



Republic of Zambia

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Foreword

Welcome to the Monthly presentation organised by the Dissemination Branch of the Central Statistical Office (CSO). The CSO embarks on vigorous information delivery strategy to major stakeholders and the media institutions in order to increase utilisation of statistical products and services. The office produces a number of statistical products in the Economic, Social, Agricultural and Environmental areas. The information collected in these areas may be used for various purposes including policy formulation, planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of programmes and projects.

This Monthly publication is an attempt to provide highlights of CSO's work and how it can help media institutions and the general public to make use of data and information for sustainable national development and decision-making.

I would like to urge our readers and users of statistical information to send to us any comments that may enhance statistical production and contribute to the improvement of this bulletin.

John Kalumbi
Acting Director of Census and Statistics

29th July, 2010

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Census Publicity

ZAMBIA CENSUS 2010

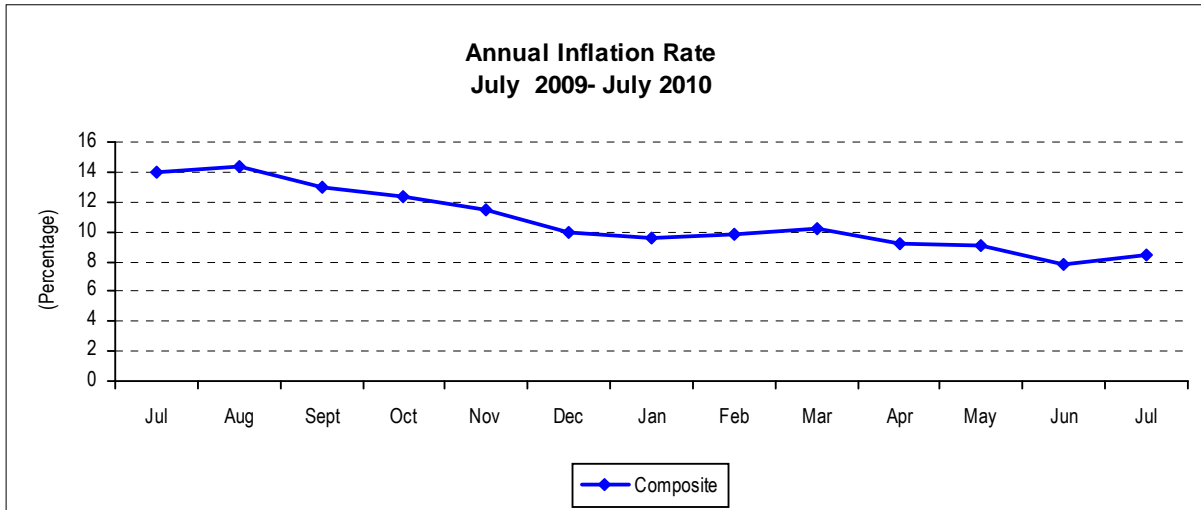


INFLATION

Inflation increases to 8.4 percent in July 2010 from 7.8 percent in June 2010.

The annual rate of inflation, as measured by the all items Consumer Price Index (CPI), increased to 8.4 percent in July

2010 from 7.8 percent in June, 2010. The increase is attributed to increases in food and non-food prices.



Source: CSO, Prices statistics 2010

Changes in annual inflation rates for CPI Main Groups

Between June 2010 and July 2010, annual inflation rates increased for food, beverages and tobacco; clothing and footwear; household fuel and lighting; furniture and household goods; transport

and communication and other goods and services. The annual inflation rates reduced for medical care, recreation and education.

Annual Inflation Rate: CPI Main Groups Per cent

Period	Total	Food And Beverages	Clothing And Footwear	Rent Fuel & Lighting	Furniture and Household Goods	Medical care	Transport and comms	Recreation And Education	Other Goods And Services
Jan 07 – Jan 06	9.8	1.0	34.9	15.1	16.5	24.9	22.8	15.9	11.4
Feb 07 – Feb 06	12.6	4.2	28.3	18.3	20.4	23.7	33.9	15.0	10.4
Mar 07 – Mar 06	12.7	4.9	26.9	15.8	21.6	22.1	33.5	14.9	11.0
Apr 07 – Apr 06	12.4	5.5	23.7	15.7	20.0	18.8	32.4	14.8	7.7
May 07 – May 06	11.8	5.7	18.8	17.1	19.2	16.5	28.2	10.4	7.0
Jun 07 – June 06	11.1	4.8	20.3	18.1	18.1	14.9	24.6	10.6	7.0
Jul 07 – July 06	11.2	6.7	19.4	14.9	17.4	14.0	18.2	10.0	7.7
Aug 07- Aug 06	10.7	7.9	19.6	11.6	15.2	11.6	11.8	10.0	7.5
Sep 07 – Sep 06	9.3	6.2	17.9	11.2	15.5	11.4	9.7	8.1	7.7
Oct 07 – Oct 06	9.0	5.6	14.7	11.8	16.8	10.9	10.3	7.4	6.3
Nov 07 – Nov 06	8.7	5.2	16.3	10.7	15.8	10.2	11.6	7.1	6.7
Dec 07 – Dec 06	8.9	5.9	14.2	11.2	13.4	9.1	13.6	8.2	6.9
Jan 08 – Jan 07	9.3	6.9	12.5	13.4	17.1	8.4	7.7	6.8	7.0
Feb 08 – Feb 07	9.5	9.1	11.1	12.5	16.0	8.9	0.3	9.0	8.4
Mar 08 – Mar 07	9.8	9.1	11.2	12.2	16.1	10.0	1.1	10.3	9.4

Period	Total	Food And Beverages	Clothing And Footwear	Rent Fuel & Lighting	Furniture and Household Goods	Medical care	Transport and comms	Recreation And Education	Other Goods And Services
Apr 08 – Apr 07	10.1	9.8	11.1	12.7	16.3	12.2	-0.2	11.1	9.4
May 08 – May 07	10.9	11.7	10.5	12.0	14.9	12.4	0.5	11.4	9.5
Jun 08 – June 07	12.1	15.6	9.7	11.4	13.4	12.2	-3.5	10.6	10.4
Jul 08 – Jul 07	12.6	14.2	9.3	14.9	14.2	13.9	4.7	11.0	11.3
Aug 08- Aug 07	13.2	16.3	6.3	14.5	13.3	12.9	5.3	11.2	10.7
Sep 08- Sep 07	14.2	16.2	5.6	17.7	14.8	11.8	11.5	11.5	10.4
Oct 08 – Oct 07	15.2	17.6	4.6	14.9	15.1	11.3	19.2	11.6	12.1
Nov 08 – Nov 07	15.3	18.5	2.7	14.5	16.1	10.3	16.4	12.4	12.5
Dec 08 – Dec 07	16.6	20.5	2.5	15.2	18.0	9.9	15.9	12.1	13.2
Jan 09 – Jan 08	16.0	21.3	3.0	8.9	13.8	9.2	18.3	11.7	15.2
Feb 09 – Feb 08	14.0	16.3	3.9	8.6	16.5	9.6	19.4	9.3	15.4
Mar 09 – Mar 08	13.1	13.9	5.9	10.4	16.3	10.1	19.7	7.9	15.2
Apr 09 – Apr 08	14.3	15.9	6.8	10.4	16.1	8.2	22.0	7.1	17.1
May 09 – May 08	14.7	16.1	7.9	10.7	21.2	8.0	16.6	6.0	20.0
Jun 09 – June 08	14.4	14.1	9.6	10.1	22.4	10.0	21.0	6.9	22.6
Jul 09 – Jul 08	14.0	14.9	9.9	7.9	22.1	10.2	13.0	8.9	21.6
Aug 09- Aug 08	14.3	14.6	11.4	11.7	21.7	10.3	10.4	10.1	20.6
Sep 09- Sep 08	13.0	13.9	13.6	9.9	21.4	13.3	1.3	9.7	20.5
Oct 09 – Oct 08	12.3	12.3	15.0	11.7	19.4	14.9	-3.2	12.0	24.7
Nov 09 – Nov 08	11.5	11.1	15.0	11.2	19.1	14.4	-3.1	11.0	23.6
Dec 09 – Dec 08	9.9	8.0	15.8	11.4	17.6	15.9	-3.4	10.6	26.0
Jan 10 – Jan 09	9.6	7.1	15.7	14.7	16.4	15.8	-4.0	10.5	23.0
Feb 10 – Feb 09	9.8	8.2	14.7	13.3	14.3	15.7	-1.1	9.9	21.1
Mar 10 – Mar 09	10.2	9.3	11.4	12.9	14.1	15.0	1.6	9.9	19.7
Apr 10 – Apr 09	9.2	7.3	11.4	14.4	13.0	15.0	1.6	9.8	20.2
May 10 – May 09	9.1	6.5	10.5	12.4	12.3	15.3	9.9	11.2	16.8
Jun 10 – June 09	7.8	3.8	9.9	15.7	10.1	14.4	11.1	10.8	12.8
Jul 10 – Jul 09	8.4	4.1	11.9	17.0	10.8	12.7	13.0	9.0	12.8

Source: CSO, Prices statistics 2010

Contributions of different Items to overall inflation

Of the total 8.4 percent annual inflation in July 2010, food products in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), accounted

for 2.0 percentage points, while non-food products accounted for 6.4 percentage points.

Items	Percentage Points Contributions of different items to overall inflation												
	Jul-09	Aug-09	Sep-09	Oct-09	Nov-09	Dec-09	Jan-10	Feb-10	Mar-10	Apr-10	May-10	Jul-10	Jul-10
Food Beverages and Tobacco	7.3	7.2	6.8	6	5.5	4	3.6	4.1	4.6	3.6	3.2	1.9	2.0
Clothing and Footwear	0.9	1	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.1
Rent and household energy	0.9	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.9
Furniture and Household Goods	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.2	2	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.3
Medical Care	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
Transport (fuel, airfares, new motor vehicles)	1.1	0.9	0.1	-0.2	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.9	1.0
Recreation and Education	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6
Other Goods and Services	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4
All Items	14	14.3	13	12.3	11.5	9.9	9.6	9.8	10.2	9.2	9.1	7.8	8.4

Source: CSO, Prices statistics 2010

The annual food inflation rate

The annual food inflation rate was recorded at 4.1 percent in July 2010.

This is an increase from 3.8 percent in June 2010.

Non-food inflation

The annual non-food inflation rate was recorded at 12.6 percent in July 2010. This

is an increase from 11.8 percent in June 2010.

Annual Inflation Rates: Food and Non food

Period	Total	Food	Non-Food
Jan 06 – Jan 05	12.2	12.8	11.5
Feb 06 - Feb 05	10.3	10.2	10.3
Mar 06 - Mar 05	10.7	10.9	10.4
Apr 06 – Apr 05	9.4	8.3	10.6
May 06 – May 05	8.6	5.6	12.0
Jun 06 - Jun 05	8.5	5.4	11.8
Jul 06 - Jul 05	8.7	4.3	13.6
Aug 06 – Aug 05	8.0	0.4	16.4
Sep 06 – Sep 05	8.2	1.5	15.7
Oct 06 - Oct 05	7.9	1.0	15.4
Nov 06 - Nov 05	8.1	0.8	16.2
Dec06 – Dec 05	8.2	-0.2	18.1
Jan 07 - Jan 06	9.8	1.0	20.0
Feb 07 - Feb 06	12.6	4.2	22.1
Mar 07 - Mar 06	12.7	4.9	21.5
Apr 07 – Apr 06	12.4	5.5	20.1
May 07 – May 06	11.8	5.7	18.2
Jun 07 - Jun 06	11.1	4.8	17.7
Jul 07- Jul 06	11.2	6.7	15.6
Aug 07– Aug 06	10.7	7.9	13.3
Sep 07 – Sep 06	9.3	6.2	12.4
Oct 07- Oct 06	9.0	5.6	12.2
Nov 07- Nov 06	8.7	5.2	12.2
Dec07 – Dec 06	8.9	5.9	11.9
Jan 08 - Jan 07	9.3	6.9	11.7
Feb 08 - Feb 07	9.5	9.1	10.0
Mar 08 - Mar 07	9.8	9.1	10.4
Apr 08– Apr 07	10.1	9.8	10.5
May 08 – May 07	10.9	11.7	10.1
Jun 08 - Jun 07	12.1	15.6	8.8
Jul 08- Jul 07	12.6	14.2	11.2
Aug 08– Aug 07	13.2	16.3	10.4
Sep 08 – Sep 07	14.2	16.2	12.4
Oct 08- Oct 07	15.2	17.6	13.0
Nov 08- Nov 07	15.3	18.5	12.4
Dec 08 – Dec 07	16.6	20.5	12.9
Jan 09 - Jan 08	16.0	21.3	11.1
Feb 08 - Feb 07	14.0	16.3	11.7
Mar 09 - Mar 08	13.1	13.9	12.3
Apr 09– Apr 08	14.3	15.9	12.7
May 09 – May 08	14.7	16.1	13.3
Jun 09 - Jun 08	14.4	14.1	14.7
Jul 09- Jul 08	14.0	14.9	13.1
Aug 09– Aug 08	14.3	14.6	13.9
Sep 09 – Sep 08	13.0	13.9	12.1
Oct 09- Oct 08	12.3	12.3	12.3
Nov 09- Nov 08	11.5	11.1	11.9

Period	Total	Food	Non-Food
Dec 09 – Dec 08	9.9	8.0	11.8
Jan 10 – Jan 09	9.6	7.1	12.0
Feb 10 – Feb 09	9.8	8.2	11.3
Mar 10 - Mar 09	10.2	9.3	11.0
Apr 10– Apr 09	9.2	7.3	11.2
May 10 – May 09	9.1	6.5	11.6
Jun 10 - Jun 09	7.8	3.8	11.8
Jul 10- Jul 09	8.4	4.1	12.6

Source: CSO, Prices statistics 2010

National Average Prices of Selected Products.

