	0.3	-2.5	22.7	-5.0	-8.5	19.2	3.5	7.1
Financial and insurance activities	7.2	19.3	14.2	20.0	4.0	7.1	21.2	15.4	5.1
Real estate activities	0.8	2.5	3.5	3.8	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.0
Professional, scientific and technical activities	2.2	3.7	8.1	8.5	2.2	7.1	-1.8	-2.6	4.4
Administrative and support service activities	2.8	-9.2	-15.3	-12.9	-3.3	6.2	5.1	8.4	7.7
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	8.7	5.8	3.1	0.9	1.8	1.2	0.4	4.7	10.2
Education	14.1	13.5	10.5	6.0	2.5	0.3	-1.0	0.3	3.8
Human health and social work activities	-1.6	9.0	18.7	19.0	8.2	3.0	0.1	0.8	0.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation	-17.7	23.1	21.1	19.3	1.5	-9.9	5.6	18.4	6.9
Other service activities	5.5	3.1	1.8	1.6	2.4	3.0	3.4	3.5	3.4
Total Gross Value Added for the economy	3.1	5.3	4.9	5.5	3.8	2.7	3.9	0.8	3.2
Taxes less subsidies	-4.3	6.3	12.5	5.6	6.3	3.9	9.0	2.7	1.5
Gross Domestic Product	2.7	5.3	5.3	5.5	3.9	2.8	4.2	0.9	3.1

**First release

Source: CSO, National Accounts

ANNUAL GDP BY PRODUCTION AT CONSTANT 2010 PRICES

The Annual GDP estimates at current prices for the years 2014 and 2015 have been finalised using administrative data from Zambia Revenue Authority. The Economic Performance Indicators was to

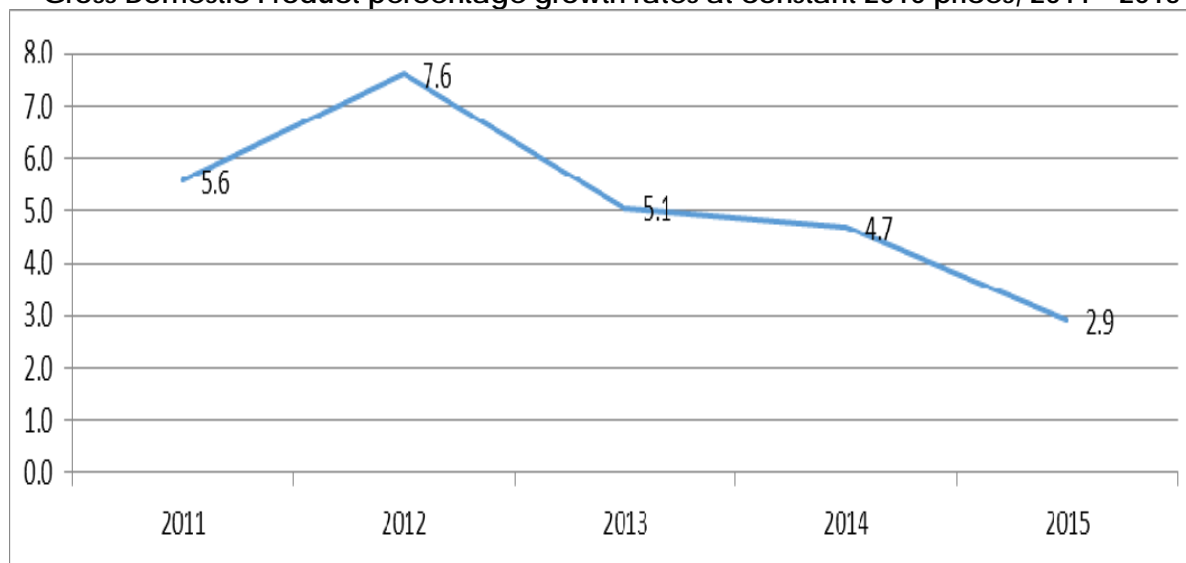
finalise the 2014 and 2015 Annual GDP at constant 2010 prices.

Zambia's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growth rate at constant 2010 prices dropped from 4.7 percent in 2014 to 2.9

percent in 2015. The drop in the GDP growth rate between 2014 and 2015 was mainly attributed to the negative growth

in Agriculture, forestry and fishing industry (7.7 percent) and Electricity generation industry (1.5 percent).

Gross Domestic Product percentage growth rates at constant 2010 prices, 2011 - 2015



Gross Value Added percentage growth rates by kind of economic activity and at constant prices, 2010 – 2015

Kind of Economic Activity	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	7.8	3.4	-3.8	1.1	-7.7
Mining and quarrying	0.1	0.8	3.6	-2.3	0.2
Primary Industries	3.3	2.0	0.2	-0.9	-3.3
Manufacturing	10.6	4.8	6.2	6.5	5.7
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	12.4	4.0	8.0	1.9	-1.5
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation	80.5	9.9	29.1	-7.9	-6.7
Construction	2.1	0.6	-3.5	10.6	18.0
Secondary Industries	7.0	2.7	2.0	7.7	10.6
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	19.5	8.3	19.8	3.4	1.5
Transportation and storage	-15.3	5.4	-19.8	6.6	0.6
Accommodation and food services	2.6	33.6	3.8	4.0	0.2
Information and communication	109.4	22.4	-3.5	7.5	2.5
Financial and insurance services	-6.1	7.9	-6.6	15.1	12.1
Real estate	2.5	1.1	-2.3	2.6	3.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	-7.5	53.0	2.6	-0.7	1.2
Administrative and support service	-26.6	-19.2	14.0	1.8	4.1
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	-16.2	38.6	27.8	4.5	2.0
Education	4.4	10.4	6.0	10.9	0.5
Human health and social work	-10.9	12.6	-23.4	10.9	2.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation	-12.4	-15.9	60.1	14.6	3.8
Other services	-0.6	5.2	10.9	2.4	3.1
Tertiary Industries	6.0	11.7	7.9	5.6	2.2
Total for the economy	5.6	7.6	5.1	4.7	2.8
Taxes less subsidies on products	5.6	7.6	5.1	5.1	5.4
Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	5.6	7.6	5.1	4.7	2.9