A comparison of retail prices between June 2010 and July 2010 shows that the national average price of 25 kg bag of white roller meal reduced by 5.9 percent, from K40,161 to K37,809. The average price of a 20 litre tin of maize grain also reduced by 5.1 percent, from K19, 570 to K18, 567.

The national average price of 1kg tomatoes increased by 3.3 percent, from K3,493 to K3,607. The national average price of 1kg of dried kapenta (Siavonga) also increased by 6.0 percent, from K50, 710 to K53, 748.

National Average Prices for selected Products and Months

Product Description	2010						Percentage Change Jul-10/Jun-10
	February	March	April	May	June	July	
White breakfast 25Kg	62,642	62,868	62,845	61,945	59,959	59,306	-1.1
White Roller 25Kg	49,934	49,194	48,940	46,459	40,161	37,809	-5.9
White Maize 20 litre tin	27,454	27,792	23,871	20,473	19,570	18,567	-5.1
Rice Local 1 Kg	7,414	7,677	7,666	7,790	7,770	7,927	2.0
Rice Imported 1 Kg	31,468	31,801	31,519	28,739	27,801	29,143	4.8
Sorghum 5 litre tin	8,840	12,381	12,373	13,114	13,106	14,129	7.8
Fillet Steak 1 Kg	29,997	29,856	29,661	30,065	29,796	31,063	4.3
Brisket 1 Kg	19,851	19,854	19,968	20,413	20,414	20,778	1.8
Mixed Cut 1 Kg	18,690	18,506	19,085	19,127	18,953	19,216	1.4
T-bone 1 Kg	25,847	24,719	24,972	25,401	25,337	26,152	3.2
Beef Sausages 1 Kg	23,772	24,395	25,220	25,390	24,777	25,225	1.8
Offals 1 Kg	11,116	11,348	11,542	11,597	11,602	11,644	0.4
Dressed chicken 1 Kg	17,252	17,550	18,094	17,322	17,649	17,776	0.7
Buka Buka 1 Kg	14,436	14,745	15,269	14,731	14,715	15,197	3.3
Dried Kapenta Mpulungu 1Kg	56,196	56,324	59,356	58,929	55,824	56,795	1.7
Dried Kapenta Siavonga 1Kg	48,125	54,013	51,982	53,874	50,710	53,748	6.0
Dried Kapenta Chisense 1Kg	38,868	27,769	30,357	34,207	34,964	37,604	7.6
Dried bream 1 Kg	33,952	33,933	35,310	33,647	33,944	36,567	7.7
Cabbage 1kg	1,615	1,597	1,912	1,820	1,760	1,644	-6.6
Onion 1kg	5,231	5,649	6,222	6,928	6,589	6,582	-0.1
Carrots 1kg	5,061	5,531	6,165	6,350	4,926	5,298	7.6
Tomatoes 1kg	3,427	4,293	4,011	3,806	3,493	3,607	3.3
Pumpkin leaves 1kg	2,383	2,675	3,056	3,172	3,335	3,664	9.9
Sweet patato leaves 1kg	2,996	3,028	2,729	3,090	3,293	3,827	16.2
Rape 1kg	2,801	2,829	2,683	2,916	2,804	2,741	-2.2
Dried beans 1kg	8,985	9,103	8,704	8,768	8,606	8,708	1.2
Air fare Lusaka/London British Airways 1 Way	6,129,600	6,129,600	6,129,600	6,380,000	7,404,800	7,404,800	0.0
Air Fare Lusaka/Ndola Zambezi Airways 1 way	587,500	600,000	600,000	650,000	650,000	650,000	0.0
Coach fare Lusaka/Kitwe one way	60,000	65,000	65,000	65,000	65,000	70,000	7.7
Mini Bus Fare Town/Chilenje 1 way	2,900	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,400	6.3
Bed & continental Breakfast 3 to 5 star Hotel	576,938	590,050	582,225	604,885	616,688	552,689	-10.4
Bed & Continental Breakfast 2 star Down to Motel	137,091	140,141	140,774	141,264	132,867	138,310	4.1

Source: CSO, Prices statistics 2010

INTERNATIONAL MERCHANDISE TRADE

June 2010 Records Trade Surplus

Zambia recorded a trade surplus valued at K 493.6 Billion in June 2010. This means

that the country exported more in June 2010 than it imported in value terms.

Total Exports (fob) and Imports (cif), January 2010 to June 2010* (K' Millions)

Months	Imports(cif)	Domestic Exports(fob)	Re-Exports(fob)	Total Exports(fob)	Trade Balance
January	1,765,443	2,126,875	86,773	2,213,649	448,206
February	1,868,729	2,301,675	83,337	2,385,012	516,283
March	2,119,079	3,140,924	122,582	3,263,506	1,144,427
Quarter 1	5,753,251	7,569,474	292,692	7,862,167	2,108,916
April	2,065,995	3,086,584	113,751	3,200,335	1,134,340
May®	2,170,695	2,809,043	124,968	2,934,011	763,315
June*	2,024,675	2,382,397	135,876	2,518,273	493,598
Quarter 2	6,261,365	8,278,024	374,595	8,652,619	2,391,253
Total:	12,014,615	15,847,497	667,287	16,514,786	4,500,169

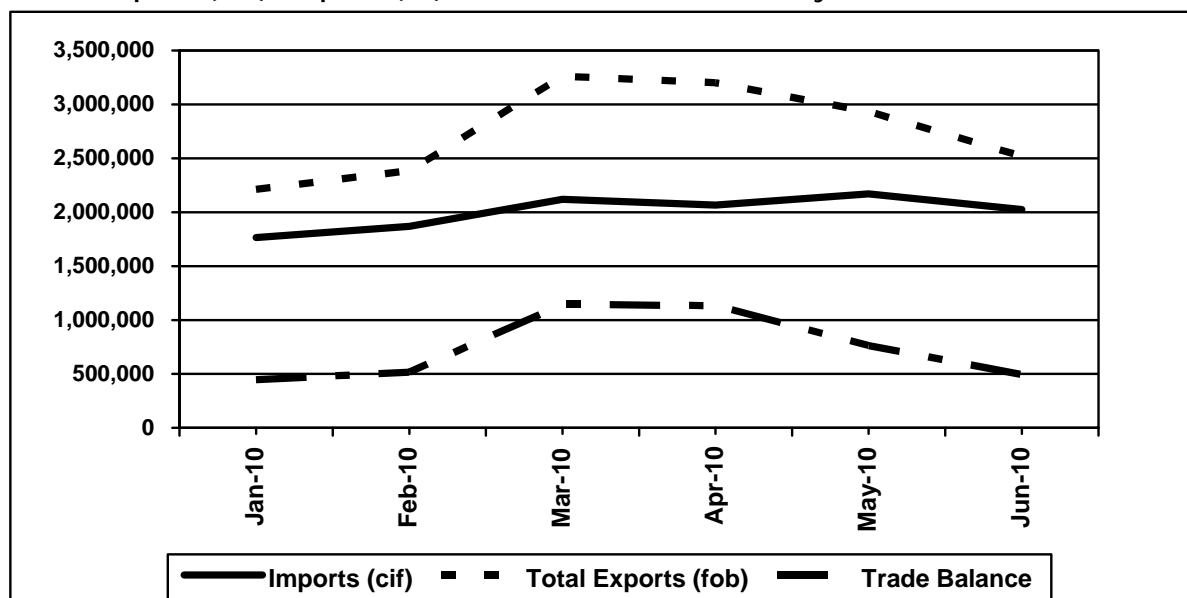
Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

(®) Revised

These trade data are compiled based on the General Trade System

Total Exports (fob), Imports (cif) and Trade Balance, January 2010 – June 2010, K'Millions



Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Total Exports (fob) and Imports (cif) 2000-2009 in K' Billions

YEAR	Domestic Exports (fob)	Re - Exports (fob)	Total Exports (fob)	Imports (cif)	Trade Balance (Export less Imports)
2000	2,680	36	2,717	2,752	(35)
2001	3,523	14	3,537	3,900	(363)
2002	4,046	24	4,070	4,733	(663)
2003	4,614	28	4,642	7,440	(2,798)
2004	7,460	66	7,526	10,279	(2,753)
2005	9,565	48	9,613	11,467	(1,854)
2006	13,388	23	13,411	11,050	2,361
2007	18,301	98	18,399	15,945	2,454
2008	17,951	702	18,653	18,476	124
2009	20,312	1,052	21,365	18,941	2,424

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

(®) Revised

Exports by major product categories June 2010 and May 2010

Zambia's major export products in June 2010 were from the intermediate goods category (mainly comprising of copper cathodes and sections of refined copper and copper blister) accounting for 77.6 percent. Raw materials category (mainly

comprising cobalt ores & concentrates and copper ores & concentrates) was second with 13.0 percent. Other exports were consumer goods and capital goods which collectively accounted for 9.4 percent of total exports for June 2010.

Exports by major product categories June 2010 and May 2010*, (K'Millions)

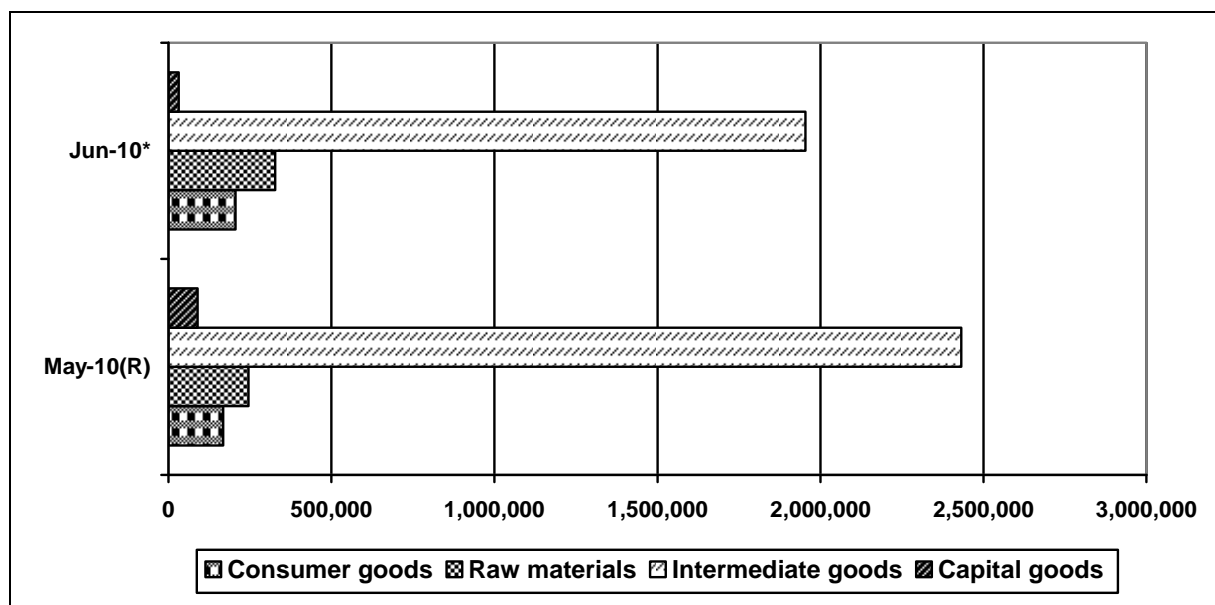
Product Category	June-10*		May-10®	
	Value (K'million)	% Share	Value (K'million)	% Share
Consumer goods	205,263	8.2	167,450	5.7
Raw materials	327,541	13.0	244,971	8.3
Intermediate goods	1,954,551	77.6	2,432,348	82.9
Capital goods	30,918	1.2	89,240	3.0
Total:	2,518,273	100.0	2,934,011	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

(®) Revised

Total Exports (fob) by Product Categories, June 2010 and May 2010 in K'Millions



Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

(R) Revised figures

Zambia's Metal Exports and Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs) June 2010 and May 2010

There has been a reduction in the total value of exports between June and May 2010. The country's ever dominant metal products recorded a lower value in revenue growth of -18.2 percent in nominal terms, between June and May 2010. The overall contribution of metal products to the total exports earnings

was 76.6 and 80.4 percent in June and May 2010, respectively.

In terms of percentage contribution to the total export earnings, NTEs recorded 23.4 and 19.6 percent in June and May 2010, respectively.

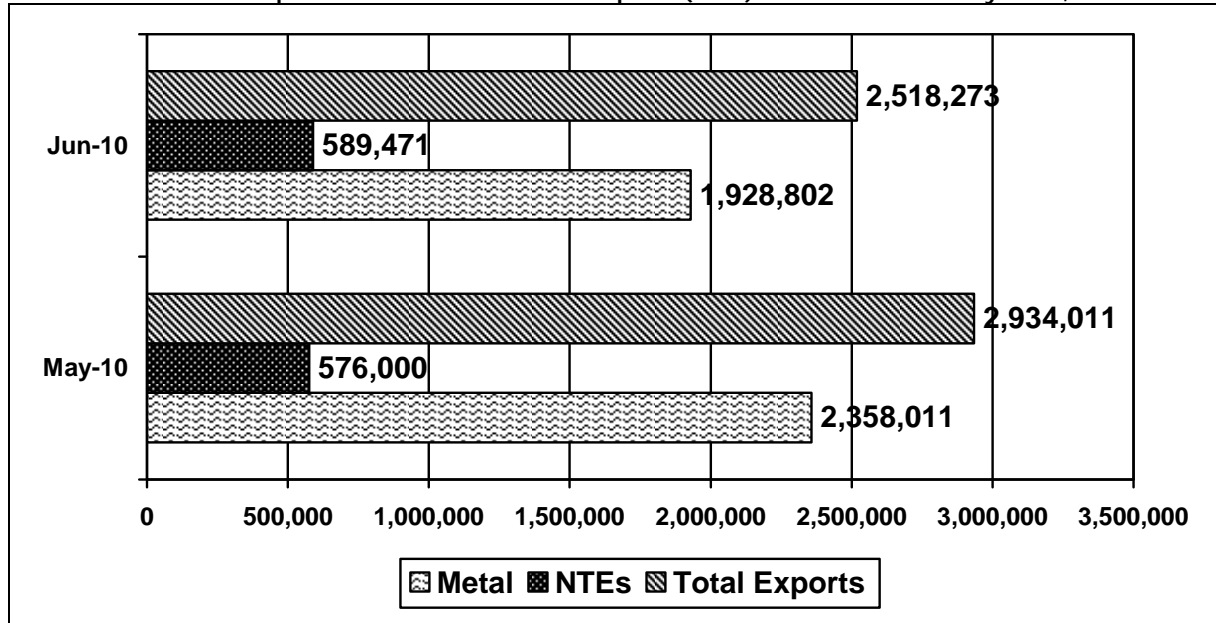
**Zambia's Metals Exports and Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs)
June 2010 and May 2010, K'Million.**

GROUP	June-10*		May -10®	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share	Value (K'Million)	% Share
Traditional Exports (<i>mainly Metals</i>)	1,928,802	76.6	2,358,011	80.4
Non-Traditional Exports	589,471	23.4	576,000	19.6
Total Exports	2,518,273	100.0	2,934,011	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional
(R) Revised figures

Zambia's Metals Exports and Non-Traditional Exports (NTEs) June 2010 and May 2010, K'Million



Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

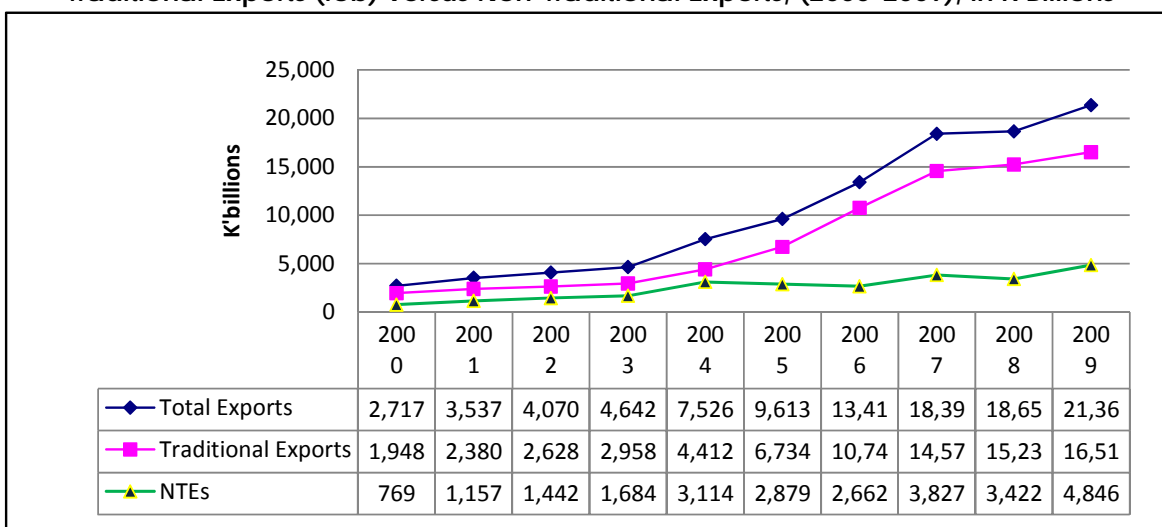
Note: (*) Provisional
(R) Revised figures

Traditional Exports (fob) versus Non-Traditional Exports, (2000-2009), in K'Billions

YEAR	Traditional Exports	Non-Traditional Exports	Total Exports (fob)	% Share Non-Traditional Exports
2000	1,948	769	2,717	28.3
2001	2,380	1,157	3,537	32.7
2002	2,628	1,442	4,070	35.4
2003	2,958	1,684	4,642	36.3
2004	4,412	3,114	7,526	41.4
2005	6,734	2,879	9,613	29.9
2006	10,749	2,662	13,411	19.8
2007	14,572	3,827	18,399	20.8
2008	15,231	3,422	18,653	18.3
2009	16,519	4,846	21,365	22.7

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Traditional Exports (fob) versus Non-Traditional Exports, (2000-2009), in K'Billions



Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Traditional Exports versus non Traditional exports (2000-2009) in Millions of US Dollar

YEAR	Traditional Exports	Non-Traditional Exports	Total Exports	% Share of NTEs
2000	623	246	869	28.3
2001	659	320	979	32.7
2002	610	324	934	34.6
2003	624	355	979	36.3
2004	925	653	1,578	41.4
2005	1,525	652	2,177	29.9
2006	2,951	731	3,682	19.9
2007	3,660	958	4,618	20.7
2008	4,164	935	5,099	18.3
2009	3,265	976	4,241	23.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Traditional Exports versus Non-Traditional Exports (2000-2009) in Millions of US Dollar

YEAR	Traditional Exports	% Growth	Non-Traditional Exports	% Growth	Total Exports	% Growth
2000	1,948		769		2,717	
2001	2,380	22.2	1,157	50.5	3,537	30.2
2002	2,628	10.4	1,442	24.6	4,070	15.1
2003	2,958	12.6	1,684	16.8	4,642	14.1
2004	4,412	49.2	3,114	84.9	7,526	62.1
2005	6,734	52.6	2,879	(7.6)	9,613	27.7
2006	10,749	59.6	2,662	(7.5)	13,411	39.5
2007	14,572	35.6	3,827	43.8	18,399	37.2
2008	15,231	4.5	3,422	(10.6)	18,653	1.4
2009	16,519	8.5	4,846	41.6	21,365	14.5

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

NOTE: GROWTH RATES ARE IN NOMINAL TERMS

Zambia's Major Exports Classified by Harmonized Coding System (HS), June 2010

Zambia's major export products in June 2010 were copper related including copper and articles thereof; and ores, slag & ash collectively accounting for 79.3 percent of total export earnings. Other export products were other base metals, cermets and articles

thereof (3.2 percent); Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes (3.0 percent) and sugars & sugar confectionery (2.0 percent). These five product categories collectively accounted for 87.5 percent of Zambia's total export earnings for June 2010.

Zambia's Major Exports by HS Chapter for June 2010* (K' Millions)

Chapter	Description	June – 2010*	
		Value	% Share
74	Copper and articles thereof	1,772,165	70.4
26	Ores, slag and ash	224,746	8.9
	Copper ores and concentrates	72,339	32.2
	Nickel ores and concentrates	41,437	18.4
	Precious metal ores and concentrates (excl. Silver	33,816	15.0
	Ash and residues containing mainly copper	33,766	15.0
	Cobalt ores and concentrates	31,167	13.9
	Rest of chapter 26	12,219	5.4
81	Other base metals; cermets; articles thereof	81,304	3.2
24	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes	75,137	3.0
17	Sugars and sugar confectionery	50,922	2.0
71	Natural/cultured pearls, prec stones & metals, coin etc	42,983	1.7
25	Salt; sulphur; earth & ston; plastering mat; lime & cem	31,496	1.3
52	Cotton	20,975	0.8
28	Inorgn chem; compds of prec met, radioact elements etc	20,220	0.8
27	Mineral fuels, oils & product of their distillation; etc	18,368	0.7
	Other Chapters	179,958	7.1
Total		2,518,273	100.0

Source: CSO, *International Trade Statistics, 2010*

Note: (*) Provisional

Zambia's Major Export Destinations by Product in June 2010

The five major destinations of Zambia's exports in June 2010 were Switzerland (39.9 percent), China (27.1 percent), South Africa (11.8 percent), United Arab Emirates (6.0 percent) and Democratic Republic of Congo (4.8 percent). These five countries collectively accounted for 89.6 percent of Zambia's total export earnings.

Zambia's major export destination was Switzerland accounting for 39.9 percent. The major export products to Switzerland were: cathodes & sections of cathodes of refined copper (65.2 percent); copper blister (15.0 percent); Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper uncoiled (7.6 percent); copper ores and concentrates (7.2 percent) and Cobalt ores and concentrates (2.8 percent).

China was the second largest destination of Zambia's total exports accounting for 27.1 percent. The major export products to China were cathodes & sections of cathodes of refined copper (49.0 percent); copper blister (25.2 percent); Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper uncoiled (21.2 percent); Ash and residues containing mainly copper (1.4 percent) and Nickel ores and concentrates (1.3 percent).

Zambia's third major export destination was South Africa with 11.8 percent. The major export products to South Africa were other, articles of cobalt, nes (21.4 percent); Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm (15.8 percent); semi-manufactured gold (incl. gold plated with platinum) (12.4 percent); Precious metal ores and concentrates excl. Silver (11.4 percent) and Nickel ores and concentrates (10.8 percent).

United Arab Emirates was the fourth largest destination of Zambia's total exports accounting for 6.0 percent. The major export products to United Arab Emirates were Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined copper (82.2 percent) and Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoiled (17.8 percent).

The Democratic Republic of Congo was the fifth largest destination of Zambia's total exports accounting for 4.8 percent. The major export products to the Democratic Republic of Congo were: Raw cane sugar, in solid form (11.0 percent); Portland cement(excl. white) with 10.2 percent; Sulphuric acid, oleum in bulk (7.6 percent); Wheat or meslin flour (6.9 percent); and Magnesia and other magnesium oxide (6.2 percent).