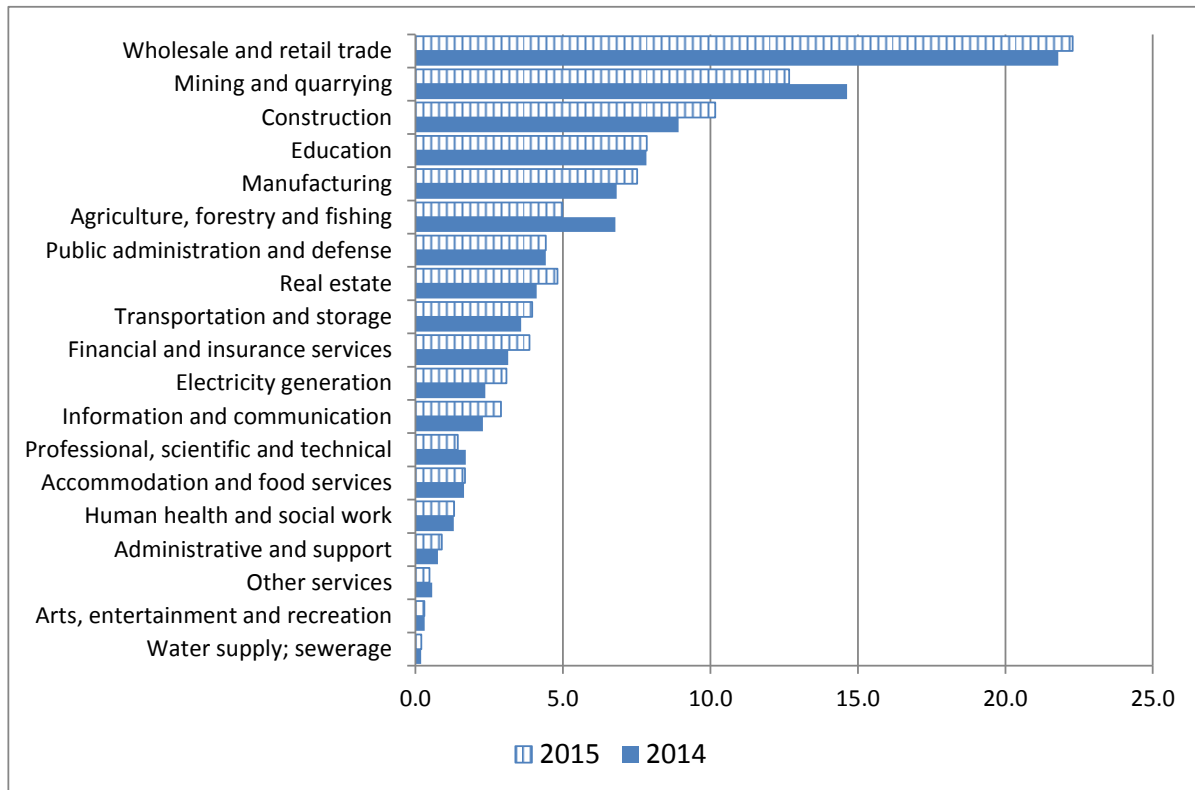
Source: CSO, National Accounts

ANNUAL GDP BY PRODUCTION AT CURRENT PRICES

Zambia's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at current prices in 2014 and 2015 was estimated at K167, 052.5 million and K183, 381.1 million, respectively. The results show that the Wholesale and retail trade industry had the highest contribution of

22 percent to GDP in both years. This was followed by Mining and quarrying industry at 14.6 percent in 2014 and 12.7 percent in 2015. The share of Agriculture, forestry and fishing has reduced from 6.8 percent in 2014 to 5.0 percent in 2015.

Percentage shares by kind of economic activity to the overall GDP at current prices



Source: CSO, National Accounts

LAYMANS

- Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by production is the sum of all gross value added plus taxes less subsidies on products.
- Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by expenditure is sum of final consumption expenditures, gross capital formation and net of exports of goods and services

SELECTED SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS

CONSUMER INDEX NUMBERS OF CONSUMER PRICES - FOOD AND NON-FOOD (NATIONAL) 2009 = 100

Period	Month	Total	Food CPI	Non-Food CPI
Weight		1000.0	534.9	465.2
2013	January	127.08	124.27	130.31
	February	127.32	123.13	132.13
	March	128.81	124.66	133.59
	April	129.57	125.48	134.26
	May	130.67	125.99	136.06
	June	131.13	126.45	136.51
	July	131.99	127.48	137.18
	August	132.87	128.51	137.88
	September	133.41	128.87	138.64
	October	133.40	128.54	138.98
	November	133.82	128.99	139.38
	December	135.08	130.57	140.28
2014	January	136.32	131.60	141.74
	February	136.92	132.36	142.24
	March	138.67	134.09	143.95
	April	139.61	134.99	144.92
	May	140.85	136.02	146.41
	June	141.48	136.32	147.41
	July	142.57	136.24	149.85
	August	143.52	137.50	150.44
	September	143.87	137.75	150.91
	October	144.00	137.71	151.22
	November	144.63	138.45	151.73
	December	145.70	140.30	151.92
2015	January	146.76	141.28	153.07
	February	147.13	142.39	152.58
	March	148.63	143.79	154.20
	April	149.66	144.61	155.47
	May	150.62	145.81	156.15
	June	151.46	146.40	157.68
	July	152.64	146.95	159.19
	August	153.94	148.16	160.58
	September	155.00	148.95	161.95
	October	164.65	160.03	169.97
	November	172.86	170.85	175.18
	December	176.46	175.09	178.06
2016	January	178.70	177.88	179.65
	February	180.81	179.94	181.80
	March	181.68	181.52	181.86
	April	182.24	183.01	181.36
	May	182.68	183.39	181.85
	June	183.31	183.03	183.63
	July	183.43	183.36	183.52
	August	184.07	183.87	184.31
	September	184.22	183.85	184.64
	October	185.16	185.01	185.33

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016

INDEX NUMBERS OF CONSUMER PRICES: COMPOSITE (2009 WEIGHTS)

Period	All Items	Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	Clothing and Footwear	Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas, and Other Fuels	Furnishing, Household Equipment, Routine Hse Mtc	Health	Transport	Communication	Recreation and Culture	Education	Restaurant and Hotel	Miscellaneous Goods and Services	
Weight:	1 000.00	534.85	15.21	80.78	114.11	82.36	8.15	58.08	12.94	13.84	26.62	3.37	49.69	
2014	January	136.32	131.60	129.33	140.66	156.15	134.55	134.91	142.37	109.43	129.12	154.32	133.52	132.27
	February	136.96	132.36	131.65	141.15	156.93	134.65	135.51	142.39	109.40	129.28	155.59	133.69	132.66
	March	138.67	134.09	133.90	143.17	158.62	136.06	136.42	145.32	109.64	131.55	155.56	136.84	133.95
	April	139.61	134.99	134.89	144.35	159.55	137.60	136.77	146.00	109.71	133.36	155.54	137.33	134.74
	May	140.85	136.02	136.10	145.55	160.95	138.84	138.19	149.67	110.61	135.08	155.55	138.59	135.76
	June	141.48	136.32	136.29	146.56	161.53	140.30	138.94	151.72	111.06	135.71	155.64	139.05	136.85
	July	142.57	136.24	136.80	146.76	170.07	141.07	139.59	152.03	111.10	136.28	155.98	140.02	137.34
	August	143.46	137.39	137.53	147.73	170.56	141.97	139.72	151.89	111.08	137.45	155.99	140.75	138.28
	September	143.87	137.75	137.69	148.22	171.27	142.96	140.30	151.51	111.83	136.74	155.99	141.27	138.83
	October	144.00	137.71	138.29	148.29	171.56	142.98	140.91	152.98	111.83	135.96	156.05	141.07	139.10
	November	144.63	138.45	138.59	148.96	171.52	143.52	141.41	154.18	111.82	138.46	156.48	141.30	139.49
	December	145.70	140.30	139.37	149.98	172.13	144.03	141.37	151.82	111.83	139.19	156.48	141.95	139.65
2015	January	146.76	141.28	139.98	151.34	172.88	145.24	141.78	152.77	111.85	138.70	161.52	143.18	140.46
	February	147.13	142.39	139.67	152.49	172.10	146.03	143.49	146.18	111.88	139.52	162.03	143.43	141.51
	March	148.63	143.79	140.03	154.23	173.44	148.20	144.70	149.05	111.85	141054	162.09	145.01	142.80
	April	149.66	144.61	140.94	156.36	174.05	149.87	145.46	151.55	112.44	142.61	162.09	145.75	143.15
	May	150.62	145.81	141.44	157.16	174.65	151.12	147.85	150.65	112.47	143.51	164.26	146.65	143.85
	June	151.46	146.04	141.60	158.51	177.15	152.00	148.47	153.56	112.61	144.32	164.37	147.01	144.91
	July	152.64	146.95	143.16	160.31	179.35	153.01	149.49	156.67	113.13	144.76	164.50	147.64	145.90
	August	153.94	148.16	143.94	161.24	179.73	153.92	150.36	162.11	113.13	145.69	164.54	148.08	146.74
	September	155.00	148.95	144.94	161.79	180.06	154.88	150.39	169.16	113.13	145.85	164.56	149.27	147.65
	October	164.65	160.03	151.53	167.22	180.27	171.02	161.71	189.38	113.14	162.88	164.94	154.41	153.93
	November	172.86	170.85	159.55	176.94	180.36	179.38	167.97	191.82	117.10	173.78	165.62	158.04	161.79
	December	176.46	175.09	160.49	180.36	186.96	184.22	169.08	185.68	118.40	175.73	165.67	159.84	165.38
2016	January	178.70	177.88	162.35	181.50	183.06	185.67	168.89	190.09	117.99	173.83	188.30	163.09	167.86
	February	180.81	179.94	166.29	183.68	186.42	187.03	170.77	190.48	118.49	176.20	189.94	166.37	170.61
	March	181.68	181.52	168.50	185.57	184.83	188.75	171.32	187.23	118.64	176.19	190.59	165.20	171.60
	April	182.24	183.01	170.58	186.76	184.44	188.44	172.73	182.20	124.37	176.99	190.67	166.17	169.59
	May	182.68	183.39	172.39	186.40	186.07	189.88	171.68	180.22	124.65	174.27	191.24	163.43	171.18
	June	183.31	183.03	173.16	187.97	187.98	190.13	172.63	187.33	124.65	173.64	191.74	163.79	171.62
	July	183.43	183.36	173.83	188.88	188.28	190.02	172.81	184.72	124.98	174.73	191.74	164.48	170.98
	August	184.07	183.87	174.52	190.69	187.38	190.63	174.14	187.67	125.19	175.99	191.80	165.42	172.09
	September	184.22	183.85	174.47	191.90	187.74	190.09	173.87	188.32	125.23	175.88	191.80	165.56	172.62
	October	185.16	185.01	174.36	192.48	187.54	191.63	177.12	189.41	125.68	179.76	192.06	166.15	172.95

CONSUMER PRICE INDICES (2009=100)

Year	Month	Annual CPI	Annual Inflation Rate
2011	January	111.61	6.3
2011	February	112.36	6.5
2011	March	113.56	6.6
2011	April	114.24	6.3
2011	May	114.56	6.3
2011	June	114.52	6.1
2011	July	115.89	6.9
2011	August	116.60	6.5
2011	September	117.01	6.6
2011	October	116.80	6.7
2011	November	116.94	6.4
2011	December	117.47	6.0
2012	January	118.77	6.4
2012	February	119.09	6.0
2012	March	120.84	6.4
2012	April	121.63	6.5
2012	May	122.11	6.6
2012	June	122.16	6.7
2012	July	123.06	6.2
2012	August	124.11	6.4
2012	September	124.72	6.6
2012	October	124.80	6.8
2012	November	125.04	6.9
2012	December	126.08	7.3
2013	January	127.08	7.0
2013	February	127.30	6.9
2013	March	128.81	6.6
2013	April	129.57	6.5
2013	May	130.67	7.0
2013	June	131.13	7.3
2013	July	131.99	7.3
2013	August	132.87	7.1
2013	September	133.41	7.0
2013	October	133.40	6.9
2013	November	133.82	7.0
2013	December	135.08	7.1
2014	January	136.32	7.3
2014	February	136.96	7.6
2014	March	138.67	7.7
2014	April	139.61	7.8
2014	May	140.85	7.8
2014	June	141.48	7.9
2014	July	142.57	8.0
2014	August	143.46	8.0
2014	September	143.87	7.8
2014	October	144.00	7.9
2014	November	144.63	8.1
2014	December	145.70	7.9
2015	January	146.76	7.7
2015	February	147.13	7.4
2015	March	148.63	7.2
2015	April	149.66	7.2
2015	May	150.62	6.9
2015	June	151.46	7.1
2015	July	152.64	7.1
2015	August	153.94	7.3
2015	September	155.00	7.7
2015	October	164.65	14.3
2015	November	172.86	19.5
2015	December	176.46	21.1
2016	January	178.70	21.8
2016	February	180.81	22.9
2016	March	181.68	22.2
2016	April	182.24	21.8
2016	May	182.68	21.3
2016	June	183.31	21.0
2016	July	183.43	20.2
2016	August	184.07	19.6
2016	September	184.22	18.9
2016	October	185.16	12.5