Zambia's Five Major Export Destinations by Product for June 2010*

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Jun-10*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SWITZERLAND		1,003,930	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined coppe	655,023	65.2
74031910	Copper blister	150,133	15.0
74091900	Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoi	76,426	7.6
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	71,861	7.2
26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates	28,569	2.8
81059000	Other: articles of cobalt, nes	17,471	1.7
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	2,241	0.2
14042000	Cotton linters	1,920	0.2
26020000	Manganese ores/concentrates(inc.ferruginous), with	215	0.0
12072000	Cotton seeds	57	0.0
Other Products		15	0.0
% of Total June Exports		39.9	
CHINA		681,626	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined coppe	333,768	49.0
74031910	Copper blister	171,560	25.2
74091900	Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoi	144,566	21.2
26203000	Ash and residues containing mainly copper	9,565	1.4
26040000	Nickel ores and concentrates	9,146	1.3
26020000	Manganese ores/concentrates(inc.ferruginous), with	5,567	0.8
74032900	Copper (excl. Master) alloys, nes, unwrought	2,296	0.3
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	1,363	0.2
26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates	1,262	0.2
71162000	Articles of precious or semi-precious stones (excl	672	0.1
Other Products		1,861	0.3
% of Total June Exports		27.1	
SOUTH AFRICA		297,743	100.0
81059000	Other: articles of cobalt, nes	63,833	21.4
74081100	Wire of refined copper, maximum cross-sectional dimension >6mm	47,067	15.8
71081300	Semi-manufactured gold (incl. Gold plated with pla	36,931	12.4
26169000	Precious metal ores and concentrates (excl. Silver	33,814	11.4
26040000	Nickel ores and concentrates	32,291	10.8
52010000	Cotton, not carded or combed	12,088	4.1
17011100	Raw cane sugar, in solid form	11,072	3.7
85444900	Electric conductors, nes, for a voltage <=80 v, no	9,656	3.2
23021000	Brans, sharps and other residues of maize	7,077	2.4
28220010	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides: commercial cobalt ox	6,560	2.2
Other Products		37,354	12.5
% of Total June Exports		11.8	
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES		151,971	100.0
74031100	Cathodes and sections of cathodes of refined coppe	124,906	82.2
74091900	Plates, sheets and strip, of refined copper, uncoi	27,057	17.8
72042900	Waste and scrap of alloy steel (excl. Stainless)	8	0.0
01029090	Other live bovine animals--other	0	0.0
01039290	Live swine weighing >=50kg (excl. Pure-bred breedi	0	0.0
01061900	Mammals--other	0	0.0
01069000	Other live animals	0	0.0
02021000	Frozen bovine carcasses and half carcasses	0	0.0
02043000	Frozen lamb carcasses and half carcasses	0	0.0
02071400	Frozen cuts and offal of chicken	0	0.0
Other Products		0	0.0
% of Total June Exports		6.0	
CONGO DR		120,372	100.0
17011100	Raw cane sugar, in solid form	13,293	11.0
25232900	Portland cement (excl. White)	12,275	10.2
28070010	Sulphuric acid; oleum in bulk	9,162	7.6
11010000	Wheat or meslin flour	8,331	6.9
25199000	Magnesia and other magnesium oxide	7,462	6.2
33029010	Other mixtures with basis of odoriferous subst.inc	6,256	5.2
38249000	Chemical products and residual products of chemica	5,753	4.8
36030090	Other safety fuses: detonating fuses: caps: ignite	3,966	3.3
28020010	Sulphur, sublimed or precipitated: colloidal sulph	3,366	2.8
84314900	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	3,029	2.5
Other Products		47,479	39.4
% of Total June Exports		4.8	
Other Destination		262,631	10.4
Total Value of June Exports		2,518,273	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

Export Market Shares by Regional Groupings, June 2010 and May 2010

Asia was the largest market for Zambia's total exports, accounting for 33.6 and 36.5 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. Within Asia, China was the dominant market in both months with 80.6 percent in June and 81.6 percent in May 2010. The United Arab Emirates was the second dominant market with 18.0 and 17.3 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. India was the third largest market with 0.6 percent in June and 0.4 percent in May 2010. Other key markets were Singapore, Israel and the Philippines.

Southern African Development Community (SADC) regional grouping was the second largest market for Zambia's total exports, accounting for 22.8 and 19.3 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. Within SADC, South Africa was the dominant market in June and May 2010 with 51.9 and 57.9 percent, respectively. Congo DR was second with 21.0 percent in June and 21.5 percent in May 2010. Malawi was the third largest market with 10.8 and 8.5 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. Other notable markets were Zimbabwe and Tanzania.

The Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) grouping of countries was the third largest market for Zambia's total exports accounting for 11.6 and 8.2 percent, in June and May 2010, respectively. Within COMESA, Congo DR was the dominant market in both months with 41.4 and 50.5 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. Malawi was the second dominant market with 21.3 percent in June and 20.1 percent in May 2010. The third largest market was Zimbabwe with 17.7 and 14.7 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. Other notable key markets were Kenya, Burundi and Egypt.

The European Union (EU) was the fourth largest market for Zambia's total exports accounting for 1.9 and 1.1 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. Within the EU market, the dominant market in June 2010 was Belgium with 55.4 percent, while in May 2010 Netherlands was the dominant market with 42.8 percent. Other notable markets were the United Kingdom, Germany, France and Denmark.

Export Market Shares by Regional Groupings, June 2010 and May 2010 (K' Millions)

GROUPING	June-10*		GROUPING	May -10@	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share		Value (K'Million)	% Share
ASIA	845,873	100.0	ASIA	1,069,786	100.0
China	681,626	80.6	China	873,243	81.6
United Arab Emirates	151,971	18.0	United Arab Emirates	184,869	17.3
India	5,232	0.6	India	4,173	0.4
Singapore	4,830	0.6	Philippines	3,504	0.3
Israel	900	0.1	Singapore	2,857	0.3
Other Asia	1,313	0.2	Other ASIA	1,140	0.1
% of Total June Exports	33.6		% of Total May Exports	36.5	
SADC	573,412	100.0	SADC	566,362	100.0
South Africa	297,743	51.9	South Africa	327,834	57.9
Congo DR	120,372	21.0	Congo DR	121,514	21.5
Malawi	61,922	10.8	Malawi	48,397	8.5
Zimbabwe	51,497	9.0	Zimbabwe	35,283	6.2
Tanzania	11,900	2.1	Tanzania	10,804	1.9
Other SADC	29,978	5.2	Other SADC	22,529	4.0
% of Total June Exports	22.8		% of Total May Exports	19.3	
COMESA	290,871	100.0	COMESA	240,458	100.0
Congo DR	120,372	41.4	Congo DR	121,514	50.5
Malawi	61,922	21.3	Malawi	48,397	20.1
Zimbabwe	51,497	17.7	Zimbabwe	35,283	14.7
Kenya	15,315	5.3	Burundi	13,279	5.5
Burundi	13,333	4.6	Egypt	8,935	3.7
Other COMESA	28,431	9.8	Other COMESA	13,050	5.4
% of Total June Exports	11.6		% of Total May Exports	8.2	
EUROPEAN UNION	47,619	100.0	EUROPEAN UNION	32,591	100.0
Belgium	26,382	55.4	Netherlands	13,960	42.8

GROUPING	June-10*		GROUPING	May -10®	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share		Value (K'Million)	% Share
United Kingdom	8,889	18.7	Belgium	6,733	20.7
Netherlands	7,805	16.4	Germany	5,491	16.8
Germany	3,322	7.0	United Kingdom	5,399	16.6
France	774	1.6	Denmark	349	1.1
Other EU	447	0.9	Other EU	659	2.0
% of Total June Exports	1.9		% of Total May Exports	1.1	
Total Value of June Exports	2,518,273		Total Value of May Exports	2,934,011	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

(R) Revised figures

Some countries are members of both SADC and COMESA

Total Exports by Major Ports of Exit, June and May 2010 (K' million)

Zambia's six major ports of exit for exports from various sources in June 2010, were Ndola, Chirundu, Kitwe, Livingstone, Kapiri-Mposhi and Nakonde port offices. The Ndola port office was the major port of exit with 26.6 and 28.5 percent of Zambia's total exports in June and May 2010, respectively. This is attributed to the copper and cobalt that are mainly exported through Ndola port office. Chirundu was the second major port of

exit with 19.2 and 20.8 percent in June and May 2010, respectively.

The Kitwe port office was third with 15.0 and 18.1 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. Livingstone port office accounted for 11.2 percent while Kapiri-Mposhi and Nakonde port offices accounted for 10.1 and 3.8 percent, respectively. The six ports collectively accounted for 85.9 percent.

Total Exports by Major Ports of Exit, June and May 2010 (K' million)

Port of Exit	Jun-10*		Port of Exit	May-10®	
	Value	% Share		Value	% Share
Ndola Port Office	669,837	26.6	Ndola Port Office	836,650	28.5
Chirundu	483,681	19.2	Chirundu	610,320	20.8
Kitwe Port Office	376,989	15.0	Kitwe Port Office	530,595	18.1
Livingstone Port Office	282,343	11.2	Livingstone Port Office	286,829	9.8
Kapiri mposhi	253,738	10.1	Kapiri mposhi	258,345	8.8
Nakonde	96,199	3.8	Kasumbalesa	78,647	2.7
Kasumbalesa	74,834	3.0	Nakonde	73,150	2.5
Mwami Border Post	63,942	2.5	Kazungula	57,418	2.0
Chingola	63,176	2.5	Chingola	50,222	1.7
Kazungula	37,794	1.5	Mwami Border Post	47,438	1.6
Others	115,739	4.6	Others	104,397	3.6
Total	2,518,273	100.0	Total	2,934,011	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

(R) Revised figures

Zambia's major exports by Mode of Transport, June and May 2010 (K' million)

Road was the major mode of transport for Zambia's exports with 74.7 and 77.4 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. Rail was the second major mode of transport in June and May 2010,

with 22.6 and 20.0 percent, respectively. Other notable modes of transport in June, 2010 were Air transport (2.3 percent) and Electric power line (0.5 percent).

Zambia's major exports by Mode of Transport, June and May 2010 (K' million)

Mode of Transport	Jun-10*		Port of Exit	May-10®	
	Value	% Share		Value	% Share
Road transport	1,881,319	74.7	Road transport	2,271,681	77.4
Rail transport	568,562	22.6	Rail transport	587,481	20.0
Air transport	56,674	2.3	Air transport	63,852	2.2
Fixed - electric power line	11,710	0.5	Fixed - electric power line	10,901	0.4
Others	8	0.0	Others	95	0.0
Total	2,518,273	100.0	Total	2,934,011	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional
(R) Revised figures

Imports by Major Product Categories, June 2010 and May 2010

Zambia's major import products by category in June 2010 were the raw materials accounting for 36.3 percent. These mostly comprised of copper ores and concentrates; petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous; cobalt ores and concentrates; and other fertilizers,

nes and urea. Intermediate goods category was second with 27.7 percent. Other notable imports were from the capital and consumer goods category, which collectively accounting for 36.0 and 47.0 percent, in June and May 2010, respectively

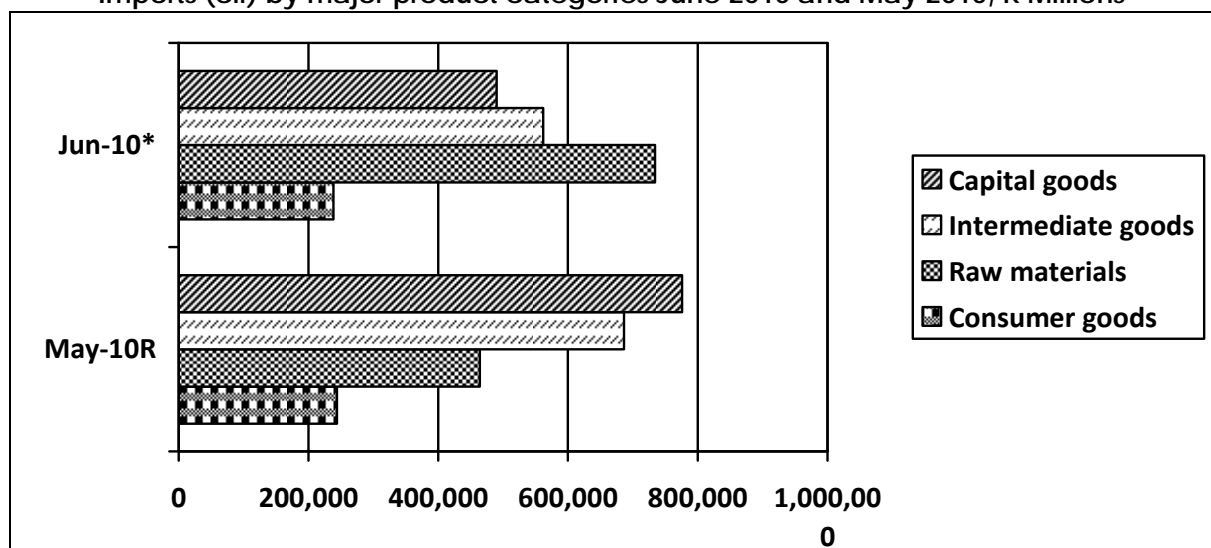
Imports (cif) by major product categories June * 2010 and May 2010, K'Millions

Description	June-10*		May -10®	
	Value	% Share	Value	% Share
Consumer goods	238,677	11.8	244,258	11.3
Raw materials	734,082	36.3	463,892	21.4
Intermediate goods	561,776	27.7	686,528	31.6
Capital goods	490,140	24.2	776,018	35.7
Total:	2,024,675	100.0	2,170,695	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional
(R) Revised figures

Imports (cif) by major product categories June 2010 and May 2010, K'Millions



Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional
(R) Revised figures

Zambia's Major Imports by Broad Economic Category (BEC) for June 2010 and May 2010

The total value of imports by Broad Economic Category (BEC) in June 2010 was K 2,024.7 billion compared to K2,170.7 billion in May 2010. The most prominent imports were Industrial supplies mainly those in their primary and processed form which accounted for 46.1 and 41.4 percent in June and May

2010, respectively. Industrial supplies and Capital goods (excluding transport equipment), parts & accessories collectively accounted for 66.7 percent. Other notable imports in June and May 2010 were Fuels & lubricants; Transport equipment, parts & accessories thereof.