*Note: Inflation rates are computed using unrounded consumer price indices
Source: CSO, Prices Statistics, 2016*

Gross Value Added by kind of economic activity at constant prices, 2010 – 2015, (K' Million)

Kind of Economic Activity	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	9,158.7	9,871.1	10,205.2	9,813.0	9,917.0	9,149.8
Mining and quarrying	12,428.7	12,435.7	12,538.0	12,985.2	12,687.2	12,716.7
Primary Industries	21,587.3	22,306.8	22,743.2	22,798.2	22,604.2	21,866.5
Manufacturing	7,367.3	8,148.0	8,540.0	9,070.4	9,663.7	10,187.2
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1,623.8	1,825.0	1,897.8	2,050.2	2,090.2	2,059.2
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation	160.2	289.2	317.8	410.2	377.7	352.5
Construction	9,761.3	9,967.5	10,029.9	9,678.8	10,704.7	12,627.5
Secondary Industries	18,912.7	20,229.8	20,785.5	21,209.7	22,836.3	25,226.5
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	17,590.5	21,025.7	22,779.8	27,288.7	28,219.7	28,632.0
Transportation and storage	5,705.9	4,832.4	5,094.4	4,086.3	4,357.3	4,382.1
Accommodation and food services	1,599.4	1,641.2	2,193.3	2,275.8	2,367.4	2,365.9
Information and communication	1,587.5	3,323.5	4,067.8	3,925.3	4,220.5	4,325.2
Financial and insurance services	3,977.9	3,736.7	4,032.1	3,764.2	4,331.7	4,854.2
Real estate	4,012.1	4,113.2	4,156.9	4,059.3	4,166.6	4,295.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,505.5	1,393.2	2,131.9	2,187.8	2,171.4	2,196.3
Administrative and support service	1,577.7	1,157.9	935.6	1,066.3	1,085.5	1,129.0
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security	3,905.4	3,271.8	4,533.1	5,794.4	6,056.7	6,179.0
Education	6,818.5	7,115.9	7,856.4	8,325.3	9,232.7	9,281.6
Human health and social work	1,900.2	1,693.4	1,907.5	1,461.1	1,620.4	1,667.7
Arts, entertainment and recreation	368.1	322.5	271.3	434.2	497.7	516.8
Other services	787.7	782.7	823.4	913.2	940.5	969.4
Tertiary Industries	51,336.3	54,410.1	60,783.5	65,581.9	69,268.0	70,794.2
Total Value Added for the economy	91,836.3	96,946.6	104,312.3	109,589.8	114,708.5	117,887.2
Taxes less subsidies on products	5,379.6	5,679.0	6,110.4	6,419.6	6,748.5	7,116.2
Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	97,215.9	102,625.6	110,422.7	116,009.4	121,457.0	125,003.4

Source: CSO, National Accounts

Gross Value Added by kind of economic activity (K' Million) at current prices, 2010 – 2015

Kind of Economic Activity	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	9,158.7	11,001.6	12,236.7	12,449.3	11,325.5	9,133.9
Mining and quarrying	12,428.7	17,515.0	19,057.0	25,686.8	24,449.6	23,244.2
Primary Industries	21,587.3	28,516.6	31,293.7	38,136.1	35,775.1	32,378.1
Manufacturing	7,367.3	8,570.7	9,288.6	9,362.6	11,393.0	13,794.5
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1,623.8	2,420.2	2,317.9	2,202.7	3,963.3	5,664.4
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation	160.2	363.2	392.3	499.7	329.8	373.2
Construction	9,761.3	10,407.6	10,965.3	11,588.2	14,898.6	18,353.4
Secondary Industries	18,912.7	21,761.7	22,964.0	23,653.0	30,584.6	38,185.5
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	17,590.5	22,370.2	25,828.8	33,126.4	36,415.9	41,129.8
Transportation and storage	5,705.9	4,945.6	5,667.0	5,099.8	5,997.7	7,290.4
Accommodation and food services	1,599.4	1,764.9	2,447.4	2,695.4	2,754.5	3,075.0
Information and communication	1,587.5	3,335.7	4,142.9	4,106.2	3,836.0	5,329.8
Financial and insurance services	3,977.9	3,736.7	4,099.6	4,416.1	5,256.3	7,098.7
Real estate	4,012.1	4,498.7	5,042.7	5,600.6	6,875.8	8,840.7
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,505.5	1,482.3	2,417.2	2,655.8	2,858.2	2,641.9
Administrative and support service	1,577.7	1,185.0	1,040.8	1,330.7	1,282.3	1,638.1
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	3,905.4	3,481.0	6,484.2	7,034.0	7,351.8	8,103.1
Education	6,818.5	7,687.4	9,265.3	11,007.6	13,085.7	14,383.2
Human health and social work	1,900.2	1,842.2	2,225.9	1,800.9	2,175.2	2,403.7
Arts, entertainment and recreation	368.1	336.1	304.1	507.6	520.9	570.4
Other services	787.7	791.6	864.1	959.2	983.6	885.0
Tertiary Industries	51,336.3	57,457.4	69,829.9	80,340.4	89,394.1	103,389.8
Total for the economy	91,836.3	107,735.8	124,087.6	142,129.6	155,753.8	173,953.4
Taxes less subsidies on products	5,379.6	6,296.8	7,185.9	9,200.9	11,298.7	9,427.7
Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	97,215.9	114,032.5	131,273.5	151,330.5	167,052.5	183,381.1

Source: CSO, National Accounts

GDP by Final Expenditure Categories at current prices, 2010 – 2015, (K' Million)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Final consumption expenditures	62,190.4	75,270.1	84,816.4	97,435.7	111,408.9	119,995.2
Private Consumption	53,071.9	63,586.9	69,198.5	78,997.1	87,146.3	92,890.3
Households	48,978.8	59,018.2	64,211.1	73,405.6	81,567.1	87,648.0
NPISHs	4,093.1	4,568.6	4,987.3	5,591.5	5,579.1	5,242.4
Government	9,118.5	11,683.3	15,617.9	18,438.6	24,262.6	27,104.8
Individual consumption expenditure of Government	6,392.5	7,958.3	11,498.4	14,212.6	17,797.9	19,509.1
Government Collective consumption	2,726.0	3,724.9	4,119.6	4,226.1	6,464.7	7,595.7
Gross Capital formation	29,045.7	38,364.5	41,685.3	51,510.8	56,869.5	78,471.5
Gross fixed capital formation, incl. valuables	25,173.8	32,760.6	31,656.0	39,400.4	51,805.2	70,490.8
Changes in inventories	3,871.9	5,604.0	10,029.3	12,110.4	5,064.3	7,980.7
Net export of goods and services	5,979.8	5,391.0	1,398.2	-5,495.7	-4,040.6	-18,404.4
Exports of goods and services	35,995.1	46,149.2	52,617.6	61,262.9	64,853.8	68,107.2
Export of goods	34,500.1	42,915.0	47,666.3	57,176.0	59,614.7	60,685.1
Export of services	1,495.1	3,234.2	4,951.3	4,087.0	5,239.1	7,422.1
Import of goods and services	30,015.4	40,758.2	51,219.4	66,758.6	68,894.3	86,511.6
Import of goods	25,507.5	35,445.6	44,548.8	56,966.1	58,769.2	74,171.1
Import of services	4,507.9	5,312.6	6,670.6	9,792.5	10,125.2	12,340.4
GDP Expenditure	97,215.9	119,025.7	127,900.0	143,450.8	164,237.8	180,062.3
Discrepancy	0.0	-4,993.2	3,373.5	7,879.6	2,814.7	3,318.8

Source: CSO, National Accounts

Traditional and Non-Traditional Exports (K' Million) – January to September 2016

PERIOD	TE"s	NTE"s	TOTAL EXPORTS (fob)
Jan-16	4,702.2	1,526.0	6,228.2
Feb-16	3,772.8	1,523.3	5,296.1
Mar-16	3,963.5	2,029.7	5,993.1
Quarter 1	12,438.5	5,079.0	17,517.4
Apr-16	3,614.8	1,617.3	5,232.1
May-16	4,025.3	1,433.1	5,458.5
Jun-16	4,171.0	1,721.4	5,892.4
Quarter 2	11,811.2	4,771.8	16,582.9
Jul-2016	3,965.0	1,600.0	5,565.1
Aug-2016®	3,358.3	1,622.2	4,980.5
Sep-2016*	3,188.1	1,630.7	4,818.8
Quarter3	10,511.5	4,853.0	15,364.4
Total:	34,761.1	14,703.7	49,464.8

Total Exports by Selected Regional Groupings, (K' Million) – January to September 2016

PERIOD	ASIA	COMESA	EU	SADC
Jan-16	1,700.7	734.6	340.6	1,120.9
Feb-16	1,655.0	859.3	157.9	1,422.4
Mar-16	2,028.7	667.9	476.6	1,467.6
Quarter 1	5,384.3	2,261.8	975.1	4,010.9
Apr-16	2,306.3	636.5	95.4	959.6
May-16	2,098.0	537.1	101.1	792.6
Jun-16	1,876.4	728.9	372.3	1,138.3
Quarter 2	6,280.7	1,902.5	568.8	2,890.5
Jul-2016	1,782.6	700.1	325.1	1,175.0
Aug-2016®	1,552.9	694.3	411.7	1,155.0
Sep-2016*	1,580.7	742.9	367.5	1,046.8
Quarter3	4,916.3	2,137.3	1,104.4	3,376.8
Total:	16,581.3	6,301.5	2,648.2	10,278.2

Total Exports by Product Category, (K' Million) –January to September 2016

PERIOD	CONSUMER GOODS	RAW MATERIALS	INTERMEDIATE GOODS	CAPITAL GOODS	TOTAL EXPORTS (fob)
Jan-16	805.8	314.2	4,993.9	114.2	6,228.2
Feb-16	700.9	389.5	4,014.6	191.2	5,296.1
Mar-16	462.4	310.2	4,301.9	918.6	5,993.1
Quarter 1	1,969.1	1,013.9	13,310.4	1,224.0	17,517.4
Apr-16	358.3	636.2	3,910.1	327.5	5,232.1
May-16	325.9	276.2	4,355.7	500.6	5,458.5
Jun-16	536.1	375.5	4,475.4	505.5	5,892.4
Quarter 2	1,220.3	1,287.9	12,741.1	1,333.6	16,582.9
Jul-2016	486.1	391.0	4,264.7	423.3	5,565.1
Aug-2016®	481.7	431.9	3,693.8	373.1	4,980.5
Sep-2016*	526.4	393.3	3,575.1	324.1	4,818.8
Quarter3	1,494.2	1,216.2	11,533.6	1,120.4	15,364.4
Total:	4,683.6	3,518.0	37,585.2	3,678.0	49,464.8

Total Exports by Mode of Transport, K' Million and Tonnes– January to September 2016

PERIOD	ROAD TRANSPORT		RAIL TRANSPORT		AIR TRANSPORT		OTHER		TOTAL EXPORTS (fob)	
Jan-16	4,763.4	275,644.3	133.4	7,808.4	278.5	433.6	1,052.7	92,996.3	6,228.2	376,882.5
Feb-16	4,424.6	272,578.4	23.3	3,965.3	168.4	294.5	679.8	84,915.0	5,296.1	361,753.2
Mar-16	4,771.9	257,379.1	183.0	8,083.3	543.1	416.6	495.1	79,326.3	5,993.1	345,205.3
Quarter 1	13,959.9	805,601.7	339.7	19,857.0	990.1	1,144.7	2,227.6	257,237.6	17,517.4	1,083,841.0
Apr-16	4,049.4	218,624.0	8.6	1,500.0	766.2	437.0	407.9	69,541.1	5,232.1	290,102.2
May-16	4,087.9	223,739.4	86.2	1,373.3	653.8	397.7	630.5	68,462.7	5,458.5	293,973.2
Jun-16	4,459.7	254,715.3	70.9	1,680.9	684.7	510.2	677.0	74,891.4	5,892.4	331,797.8
Quarter 2	12,597.1	697,078.8	165.6	4,554.2	2,104.8	1,345.0	1,715.5	212,895.2	16,582.9	915,873.2
Jul-2016	4,194.9	256,226.7	16.9	5,378.0	544.4	395.7	808.8	77,169.3	5,565.1	339,169.7
Aug-2016®	3,606.3	256,292.4	65.7	2,019.7	457.3	281.5	851.3	23,047.1	4,980.5	281,640.8
Sep-2016*	3,822.0	274,917.3	28.8	7,708.0	467.7	442.7	500.4	20,395.0	4,818.8	303,463.0
Quarter3	11,623.2	787,436.4	111.4	15,105.7	1,469.4	1,119.9	2,160.5	120,611.4	15,364.4	924,273.5
Total:	38,180.1	2,290,116.9	616.8	39,517.0	4,564.3	3,609.6	6,103.6	590,744.2	49,464.8	2,923,987.7