Imports (cif) by Broad Economic Category (BEC), June 2010 and May 2010 (K 'Millions)

CODE	DESCRIPTION	June-10*		May -10@	
		Value (K'million)	% Share	Value (K'million)	% Share
1	Food and beverages	87,280	4.3	74,165	3.4
2	Industrial supplies not elsewhere specified	932,379	46.1	898,641	41.4
3	Fuels and lubricants	268,375	13.3	175,074	8.1
4	Capital goods (excl'transport equipment), parts & accessories	416,580	20.6	686,590	31.6
5	Transport equipment, parts and accessories thereof	194,333	9.6	205,553	9.5
6	Consumer goods not elsewhere specified	124,618	6.2	127,445	5.9
7	Goods not elsewhere specified	1,109	0.1	3,228	0.1
Total		2,024,675	100.0	2,170,695	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

(R) Revised figures

Zambia's Major Imports by the Harmonised Coding System (HS) in June 2010

Zambia's major import products in June 2010 were ores, slag & ash accounting for 18.3 percent. Other import products during the same period were: boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances & parts; mineral fuels, oils & products of their distillation; Vehicles o/t railw/tranw

ool-stock, parts & accessories; electrical machinery equipment parts thereof; sound recorder etc; Inorganic chemical compounds of precious metal, radioactive elements etc and fertilizers, which collectively accounted for 50.4 percent.

Zambia's Major Imports by HS Chapters for June 2010*, K' Millions

Chapter	Description	Jun-10*	
		Value	% Share
26	Ores, slag and ash	369,928	18.3
	Copper ores and concentrates	258,409	69.9
	Cobalt ores and concentrates	111,302	30.1
	Ash and residues containing mainly zinc (excl. Har	147	0.0
	Other ores and concentrates, nes	70	0.0
84	Boilers, mchy & mech appliance; parts	317,084	15.7
	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	35,537	11.2
	Parts of machinery of 84.74	18,504	5.8
	Offset printing machinery, reel fed	14,786	4.7
	Self-propelled front-end shovel loaders	14,267	4.5
	Parts of pumps for liquids	12,177	3.8
	Pumps for liquids, nes	11,272	3.6
	Self-propelled bulldozers and angledozers, (excl.	10,312	3.3
	Self-propelled graders and levellers	10,260	3.2
	Machinery for projecting... Liquids/powders for ag	8,687	2.7
	Self-propelled bulldozers... With a 360x revolving	8,523	2.7

Chapter	Description	Jun-10*	
		Value	% Share
	Rest of chapter	172,760	54.5
27	Mineral fuels, oils & product of their distillation; etc	276,921	13.7
87	Vehicles o/t railw/tranw rool-stock, pts & accessories	156,784	7.7
85	Electrical mchy equip parts thereof: sound recorder etc	98,553	4.9
28	Inorgn chem: compds of prec met, radioact elements etc	87,347	4.3
31	Fertilisers	82,548	4.1
73	Articles of iron and steel	59,346	2.9
39	Plastics and articles thereof	49,763	2.5
38	Miscellaneous chemical products	49,614	2.5
72	Iron and steel	47,385	2.3
40	Rubber and articles thereof	36,859	1.8
30	Pharmaceutical products	34,999	1.7
15	Animal/veg fats & oil & their cleavage products; etc	32,847	1.6
25	Salt; sulphur; earth & ston; plastering mat; lime & cem	26,044	1.3
63	Other made up textile articles; sets; worn clothing etc	23,922	1.2
48	Paper & paperboard: art of paper pulp, paper/paperboard	20,560	1.0
29	Organic chemicals	17,446	0.9
90	Optical, photo, cine, meas, checking, precision, etc	14,737	0.7
33	Essential oils & resinoids; perf, cosmetic/toilet prep	14,609	0.7
34	Soap, organic surface-active agents, washing prep, etc	13,913	0.7
94	Furniture: bedding, mattress, matt support, cushion etc	13,902	0.7
36	Explosives; pyrotechnic prod; matches; pyro alloy; etc	11,155	0.6
82	Tool, implement, cutlery, spoon & fork, of base met etc	8,922	0.4
70	Glass and glassware	8,685	0.4
69	Ceramic products	8,483	0.4
04	Dairy prod; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible prod nes	7,727	0.4
21	Miscellaneous edible preparations	7,411	0.4
20	Prep of vegetable, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants	7,316	0.4
49	Printed books, newspapers, pictures & other product etc	7,128	0.4
76	Aluminium and articles thereof	7,031	0.3
	Other Chapters	105,708	5.2
Total		2,024,675	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Product, June 2010

The major source of Zambia's imports in June 2010 was South Africa accounting for 34.4 percent. The major import products from South Africa were other fertilizers, nes (2.9 percent); Dumpers for off-highway use (2.8 percent); Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 & 84.30, nes (2.4 percent); Diesel dual purpose vehicles for both persons & goods (2.3 percent) and Parts of pumps for liquids (1.7 percent).

The second main source of Zambia's imports in June 2010 was Congo DR accounting for 22.3 percent of the total value of imports. The major import

products from Congo DR were: Copper ores and concentrates (57.3 percent); cobalt ores and concentrates (24.7 percent); Cobalt oxides and hydroxides, Commercial cobalt oxide (15.4 percent); and Self-propelled graders and levelers (0.9 percent).

Other notable sources of Zambia's imports were Kuwait, China and India, collectively accounting for 18.8 percent of Zambia's total imports in June 2010.

Zambia's Major Import Sources by Products, June 2010* (K'Millions)

Country / Hs-Code	Description	Jun-10*	
		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SOUTH AFRICA		695,637	100.0
31059000	Other fertilizers, nes	20,109	2.9
87041000	Dumpers for off-highway use	19,257	2.8
84314900	Parts of machinery of 84.26, 84.29 and 84.30, nes	16,984	2.4
87042110	Diesel dual purpose vehicles for both persons & go	16,208	2.3
84139100	Parts of pumps for liquids	11,880	1.7
84749000	Parts of machinery of 84.74	11,419	1.6
31023000	Ammonium nitrate	11,310	1.6
25221000	Quicklime	10,228	1.5
84138100	Pumps for liquids, nes	9,638	1.4
63049310	Not knitted or crocheted, of synthetic fibres:mosq	9,006	1.3
Other Products		559,597	80.4
% of Total June Imports		34.4	
CONGO DR		451,313	100.0
26030000	Copper ores and concentrates	258,408	57.3
26050000	Cobalt ores and concentrates	111,300	24.7
28220010	Cobalt oxides and hydroxides; commercial cobalt ox	69,482	15.4
84292000	Self-propelled graders and levellers	3,964	0.9
84295100	Self-propelled front-end shovel loaders	1,638	0.4
84261200	Mobile lifting frames on tyres and straddle carrie	1,351	0.3
84748000	Other machinery for earth, stone, ores, etc., nes	1,255	0.3
84291900	Self-propelled bulldozers and angledozers, (excl.	1,162	0.3
84138100	Pumps for liquids, nes	664	0.1
84295900	Self-propelled bulldozers, excavators..., nes	637	0.1
Other Products		1,450	0.3
% of Total June Imports		22.3	
KUWAIT		246,173	100.0
27090000	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous m	246,173	100.0
01029090	Other live bovine animals---other	0	0.0
01039290	Live swine weighing >=50kg (excl. Pure-bred breedi	0	0.0
01061900	Mammals--other	0	0.0
01069000	Other live animals	0	0.0
02021000	Frozen bovine carcasses and half carcasses	0	0.0
02043000	Frozen lamb carcasses and half carcasses	0	0.0
02071400	Frozen cuts and offal of chicken	0	0.0
02073600	Frozen cuts and offal of ducks, geese or guinea fo	0	0.0
02101900	Other	0	0.0
Other Products		0	0.0
% of Total June Imports		12.2	
CHINA		84,160	100.0
85042200	Liquid dielectric transformers, power handling cap	16,563	19.7
85176900	Other	5,078	6.0
84431300	Other offset printing machinery	3,759	4.5
73261100	Grinding balls... For mills, forged or stamped, of	3,257	3.9
84749000	Parts of machinery of 84.74	2,704	3.2
73089090	Structures and parts of structures, nes, of iron o	2,375	2.8
38089110	Other insecticides, for use in agriculture or horticulture, nes	2,049	2.4
84295900	Self-propelled bulldozers, excavators..., nes	1,903	2.3
40112000	New pneumatic tyres of rubber, of a kind used on b	1,715	2.0
87021090	Motor vehicles for transport of persons sitting c	1,653	2.0
Other Products		43,104	51.2
% of Total June Imports		4.2	
INDIA		48,846	100.0
30049000	Other medicaments of mixed or unmixed products, fo	6,452	13.2
84222000	Machinery for cleaning or drying bottles or other	2,217	4.5
87029090	Motor vehicles for transport of persons sitting c	1,920	3.9
84552200	Cold metal-rolling mills	1,767	3.6
87042300	Goods vehicles, with diesel or semi-diesel engines	1,637	3.4
30039000	Other medicaments with >=2 constituents, not for r	1,582	3.2
31023000	Ammonium nitrate	1,452	3.0
84388000	Machinery for the preparation or manufacture of food or drink, nes	1,443	3.0
63053300	Sacks and bags,for packing goods,of polyethylene/p	1,433	2.9
63090000	Worn clothing and other worn articles	1,407	2.9
Other Products		27,536	56.4
% of Total June Imports		2.4	
Other Destination		498,546	24.6
Total Value of June Imports		2,024,675	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

Import Market Shares by Regional Groupings, June 2010 and May 2010

The Southern African Development Community (SADC) regional grouping was the largest source of Zambia's imports accounting for 60.0 and 55.4 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. Within the SADC region, South Africa was the major source of Zambia's imports in both months with 57.3 percent in June and 59.3 percent in May 2010. Congo DR was the second major source of Zambia's imports with 37.1 and 33.8 percent, in June and May 2010, respectively. Other key market sources were Zimbabwe, Tanzania, Swaziland, and Mozambique.

Asia was the second largest source of Zambia's imports in June 2010 accounting for 26.1 percent. Within Asia, Kuwait was the dominant market in both months with 46.7 percent in June and 35.2 percent in May 2010. China was the second largest source of Zambia's imports with 16.0 percent in June 2010, while India was second in May 2010 with

18.2 percent. Other notable markets were United Arab Emirates and Japan.

The Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) grouping of countries was the third largest source of Zambia's imports in June 2010 accounting for 25.8 percent. Within COMESA, Congo DR dominated as the main source of Zambia's imports with 86.4 and 85.1 percent in June and May 2010, respectively. Other notable sources were Kenya, Zimbabwe, Swaziland, Mauritius, Malawi and Egypt.

The European Union (EU) was the fourth largest source of Zambia's imports in June 2010 with 9.2 percent. Within the EU, the United Kingdom was the major source of Zambia's imports accounting for 21.7 percent in June 2010. Germany was the second largest source of Zambia's imports with 17.1 percent in June 2010. Other key markets were Belgium, Sweden, Netherlands and Ireland.