Imports by Regional Groupings, (K' Million) – January to September 2016

PERIOD	ASIA	COMESA	EU	SADC
Jan-16	2,147.2	1,815.1	429.4	3,624.1
Feb-16	1,921.0	1,186.2	496.2	3,446.7
Mar-16	1,701.3	1,638.8	499.1	4,399.4
Quarter 1	5,769.5	4,640.2	1,424.7	11,470.2
Apr-16	1,489.7	1,378.3	397.3	3,988.5
May-16	1,868.3	833.3	413.1	3,218.5
Jun-16	1,778.1	1,052.5	611.1	3,579.6
Quarter 2	5,136.0	3,264.1	1,421.5	10,786.6
Jul-2016	1,642.5	1,179.7	470.9	3,650.7
Aug-2016®	1,956.7	1,015.6	475.3	2,988.5
Sep-2016*	2,156.5	921.3	463.5	2,873.9
Quarter3	5,755.6	3,116.7	1,409.7	9,513.1
Total:	16,661.2	11,021.0	4,256.0	31,769.9

Import Trade by Product Category, (K Million)–January to September 2016

PERIOD	CONSUMER GOODS	RAW MATERIALS	INTERMEDIATE GOODS	CAPITAL GOODS	IMPORTS (cif)
Jan-16	2,570.8	699.8	1,278.6	2,103.1	6,652.3
Feb-16	2,187.2	480.9	1,344.8	2,187.3	6,200.2
Mar-16	1,911.6	691.3	1,716.2	2,690.7	7,009.8
Quarter 1	6,669.7	1,871.9	4,339.5	6,981.1	19,862.2
Apr-16	1,855.8	826.9	1,237.3	2,322.7	6,242.7
May-16	2,091.0	653.2	1,077.7	1,939.0	5,760.9
Jun-16	2,150.5	714.6	1,108.0	2,275.5	6,248.6
Quarter 2	6,097.3	2,194.7	3,423.0	6,537.3	18,252.2
Jul-2016	1,659.8	973.1	1,133.7	2,277.0	6,043.6
Aug-2016®	1,727.9	860.0	951.7	2,146.1	5,685.7
Sep-2016*	1,960.8	844.2	933.4	2,079.2	5,817.6
Quarter3	5,348.5	2,677.3	3,018.8	6,502.3	17,546.9
Total:	18,115.5	6,743.9	10,781.3	20,020.6	55,661.3

Imports by Mode of Transport in K' Million and Tonnes – January to September 2016

PERIOD	ROAD TRANSPORT		RAIL TRANSPORT		AIR TRANSPORT		OTHER		TOTAL	
Jan-16	3,270.7	260,134.0	42.4	3,035.7	577.8	734.3	2,761.3	700,446.7	6,652.3	964,350.7
Feb-16	3,183.9	224,954.8	55.3	5,387.2	665.2	799.9	2,295.8	335,697.9	6,200.2	566,839.8
Mar-16	4,002.8	273,461.1	29.7	4,585.4	1,035.4	899.7	1,941.8	260,642.6	7,009.8	539,588.8
Quarter 1	10,457.4	758,549.9	127.5	13,008.2	2,278.4	2,433.8	6,998.9	1,296,787.3	19,862.2	2,070,779.3
Apr-16	3,590.9	281,981.7	14.3	3,654.6	809.2	876.1	1,828.2	319,551.4	6,242.7	606,063.8
May-16	3,160.7	245,834.7	46.8	7,510.2	510.5	1,362.5	2,042.9	423,154.1	5,760.9	677,861.6
Jun-16	3,268.7	239,133.7	73.9	8,422.4	739.8	974.8	2,166.2	300,090.6	6,248.6	548,621.5
Quarter 2	10,020.3	766,950.1	135.0	19,587.2	2,059.6	3,213.4	6,037.3	1,042,796.2	18,252.2	1,832,546.9
Jul-2016	3,408.4	247,233.6	97.1	8,906.5	840.1	905.5	1,698.0	266,809.4	6,043.6	523,855.1
Aug-2016®	3,290.3	276,223.1	91.5	7,051.2	595.4	866.3	1,708.5	505,192.6	5,685.7	789,333.2
Sep-2016*	3,044.6	273,676.1	139.3	11,285.6	584.4	973.1	2,049.4	620,981.3	5,817.6	906,916.0
Quarter3	9,743.2	797,132.7	327.9	27,243.3	2,020.0	2,745.0	5,455.9	1,392,983.3	17,546.9	2,220,104.3
Total:	30,220.9	2,322,632.7	590.4	59,838.7	6,357.9	8,392.2	18,492.1	3,732,566.9	55,661.3	6,123,430.5

Zambia's Trade Flows In Absolute US \$ and Zambia Kwacha (ZMW) - 2000 to 2016(January to September)

Flow Year	Currency	Total Exports	Domestic Exports	Re-Exports	Imports	Trade Balance
		(fob)	(fob)	(fob)	(cif)	
2000	ZMW	2,716,557,648	2,680,166,733	36,390,915	2,751,563,200	-35,005,551
	US \$	869,485,416	857,837,819	11,647,597	871,386,492	(1,901,076)
2001	ZMW	3,537,206,913	3,523,388,831	13,818,083	3,900,496,869	-363,289,956
	US \$	978,788,277	974,964,645	3,823,632	1,079,955,769	(101,167,492)
2002	ZMW	4,069,916,925	4,045,881,105	24,035,820	4,732,881,915	-662,964,990
	US \$	944,356,533	938,779,421	5,577,112	1,103,070,912	(158,714,379)
2003	ZMW	4,642,039,643	4,614,120,921	27,918,722	7,439,867,257	-2,797,827,613
	US \$	979,298,782	973,408,964	5,889,818	1,573,309,968	(594,011,186)
2004	ZMW	7,526,280,116	7,460,407,702	65,872,413	10,279,302,826	-2,753,022,711
	US \$	1,577,240,766	1,563,436,250	13,804,516	2,150,649,040	(573,408,274)
2005	ZMW	9,612,909,461	9,564,984,513	47,924,948	11,466,668,653	-1,853,759,192
	US \$	2,176,641,598	2,165,790,000	10,851,599	2,579,688,391	(403,046,793)
2006	ZMW	13,410,945,234	13,388,136,276	22,808,958	11,049,770,813	2,361,174,421
	US \$	3,681,524,702	3,675,263,268	6,261,434	3,023,996,472	657,528,230
2007	ZMW	18,399,133,746	18,301,278,319	97,855,427	15,945,289,848	2,453,843,898
	US \$	4,617,454,325	4,592,896,486	24,557,839	4,006,980,387	610,473,937
2008	ZMW	18,653,009,287	17,951,197,614	701,811,673	18,476,489,240	176,520,047
	US \$	5,098,688,004	4,906,852,001	191,836,004	5,060,482,666	38,205,339
2009	ZMW	21,364,760,204	20,312,466,565	1,052,293,640	18,941,137,479	2,423,622,726
	US \$	4,312,054,540	4,099,669,869	212,384,671	3,792,642,675	519,411,865
2010	ZMW	34,500,051,458	32,876,095,550	1,623,955,908	25,507,487,313	8,992,564,145
	US \$	7,200,951,149	6,861,994,346	338,956,803	5,321,002,628	1,879,948,521
2011	ZMW	42,915,038,551	37,914,339,432	5,000,699,119	35,440,939,196	7,474,099,356
	US \$	8,829,248,544	7,800,415,368	1,028,833,176	7,279,139,877	1,550,108,667
2012	ZMW	48,206,165,818	44,580,859,222	3,625,306,596	45,275,938,876	2,930,226,942
	US \$	9,639,652,576	8,914,485,088	725,167,489	8,806,150,488	833,502,088
2013	ZMW	57,175,978,267	50,496,013,922	6,679,964,345	56,966,103,944	209,874,322
	US \$	10,606,851,708	9,365,214,841	1,241,636,867	10,587,665,178	19,186,530
2014	ZMW	59,613,470,930	49,682,690,583	9,930,780,347	58,769,386,048	844,084,881
	US \$	9,686,621,626	8,076,868,126	1,609,753,500	9,554,995,689	131,625,937
2015	ZMW	60,682,790,800	55,495,742,987	5,187,047,813	73,609,283,927	-12,926,493,127
	US \$	7,037,729,816	6,471,748,480	565,981,336	8,508,282,114	-1,470,552,298
2016 (Jan-SEP)	ZMW	49,464,799,806	47,364,625,397	2,100,174,409	55,661,324,016	-6,196,524,210
	US \$	4,709,919,164	4,513,226,374	196,692,790	5,297,564,232	-587,645,068

POPULATION 2000 TO 2010

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Total Population	9,885,591	10,089,492	10,409,441	10,744,380	11,089,691	11,441,461	11,798,678	12,160,516	12,525,791	12,896,830	13,092,666
Population Growth Rate	2.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3	3	2.9	2.9	2.8
Life Expectancy at Birth	50	51.8	51.9	52.4	52.4	52.6	51.9	51.4	51.3	51.2	-

POPULATION BY PROVINCE

Central	1,012,257	1,032,574	1,066,992	1,103,387	1,141,256	1,180,124	1,219,980	1,260,491	1,301,776	1,343,835	1,307,111
Copperbelt	1,581,221	1,611,569	1,662,155	1,714,225	1,767,165	1,820,443	1,874,081	1,927,576	1,980,824	2034012	1,972,317
Eastern**	1,231,283	1,348,070	1,391,690	1,436,120	1,482,290	1,530,118	1,579,960	1,631,890	1,684,910	1,740,180	1,592,661
Luapula	775,353	791,067	817,326	845,076	873,969	903,746	934,317	965,605	997,579	1,030,572	991,927
Lusaka	1,391,329	1,413,010	1,453,690	1,495,730	1,538,000	1,579,769	1,620,730	1,660,070	1,697,730	1,733,830	2,191,225
Muchinga*	524,186	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	711,657
Northern**	809,400	1,277,250	1,315,650	1,357,540	1,401,340	1,445,730	1,490,330	1,534,170	1,577,310	1,619,980	1,105,824
North-western	583,350	596,010	616,496	638,004	660,322	683,367	707,074	731,351	756,261	781,800	727,044
Southern	1,212,124	1,235,134	1,275,470	1,318,161	1,362,382	1,407,433	1,453,324	1,499,462	1,545,880	1,592,864	1,589,926
Western	765,088	774,929	795,247	816,983	839,757	863294	887,540	912,226	937,419	963,107	902,974

Source: CSO, Population Projections Report

Note: 2000 figures are from the 2000 Census of Population and Housing while the 2001 to 2009 figures are Population Projections from the Projections Report. The 2010 figures are final 2010 Census of Population and Housing figures.

*Muchinga was created in 2011

**2000 Census figures were adjusted following the new provincial demarcations

TOTAL POPULATION BY RURAL/URBAN RESIDENCE, PROVINCE OF RESIDENCE AND YEAR OF PROJECTION, 2010-2025, ZAMBIA (MEDIUM VARIANT PROJECTION)

Province and Rural/Urban	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total	13,092,666	13,718,722	14,145,327	14,580,290	15,023,315	15,473,905	15,933,883	16,405,229	16,887,720	17,381,168	17,885,422	18,400,556	18,926,743	19,464,164	20,013,159	20,574,138
Rural	7,919,216	8,155,510	8,364,391	8,575,072	8,787,529	9,001,647	9,218,734	9,440,264	9,666,402	9,897,231	10,132,811	10,373,392	10,619,411	10,871,336	11,129,714	11,395,104
Urban	5,173,450	5,563,212	5,780,936	6,005,218	6,235,786	6,472,258	6,715,149	6,964,965	7,221,318	7,483,937	7,752,611	8,027,164	8,307,332	8,592,828	8,883,445	9,179,034
Central	1,307,111	1,355,775	1,394,423	1,433,860	1,474,093	1,515,086	1,556,974	1,599,884	1,643,810	1,688,726	1,734,601	1,781,446	1,829,283	1,878,145	1,928,094	1,979,202
Copperbelt	1,972,317	2,143,413	2,195,878	2,249,824	2,305,258	2,362,207	2,420,678	2,480,657	2,542,132	2,605,116	2,669,635	2,735,763	2,803,519	2,872,875	2,943,829	3,016,344
Eastern	1,592,661	1,628,880	1,673,989	1,719,803	1,766,300	1,813,445	1,861,491	1,910,782	1,961,269	2,012,895	2,065,590	2,119,331	2,174,115	2,229,946	2,286,873	2,344,980
Luapula	991,927	1,015,629	1,043,241	1,071,074	1,099,151	1,127,453	1,156,160	1,185,446	1,215,294	1,245,682	1,276,608	1,308,050	1,340,032	1,372,622	1,405,871	1,439,877
Lusaka	2,191,225	2,362,967	2,461,932	2,564,058	2,669,249	2,777,439	2,888,575	3,002,530	3,119,190	3,238,430	3,360,183	3,484,394	3,610,977	3,739,872	3,870,981	4,004,276
Muchinga	711,657	749,449	785,300	821,564	858,179	895,058	932,668	971,547	1,011,655	1,052,996	1,095,535	1,139,277	1,184,232	1,230,373	1,277,711	1,326,222
Northern	1,105,824	1,146,392	1,185,159	1,224,443	1,264,212	1,304,435	1,345,412	1,387,443	1,430,543	1,474,730	1,520,004	1,566,369	1,613,869	1,662,536	1,712,448	1,763,638
North Western	727,044	746,982	768,262	789,836	811,706	833,818	856,286	879,229	902,631	926,485	950,789	975,559	1,000,815	1,026,614	1,053,004	1,080,072
Southern	1,589,926	1,642,757	1,694,370	1,746,791	1,799,885	1,853,464	1,907,784	1,963,206	2,019,696	2,077,229	2,135,794	2,195,416	2,256,160	2,318,098	2,381,333	2,445,929
Western	902,974	926,478	942,773	959,037	975,282	991,500	1,007,855	1,024,505	1,041,500	1,058,879	1,076,683	1,094,951	1,113,741	1,133,083	1,153,015	1,173,598