Import Market shares by major Regional groupings, June 2010 and May 2010

GROUPING	June-10*		GROUPING	May-10@	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share		Value (K'Million)	% Share
SADC	1,215,072	100.0	SADC	1,203,083	100.0
South Africa	695,637	57.3	South Africa	713,358	59.3
Congo DR	451,313	37.1	Congo DR	406,974	33.8
Zimbabwe	24,131	2.0	Zimbabwe	31,717	2.6
Tanzania	11,526	0.9	Tanzania	15,181	1.3
Swaziland	7,759	0.6	Mozambique	10,319	0.9
Other SADC	24,707	2.0	Other SADC	25,534	2.1
% of Total June Imports	60.0		% of Total May Imports	55.4	
ASIA	527,625	100.0	ASIA	415,778	100.0
Kuwait	246,173	46.7	Kuwait	146,453	35.2
China	84,160	16.0	India	75,566	18.2
India	48,846	9.3	United Arab Emirates	63,612	15.3
United Arab Emirates	42,051	8.0	China	56,005	13.5
Japan	37,885	7.2	Japan	38,707	9.3
Other Asia	68,510	13.0	Other Asia	35,435	8.5
% of Total June Imports	26.1		% of Total May Imports	19.2	
COMESA	522,296	100.0	COMESA	478,429	100.0
Congo DR	451,313	86.4	Congo DR	406,974	85.1
Kenya	26,617	5.1	Zimbabwe	31,717	6.6
Zimbabwe	24,131	4.6	Kenya	24,187	5.1
Swaziland	7,759	1.5	Malawi	6,771	1.4
Mauritius	4,756	0.9	Egypt	3,929	0.8
Other COMESA	7,720	1.5	Other COMESA	4,850	1.0
% of Total June Imports	25.8		% of Total May Imports	22.0	

GROUPING	June-10*		GROUPING	May-10®	
	Value (K'Million)	% Share		Value (K'Million)	% Share
EUROPEAN UNION	186,939	100.0	EUROPEAN UNION	463,066	100.0
United Kingdom	40,634	21.7	Belgium	307,854	66.5
Germany	31,926	17.1	United Kingdom	57,610	12.4
Sweden	22,666	12.1	Sweden	18,234	3.9
Netherlands	20,345	10.9	Ireland	15,057	3.3
Ireland	16,983	9.1	Germany	12,181	2.6
Other EU	54,386	29.1	Other EU	52,130	11.3
% of Total June Imports	9.2		% of Total May Imports	21.3	
Total Value of June Imports	2,024,675		Total Value of May Imports	2,170,695	

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

(R) Revised figures

Some countries are members of both SADC and COMESA

Zambia's major Imports by Mode of Transport, June and May 2010 (K' million)

Road transport was the major mode of transport for Zambia's imports, in June and May 2010 accounting for 56.5 and 51.5 percent, respectively. The second major mode of transport was Multi mode- Sea & Road which accounted for 21.9 and 32.2 in June and May 2010, respectively.

Other notable modes of transport in June 2010 were, Multimodal – other (12.2 percent) and Air transport (6.7 percent).

Zambia's major Imports by Mode of Transport, June and May 2010 (K' million)

Mode of Transport	Jun-10*		Port of Exit	May-10®	
	Value	% Share		Value	% Share
Road transport	1,144,952	56.5	Road transport	1,118,226	51.5
Multimodal - sea & road	443,092	21.9	Multimodal - sea & road	698,355	32.2
Multimodal - other	246,245	12.2	Multimodal - other	146,706	6.8
Air transport	135,925	6.7	Air transport	145,765	6.7
Others	54,460	2.7	Others	61,644	2.8
Total	2,024,675	100.0	Total	2,170,695	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: (*) Provisional

(R) Revised figures

Imports by Major Ports of Entry, June and May 2010 (K' million)

Zambia's six major ports of entry for imports from various sources in June 2010 were Ndola, Chirundu, Nakonde, Livingstone, Kasumbalesa and Kazungula. Ndola port was the major port of entry for Zambia's imports in June 2010 with 27.6 percent while Chirundu port was major port of entry in May 2010 with 37.6 percent. Chirundu was the second major port of entry with 25.6 percent in June 2010, while Ndola was

the second major port of entry in May 2010 with 19.9 percent.

Nakonde was the third port of entry with 8.1 percent in June 2010, while Livingstone was third in May 2010 with 8.1 percent. Other notable ports of entry were Kasumbalesa (7.5 percent) and Kazungula (6.0 percent).

Imports by Major Ports of Entry, June and May 2010 (K' million)

Port of Entry	Jun-10		Port of Entry	May-10	
	Value	% Share		Value	% Share
Ndola port office	557,925	27.6	Chirundu	815,097	37.6
Chirundu	518,668	25.6	Ndola port office	431,369	19.9
Nakonde	163,513	8.1	Livingstone port office	174,960	8.1
Livingstone port office	155,828	7.7	Nakonde	161,697	7.4
Kasumbalesa	151,178	7.5	Kasumbalesa	138,904	6.4
Kazungula	120,810	6.0	Lusaka international airport	115,876	5.3
Lusaka port office	101,695	5.0	Lusaka port office	89,157	4.1
Lusaka international airport	99,158	4.9	Kazungula	88,868	4.1
Kitwe port office	54,691	2.7	Kitwe port office	55,470	2.6
Kapiri mposhi	18,808	0.9	Kapiri mposhi	18,259	0.8
Others	82,399	4.1	Others	81,039	3.7
Total	2,024,675	100.0	Total	2,170,695	100.0

Source: CSO, International Trade Statistics, 2010

Note: () Provisional*

(R) Revised figures

National Accounts Statistics

Gross Domestic Product by Type of Expenditure

The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by type of expenditure, which measures the expenditures on final consumption, gross capital formation and net exports, was valued at K61,615 billion in 2009. The largest component of the GDP by type of expenditure was the final consumption expenditures, which accounted for 71.6 percent of the total GDP in 2009.

The final consumption expenditure, which consists of government and household final consumption expenditure, was valued at K44,110.9 billion in 2009 compared to K38,028.3 billion in 2008. Government final consumption expenditure, which consists of

expenditure incurred by general government on both individual and collective consumption goods and services, increased from K11,486.6 billion in 2008 to K14,013.6 billion in 2009. This increase accounted for 22.7 percent of the total GDP.

Household final consumption expenditure, which consists of expenditure incurred by resident households on individual consumption goods and services, increased from K26,541.7 billion in 2008 to K30,097.3 billion in 2009 accounting for 48.8 percent of the total GDP.

Gross Domestic Product by type of expenditure at current prices (K' Billion), 2003-2009

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES	17,355.1	21,763.1	26,553.3	29,538.7	32,594.3	38,028.3	44,110.9
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	2,980.6	4,898.5	6,534.8	7,856.6	9,079.6	11,486.6	14,013.6
Household Final Consumption Expenditure	14,374.5	16,864.6	20,018.5	21,682.1	23,514.7	26,541.7	30,097.3
GROSS CAPITAL FORMATION	5,238.2	6,474.5	7,585.1	8,525.8	10,753.0	13,060.7	15,682.6
Gross Fixed Capital Formation	4,968.2	6,141.7	7,175.0	8,020.5	10,130.3	12,293.4	14,737.0
Changes in inventories	270.0	332.7	410.0	505.3	622.7	767.3	945.6
BALANCE OF EXPORTS AND IMPORTS	(2,680.1)	(572.6)	(669.9)	3,230.6	794.1	(1,039.1)	1,821.7
Exports of Goods and Services	5,823.3	9,819.6	11,075.5	14,842.4	18,899.5	19,399.2	22,604.2
Imports of Goods and Services	8,503.5	10,392.2	11,745.5	11,611.8	18,105.4	20,438.3	20,782.6
TOTAL G.D.P. AT MARKET PRICES [EXPENDITURE APPROACH]	19,913.2	27,665.0	33,468.5	41,295.1	44,141.4	50,049.9	61,615.1
TOTAL G.D.P. AT MARKET PRICES (PRODUCTION APPROACH)	20,551.1	25,993.1	32,041.5	38,560.8	46,194.8	54,839.4	64,615.6
% Statistical Discrepancy	3.1	(6.4)	(4.5)	(7.1)	4.4	8.7	4.6

Source: CSO, National Accounts Statistics

The Gross Capital Formation consists of Gross Fixed Capital Formation, which is broadly defined as the value of acquisitions, less disposals, of new and used fixed assets by producers, and changes in inventories. Additions to the existing capital stock were valued at K14,737.0 billion, accounting for 23.9 percent of total GDP in 2009. Changes in inventories were valued at K945.6 billion, accounting for 1.5 percent of total GDP.

The balance of exports and imports, which is the difference between the

exports and imports of goods and services, was valued at K1,821.7 billion. The positive balance implies that the country recorded a trade surplus in 2009, compared to the trade deficit valued at K1,039.1 billion recorded in 2008.

Exports of goods and services increased from K19,399.2 billion in 2008 to K22,604.2 billion in 2009. Imports of goods and services also increased from K20,483.3 billion in 2008 to K20,782.6 billion in 2009.

Share of GDP by type of expenditure (percentage), 2003-2009

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE	87.2	78.7	79.3	71.5	73.8	76.0	71.6
Government Final Consumption Expenditure	15.0	17.7	19.5	19.0	20.6	23.0	22.7
Household Final Consumption Expenditure	72.2	61.0	59.8	52.5	53.3	53.0	48.8
GROSS CAPITAL FORMATION	26.3	23.4	22.7	20.6	24.4	26.1	25.5
Gross Fixed Capital Formation	24.9	22.2	21.4	19.4	22.9	24.6	23.9
Changes in inventories	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5
BALANCE OF EXPORTS AND IMPORTS	(13.5)	(2.1)	(2.0)	7.8	1.8	(2.1)	3.0
Exports of Goods and Services	29.2	35.5	33.1	35.9	42.8	38.8	36.7
Imports of Goods and Services	42.7	37.6	35.1	28.1	41.0	40.8	33.7
TOTAL G.D.P. AT MARKET PRICES [EXPENDITURE APPROACH]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: CSO, National Accounts Statistics

Aggregate Supply and Demand of Goods and Services

Measured in current prices, the value of goods and services supplied in the economy was estimated at K85,398.1 billion in 2009 compared to K75,277.7 billion in 2008. Both domestic production and imports of goods and services increased. The increase in domestic production was mainly attributed to increased output in agriculture, mining, construction and communications. The increase in imports of goods and services was mainly attributed to the increased

importation of fuels, oils and lubricants as well as machinery and equipment.

Domestic demand, which consists of final consumption expenditures of government and households and gross capital formation, also increased from K51,089.0 billion in 2008 to K59,793.5 billion in 2009. The total demand, which consists of domestic demand and exports of goods and services, was valued at K82,397.7 billion in 2009.

Aggregate supply and demand of goods and services in current prices, 2003-2009

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
TOTAL G.D.P. AT MARKET PRICES (PRODUCTION APPROACH)	20,551.1	25,993.1	32,041.5	38,560.8	46,194.8	54,839.4	64,615.6
Imports of Goods and Services	8,503.5	10,392.2	11,745.5	11,611.8	18,105.4	20,438.3	20,782.6
Total Supply	29,054.6	36,385.3	43,787.0	50,172.6	64,300.2	75,277.7	85,398.1
Total Domestic Demand	22,593.3	28,237.6	34,138.4	38,064.5	43,347.3	51,089.0	59,793.5
Exports of goods and services	5,823.3	9,819.6	11,075.5	14,842.4	18,899.5	19,399.2	22,604.2
Total demand	28,416.6	38,057.1	45,213.9	52,906.9	62,246.8	70,488.2	82,397.7
% discrepancy	2.2	(4.6)	(3.3)	(5.4)	3.2	6.4	3.5

Source: CSO, National Accounts Statistics

CENSUS SCHEDULED FOR OCTOBER 2010!

The Census of Population and Housing is carried out under the provisions of the Census and Statistics ACT Chapter 127 of the laws of Zambia. Under this ACT the Central Statistical Office is mandated to carry out a Census of Population and Housing every ten years. The first comprehensive census was carried out in 1969. Since then, three more censuses have been carried out, in 1980, 1990 and 2000. The next census will be carried out this year (2010).

Under this ACT, all persons residing in Zambia, except foreign diplomats accredited to Zambia are required to provide the necessary information.

WHAT IS A CENSUS?

A Census of Population and Housing is defined as the total process of collecting, compiling, evaluating, analyzing and publishing demographic, economic and social data pertaining, at a specified time or times, to all persons in a designated area or the whole country. It is the primary source of information about the population of a country. It is undertaken at regular intervals, usually after ten years.

WHY HOLD A CENSUS?

The main objective of conducting a Population Census is to enumerate all the people in the country in order to provide the Government, private organizations, individuals, and other stakeholders with the number of persons in each district, township, locality, village, etc., according to age, sex, and other characteristics. For every aspect of planning, it is essential to know the size, structure and distribution of the population of a country. For instance, to plan for education, the country needs to have numbers of the school going population by sex and age.

CENSUS ACTIVITIES

Being a huge undertaking, the census encompasses various activities for its success. These include pre census, census and post census activities. Pre census activities include census mapping, pilot census, formation of committees to coordinate all aspects of the census, publicity, stakeholder consultations, recruitment and procurement.

The pilot census is carried out on sample basis to test the methodology of the census including questionnaire suitability, logistical arrangements, mapping, staffing and other resource requirements. The main census involves collection of data on all persons in the country. The post census activities include Post Enumeration Survey, data processing and analysis, report writing and dissemination.

CENSUS MAPPING

One of the most important activities that the office carries out before a census is the census mapping exercise. The objective of this exercise is to delineate the country into enumeration areas (EAS) to ensure that there is no duplication or omission of persons or households during the Census.

A census mapping is also undertaken in order to:

- *Determine the location of the population in advance of the census enumeration in order to make possible the recruitment, training and allocation of a sufficient number of enumerators to ensure that census enumeration is completed in time without omissions or duplications;*
- *Establish the framework for sample surveys prior to, during or after census enumeration;*
- *Enable the Central Statistical Office to provide results of the census for areas whose locations are known.*

The 2010 census mapping strategy has involved the use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) in rural areas and satellite imagery in major and small urban areas to delineate enumeration areas. The GPS is a modern tool that enables collection of precise geographic coordinates. So far, 90.1 percent of wards in the county have been mapped using a combination of GPS and Satellite imagery.

PILOT CENSUS

The Pilot Census was conducted in February, 2010. Two districts were selected from each of the provinces except for Central, Copperbelt and Lusaka where three districts were selected from each. Both rural and urban districts were selected in each province. In each of the selected districts, mapped and unmapped areas were selected. This was done in order to have a “feel” of enumeration in rural and urban areas; and in mapped and unmapped areas, even when it is anticipated that mapping will be completed at the time of enumeration.

HELP THE CENSUS HELP YOU, BE COUNTED!

For details, **visit the CSO website:** www.zamstats.gov.zm

SELECTED SOCIO-ECONOMIC INDICATORS

PROJECTED MID-YEAR POPULATION 2000-2010

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
<i>Total Population</i>	9,885,591	10,089,492	10,409,441	10,744,380	11,089,691	11,441,461	11,798,678	12,160,516	12,525,791	12,896,830	13,272,553
<i>Population Growth Rate</i>	2.5	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3	3	2.9	2.9	2.8
<i>Life Expectancy at Birth</i>	50	51.8	51.9	52.4	52.4	52.6	51.9	51.4	51.3	51.2	51.3
POPULATION BY PROVINCE											
<i>Central</i>	1,012,257	1,032,574	1,066,992	1,103,387	1,141,256	1,180,124	1,219,980	1,260,491	1,301,776	1,343,835	1,386,628
<i>Copperbelt</i>	1,581,221	1,611,569	1,662,155	1,714,225	1,767,165	1,820,443	1,874,081	1,927,576	1,980,824	2,034,012	2,088,14
<i>Eastern</i>	1,306,173	1,348,070	1,391,690	1,436,120	1,482,290	1,530,118	1,579,960	1,631,890	1,684,910	1,740,180	1,797,787
<i>Luapula</i>	775,353	791,067	817,326	845,076	873,969	903,746	934,317	965,605	997,579	1,030,572	1,064,422
<i>Lusaka</i>	1,391,329	1,413,010	1,453,690	1,495,730	1,538,000	1,579,769	1,620,730	1,660,070	1,697,730	1,733,830	1,768,205
<i>Northern</i>	1,258,696	1,277,250	1,315,650	1,357,540	1,401,340	1,445,730	1,490,330	1,534,170	1,577,310	1,619,980	1,662,241
<i>North-western</i>	583,350	596,010	616,496	638,004	660,322	683,367	707,074	731,351	756,261	781,800	808,046
<i>Southern</i>	1,212,124	1,235,134	1,275,470	1,318,161	1,362,382	1,407,433	1,453,324	1,499,462	1,545,880	1,592,864	1,706,468
<i>Western</i>	765,088	774,929	795,247	816,983	839,757	863,294	887,540	912,226	937,419	963,107	989,345

Source: CSO, Population Projections Report

Note: 2000 figures are from the 2000 Census of Population and Housing while the 2001 to 2010 figures are the Population Projections Report

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT 2001-2009

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009*
Total GDP in current prices (K' billion)	13,194	16,324	20,551	25,993	32,042	38,561	46,195	55,079	64,326
Total GDP in constant 1994 prices (K' billion)	2,620	2,707	2,845	2,999	3,159	3,356	3,564	3,765	4,003
Population	10,089,492	10,409,441	10,744,380	11,089,691	11,441,461	11,798,678	12,160,516	12,525,791	12,896,830
GDP per capita in current prices	1,307,669	1,568,234	1,912,731	2,343,902	2,800,474	3,268,231	3,798,753	4,397,227	4,987,744
GDP per capita in constant 1994 prices	259,656	260,024	264,835	270,454	276,141	284,450	293,079	300,615	310,388
GDP growth rates in constant 1994 prices	4.9	3.3	5.1	5.4	5.3	6.2	6.2	5.7	6.3
Growth in GDP per capita at constant prices	1.8	0.1	1.9	2.1	2.1	3.0	3.0	2.6	3.3
PERCENTAGE CHANGES IN GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY KIND OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY - CONSTANT 1994 PRICES									
KIND OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009*
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	(2.6)	(1.7)	5.0	4.3	(0.6)	2.2	0.4	2.6	7.1
Agriculture	(6.0)	(6.3)	8.0	6.1	(4.0)	3.0	(2.7)	1.9	12.4
Forestry	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	3.6	1.4	3.7	3.7	3.6
Fishing	(5.0)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.7)	0.5	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.5
Mining and Quarrying	14.0	16.4	3.4	13.9	7.9	7.3	3.6	2.5	15.8
Metal Mining	15.0	17.1	3.3	13.5	7.1	9.0	4.4	2.5	15.9
Other mining and quarrying	(15.0)	(13.0)	10.7	35.8	42.9	(45.8)	(45.5)	(3.5)	1.8
PRIMARY SECTOR	1.9	3.8	4.5	7.5	2.5	4.1	1.7	2.5	10.5
Manufacturing	4.2	5.7	7.6	4.7	2.9	5.7	3.0	1.8	2.5
Food, Beverages and Tobacco	5.3	5.4	8.6	5.8	3.6	8.9	7.6	3.0	4.4
Textile, and leather industries	2.3	6.2	3.2	(1.9)	(2.9)	(1.3)	(19.5)	(23.6)	(18.9)
Wood and wood products	5.7	7.5	11.4	4.2	3.6	0.7	3.7	12.1	6.6
Paper and Paper products	3.8	2.2	8.2	2.5	10.6	0.3	0.7	29.3	8.8
Chemicals, rubber and plastic products	4.3	10.0	4.9	8.5	3.2	4.6	4.2	5.2	1.5
Non-metallic mineral products	3.5	1.7	14.9	14.4	7.4	(5.2)	2.3	5.0	9.0
Basic metal products	(18.0)	4.3	15.1	3.1	(2.0)	1.9	(4.8)	23.0	0.1
Fabricated metal products	(8.0)	(4.0)	5.3	4.8	7.4	5.0	7.8	(2.5)	(4.8)
Electricity, Gas and Water	12.6	(5.2)	0.4	(1.7)	5.4	10.5	1.0	(1.2)	8.6
Construction	11.5	17.4	21.6	20.5	21.2	14.4	20.0	8.7	15.5
SECONDARY SECTOR	7.5	7.2	10.8	9.1	10.0	9.8	10.0	4.7	9.4
Wholesale and Retail trade	5.4	5.0	6.1	5.0	2.4	2.0	2.4	2.5	3.0
Restaurants, Bars and Hotels	24.4	4.9	6.9	6.4	11.7	16.1	9.6	5.0	(14.5)
Transport, Storage and Communications	2.8	1.8	4.8	6.4	11.0	22.1	19.2	15.8	3.1
Rail Transport	7.6	6.0	(8.1)	(1.8)	(11.6)	(2.6)	(18.7)	(20.2)	(31.2)
Road Transport	0.5	1.9	3.9	4.2	6.3	6.4	6.4	13.2	13.3
Air Transport	10.6	(8.4)	3.9	18.1	10.8	33.5	24.1	13.7	(29.0)
Communications	0.6	7.9	10.0	5.0	23.2	40.5	33.6	21.1	12.0
Financial Institutions and Insurance	0.1	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.3	4.0	4.1	8.7	5.0
Real Estate and Business services	3.5	4.4	4.0	4.0	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.1
Community, Social and Personal Services	5.8	1.6	1.6	0.6	11.4	9.0	12.5	11.7	6.8
Public Administration & Defence/Public sanitary services	1.0	(1.0)	0.2	0.2	6.2	(8.7)	14.8	2.2	(10.4)
Education	13.5	7.0	3.0	0.3	22.2	35.3	13.6	19.6	22.5
Health	16.5	1.0	2.5	(0.8)	(2.2)	5.2	1.0	18.3	3.3
Recreation, Religious, Culture	10.0	(2.0)	4.5	4.3	34.1	22.8	9.3	26.7	8.5
Personal Services	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
TERTIARY SECTOR	4.7	3.8	4.5	4.2	5.4	6.7	7.1	7.1	3.0
Less: FISIM	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Total Gross Value Added	4.6	4.6	6.0	6.2	5.8	7.0	6.7	5.7	6.3
Taxes less subsidies	7.0	(6.7)	(2.7)	(2.7)	(0.1)	(3.1)	(0.3)	5.7	6.3
TOTAL G.D.P. AT MARKET PRICES	4.9	3.3	5.1	5.4	5.3	6.2	6.2	5.7	6.3

Source: CSO, National Accounts Statistics *Preliminary

Index of industrial production for 2008 and the first two quarters of 2009

PERIOD	TOTAL INDEX	MINING				MANUFACTURING										TOTAL ELECTRICITY
		TOTAL MINING	Coal	Non-ferrous Ore	Stone Quarrying	TOTAL MANUFACTURING	Food, Beverages & Tobacco	Textile, Clothing & Leather	Wood & Wood Products	Paper & Paper Products	Chemicals, Rubbers & Plastics	Non-metallic Mineral Products	Basic Metal Industries	Fabricated Metal Products		
WEIGHT	1.000	0.350	0.005	0.242	0.103	0.511	0.235	0.060	0.006	0.017	0.059	0.025	0.009	0.100	0.139	
2008 Q1	159.0	243.1	7.4	227.8	289.4	113.5	131.9	54.8	205.3	107.4	134.2	125.4	80.2	88.8	114.6	
2008 Q2	158.1	219.5	0.1	197.0	281.9	125.3	169.0	37.3	216.8	123.1	98.2	152.7	86.6	82.5	124.1	
2008 Q3	163.5	217.9	0.0	196.2	278.3	137.8	189.5	21.7	159.5	88.4	95.0	155.1	84.8	118.3	121.8	
2008 Q4	164.0	209.8	0.0	196.8	249.6	142.5	196.4	48.7	167.2	135.2	76.3	164.2	68.9	112.0	127.8	
2008	161.1	222.5	1.9	204.4	274.8	129.8	171.7	40.6	187.2	113.5	101.0	149.3	80.1	100.4	122.1	
2009 Q1	174.0	276.3	0.0	265.9	312.8	114.7	136.9	45.5	219.4	118.8	137.1	136.7	82.1	81.2	134.9	
2009 Q2	177.2	265.0	83.1	250.4	307.4	129.2	177.3	29.2	230.3	132.1	98.9	166.6	84.9	81.9	132.8	
2008 (Q1+Q2)	158.5	231.3	3.8	212.4	285.6	119.4	150.4	46.0	211.0	115.3	116.2	139.1	83.4	85.6	119.4	
2009 (Q1+Q2)	175.6	270.7	41.5	258.2	310.1	122.0	157.1	37.3	224.9	125.4	118.0	151.6	83.5	81.5	133.9	
YEAR ON YEAR PERCENTAGE CHANGE																
2008 Q1	8.5	17.5	(12.8)	15.8	20.7	3.3	2.2	(10.2)	16.4	16.3	15.2	6.5	24.3	(2.4)	(11.5)	
2008 Q2	3.2	3.8	(99.0)	(1.7)	14.4	3.7	4.2	(12.1)	26.4	32.8	2.9	3.0	41.8	(3.5)	(0.8)	
2008 Q3	5.5	8.7	(100.0)	(6.7)	49.5	3.0	6.3	(34.4)	(3.1)	27.6	(1.2)	1.1	26.2	(2.5)	2.0	
2008 Q4	2.8	7.1	(100.0)	2.8	16.4	(0.9)	(0.4)	(35.7)	7.7	39.5	6.0	9.7	1.6	(1.8)	1.3	
2008	4.9	9.3	(77.5)	2.4	23.9	2.2	3.0	(23.4)	12.1	29.3	6.2	5.0	23.0	(2.5)	(2.4)	
*2009 Q1	9.5	13.7	(100.0)	16.8	8.1	1.1	3.8	(17.0)	6.9	10.6	2.1	9.0	2.3	(8.5)	17.7	
**2009 Q2	12.1	20.7	82990.9	27.1	9.0	3.2	4.9	(21.7)	6.2	7.3	0.6	9.1	(1.9)	(0.8)	7.0	
2008 (Q1+Q2)	5.8	10.5	(60.5)	7.0	17.5	3.5	3.3	(11.0)	21.3	24.5	9.7	4.5	32.8	(3.0)	(6.3)	
2009 (Q1+Q2)	10.8	17.0	1006.9	21.5	8.6	2.2	4.4	(18.9)	6.6	8.8	1.5	9.0	0.1	(4.8)	12.2	