**NATIONAL FOOD BALANCE FOR ZAMBIA FOR THE 2016/2017 AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SEASON
BASED ON THE 2015/2016 MoA/CSO CROP FORECASTING SURVEY AND MoA/CSO/PRIVATE SECTOR UTILIZATION
ESTIMATES (METRIC TONNES)**

	Maize	Paddy rice	Wheat (Preliminary)	Sorghum & Millet	Sweet and Irish potatoes	Cassava flour	Total (maize equivalent)
A. Availability:	667,524	112	156,555	1,971	0	12	823,844
(i) Opening stocks (1st May 2016) 1/	2,873,052	26,675	-	44,080	256,310	854,393	823,844
(ii) Total production (2015/16) 2/	3,540,577	26,787	156,555	46,051	256,310	854,405	
Total availability							
B. Requirements:	1,588,831	62,453	379,500	41,383	243,495	779,972	2,864,746
(i) Staple food requirements:	500,000	0	0	0	0	0	500,000
Human consumption 3/							
Strategic Reserve Stocks (net) 4/	257,912	0	0	0	0	0	257,912
(ii) Industrial requirements:	115,500	0	0	0	0	0	115,500
Stockfeed 5/	100,000	3,000	0	2,464	0	0	105,306
Breweries 6/	143,653	1,334	15,500	2,204	12,816	42,720	206,073
Grain retained for other uses 7/	200,000						200,000
(iii) Losses 8/		66,787	395,000	46,051	256,310	822,692	
(iv) Structural cross-border trade 9/	2,905,896						4,249,537
Total requirements							
C. Surplus/deficit (A-B) 10/	634,681	-40,000		0	0	31,713	625,255
D. Potential Commercial exports 11/	-634,681	40,000	0	0	0	0	0
E. Food aid import requirements 12/	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Notes:

1/ Stocks expected to be held by commodity traders, millers, brewers, FRA, DMMU and commercial and small scale farmers as at 1st May 2016

2/ Production estimates by MoA/CSO. Cassava production is based on the total area under cassava, using an annual yield figure of 11.7 tonnes per hectare (MAFF Root and Tuber Improvement Programme, 1996). A flour extraction rate of 25% is used. Other tubers are sweet potatoes and Irish potatoes.

3/ Human staple food consumption represents 70% (1,470 kCal/person/day, CSO) of total diet (2,100 kCal/person/day, National Food and Nutrition Commission), for the national population of 14.58 million people (based on CSO Census projections with 2016 and 2017 average population used). The food balance shows an overall surplus of staple foods. Food prices may affect the level of food consumption.

4/ National strategic requirements expected to be carried over into the next season by FRA.(this amount of 500,000 Mt includes equivalent quantity that is already budgeted for)

5/Estimated requirements by major stock feed producers.

6/ Estimated requirements by industrial breweries.

7/ Estimated retention of grain for other uses by smallholders.

8/ Post-harvest losses are estimated at 5% for grains, sweet potatoes and cassava, in line with estimates from other SADC countries.

9/ Structural exports represents cross-border trade, mostly to the DRC, that occurs on a continuing basis and that is likely to occur during the 2015/16 marketing season. It does not include Formal trade.

10/Expected surpluses' or deficits that arise after meeting minimum overall staple human consumption requirements as well as industrial requirements. The total surplus/deficit is expressed as maize equivalent using energy values. The rice deficit is based on a 3 year rolling average of what is known to be imported each year, as indicated under D.

11/Commercial imports/exports represent expected regional and international trade by the private sector. been harvested
For cassava, the surplus represents cassava that is still in the ground and may not necessarily be harvested

12/Total estimated requirement for food relief among vulnerable groups, to be imported. This could be met with maize or other grains.

SURVEYS/ACTIVITIES BEING UNDERTAKEN

- ☞ 2015 National Disability Survey Analysis and Report Writing
- ☞ Zambia Population Based HIV Impact Assessment (ZAMPHIA) Data Collection
- ☞ Sample Vital Registration with Verbal Autopsy (SAVVY) Data Collection
- ☞ 2015 Selected Social Economic Indicators analysis and report editing
- ☞ 2016 Zambia in Figures compilation

SELECTED AVAILABLE REPORTS

- ☞ 2015 Living Conditions Monitoring Survey Key Findings (Print copy)
- ☞ 2014 Labour Force Survey Report (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ 2014/2015 Crop Forecast Survey data available (Electronic)
- ☞ 2013 - 2014 Zambia Demographic and Health Survey Report (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ Zambia in Figures 2014 (Electronic)
- ☞ Selected Socio-economic Indicators 2013 (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ Sample Vital Registration with Verbal Autopsy (SAVVY) 2010-2012 (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ Gross Domestic Product 2010; Benchmark Estimates Summary Report (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ Population and Demographic Projections Report, 2011 – 2035 (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ 2010 Census of Population and Housing National Analytical and Descriptive Tables Reports (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ 2010 Census of Population and Housing Provincial Analytical and Descriptive Tables Reports (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ 2010 Census of Population and Housing Summary Report (Electronic and Print copy)
- ☞ 2006/2010 Living Conditions Monitoring Survey Report (Electronic and Print copy)

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