Source: CSO Index of Industrial Production

Note: () negative

*Revised

**Preliminary

INFLATION TRENDS 2000-2009

Year	Year on Year Inflation
1990	110.6
1991	99.7
1992	180.7
1993	128.1
1994	38.3
1995	46.0
1996	35.2
1997	18.6
1998	30.6
1999	20.6
2000	30.1
2001	18.7
2002	26.7
2003	17.2
2004	17.5
2005	15.9
2006	8.2
2007	8.9
2008	16.6
2009	9.9

Source: CSO, Prices Statistics

ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENT POLICE REPORTS, 2006 TO 2007

POLICE DIVISION/PROVINCE	NUMBER OF ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS			NUMBER OF PERSONS KILLED			NUMBER OF PERSONS SERIOUSLY INJURED			NUMBER OF PERSONS SLIGHTLY INJURED			ADMISSION OF GUILTY RAISED (kwacha)	
	2006	2007	% Change	2006	2007	% Change	2006	2007	% Change	2006	2007	% Change	2006	2007
Central	1,047	1,382	32	191	158	(17)	520	548	5	376	269	(28)	214,433,570	274,002,608
Copperbelt	4,105	5,400	32	265	301	14	1,031	1,300	26	1,250	1,664	33	1,888,762,000	2,907,262,000
Eastern	632	693	10	79	85	8	159	129	(19)	140	207	48	287,050,916	359,249,000
Luapula	185	190	3	54	51	(6)	166	203	22	17	41	141	212,895,100	332,581,000
Lusaka	10,513	10,889	4	335	413	23	938	915	(2)	2,177	2,158	(1)	1,569,921,500	1,695,469,000
N/Western	549	735	34	32	56	75	185	223	21	126	229	82	77,666,000	203,912,000
Nothern	443	569	28	89	71	(20)	366	391	7	131	217	66	208,817,000	248,637,500
Southern	1,279	1,431	12	100	105	5	407	290	(29)	234	160	(32)	958,622,500	1,106,798,000
Western	342	401	17	25	26	4	191	182	(5)	127	132	4	130,000,000	187,608,500
TOTAL	19,095	21,690	14	1,170	1,266	8	3,963	4,181	6	4,578	5,077	11	5,548,168,586	7,315,519,608

Source: Zambia police, road traffic section

NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS BY PROVINCE FROM 2004 TO 2008

Province	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Lusaka	6222	6646	10513	10889	11180
Copperbelt	3173	3530	4105	5400	3442
Central	918	937	1047	1382	1311
Southern	1130	1010	1279	1431	1234
N/Western	537	171	549	693	882
Eastern	293	1267	632	401	469
Western	314	260	342	735	470
Northern	254	101	443	569	493
Luapula	164	153	185	190	246
Total	13005	14075	19095	21690	19727

Source: RTSA/Zambia Police

VEHICLE POPULATION, NUMBER OF ACCIDENTS AND NUMBER OF FATALITIES PER 10,000 VEHICLES

Year	Number of vehicles registered	Number of Accidents	Number of fatalities	Number of Accidents per 10, 000 Vehicles	Number of Fatalities per 10, 000 Vehicles
2004	111,460	13,005	892	1,167	80
2005	140,225	14,075	869	1,004	62
2006	183,701	19,095	1,176	1,039	64
2007	227,950	21,690	1,277	952	56
2008	277,870	19,727	1,238	710	45

Source: RTSA/Zambia Police

POPULATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES BY CATEGORY FOR THE YEAR 2008

Vehicle Category	Number	Percentage
Motorcycle	7113	2.6
Motor tricycle	83	0.0
Light passenger vehicle	167055	60.1
Heavy passenger vehicle	5615	2.0
Light load Vehicle(GVM 3500KG or less)	56935	20.5
Agriculture Tractor	1167	0.4
Agriculture Trailer	167	0.1
Heavy load Vehicle(GVM >3500KG)	34900	12.6
Trailers	4835	1.7
Total	277870	100.0

Source: RTSA/Zambia Police

ZAMBIA'S ANNUAL TOTAL EXPORTS IN ABSOLUTE ZAMBIAN KWACHA AND U S DOLLAR 2000-2009

Flow	Total Exports	
Year	ZMK	USD
2000:	2,716,557,648,136	869,485,416
2001:	3,537,206,913,419	978,788,277
2002:	4,069,916,925,012	944,356,533
2003:	4,642,039,643,203	979,298,782
2004:	7,526,280,115,612	1,577,240,766
2005:	9,612,909,460,871	2,176,641,598
2006:	13,410,945,234,225	3,681,524,702
2007:	18,399,133,746,013	4,617,454,325
2008:	18,653,009,286,684	5,098,688,004
2009:	21,031,172,451,720	4,241,014,377
Total:	82,567,998,973,175	20,923,478,403

NOTE: 2000-2007 FIGURES ARE UNDER SPECIAL TRADE SYSTEM WHILE 2008 AND 2009 FIGURES ARE UNDER GENERAL TRADE SYSTEM

Source: CSO, *International Trade Statistics, 2010*

Note: (*) Provisional

(R) Revised figures

ZAMBIA'S ANNUAL IMPORTS IN ABSOLUTE ZAMBIAN KWACHA AND U S DOLLAR 2000-2009

Flow	IMPORT	
Year	ZMK	USD
2000:	2,751,563,199,592	871,386,492
2001:	3,900,496,869,495	1,079,955,769
2002:	4,732,881,915,324	1,103,070,912
2003:	7,439,867,256,553	1,573,309,968
2004:	10,279,302,826,391	2,150,649,040
2005:	11,466,668,652,907	2,579,688,391
2006:	11,049,770,813,126	3,023,996,472
2007:	15,945,289,847,742	4,006,980,387
2008:	18,476,489,239,723	5,060,482,666
2009:	18,941,257,150,282	3,792,668,160
Total:	86,042,330,620,853	21,449,520,097

Source: CSO, *International Trade Statistics, 2010*

Note: (*) Provisional

(R) Revised figures

Interest Rates

End of Period	COMMERCIAL BANKS		CENTRAL BANK	TREASURY BILLS
	Weighted Lending Rates	Lending Rates	Interest Rates	YIELD RATE 91 DAYS
1990	-	-	34.0	-
1991	-	-	47.0	-
1992	-	-	54.0	-
1993	-	-	72.0	-
1994	36.2	-	25.4	-
1995	47.7	-	51.5	-
1996	57.4	69.0	70.0	-
1997	37.9	49.3	23.3	-
1998	37.4	37.0	43.4	-
1999	42.6	40.4	46.2	-
2000	37.6	45.9	44.1	-
2001	46.7	54.6	52.5	-
2002	42.5	50.0	34.0	-
2003	38.0	45.3	21.3	-
2004 MAR	31.8	39.1	9.6	-
Jun	29.8	36.9	7.8	-
Sep	30.0	37.4	14.7	-
Dec	29.8	37.1	18.3	-
2005 JAN	28.0	35.3	18.4	-
Feb	28.6	35.9	18.8	-
Mar	28.1	35.4	18.2	-
Apr	28.0	35.1	17.8	-
May	28.1	35.1	16.0	-
Jun	28.6	35.6	15.9	-
Jul	28.2	35.2	16.5	-
Aug	28.3	35.3	16.4	-
Sep	28.2	34.9	16.9	-
Oct	28.2	34.5	16.9	-
Nov	28.2	34.5	17.4	-
Dec	27.6	33.9	17.1	-
2006 JAN	26.7	33.0	17.1	15.1
Feb	26.4	32.7	16.1	14.1
Mar	25.4	31.6	14.7	12.7
Apr	25.2	31.4	11.0	9.0
May	22.8	29.0	8.4	6.4
Jun	21.6	27.8	7.5	5.5
Jul	21.7	27.9	8.6	6.6
Aug	21.7	27.9	9.6	7.6
Sep	21.6	27.8	10.9	8.6
Oct	21.6	27.8	12.3	10.3
Nov	21.6	27.8	11.1	9.1
Dec	21.6	27.9	10.7	8.7
2007 JAN	21.0	27.3	11.1	9.1
Feb	21.0	27.3	11.8	9.8
Mar	20.3	26.4	12.8	10.8
Apr	18.2	24.3	14.0	12.0
May	18.2	24.3	13.2	11.2
Jun	18.2	24.3	12.9	10.9
Jul	18.2	24.3	13.6	11.6
Aug	18.2	24.3	13.4	11.4
Sep	18.2	24.3	14.0	12.0
Oct	18.2	24.3	13.5	11.5
Nov	18.2	24.3	12.8	10.8
Dec	18.3	24.4	13.5	11.5
2008 JAN	18.4	24.5	13.2	11.2
Feb	18.3	24.4	12.6	10.6
Mar	18.2	24.3	12.9	10.9
Apr	18.2	24.3	13.0	11.0
May	18.2	24.3	14.1	12.1
Jun	18.5	24.6	14.1	12.1
Jul	18.6	24.7	14.1	12.1

End of Period	COMMERCIAL BANKS		CENTRAL BANK	TREASURY BILLS
	Weighted Lending Rates	Lending Rates	Interest Rates	YIELD RATE 91 DAYS
<i>Aug</i>	18.6	24.7	14.3	12.3
<i>Sep</i>	19.6	25.7	14.5	12.5
<i>Oct</i>	20.6	26.7	15.3	13.3
<i>Nov</i>	20.6	26.7	12.0	13.9
<i>Dec</i>	20.8	26.9	15.9	13.9
2009 JAN	20.9	27.0	15.8	13.8
<i>Feb</i>	20.9	27.0	16.3	14.3
<i>Mar</i>	20.9	27.0	16.0	14.0
<i>Apr</i>	20.7	26.6	16.2	14.2
<i>May</i>	21.6	27.8	15.9	13.9
<i>Jun</i>	22.4	28.9	15.6	13.6
<i>Jul</i>	22.4	28.9	17.1	15.1
<i>Aug</i>	23.0	29.5	18.1	16.1
<i>Sep</i>	23.1	29.6	17.5	15.5
<i>Oct</i>	23.1	29.6	16.6	14.6
<i>Nov</i>				
<i>Dec</i>				

Source: Bank of Zambia

LAYMAN AND STATISTICS

The **Gross Domestic Product (GDP)** by type of expenditure measures the expenditures on final consumption, gross capital formation and net exports.

The **Gross Capital Formation** consists of Gross Fixed Capital Formation is defined as the value of acquisitions, less disposals, of new and used fixed assets by producers, and changes in inventories.

Surveys/Activities being undertaken

- ☞ 2010 Census Mapping
- ☞ 2010 Pilot Census
- ☞ 2008 Labour-force Survey
- ☞ 2010 Living Conditions Monitoring Survey VI
- ☞

Available

- ☞ 2009/2010 Crop Forecasting Survey
- ☞ 2009 Zambia Sexual Behaviour Survey (ZSBS)
- ☞ Employment and Earnings Inquiry Report, January 2006
- ☞ National Accounts Statistics Bulletin No.9 2005
- ☞ Labour-Force Survey Report, 2005
- ☞ 2007 Zambia Demographic and Health Survey (ZDHS)

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